

## Bison fossils teach history at new center

By JIM GOODWIN Staff Reporter

Near the end of the last great ice age 9,600 years ago, transitional forms of bison larger than today's buffalo lumbered across the Great Plains in the land now called Nebraska.

The buried remains of at least 600 bison mark the site of one herd's demise, 23 miles northwest of presentday Crawford.

The great beasts mysteriously died behind fossils in the fine, silty soil.

ered 40 years ago, along with two by 2000. Colombian mammoth skeletons found at nearby Moody Ranch in 1962, will be displayed in a \$6-million educa- 10,000-year-old skeletons of two death. tional research center under construction at Fort Robinson State Park.

The Prehistoric Prairies Discovery Center is scheduled to be fully operational in 2000. The 10,000-square-foot center will illuminate the story of the ill-fated creatures. But more than that, its creators are hoping the center will help the area's economy and offer a historical perspective on Great Plains' climatology.

## Footing the bill

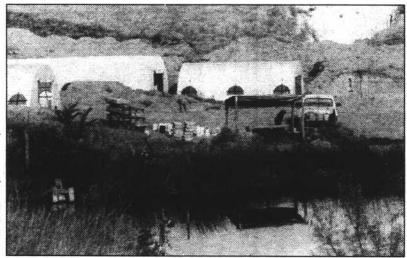
The center's sponsors include the ties.

Karen Liebentritt, project development coordinator, said the U.S. Forest Service will provide half the center's \$6-million cost. Private, corporate and in-kind donations and grants will cover the remaining cost.

Ralene Suchor is president of a nonprofit group called Friends of the Prehistoric Prairies Discovery Center that is accepting donations. The group has collected about \$37,500 and received an additional \$23,000 toward a display mural, she said.

braska-Lincoln's Trailside Museum in and scientific speculations vary. Fort Robinson State Park, and finds David Nixon.

"Clash of the Titans," the center's flagship display, will include the certain about the mammoths' cause of search in the area."



ABOVE: WORK AT THE Hudson-Meng bonebed, as these Colorado State students found this summer, is tedious, backbreaking and exact. Students have to uncover individual bones and then meticulously document where the bones were found.

within a brief period of time, leaving Right: The site, which sits just outside of Toadstool State Park near Crawford, was covered this summer by quonset huts to protect it from the Samples of their remains discov- elements. A \$6-million project will build an education center over the site

> mammoths whose tusks were interlocked in combat when they died. They are the only mammoth skeletons with interlocked tusks found in the world, Nixon said.

> A fossil preparation laboratory will allow scientists to stabilize, catalog and pack fragile specimens to move them from the sites to a permanent collection, Nixon said.

## Diggin' in the dirt

The sites contributing to the U.S. Forest Service, Nebraska Game center's displays and scientists' reand Parks Commission, Chadron State search are: the Hudson-Meng Bison College, University of Nebraska-Lin-bonebed on the Oglala National Grasscoln, the cities of Chadron and land, 23 miles northwest of Crawford; Crawford and Sioux and Dawes coun- the Crawford mammoth site, 15 miles outside of Crawford; and Toadstool

> The latter site contains tracks made 31 million years ago in the mud flats of a recessed stream. The tracks are evidence of three-toed horses, sabertoothed cats, shorebirds and other creatures. The discovery center will display as-yet undetermined speci- Plains Archeological Project in southmens and casts created from the east Wyoming. It crosses into Netracks, Nixon said.

The bison died about 9,600 years The center's museum will combine ago, near the end of the Pleistocene the contents of the University of Ne- Epoch. Their deaths remain a mystery

Some think the creatures may have from three archeological and paleon- been the victims of mass electrocution tological sites in northwest Nebraska caused when a lightning bolt hit the one of the most fossil-rich regions water where the herd stood. Another in the western hemisphere, theory suggests the beasts suffocated saidTrailside Museum Superintendent from a prairie fire surrounding them.

Whatever the causes of the bisons' and Colombian mammoths' deaths, the creatures' lives need to be studied on-site more before archeologists and paleontologists carry the remains away, Nixon said.

## Teaming with tourism

Suchor said the Prehistoric Prairies Discovery Center will benefit both science and the communities of Chadron and Crawford.

According to a 1991 U.S. Forest Service study based on the area's tour ist draws that year, the center will increase the regional annual economy by \$2 million, with Crawford and Dawes counties benefiting most.

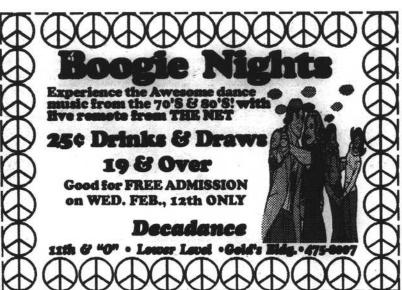
Suchor said her group plans to Geologic Park, 25 miles northwest of market the attraction with a string of about 19 related sites in Nebraska, South Dakota and Wyoming.

> Known as the Cultural Heritage Corridor, the sites are between Interstate 80 in Nebraska and Interstate 90 in South Dakota.

> The corridor begins with the High braska, jumping northeast to Chimney Rock before running north through 10 Panhandle and five westem South Dakota sites. The trail then crosses back into Wyoming, ending at the Vore Buffalo Jump.

Seeing the cooperation between the project's various sponsors was fulfillaing, Liebentritt said. She said she hopes the completed center's results would be just as successful.

"This will have a major impact on Scientists also disagree or are un-tourism, education and scientific re-





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