

## WORLD WIRE

## Clinton has at least 9 millionaires as advisers

WASHINGTON — President Clinton has more millionaires among his top advisers than either Ronald Reagan or George Bush.

Clinton has at least nine millionaires at the top of his administration, including several well-to-do lawyers and two Wall Street executives whose fortunes dwarf Clinton's reported \$863,000 in assets.

Among the top Cabinet millionaires are Treasury Secretary Lloyd Bentsen, worth at least \$5.9 million, and Secretary of State Warren Christopher, who is worth at least \$4.2 million. Even their fortunes are easily topped by the two top economic advisers Clinton borrowed from Wall Street, Robert Rubin and Roger Altman. Each is worth tens of millions of dollars.

## Croatia battles Serbs despite UN demand

ZAGREB, Croatia — Artillery duels thundered around three villages in southern Croatia Tuesday as the Croatian army battled minority Serbs despite a U.N. resolution demanding an end to the hostilities.

As war raged in the former Yugoslav republic after a 12-month lull that ended Friday, France said today it was sending an aircraft carrier to the Adriatic Sea for possible intervention.

An attempted cease-fire fell apart Monday in southern Croatia,

and two French peacekeepers were killed and three wounded when artillery fire hit a U.N. control post. Their deaths brought the number of U.N. peacekeepers killed in former Yugoslavia states to 26.

The U.N. Security Council adopted a binding resolution Monday condemning Croatian attacks on Serbs in U.N.-protected areas and demanding the return of heavy weapons seized by Croatian Serbs from U.N. warehouses. The resolution means Croatia risks sanctions if it does not stop the attacks.

## Shooting of Marine shows Somalia still dangerous

MOGADISHU, Somalia — The death of a second Marine underscored on Tuesday how difficult it will be for the United States to pacify Somalia and rapidly withdraw its combat troops from this lawless land.

Lance Cpl. Anthony D. Botello, 21, of Wilburton, Okla., was the third American to die since U.S. forces came ashore Dec. 9. He was assigned to the 7th Marine Regiment in Twentynine Palms, Calif.

Botello was shot late Monday by a sniper while on a nighttime foot patrol near a stadium on Mogadishu's northside. Troops fired back and saw a man fall, but his body wasn't recovered.

The stadium houses more than 900 men and women of the Marines' 7th Regimental Combat Team and is in a perilous area, with the Marines frequently coming under sniper fire. Pfc. Domingo Arroyo was killed nearby last week.

Washington last week informally asked the U.N. Security Council to consider a new resolution that would

transfer the U.S.-led military coalition in Somalia to the United Nations.

The United States obtained a U.N. mandate last November to lead a military coalition to achieve two objectives:

—To secure Somalia's major ports, airports and towns for the safe delivery of food to the starving and other aid from organized looters, free-lance bandits and renegade clan militias.

—To establish a "secure environment" for a U.N. peacekeeping force that would move on to a second phase of rehabilitation of the shattered nation and restoration of a civilian government.

The first objective has been largely obtained, but the second is a matter of debate. U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Boutros-Ghali has made it known that he does not think Somalia is safe enough for deployment of a peacekeeping force.

The latest Marine casualty came only hours after U.S. army helicopter gunships, and Belgian troops blasted with rocket and cannon fire a clan militia column heading for a rival militia's encampment near the southern port of Kismayu.

They killed eight Somalis, said Farouk Mawlawi, a U.N. spokesman. American officials said seven vehicles and several artillery pieces were destroyed, with no allied casualties reported.

The allies were enforcing a cease-fire in an increasingly unstable area. Aid agencies have been pulling foreign workers out of Kismayu because of heightened violence, including 10 grenade attacks in the past three days that wounded six Belgian soldiers.

Gen. Mohamed Farrah Aidid, one of Somalia's dominant warlords, claimed the attack on his rival was made at his request, a contention vigorously denied by U.S. special envoy Robert Oakley, the American military and the United Nations.

They all said the coalition military action was taken independently in support of a cease-fire agreement signed by 14 warring Somali factions in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, on Jan. 15. Aidid's rival warlord is Mohamed Said Hersi, widely known as Gen. Morgan, a son-in-law of ousted dictator Mohamed Siad Barre. U.S. spokesmen said his forces retreated south of Kismayu and were no longer an immediate threat.

## Urban League: Follow promises with spending

WASHINGTON — The nation's oldest civil rights group declared Tuesday that President Clinton must back up his promises to black Americans with billions of dollars in economic help for inner cities and strict enforcement of civil rights laws.

Black people must do their part to rebuild their communities and the power base that slipped away as federal social programs were dismantled in the last 12 years, the Urban League concluded in its 18th annual report, "The State of Black America."

The picture for black Americans, the report said, is not a rosy one. It cited steep increases in black unemployment, at more than 14 percent in third quarter of 1992, and warned of economic devastation for black Americans as jobs are cut in auto manufacturing, the military, defense and service-oriented industries.

Expectations for Clinton are high, said Urban League President John E. Jacob.

"Black America in 1992 turned a hopeful, expectant face to the future, even as the terrible conditions of the present led to despair and rebellion," he said.

## Spokesman: Clinton can lift ban without consent



President  
Bill Clinton

Scott Maurer/DN

WASHINGTON — The White House asserted the right to revoke the ban on homosexuals in the military without the consent of Congress Tuesday. Some Republican lawmakers explored how to force a vote, but the Senate's top Democrat predicted "it will all be worked out."

President Clinton will act swiftly to end the 50-year-old prohibition, spokesman George Stephanopoulos said.

"The president has the power to move forward on ending discrimination against homosexuals in the military," he said. White House press secretary Dee Dee Myers said Clinton probably would announce his decision on Wednesday.

"I don't think it gets any easier" by waiting, she said.

"If we can avoid a legislative battle, that's all to the good," Stephanopoulos said. "But the president remains committed to his policy."

Clinton held his first legislative strategy meeting with congressional leaders, but participants said there was only scant discussion of lifting the military ban on homosexuals.

Senate Majority Leader George Mitchell, D-Maine, said that he didn't know how the Senate would vote on the issue if it arose. He added, "I don't think it's going to come to that. ... I think it will all be worked out beforehand."

"These experts are saying something simple: If you are looking for a way to destroy the discipline and esprit de corps of a military unit, it is clear - just inject sexual tension into

the barracks," said Sen. Dan Coats of Indiana, a Republican.

Sen. Alfonse D'Amato announced on the Senate floor that he supports Clinton's plan.

"No government has the right to discriminate against any of its own people," D'Amato said. "Gays and heterosexuals have served in the military with honor and they will continue to serve honorably together in the future."

Rep. Newt Gingrich, R-Ga., urged Clinton to seek a vote in Congress rather than act "by some sleight of hand."

"An order which affects the discipline and raising of armies and maintaining of navies under the Constitution clearly has very serious involvement," Gingrich said.

## President to propose \$15 billion in spending

WASHINGTON — The administration said Tuesday that President Clinton will likely propose \$15 billion to \$20 billion in government spending and tax breaks to jump-start the economy this year.

Labor Secretary Robert Reich conceded that this was a small total in comparison to the \$6 trillion economy, but he insisted that it would still send "a very clear signal that we have got to get the growth back."

At the White House, communica-

tions director George Stephanopoulos agreed with Reich's assessment that a stimulus package was likely but it could be "a little higher" than the figures mentioned by Reich.

Reich and other administration officials insisted that no final decisions had been made, but his comments were the strongest indication yet of the shape of the administration's proposed stimulus program.

The White House said Tuesday that Clinton's economic program will

be unveiled by the president in a State of the Union address to Congress on Feb. 17.

That gives the administration just three weeks to reach a myriad of decisions on such questions as what public works projects should be pushed forward and what tax breaks should be offered this year to boost growth, while at the same time proposing spending cuts in popular benefit programs such as Social Security and tax increases in future years.

The debate is taking place against a backdrop of an economy that, while showing improvement in recent months, is still troubled. Just Tuesday, some of the mainstays of corporate America — IBM, the Boeing Co. and United Technologies Corp. — announced new job layoffs for 1993 in further efforts to deal with weak sales.

Reich said that while some economic indicators have turned up recently, unemployment remained at 7.3 percent.

## Fees

Continued from Page 1

At UNL, some of the facilities, services, opportunities and programs are self-sustaining, some are supported by tuition and taxes and others are financed by student fees.

According to UNL bylaws, the total income from student fees is divided into two funds.

Fund A, which is refundable by students, helps support student organizations such as the Daily Nebraskan, ASUN and the University Program Council.

Tucker estimated a 5 percent increase in funding for the Daily Nebraskan, a 0.26 percent increase for ASUN and a decrease of 2 percent by UPC. CFA is expected to recommend to ASUN Fund A allocations Feb. 10.

"The groups ask us for the money and then we look at their expenses from last year," Tucker said. "If we decide their request is feasible, we'll present a proposal to ASUN."

Fund B is used to make bond payments and fund staff salaries and operating costs for various student services. It is also used for maintenance of related facilities such as campus recreation programs, the student unions and the University Health Center.

Sigerson said the increase requested by ASUN would not be used to pay student senators but for ASUN office employee salary increases.

ASUN was allocated \$143,536 for 1992-93.

Gary Doyle, president of UPC, said his organization was requesting a 2 percent decrease in funding.

UPC is made up of 18 committees that bring free programs, to UNL, including concerts, talks and African American special events.

"We realized that UPC was using student fees to put on high-glitz and sensationalized programs in the past," Doyle said.

The attendance at these events was low compared to the cost, Doyle said. On average, he said, 200 people at-

tended each program. That same number of people attend less-expensive UPC-sponsored events.

"We're now trying to do grassroots projects that cost less," Doyle said.

The annual revenue received by UPC for 1992-93 was about \$186,118.

Daily Nebraskan Editor Chris Hopfensperger said the newspaper was requesting a 5 percent increase for a combination of reasons.

The price of newspaper and newsprint is rising at an estimated 17.5 percent while advertising revenue has declined, Hopfensperger said.

"We would like to receive this small increase to help offset the cost of production," he said.

The DN is the best source of news that directly relates to students at the university, Hopfensperger said.

The DN received about \$39,193 for 1992-93, which was used solely for printing and distribution.

Dave Temple, Ombudsman for Students in the vice chancellor for student affairs' office, said student

fees were vital to the university.

"The fees allow the university to support campus programs and maintain facilities that benefit the student body," Temple said.

Student fees are not "user-fees" for students, although they are paid by students for programs and services oriented to students. They are part of the cost of attending the university, Temple said.

All students are assessed student fees along with tuition, whether the students expect to take advantage of fee-funded facilities and services or not, Temple said.

Allocation of student fee funds is recommended by ASUN and the vice chancellor for student affairs and is approved by the chancellor. Fund B allocations must also be approved by the NU Board of Regents.

The per student per semester Fund B cost for 1992-93 were: facilities fee, \$22.00; campus recreation programs, \$32.82; student unions, \$32.72; and the University Health Center, \$75.57.

Daily  
Nebraskan

Editor Chris Hopfensperger  
472-1766  
Managing Editor Alan Phelps  
Assoc. News Editors Wendy Mott  
Tom Mainelli  
Jeremy Fitzpatrick  
Editorial Page Editor Todd Cooper  
Wire Editor Kathy Steinauer  
Copy Desk Editor John Adkisson  
Sports Editor  
Publications Board  
Chairman Tom Massey  
488-8761  
Professional Adviser Don Walton  
473-7301

FAX NUMBER 472-1761  
The Daily Nebraskan (USPS 144-080) is published by the UNL Publications Board, Nebraska Union 34, 1400 R St., Lincoln, NE, Monday through Friday during the academic year; weekly during summer sessions. Readers are encouraged to submit story ideas and comments to the Daily Nebraskan by phoning 472-1763 between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. Monday through Friday. The public also has access to the Publications Board. For information, contact Tom Massey, 488-8761. Subscription price is \$50 for one year. Postmaster: Send address changes to the Daily Nebraskan, Nebraska Union 34, 1400 R St., Lincoln, NE 68588-0448. Second-class postage paid at Lincoln, NE.  
ALL MATERIAL COPYRIGHT  
1993 DAILY NEBRASKAN