

# Daily Nebraskan

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University of Nebraska-Lincoln

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## TODAY'S WEATHER

Morning drizzle and fog today with a high of 50 and a 40 percent chance of light rain this afternoon. Decreasing cloudiness tonight with the low 35-40. Partly sunny Saturday with the high 55-60.

## Cigarette taxes to finance Beadle Center

By Michael Hannon  
Staff Reporter

The Appropriations Committee decided Thursday to appropriate \$6.5 million to the University of Nebraska-Lincoln for the Beadle Center project.

Five million dollars of this money will come from the cigarette tax and the remaining \$1.5 million will come from the state's general fund.

The 4-cent portion of the cigarette tax was the object of several



conflicting proposals during the legislative session. Suggestions included using the money for prisons, financial aid for all postsecondary institutions, scholarships to private colleges in Nebraska and cancer research.

Previously, the tax had been used for capital construction projects of the University of Nebraska.

Six million dollars in state and NU funds is needed to match the federal contribution to the George W. Beadle Center for Genetics and Biomaterials Research. The total cost of the most needed repair to the utility system — the replacement of the chiller used to air condition UNL — is \$3.5 million.

These projects require \$3 million more than the Appropriations Committee voted to give UNL.

Sen. Scott Moore of Seward, chairman of the Appropriations Committee, said, "Yes, we're going to help you (UNL) do Beadle, but you're going to have to help us do it."

Moore said UNL will have to cover the remaining \$3 million by internal reallocation, using research funds and seeking private funds.

The state's portion of the funds for the Beadle Center will be used to build a Vine Street utility extension and a biological sciences greenhouse.

In addition to the chiller, UNL soon will

need a boiler and an emergency generator. Funding for these projects is yet to be provided.

The Appropriations Committee voted to use the cigarette tax money for several other projects:

- The University of Nebraska at Omaha would receive \$2.9 million to renovate the Arts and Sciences Hall, \$700,000 less than was proposed.

- The Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources would receive \$4 million for projects in Scottsbluff, Whitman and North Platte, reduced from an early proposal of \$6.1 million.

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## Education council members want unity with commission

By Heather Heinisch  
Staff Reporter

The Nebraska Council for Public Higher Education took the offense Thursday, calling for unity in the face of opposition from the strengthened Nebraska Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education.

Nancy O'Brien, a member of the NU Board of Regents and chairwoman of the council, said that unless the state higher education coordinating bodies can work together, the council won't exist after a year.

A bill in the Nebraska Legislature up for final debate outlines the powers of the new coordinating commission, which was established by a constitutional amendment Nebraska voters approved in November. Commission members now serve in an advisory capacity.

O'Brien said the strengthening of the commission puts the council in a sales position.

"We have to sell the idea of our

need to have input," she said.

The council should take the offense and enunciate a broader vision of education, she said, so it is not seen as trying to preserve the status quo.

At the meeting, council members also expressed concern that the new commission will be too powerful.

According to the bill, the commission's powers will include establishing and revising the role and mission statement for each public institution, revising and modifying plans for facilities that use tax funds, reviewing and monitoring new programs and capital construction projects and reviewing budget requests from all governing boards before submitting them to the governor.

University of Nebraska General Counsel Dick Wood said the commission may gain even more powers from the Legislature. Senators can assign additional powers to the commission as long as it doesn't invade the governance powers of the NU

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## FRIDAY

President Bush unveils his plan for nationwide education. **Page 2.**

Celebrations for Earth Day are in the works, including a jazz festival — providing the weather cooperates. **Pages 3 and 6.**

Columnist gives up and gives in. **Page 4.**

A UNL gymnast gains inspiration for tough competition. **Page 5.**

Men's gymnastic season ends with 7th-place finish. **Page 5.**

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## Chancellor search field remains broad

By Adeana Leftin  
Staff Reporter

Members of the UNL Chancellor Search Committee did not narrow the field of candidates Thursday, but will broaden their knowledge of 25-30 of them, the chairman said.

Harvey Perlman, dean of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln College of Law, said that although the committee wants more information from 25-30 of the candidates, the others have not been dropped from the search officially.

He said there are some women among those asked for more information. He said he believes there also are some minority candidates, but that that information was not included in their resumes.

Perlman refused to say if any internal candidates are included in the number. He also declined to speculate about the exact number of applicants.

"I'm not convinced yet that I know what the field looks like," he said.

Of those candidates asked to provide more information, Perlman said, all have substantial academic experience.

He said the committee still is receiving resumes and nominations.

Some of those nominated have not been informed of their nomination and others have not responded or expressed interest in the position, Perlman said.

All candidates will be informed sometime next week if they are among the 25-30 the committee presently is

interested in.

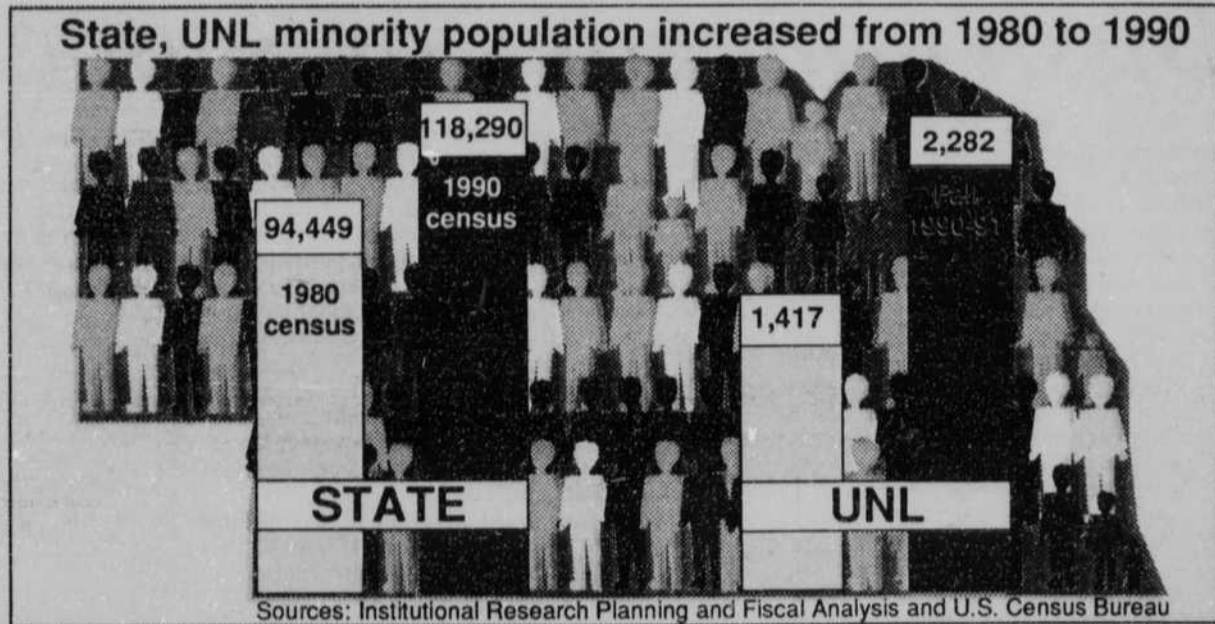
Perlman said the committee wants candidates to know it is interested in them before making discreet inquiries into their backgrounds.

He said that within the next two to three weeks the committee may have to decide that some of the candidates will not be pursued.

"We don't need to do that yet," he said.

Perlman said that during the next two to three weeks, the committee also will continue to look at new resumes and review some they've already seen.

The committee still is working toward having a new UNL chancellor by next August or September, but Perlman said he doubts if that is realistic.



Amie DeFrain/Daily Nebraskan



Kingon William Lauer/Daily Nebraskan

## EC success depends on economic recovery

By Lisa Donovan  
Senior Reporter

For the European Community's economic union to be realized in 1992, the world economy will have to recover sharply, said Alfred Kingon, former U.S. ambassador to the EC.

"For Europe to succeed in the integration of East and West, we need a very strong economy," Kingon said before a crowd of 200 people Thursday at the Lied Center for Performing Arts.

Kingon was referring to the plan of the EC's 12 members to link their economies by 1992. Only a strong economy inside and outside the EC will support the transition, he said.

While the world is in a recession, competition within the EC could double its economic problems and slow the formation of the economic coalition, he said.

Domestic companies in EC nations formerly dominated their own markets, Kingon said. By creating one market, he said, competition to sell goods and services will come not only from the United States and Japan, but also initially from other EC members.

"They're going to have 11 other competitors that they've never had," he said.

Europe has enjoyed tremendous economic growth recently, with production rates climbing annually, but the signs of slowdown are evident, Kingon said.

Although the reunification of Germany will help Europe's overall growth rate, Kingon said, eastern Germany's poor money management could pose a real problem for the country.

Kingon said many economists think the great pressure of rebuilding the former East Germany will strain the German economy. It may require weakening the Deutschmark — Germany's currency — and raising interest rates.

"There is a real fear of that happening and I can't give you an answer" to maintaining Germany's stability, he said.

The assets of eastern Germany are much less than expected and many of the people who were once big forces in creating the country are now fleeing to the western part, he said.

But Kingon said eastern Germany, more than other East European countries, has the power and commitment to pull together and survive.

The problem in Czechoslovakia, Poland and other East Bloc

See KINGON on 3