

Daily Nebraskan

Tuesday	
WEATHER	INDEX
Tuesday, mostly sunny, high in the low-50s, light east wind. Tuesday night, low 30-35. Wednesday, mostly sunny and warmer, high in the mid-60s.	News Digest 2 Editorial 4 Arts & Entertainment 6 Sports 8 Classifieds 11

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University of Nebraska-Lincoln

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Panelists say South African investments don't help blacks

Symposium emphasizes need for divestment



Joe Heinze/Daily Nebraskan

Joseph Akpan, a UNL graduate student in political science, denounces U.S. investment in South Africa. Akpan and Robert Hitchcock (left), assistant professor of anthropology, were part of a six-member panel that criticized U.S. policy and university investment in companies that deal with South Africa.

By Sara Bauder
Staff Reporter

Panelists and audience members Monday night emphasized the need for universities to divest holdings with companies that do business in South Africa and for economic sanctions against the country's government.

At a symposium in the Nebraska Union, Joseph Akpan, a political science graduate student at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, said UNL has partially divested, or pulled out of, companies that invest in South Africa.

About 70 people attended the six-panelist symposium, organized by the Nigerian Student Association.

According to Akpan, the University of Nebraska has two categories of investments. One, controlled by the administration through the NU Board of Regents, is completely divested of South African interests, he said. The other category is controlled by the NU Foundation, which has no policy on divestment, he said.

Terry Fairfield, foundation president, sent Akpan a statement saying that the foundation does not have a policy on South African investments and does not intend to have one, Akpan said.

A state law passed in 1984 requires the withdrawal of state funds from companies that operate in South

Africa. But the NU Foundation is a private organization and does not receive state money.

Although the foundation is a private organization, Akpan said, it still is part of the university.

UNL is not the only university dealing with the problem of divestment, Akpan said. He said 1.2 percent of all U.S. university and college holdings in South Africa have been divested. He said 76 institutions in the United States have a divestment policy, and seven of those have a policy of complete divestment.

Panel member Lee Bouka, a research analyst with the Nebraska Department of Labor, said that investing in South Africa does not help blacks, as some people believe. He said economic sanctions will work in the struggle to end apartheid and bring about equality for blacks.

"The blacks don't see investments trickle down," he said.

Robert Hitchcock, UNL assistant professor of anthropology, also said economic sanctions against South Africa will not hurt blacks.

"If you talk to blacks in South Africa, as I have recently, you will find they feel sanctions should go ahead," he said. "They don't mind the price they will have to pay for what it will bring them in the end."

See SYMPOSIUM on 3

Non-apartheid state objective of delegate

By Robin Trimarchi
Staff Reporter

An African National Congress delegate to the United Nations said Monday that blacks in South Africa are willing to endure international economic pressure on their country for the sake of a non-apartheid state.

"Economic pressure is one non-violent measure against the apartheid regime" that will bring the government to the negotiating table, said Shuping Coopage, who has advised the U.N. on apartheid since 1978.

After South Africa was expelled from the United Nations General Assembly in the early 1960s, the ANC was voted in with an "observer status," Coopage said.

Coopage said he also travels the

United States promoting international divestment of corporate and governmental money from that country's economy.

The U.S. media "tends to blunt the truth" of events and conditions in South Africa, Coopage said, because of U.S. corporate investments in his country.

Coopage urged students to organize and take action in anti-apartheid campaigns, such as involvement in recruiting black South Africans to study on U.S. campuses.

Coopage, whose home is near Johannesburg, South Africa, spoke on the impact of divestment policies on his country's government as part of a panel presentation Monday night

See ANC on 3

Council approves purchase of land for movie theater

By Todd Neeley
Staff Reporter

In a 6-1 vote, the Lincoln City Council on Monday approved spending \$372,000 to purchase land at 12th and P streets for construction of a movie theater.

The money will come from the \$12 million downtown redevelopment plan. The land currently is a parking lot with 44 spaces.

George Chick, director of the Lincoln urban development department, said the project will be "very important to the revitalization of the downtown area."

He said the city is "under-marketed" with theaters.

Chicks said in typical communities there is one movie screen for every 10,000 people. He said there are 19 screens in Lincoln, 11 of them downtown.

But Lincoln is a "high-range" community, he said, because of the number of college students. That means

it could support 28 screens -- one per 7,000 people in Lincoln, he said.

The proposal, which calls for three or four screens, shouldn't affect business at existing theaters, Chick said.

Chick said the recent opening of the University Square parking garage and a proposed 90-space lot at 11th and P streets should compensate for the loss of the 44 parking spaces.

But Don Hamann, owner of Sartor Hamann Jewelry at 12th and O streets, said the city should "enhance" the retail stores it has downtown, rather than develop new projects.

He said the location is "not an appropriate place" for a theater.

Hamann said he is concerned the plan will eliminate parking for his customers.

"Customers like the idea of close parking," he said.

Mike Johanns, a council member who voted against the proposal, said he is concerned there is "no total

See THEATER on 3

Students surveyed on education quality

By Emily Rosenbaum
Senior Reporter

A majority of University of Nebraska-Lincoln students surveyed are satisfied with the quality of education they pay for, but do not think their education emphasizes multi-cultural understanding.

The survey, given by a UNL management class, shows that 76 percent of the respondents answered "yes" when asked, "Do you believe that UNL gives you the quality of education that you pay for?"

Fifty-six percent said UNL doesn't emphasize multi-cultural understanding.

Four students in the management class conducted the survey by randomly calling students enrolled at UNL this semester. Every fifth name on the list was called until 300 students were reached and surveyed.

Dixie Doughty, one of the students who conducted the survey, said it has a 6 percent margin of error.

Doughty, a junior in the teachers college, said the group consulted Wayne Osgood, co-director

of the UNL Bureau of Sociological Research, on the correct way to conduct a survey.

The group then wrote 25 questions, most of them about the quality of education at UNL, she said.

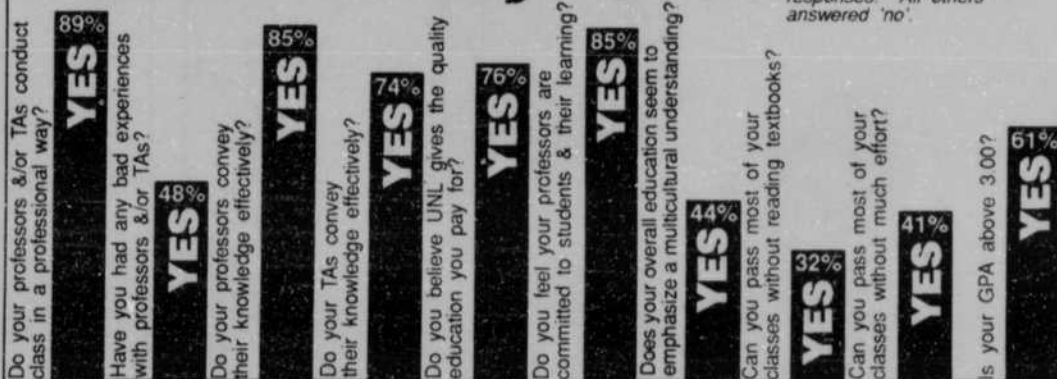
Doughty said the group decided to focus on education quality because the subject has received much attention lately. The Nebraska Legislature has proposed changes in the governance of higher education in Nebraska, which will be on the November ballot.

The Legislature, Gov. Kay Orr,

See SURVEY on 3

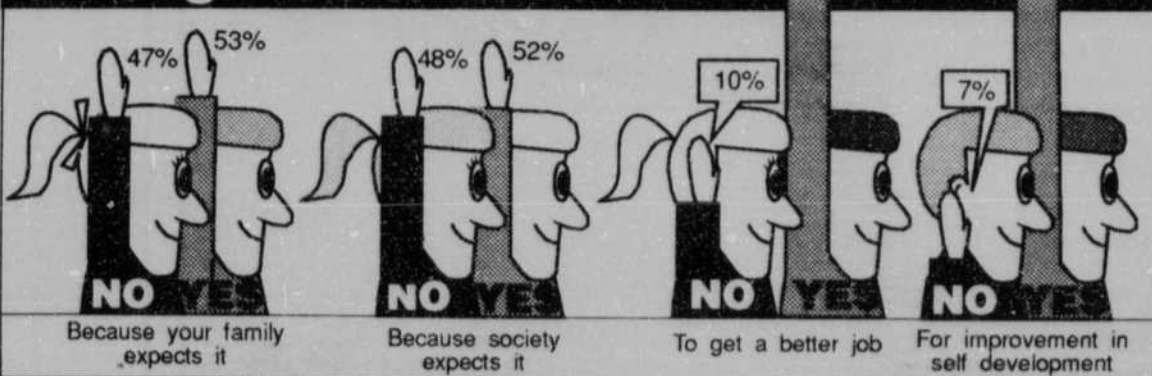
Student survey totals

Total surveyed: 75
*There were no 'undecided' responses. All others answered 'no'.



Source: Students of Management 335, Principles of Management.

Why are you getting a degree at UNL?



John Bruce/Daily Nebraskan