#### Wednesday Nebraskan INDEX WEATHER: Wednesday, partly sunny and warmer, high 50-55 with S winds at 10-20 mph. Wednesday night, partly cloudy and mild, low in the lower 30s. Thursday, cloudy with a 20 percent chance of thundershowers, high in the low to mid 50s. News Digest ..... Editorial ..... Arts & Entertainment Sports ..... Classifieds

March 22, 1989

University of Nebraska-Lincoln

# B160 is unconstitutional, opinion st

By Victoria Ayotte Senior Editor

fficials had mixed reactions Tuesday to the opinion by the state attorney gen-eral that adding Kearney State College to the University of Nebraska system would be unconstitutional.

The opinion was given Monday by Deputy Attorney General A. Eugene Crump and Attorney General Robert Spire in response to a December request by state Sen. Jerome Warner of Waverly. Warner is a co-sponsor of LB160,

which would add KSC to the university system. The opinion states that making KSC part of the university system would be a violation of legislative history, which states that the prin-ciple mission of the state colleges is to train teachers.

The change also would be unconstitutional because the Board of Trustees is charged with governing the state colleges, the opinion says, and previous court history states that none of that responsibility can be taken away.

A constitutional amendment would be needed to make KSC part of the NU system, the opinion states.

Warner said he originally requested the opinion because he had heard concerns that the bill might be unconstitutional. In his request for the attorney general's opinion, Warner said he thought the bill was constitutional since the Nebraska constitution makes no mention of the specific campuses to be governed by the university.

Warner said the constitution provides that state colleges be governed by the Board of Trustees. If a college is changed to a university, it would be governed by the NU Board of Regents, he said.

Warner said Tuesday that the attorney general's opinion is inconsistent with the current role and mission of KSC.

The opinion "suggests a very narrow scope for the state colleges," he said. It declares that the role and mission is to

train teachers, he said, but "that certainly is not the practice.

'It raises the whole question of what the role and mission is of the state colleges," Warner said.

Jean Lovell, chairperson of the Board of Trustees, said the trustees have felt the change of KSC to university status was unconstitutional.

The attorney general's opinion is "pretty much in line with what our position was," she said.

However, Lovell said, the role and mission of the state colleges is "a lot more comprehensive than teachers colleges.

The reason the trustees think the change would be unconstitutional, she said, is because the trustees are granted governing power of the

four state colleges by the constitution. To take one college away from the trustees' govern-ance would be unconstitutional, she said.

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NU Regent Don Fricke of Lincoln said he has not supported the change of KSC to the university system all along.

Fricke said he had not considered that the change might be unconstitutional, but the opinion has no affect on his position.

Warner said he is not sure what his next step will be on the bill to change KSC's status. The bill currently is being considered by the Legis-lature's Education Committee.

The Legislature could make a "test case" by passing the bill, he said, or a constitutional amendment may be considered, although it could not happen this year.

Warner said the ruling in this case could affect another bill in the Legislature to change the names of Nebraska's state colleges to universities.

## Judge: South Africans' lives haunted by police actions

#### **By Lisa Twiestmeyer** Staff Reporter

he 16 South Africans whose treason trial Nathanial Jones observed were guilty of no more than the basic freedoms protected by America's Bill of Rights, the former general counsel for the NAACP said Tuesday to a group of 30 in the Nebraska Union.

Jones, a federal appellate judge for the 6th U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals, was sent to South Africa in 1985 to observe the trial of 16 South Africans accused of forming a "revolutionary alliance" with organizations the government had banned.

Other charges against the 16 were based on second-hand statements and songs and slogans the defendants had shouted at illegal meetings. The defendants, Jones said, were

members of South Africa's United Democratic Front and were merely practicing "peaceful and open tacin protest of elections which would have given the white minority in South Africa a monopoly over the black majority.

tional Security Act. That act gives the police the right to act as "licensed executioners" in order to control dissent against the government.

Townships throughout South Africa are under "states of emergency" so the National Security Act can be enforced, he said, which grants "sweeping powers" to the police.

During his stay, Jones said, he visited various townships to observe the conditions under the state of emergency. He and his colleagues

Their membership in the UDF, he were arrested for violating the state of said, violated South Africa's Na- emergency because they entered one emergency because they entered one township without a permit. "Unlimited police powers intrude

into the lives of South Africans day and night," Jones said. "It is a cruel system enforced by whips, police dogs, arson, torture and even death.'

For example, Jones said, one of the defense attorneys who invited Jones to observe the trial was hacked with machetes and shot with pistols in the presence of her children on the morning that Jones was to leave South Africa.

Innocent people and children are often detained by police and tortured, Jones said. A 15-year-old boy he talked to had been walking down a street in his neighborhood and had part of his leg blown off by police for no reason, he said.

Jones said there is a "war being waged against South African children.

More than 10,000 children under 18 have been detained and charged for crimes without trial, he said, and

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## New general requirement program to be implemented

#### **By Eric Pfanner**

Staff Reporter

n order to obtain a "more coherent curriculum" at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, general education requirements for all students will change over the next few years, according to UNL officials

Ellen Baird, associate vice chancellor for academic affairs, said the changes will not involve "the number of hours per se," that students would be required to take. Instead, she said, students will be required to take a program of broad, liberal education courses.

About two years ago, Baird said, a chancellor's commission on general ral education propose gram for the Advancement of General Education'' at UNL. Raymond Haggh, chairman of the implementation committee for the program, said the UNL program is part of a national trend to improve the general education of college students.

what one expects of an educated per-

son," he said. The program, when implemented, will require students in all UNL colleges to take about 30 hours of courses in five basic knowledge ar-

eas, Haggh said. The plan calls for required courses in "culture and society," "the arts and humanities," "basic and applied science," "mathematics" and written and oral communications." All students also will have to take an integrative senior seminar" before they graduate.

Haggh said the courses in these areas will encourage students to be more open-minded and flexible in their education.

There will be about five to eight

Allon Schaben/Daily Nebraskar

Spring chicken?

Michael Elwood, a junior physical education major, serves a slice of ham to his pet chicken "Earwax" Tuesday afternoon at Broyhill Fountain. "I believe that all chickens deserve to be kept as pets and not to be eaten," Elwood said.

"The idea of general education is

courses to choose from in each of the five areas of study, in order to give students some flexibility, he said.

Baird, who also is chairman of the implementation subcommittee for arts and humanities, said some pilot courses for the program, in communications, math and chemistry, already

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### **ASUN Electoral Commission** makes election results official

**By Eve Nations** Staff Reporter

he ASUN Electoral Commission officially certified last week's student government elections and announced the results of the tied races Tuesday.

Bryan Hill, Devi Bohling and Jon Bruning were certified as president, first vice president and second vice president of the Association of Students of the University of Nebraska.

Some senatorial and student advisory board positions, which were not announced previously because of ties, were chosen by the commission by picking numbers out of a cup Tuesday. In many cases, the ties were

caused by numerous write-in votes. The winners of advisory board positions were Andy Hahn of the vocational and adult education department; Jill Douglas from the School of Health, Physical Education and Recreation; Kaleen Micek of the special education and communication disorders department; Lisa Boohar from speech pathology; and John Campbell from pre-veterinary science.

The winner of the fifth graduate college senator position was Jay Ovsiovitch.

Mark Fahleson, the director of the Electoral Commission, said the certi-

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