Weather: Partly to mostly cloudy Friday and Friday night. High Friday near 70. Lows Friday night in the 50s to around 60. Partly cloudy and warmer on Saturday with highs in

Kimball's fall season has art for art's sake

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Controls?

Agricultural leaders attack '85 Farm Bill

By Jody Beem Staff Reporter

Agricultural leaders at a U.S. Senate-Committee Hearing Thursday called the 1985 U.S. Farm Bill a failure and emphasized mandatory controls, valueadded exports and alternate uses of agricultural goods as areas of change.

Forty agricultural leaders were scheduled to testify before senators J. James Exon and Edward Zorinsky and congressman Douglas Bereuter during the six-hour hearing held at the UNL East Campus Union.

The Farm Bill under attack was passed in December 1985, and planned for five years. Its total cost was estimated at \$72 billion.

In 1986, however, an estimated \$25 billion will be spent on agriculture, said Rob Robertson, press aide for Bereuter. Robertson also said the main aspects of the bill under attack deal with major agricultural commodities, like wheat, rice, cotton and corn.

The Farm Bill was an experiment that failed, said Sen. Bill Harris of Lincoin: Harris said that for two months in a row this year the United States imported more agricultural products than it exported, and yet surplus grain fills storage bins in Nebraska.

All this, he said, is occuring while the United States spends more for an agricultural program.

Larry Hall, president of the Nebraska Farmers Union said the national government needs to use mandatory controls of some type.

"Let us produce for sale," Hall said. "Let the rest of the world produce for storage."

Farmers within the farm programs now are required to leave 20 percent of feed-crop land idle and 25 percent of wheat land idle. Zorinsky said requireing all farmers to leave some land idle would decrease individual farmers' requirements.

Bereuter said support for mandatory control is up 25 percent in his district from a similar poll taken a couple years

Bereuter also expressed strong support for the development of valueadded products. Instead of exporting raw, bulk goods, he said, the United States should process goods. This would increase the value of U.S. products, he said, and create jobs in the United

Bereuter emphasized the importance of the Food Processing Center on the UNL campus. He said the state is fundneeds to offer more funds as an invest- to accomplish at UNL. ment in Nebraska.

of importance to Nebraska. Exon read bushels of corn were used last year in the production of ethanol. This produced \$2 billion of farm income in lence, and improve those that do not. America, he said.

State Sen. Loran Schmidt of Bellwood, suggested using the surplus corn to make fuel that could be held in storage for an emergency.



Andrea Hoy/Daily Nebraskan

Delbert Casey shines the glass to the Whac-A-Mole booth Thursday, getting it ready for the big crowds estimated for this year's fair. The State Fair begins today.

Stevie, the Captain to be at the fair

By Shelly Hurlbert Staff Reporter

Stevie Wonder will be there - so will Captain Kangaroo and the next governor of Nebraska. What event could of daytime activities such as the gub-your interest, take heart. Bob Keeshan, possibly unite such diverse personali- ernatorial debate between Democrat better known as Captain Kangaroo, ties? The 1986 Nebraska State Fair, Helen Boosalis and Republican Kay also will be on hand to perform with the Aug. 29 through Sept. 7.

tions, this year's fair will host its first- air auditorium at 11 a.m. ever street dance on Saturday. The

main entrance across from the Food Plaza. Admission is free.

This year's fair also features a variety Orr. The debate is sponsored by the League of Women Voters as part of Ag Along with its traditional attrac- Day Thursday and will be in the open-

In celebration of the Cornhuskers' ance will be close to last year's figure of p.m. until midnight for \$7.

will perform from 9 to 11 p.m. at the sponsor a special pep rally at 5 p.m. on the north ramp of the Bob Devaney Sports Center.

> If none of these events have sparked Navy Band and to meet with area spelling contestants on Sept. 6.

local group Loose (formerly Footloose) first home game on Sept. 6, the fair will 575,000, but said "It's hard to predict."

Admission to the State Fair is \$2 in advance and \$3 at the gate. However, special rates are in effect on certain days. Tuesday, for example, is "Food Bank Day"; admission is \$1 plus one can of food for the Food Bank of Lincoln. Inc.

Sept. 7 is billed as the "Last Blast"; Henry Brandt, general manager of gate admission is free after 4 p.m., and State Fair, hopes that the fair's attend- fairgoers can ride all the rides from 4

New Home Ec dean stresses excellence

By Curt Wagner Staff Reporter

Excellence, continuity and people are three words that characterize what ing the center with a "pittance" and the new dean of home economics hopes

Karen Craig said excellence in pro-Agricultural leaders mentioned eth- grams research, and other areas are anol, a corn-based fuel, as another area important because "people have to do dieting now takes up much of their the best they can in everything they from a report that said 300 billion do," Craig said. For this reason Craig plans to keep current academic programs that show a high level of excel-

> By retaining the excellence from the past, and at the same time changing for the future, Craig said she hopes to gain continuity in the Home Economics College. It may be difficult, she said, but Ph.D program at UNL, Craig said.

she believes it's possible.

Changes will come because home economic professionals, like others, must deal with a changing society. Craig cited the nutrition and health aspect of home economics as an example. In the 1930s home economists studied refrigeration and safe food storage. In today's weight-conscious society, study time, Craig said.

Some changes Craig has planned over a four-year period include establishing a Ph.D program for home economics majors. The program already has been drafted and "looks good," she said. A big demand for jobs nationally and a shortage of home economic Ph.Ds creates a tremendous need for a

search centers dealing with economic she said. issues, family resource issues and nutrition and health issues next year. These people in average daily situations and centers will "enhance the college's research function," Craig said.

In her third year, attracting outside private and industrial resources will be a big priority. With these resources Craig said she can "make sure students have scholarships."

Craig's final plan for change in the Home Ec college involves a "big push" on international home economics. The same issues present in the United States occur in Third World countries, but in a different format, Craig said.

"I think it is very important for our graduates and faculty to understand, deal with and help relate to those

Craig said she plans to create re- worlds because we are a world society,"

Teaching students how to deal with helping students with their own selfconsciousness constitute the third phase of Craig's three-word summation of her plans. By understanding themselves, and being able to relate to others, students may learn to better cope with conflict and change in the family

structure, Craig said. Craig, a Missouri native, said that she has received job offers from both coasts, but has decided against them because she is a "midwesterner at

Craig was an assistant director of cooperative extension and associate

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