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Weather: Partly sunny and cool today with a high of 50 (10C). Clear and cold tonight with a low of 27 (-3C). A warming trend will set in for the week - expect a high in the upper 50s (14C) on Tuesday - possible 70s (22C) by the end of the Barb Branda/Dally Nebraskan

Pictureman candidly tells all...Page 12

Coach Iba out of the running...Page 10



David Creamer/Dally Nebreekan

Clove cigarettes . . . legal or deadly alternative?

Clove cigarettes: Popular import concerns doctors, lung association

By Richard Wright Staff Reporter

To many college students, smoking the highly aromatic clove cigarette is "in" - just a fad.

But for others, the imported, hand-rolled cigarettes have proved to be deadly.

The death of a 17-year-old California teen nearly one year ago has drawn much attention to the cigarettes, which are imported from Indo-

Dr. Frederick Schechter, thoracic surgeon at Humana Hospital in West Anaheim, Calif., said there is no doubt in his mind that clove cigarettes - commonly called Kreteks should not be allowed on the market.

Schechter was responsible for treating the boy who died last year. The boy had smoked a clove cigarette the day before he got sick, Schechter said. According to reports, doctors who treated him initially thought he had influenza, treated him as such and then sent him home. The following day he entered the hospital with respiratory problems. He died two months later — of respiratory failure.

Although no proof exists that his death was caused by smoking clove cigarettes, the fact that he did alerted Schechter.

"He clearly had other problems," Schechter said. 'But the clove smoking, together with something else, brought him to the hospital."

Since the boy's death, Schechter has seen a similar case.

This time it was a 19-year-old athlete who entered the hospital with similar problems. He thought that he had smoked an herb cigarette. Schechter said.

This misconception is where the problem lies, Schechter said. Many people think that clove cigarettes are nothing but herb cigarettes. But clove cigarettes have more tar and nicotine than tobacco cigarettes. According to the American Lung Association, clove cigarettes are 60 percent tobacco and 40 percent ground cloves, clove oil and other additives.

Studies at the Oak Ridge National Laboratories in Oak Ridge, Tenn., found unusually high counts of tar and nicotine in clove cigarettes, according to Roger Jenkins, principle investigator of tobacco and marijuana smoke studies in Oak Ridge.

According to a report presented at the fifth World Conference of Smoking and Health in July 1983, a non-filtered Djarum brand clove cigarette, has 49.6 milligrams of tar, 2.81 milligrams of nicotine, 18.8 milligrams of carbon monoxide and 85.7 milligrams of carbon dioxide in one cigarette.

That was compared with a non-filtered Camel brand cigarette: 28 milligrams of tar, 1.69 milligrams of nicotine, and 17.8 milligrams of carbon monoxide. There was no listing on the amounts of carbon dioxide.

People can smoke clove cigarettes without the hacking cough related to smoking tobacco cigarettes because the cough is suppressed by the numbness. Cloves are also more easily addictive than tobacco cigarettes, Schechter said.

Because of Schechter's efforts and the efforts of the American Lung Association of Orange County, Calif., the national American Lung Association has issued a warning on clove cigarettes.

Jim Ingolio, director of communications for the Lung association in Orange County, said more than 100 concerned people have contacted his office since the office issued its warning. Many questions about clove cigarettes, need to be answered Ingolio said.

Ingolio said he would like to know what kind of pesticides are being sprayed on the clove fields in Indonesia.

"Are they using paraquat?" he said. "If that's the case, it's a serious wrench in the matter." Paraquat is a highly poisonous pesticide.

Cloves have gained popularity with the 14-to 24-year-old age group because they are easy to buy, Ingolio said. Another reason for their popularity: They have taken the place of marijuans, he said.

Smoking cloves increased in popularity in the early 1980s, he said - almost taking the place of "the joint." Unfiltered clove cigarettes and marijuana joints are similar in appearance, he said. Junior high kids often like to smoke them for that reason, he said.

"They (cloves) also don't have the negative legalities that a joint has," Ingolio said. "You don't get busted for smoking a clove."

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in RHA bid

By Adare O'Connor Staff Reporter

The Upward Progressive Party has announced its candidacy for Tuesday's elections for the Residence Hall Associntion Government. UP is the only party that is running.

The party consists of John Danforth, presidential candidate; Pete Castellano, vice presidential candidate; Bobbi Loberg, treasure candidate; and Mike university anvironment for many res-Baacke, secretarial candidate. The party's goals are to expand RHA's activities, visibility and communication with students.

"We're going to keep publishing Hallways, the RHA newsletter, and its issues will be even longer and more self-supporting," Danforth said.

Another residence hall issue is expansion. Castellano said the budget for the Office of University Housing will double for 1985-86 and the extra money will be a major concern to UP.

Candidates Going to college as a career unopposed By Jonsthan Taylor attribute small marquant smoke studies in Continued on P

Staff Reporter

Typically, most university students take longer than the traditional four years to complete their college educations, UNL counseling and career placement officials say.

But a rarer breed of student, those for whom "Serdors Week" will apply many times over, seem to make going to college a profession all its own.

The "perennial student," people who stay in college the longest but nover seem to graduate, return to the sons, according to Gerry Phenauf, director of UNL's Career Planning and Placement Center and John Breckenridge, associate director of UNL's Counseling

Only a few of the students Phenauf sees in his office can be classifed as perennials," he said. Many students take an extra semester to graduate, he said, but the numbers of these who take six or more years are fairly low. However, when the perennials finally show up at his office, and "typically, Continued on Page 7 they do not come in," Phensuf said, the

ting their goals or making college and identifying interest areas, he said. career decisions.

"Each person has a different set of concerns," Phenauf said.

uncertain or frustrated, not sure what about the future. they're interested in or they're "inter-

students generally have problems set- solution includes establishing goals, dents to figure out what they want to

Both Phenauf and Breckenridge agreed that for other longterm students the university provides a safe, enjoya-Often, Phenauf said the students are ble atmosphere to relax in and think

If the funding is there, Breckenridge ested in too many things." The usual said, "it's a comfortable way fer stu-Senior Week begins Tuesday

Seniors who will graduate in August or December needn't worry that they didn't get invitations to UNL's second Senior Week — they're still invited to all the festivities.

Senior Week, which begins Tuesday with a champagne reception at the Cornhusker, 383 S. 18th St., is open to May, August and December 1985 graduates. Because the week's sponsor, the Student Alumni association, could only get a computer list for May graduates, August and December graduates didn't get invitations to the reception. But they can go to the reception by bringing the pink copy of their class registration to show their graduation date. The reception, which starts at 8 p.m., will include free champagne and hors d'oevres, a cash bar, performances by UNL's Scarlet and Cream singers and a ceremony for winners of the first Outstanding Senior Award. UNL Chancellor Martin Massengale will present the

awards. Tucker Arneson, SAA member, said he expects about 2,000 enrolled seniors to come to the reception. Last year, about 1,500 of 1,600 enrolled seniors came to the reception.

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do."

Sometimes students will adapt so well to college, and experience a large amount of success competing in the university environment, Breckenridge said, they'll just stay in school to avoid entering the "real world." For some students, college is all they've ever done."

But if the job market in the "real world" yields limited opportunities, Phenauf said, a student may choose to enter graduate school or extend his undergraduate degree until employment situations improve.

Other perennial students may have been dissatisfied with their previous field of studies, Breckenridge and Phenauf said, then changed their minds and majors late in their college careers.

"Very few students do not change majors," Breckenridge said. Still others work full time or are involved in school and outside activi-

ties and are limited in the number of credit hours they can take. Or, in the case of Randy Murphy, a 30-year-old history and political science major who

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