THE DAILY NEBRASKAN

Commentary

Outstanding **Nebraskans**

This semester's Outstanding Nebraskans are representative of a new dynamic breed found on today's change university campuses.

Both Ivan Volgyes, outstanding professor, and John Schrekinger, oustanding student, advocate student power and a stronger voice for students in making university decisions.

Professor Volyges has a firm grasp of the type of educational atmosphere and the type of student which should be found within the classroom. His students are excited about learning; and grades are secondary in Volyges' classes as any of his admiring will confirm. Students line up for his courses and what Volyges terms "real" students even take extra time each week to go into his home for stimulating discussions.

His unique ideas about student-faculty relations are very refreshing amidst the impersonality of a growing campus.

Professor Volyges does not remain enclosed within the University. He is very politically oriented and many of his classes turn into pungent political debates about "who is the best man for president."

Thus is what education is all about and professor Ivan Volyges' classroom is where it is found. He is indeed an Outstanding Nebraskan.

John Schrekinger was probably one of the first people in the state to realize that a young adult doesn't necessarily have to be at the magic age of 21 to be a competent voter.

He is one of the hardest working core members of the Nebraskans for Young Adult Suffrage committee, which is campaigning for passage of an amendment to allow 19-year olds to vote. If his efforts could be any indication of the success of the NYAS, the voting amendment will pass next

Like many other college students Shrekinger is concerned about the racial situation which is haunting the country.

Unlike the majority of students, however, Schrekinger has acted rather than talked. Recently he traveled to the South during one of his vacations to help register Negroes to vote. John Schrekinger also deserves recognition as an Outg Nebraskan.

Cheryl Tritt

The beat of a different drum

University expansion is always a hot topic but recent discussions concerning land purchases in the Malone area east of the campus have caused a blaze in the entire Lincoln community.

Some of the residents have accused the University of "bulldozing" the Malone residents with its land purchasing policies and now a small group of students have accused the University of being insensitive to the relocation problems of theresi-

Students should be very concerned about the Malone are a situation which could prove to be an explosive one in the future. But before they place the entire blame for the situation upon the shoulders of the University perhaps disatisfied students should investigate the problem much more closely than they have been.

First, if the University's purchasing policy for the Malone area is investigated it will be found to be very equitable for the standards and values system which exist for University administrators, Lincoln realtors and hard nosed landlords.

They feel that f a landlord comes to the University and wishes to sell his property he is renting to poor, underprivileged people then he has a perfect right to do so. The renters which are consequently left to find new homes recive sympathy and the help of about a dozen groups who wish to help them "relocate."

Seen from the moralistic viewpoint of some students the University is placing its "manifest destiny" type of expansion above the rights of the rent-er who doesn't want to leave a home which he has Inhabited for perhaps 20 years. Viewed from an Idealistic viewpoint the landlords are placing monetary gains above the needs of anothe human being. Also viewed from this standpoint the realtors are wrong who won't help these people relocate because they refuse to sell over 50 per cent of their real estate to minority races (the figures are even higher for rentals.)

So in the eyes of the University the Malone problem is not acute. It is fairly handling the renters and perhaps it feels if it advertises its policies then more people will realize how fairly the Malone residents are being treated. The University will also feel it is being more than fair it it applies pressure to the Lincoln Board of Realtors to actively campaign to relocate these people in good substantial

The University also feels if it continues its policy of never buying any property in this area through its powers of eminent domain then the conscience of the middleclass majority will be appeased.

But in the eyes of a fiery group of students who refuse to accept the accepted ways as being morally right the University's purchasing of property in the Malone area is wrong. They say the University should stop buying land and erase its pipe dream of manifest destiny as it crawls eastward.

The students are right; society is wrong. They can however storm the Chancellor's office with their cries of immorality but no one will listen. They cann call the realtors racists; but no one will listen. They can call the landlords insensitive and again no one will listen

Columbia found a way to make people listen but anarchy erases society; it doesn't correct it. There has to be an answer. Somewhere there is a way to make today's middle-class society value human beings above material wealth.

The idealistic student may have part of the swer but now he must find a very loud drum. Cheryl Tritt

Co-edsit-in for freedom

Athens, Ga. (CPS) -According to the women's rules at the University of Georgia, a coed, regardless of her age, cannot go to dinner with her parents and have a drink.

Coeds, in fact, simply are not allowed to drink, on the campus, in Athens, or anywhere else.

This is one of the major issues in a stepped-up student campaign to liberalize women's rules. The campaign reached a climax recently when about 300 students, about half of which were coeds, staged a two-day sit-in in the Academiv Building, which houses the administration Building, which houses the administrative of-

The sit-in began after an administration representative refused to accept a petition from about 500 students who were holding a rally in front of the building, "The sit-in was spontaneous, and it involved average coeds," said Richard Moore, editor of the student newspaper, the Red and Blac



Dan Looker

It's been a very weird year

Politically, this has been a wierd year. I won't even try to recap everything that's happened. Everyone readily agrees these days that anything is possible.

Right now it looks as if Hubert Humphrey will get the Democratic nomination, and here in Nebraska McCarthy is surprisingly strong. So what am I going to do? I'm supporting Kennedy.

No. I don't burn incense in front of his personality poster at home. I'd be the first to admit that Kennedy is chock full of weaknesses and flaws but he's the best candidate run-

McCarthy has been held up as the only "honest" politician alive. Yet he has conducted the most one-sided campaign.

Rodney Powell . . .

It's true that Vietnam was first among national problems but the United States has an

abundance of problems.

People talk of McCarthy's 'courage" but after serving in the Congress and the Senate for 20 years and being almost unknown - what did he have to lose by running for president?

These views are shared by no less a liberal than Robert Schere, editor of Ramparts. There is nothing inconsistent with being a liberal supporting Kennedy. A large number of JFK supporters now support Bobby.

Critics of Kennedy contend that he doesn't have the ability his brother did and that he is trying to capitalize on his

That charge is inevitable

but it is hardly justified. Even when the hero worship around JFK is discounted, he was an extremely able man. His policies were progressive and he was willing to experiment. And out of the Democratic contenders, RFK is certainly not identical to his brother and he is much more similar than Humphrey or McCarthy.

Robert Kennedy was probably one of our most able attorney generals. He wasn't afraid to fight organized crime and to fight segregation. As a candidate, he has spoken more explicity on domestic problems than anyone

Kennedy doesn't ignore the problem, as do the Republican candidates and he is more realistic than McCarthy.

Kennedy calls for upgrading the ghettos, economically, educationally, and culturally, He believes in welfare reform and some sort of guaranteed income. The most important thing is that Kennedy favors letting the local community run its rebuilding programs.

Kennedy's program seems to be the realistic first step toward racial equality and total integration. Most of the Negroes have more confidence in Kennedy than McCarthy.

The war in Vietnam won't last forever, but our racial problems have a good chance of doing just that. Kennedy seems to be the best man to solve our greatest problem, and, consequently, the best

this column, this Serious Fel-

low advises me to strongly

recommend that all of you

out there still reading, read

Death at an Early Age by

Jonathan Kozol this summer.

It's just out in paperback and

late preferably.)

a whimper .

bed.")

asked me?)

The rest is silence.

worth the chips, (choco-

(And so, bidding a fond

adieu, we say "Farewell for-

ever, o verdant grass of

green." For callow youth,

time marches on, but the

messes remain (a fine cou-

ple.) In the immortal words of

Samuel Pepys "And so to

(Logically speaking, I am

not satisfied with this column.

It is too diffuse, too ramb-

ling, too arch. But then who

. not with a bang, but

McCarthy alone can begin anew

The following article was submitted by Asso. Professor Robert Narveson in the department of English. It expresses the opinion of the Daily Ne-

Last fall the state of our nation was causing widespread concern. We were engaged in a war in Asia which we could not win, and were not sure that we even should win. The immense cost of the war was crippling government programs, both domestic and foreign. The cities of our ration were unfit to live in and were rapidly growing worse. The rural sections of our country were suffering from depression caused by their very success in efficient production.



Eugene McCarthy

Sections of the country were pitted against one another; hate was being preached everywhere. Age, race, and belief were becoming impassable barriers between our various citizens. Our sense of national unity and purpose had dwindled. It seemed as if the nation we all loved was headed toward self-destruction, while we looked on helplessly.

Sen. Eugene McCarthy, like many other prominent political figures, observed all this with growing concern. As he said at Boston University last April 11:

"One of the ancient rules of moral theology is that anyone who is in power has this responsibility: although he cannot eliminate all conditions which may drive men to viciousness or evil, he has the obligation of trying to establish conditions such that a person need not be expected to exercise a kind of heroic virtue in order to stay out of crime, to avoid dishonesty or anti-social behavior."

When he entered the primary contest in New Hampshire, everyone predicted he would be overwhelmed, because he was not backed by his party, he had no personal political organization, and he was almost unknown to the voters. Yet the voters of New Hampshire gave him nearly half of their votes and 20 out of 24 delegates to the national convention. That was only the beginning. As Senator McCarthy moved on to Wisconsin, a dazed public suffered first one shock and then another.

Sen, Kennedy changed his mind and decided it was safe to enter the race; President Johnson took himself out of it. Once more there is political dialogue, and the machinery of democracy is beginning to function again.

If Eugene McCarthy had not had more courage than prudence, where would the nation be today? Would there be an open contest for the Democratic nomination? Would President Johnson have taken even the first hesitant step toward peace? Or suppose that McCarthy had received only 18 per cent of the New Hampshire vote instead of 42 per cent. Then would Sen. Kennedy still be sulking on the sidelines, while President Johnson pursued his futile course?

If McCarthy were only a man of courage that is how things might have gone. But the voters of New Hampshire and later Wisconsin found his straight talk, his obvious integrity, his intelligence, maturity and humor to their liking. Perhaps when the voters of Nebraska find out the sort of man he is, they too will recognize him as the man

to lead us out of our present difficulties.

A good example of McCarthy's remarkable appeal is the way the young people have flecked to his banner. Reporters quickly dubbed his campaign a "Children's Crusade." But these children were the most intelligent and talented students in our colleges and universities.

By showing that he trusts them and will level with them. Gene McCarthy is convincing the voters that they may trust him. By appealing to reason and intelligence, even when the problems are complex and tax the understanding, McCarthy has raised the level of public discussion to an unac-customed level and people admire him for it, even though they think that other people will not have the patience to listen to him. By refusing to be merchanized like a bar of soap, or to play on emotions, or to appeal to minority grievances out of context, McCarthy is revising our notion of the politician. We are convinced people will respond to the confidence he shows in intelligence and good sense.

Sounds of noisy desperation In a last gasp effort to save

Well, well well, spring is here with a vengeance (that's like Asiatic flu, only worse) Terry Carpenter is making lunatic statements again, a sure sign of the vernal equinox (or most any other equinox you can think of) and those hallowed University traditions, Spring Day and Ivy Day now form a portion of our book of living memories.

And, as another school year sinks slowly out of view, it is time to pause and reflect - some, let us reason togeth-"By adopting a pose of

sweet reasonableness, we will learn to live together in peace and friendship." The Whale. "Life is like a sewer what you get out of it depends on what you put into

it." Tom Lehrer. (Now you are probably wondering how these quotes fit together.. On reflection, the

first appears unfair, the sec- all find this column boring ond pungent.

It is now time to penetrate to the core of the problem, get in there and dig out the meat, to sink our teeth into it, to run it up the flag-pole and see if it salutes.

(This paragraph, while apparently only filler is actually the key to this entire column. But don't take my word for it, I'm a notorious liar.)

(To constantly rework the same material reveals a paucity of critical intelligence. You find this column boring, I find this column boring, we

a sure sign of contemporary malaise (goes well with bacon, lettuce and tomato. Have used that one before?) But we continue to continue.)

. . . to talk of many things

(Having started the semester with a few anti-columns, I found it strange at the end of the year to be attempting to write the real thing. My didactic companion (look that one up in your Dictionary of American Slang) is always struggling to burst out and deliver oracular comments (the price of fish eyes in China).

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Associated Collegiate Press, National Educational Advertising Service When the rain beats against my windowpane . . .



. . . I'll think of summer days again