



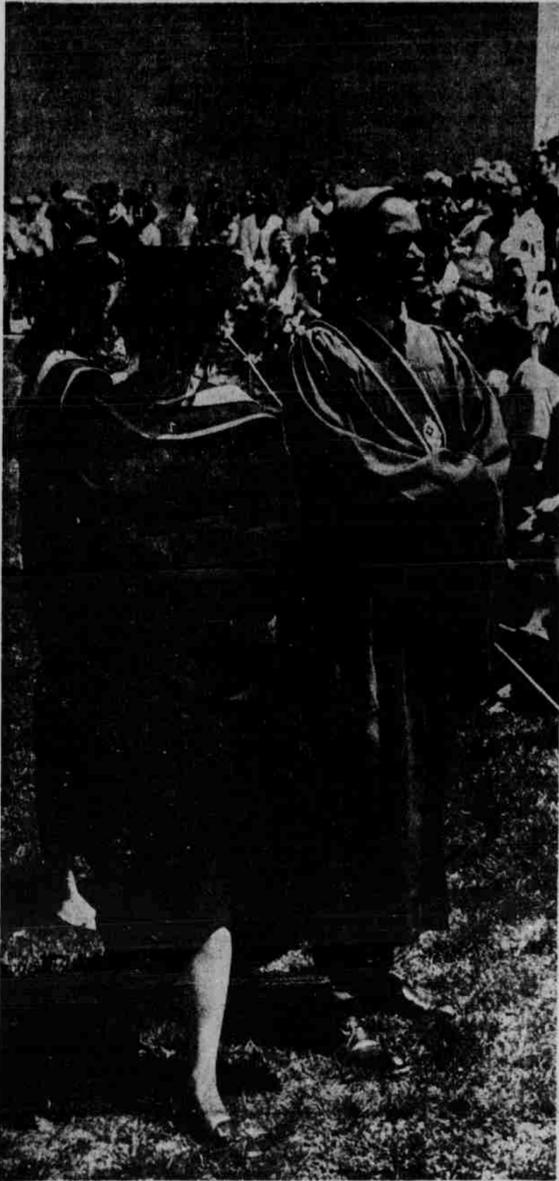
The

# Daily Nebraskan

Monday, May 6, 1968

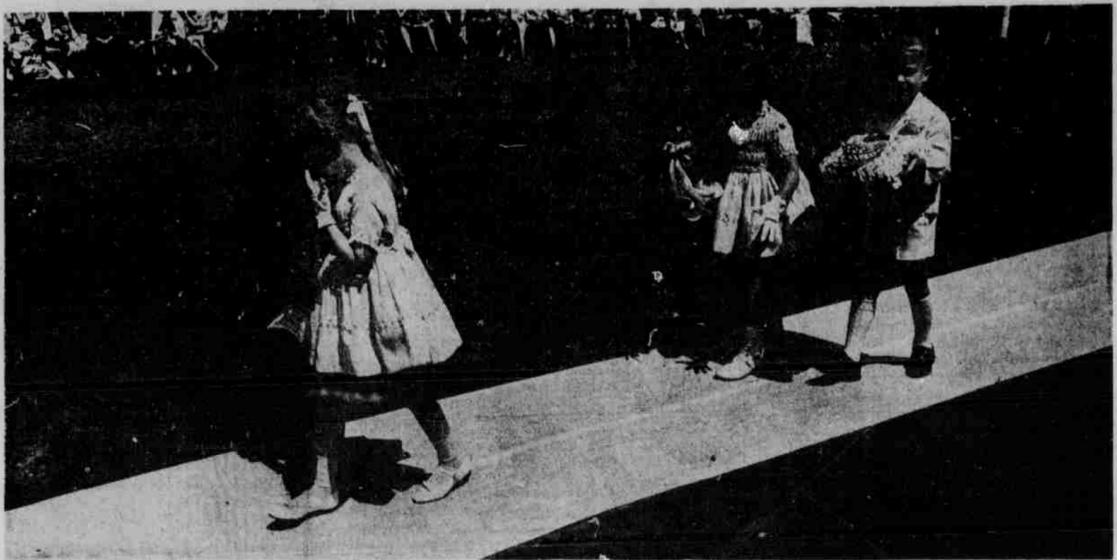
The Daily Nebraskan

Vol. 91, No. 106



Mortarboard Stephanie Tinan and Innocent Claude Bolton participate in the traditional search for new members for their senior honoraries.

photo by Dan Ladley



It's a child's world

photo by Dan Ladley

## —Juniors recognized . . .—

### Ivy Day tapping, tackling reveals members for senior honoraries

The University's 79th Ivy Day festivities Saturday were highlighted by the tapping of Mortar Board members, the tackling of Innocents Society members and the presentation of the 1968 Ivy Day Court.

Selected to Mortar Board, the highest women's honorary, for leadership, scholarship and service were the following junior women:

Nesha Neumeister, Margo McMaster, Sherie Sicklebower, Kathleen Augustin, Gail Skinner, Mimi Baker, Judy Bushoom, Pam Dalling, Jan Dannan, Maryann Jorgensen, Kathy Kuester, Helen Larsen, Mollie McKee, Mimi Rose, Dot Sato, Margery Smith, Cheryl Tritt and Karen Wendt.

Miss Neumeister was named president of the Black Masque Chapter. A student in Teachers College, she is the vice-president of Gamma Phi Beta sorority.

President of Chi Omega Sorority, Miss McMaster, will serve as vice-president of the honorary. She is a student in the College of Arts and Sciences.

Miss Sicklebower, the new Mortar Board secretary, is president of Kappa Delta sorority and is a student in Teachers College.

Kappa Kappa Gamma sorority's cultural chairman, Miss Augustin, was named as the organization's treasurer. She is in the College of Arts and Sciences.

Miss Skinner, a student in the College of Agriculture and Home Economics and the president of Alpha Chi Omega sorority, was named historian of Mortar Board.

Miss Baker, a student in Teachers College, is recording secretary of Delta Gamma sorority.

Miss Bushoom, president of Alpha Phi sorority, is also in Teachers College.

Vice-president of Kappa Alpha Theta sorority, Miss Dalling is in Teachers College.

Miss Jorgensen, an Arts and Delta Gamma sorority.

President of Alpha Delta Pi sorority, Miss Kuester is in Teachers College.

Miss Larsen, vice-president of Chi Omega sorority, is in Teachers College.

The historian of Zeta Tau Alpha sorority, Miss McKee's studies are in Teachers College.

Miss Rose, a student in the College of Arts and Sciences, is activities chairman of Pi Beta Phi sorority.

Miss Sato, past president of Pi Phi Hall, is a student in the College of Medicine.

Miss Smith, also in the College of Medicine, is a member of Delta Gamma sorority.

President of Gamma Phi Beta sorority, Miss Tritt is a student in Teachers College.

Miss Wendt, a student in Teachers College, is the president of University men selected to Innocents Society are:

Tom Morgan, Sid Logemann, John Wirth, Randy Irey, Don Cordes, Mike Naeve, Dave Piester, Phil Bowen, Dick Davis, Fred Boesiger, Wayne Stoeber, Rick Russell and Bob Bartee.

In addition, two honorary members were announced as follows: —State Sen. George Gerdes of Alliance, outstanding civic leader at the state and local levels, and recipient of a Builders Award from the University.

—Dr. G. Robert Ross, vice-chancellor and dean of students at the University.

Morgan, named president of the Innocents, is president of Beta Theta Pi and a student in the Business Administration College.

Logemann, a student in the College of Arts and Sciences, is a member of Sigma Nu fraternity.

President of Farm House fraternity, Wirth is the new Innocents secretary and is a student in the College of Agriculture and Home Economics.

President of Cornhusker Cooperative, Don Cordes, a student in Teachers College, was named Innocents Sergeant-at-Arms.

Irey, the president of Phi Tamna Delta, fraternity, is a student in the College of Business Administration.

Bartee, the president of Beta Sigma Psi fraternity, is a student in the College of Arts and Sciences.

Secretary of Beta Theta Pi fraternity, Phil Bowen, is a student

in the College of Arts and Sciences.

Boesiger, the vice-president of Farm House fraternity, is a student in the College of Agriculture and Home Economics.

Davis, a member of Kappa Alpha Psi fraternity, is a student in Teachers College.

A student in the College of Business Administration, Naeve is a member of Alpha Tau Omega fraternity.

Russell, the past president of

Alpha Tau Omega fraternity, is a student in the College of Arts and Sciences.

Stoeber, a music major is in the College of Arts and Sciences.

Pam Wragge, a senior coed in Teachers College, was crowned Queen of the May at the festivities. She is a member of Alpha Delta Pi sorority.

Kitty McManus, also a senior in Teachers College, was revealed as Maid of Honor. She is a member of Pi Beta Phi sorority.

## OU administration discusses merger

### Naylor anticipates enrollment increase

"The NU-OU merger is going to make quality education at the University readily available to the citizens of our state," commented Omaha University.

As of July 1, Naylor will retain his current duties under the title of head of the University of Nebraska at Omaha.

He explained that the immediate effects of the merger at the Omaha campus will be a sharp increase in enrollment.

"We anticipate an enrollment of 10,500 part-time and full-time students," Naylor said.

**Lower Tuition**  
The lower tuition for the Omaha school is the primary reason for the increase, he explained, part of Omaha proper.

In 1966-67 students paid for 74 percent of the Omaha school's operating costs. The budget for 1968-69 shows that students will pay about 49 per cent of the operating cost. The budget is \$7,130,000.

Naylor said the school will also receive fiscal security and a degree of prestige from the merger.

Omaha University has no dormitories, and all students must commute to and from the campus.

**Municipal university**  
Omaha has operated the institution as a municipal university, fully funded by the local property tax, mill levy and student tuition fees.

Two efforts to increase the two-mill levy had been rejected by Omaha voters and, as a result, tuition fees have increased considerably.

Vice chancellor Joseph Soshnik of the University of Nebraska explained that it was because of the high percentage of the operating costs that student tuition was paying for that Omaha officials approached the State Legislature asking state aid for the municipal university.

**Used existing structures**  
Soshnik explained that it was agreed to that the aid should be coordinated through existing structure. At the request of the Omaha Board of Regents, both schools began exploring the possibility of a merger. Staffs of both schools drafted legislation which was adopted almost as written by the State Legislature in January, 1967.

Omaha voters approved the merger earlier last December paving the way for the implementation. A steering committee has directed the merger action thus far. Though it formally terminates on July 1, "the committee will remain in existence past the date of the formal merger," said Merk Hobson, University vice chancellor and

"We will be trying to investigate through appointed committees the best possible ways to achieve benefits to both schools through the merger," Hobson said.

Naylor said the programs most affected by the merger will be the nursing and medical technology programs. The Omaha campus would retain and strengthen its first year nursing program, with second year program of clinical work being placed in the hands of the University at Omaha Medical Center.

There is a strong possibility of the Medical Center developing a six-year medical education course after the merger, according to Dr. Cecil Wittson, dean of the NU medical center.

Naylor said their is a definite possibility that courses taught by Lincoln professors could be offered on the Omaha campus. He said such courses would probably be offered on Saturdays or in the evening.

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## On Campus . . .

### Today

The Pershing Rifles Company A-2 and Cadence Countesses picnic will be Tuesday at 5 p.m. in Antelope Park. An official pledging will take place for prospective members of the Company.

Professor Engenio Florit of Barnard College in New York City will give a public lecture in Spanish on "La Poesia de Federico Garcia Lorca" at 7:30 p.m. Monday in the Union. A native of Madrid, Spain, Professor Florit is recognized as a noted critic and poet.

A distinguished scientist of the University of Illinois, Eugene Rabinowitch, professor of botany and biophysics will present two lectures on "The Two Challenges of the Scientific Revolution."

On Tuesday at 4 p.m. in Love Memorial Auditorium, he will talk on "Peace" and on Thursday, May 9, at 4 p.m. on "Develop-

ment" in Love Memorial Auditorium.

Students interested in learning in the mathematical sciences are invited to attend a panel discussion Tuesday at 7:30 p.m. 121 Burnett.

Tuesday's discussion will cover opportunities in computer science, statistics, and teaching and research on the college level.

Richard Nixon, Republican candidate for President, will speak at Pershing Auditorium on Tuesday evening at 7 p.m. Nixon will be accompanied by his wife, Pat. The doors will open at 6:30 p.m.

Harold Stassen, also a Republican candidate for President, will speak to the faculty at noon on Tuesday and to students of the Law College at 2:30 p.m. in the College of Law.

## Campus primary results reported

### McCarthy, end to war win Choice '68 poll

WASHINGTON (CPS) — College students voted for Sen. Eugene McCarthy (D-Minn.) and an end to the war in Vietnam in Choice '68, the national campus presidential primary held April 24.

McCarthy polled 26.7 per cent of the almost 1.1 million votes cast, followed by Sen. Robert Kennedy (D-N.Y.) with 19.9 per cent and Republican Richard Nixon with 18.4 per cent.

A combined 62.6 per cent of the students voted for either an immediate withdrawal of American troops or a reduction in American military involvement in Vietnam against 30 per cent who voted for either increased or all-out military effort. Some 58 per cent voted for either a permanent or temporary halt to all bombing.

79 per cent voted for either job training or education solutions to the urban crisis.

**Johnson's name appears**  
President Johnson's name was on the ballot and Humphrey's wasn't because they were printed before Johnson withdrew from the race. Martin Luther King's name was on the ballot since his assassination took place after the ballots were printed.

Humphrey got 58 per cent of the write-in votes, followed by Negro comedian Dick Gregory who had eight per cent of the write-ins and .2 per cent of the total vote.

**1.2 million votes expected**  
A final total of about 1.2 million students were expected to vote in the election. Of 2,526 colleges contacted by Choice '68, 1,470 participated. But because this included most of the large schools, there was a potential vote of about five million out of a total of seven million U.S. colleges.

The primary was run by a board of all student body presidents and college editors, and was sponsored by Time magazine, which provided most of the funds and Univac, which compiled the ballots on one of its large computers in Washington. Students were also allowed to vote for sec-

ond and third choices, allowing the computer to measure the depth of their support.

(Continued on pg. 4)

| What course of military action should the United States pursue in Vietnam? (Figures are per cent of total)                              |      |
|---|------|
| Immediate withdrawal of American forces   | 17.6 |
| Phased reduction of American military activity  | 45.0 |
| Maintain current level of American military activity  | 7.0  |
| Increase the level of American military activity  | 9.0  |
| All-out military effort   | 21.0 |
| What course of action should the United States pursue in regard to the bombing of North Vietnam?  |      |
| Permanent cessation of bombing  | 29.0 |
| Temporary suspension of bombing   | 29.0 |
| Maintain current level of bombing   | 12.0 |
| Intensify bombing   | 26.0 |
| Use of nuclear weapons  | 4.0  |
| In confronting the urban crisis, which of the following should receive highest priority in governmental spending? (in per cent of vote) |      |
| Education   | 40.0 |
| Job Training and employment opportunities   | 39.0 |
| Housing   | 6.0  |
| Income subsidy  | 3.0  |
| Riot control and stricter law enforcement   | 12.0 |

| Following is a breakdown of the results, with about 90 per cent of the vote in: |             |            |
|---|-------------|------------|
| For President   | Votes Total | % of Total |
| McCarthy (D)  | 265,988     | 26.7       |
| Kennedy (D)   | 215,832     | 19.9       |
| Nixon (R)   | 197,167     | 18.4       |
| Roosevelt (R)   | 115,937     | 10.8       |
| Johnson (D)   | 57,362      | 5.3        |
| Wallace (Amer. Ind.)  | 33,078      | 3.0        |
| Reagan (R)  | 28,215      | 2.6        |
| Lindsay (R)   | 22,301      | 2.2        |
| Humphrey (D, write-in)  | 18,535      | 1.7        |
| Percy (R)   | 15,184      | 1.4        |
| Hatfield (R)  | 7,605       | 0.7        |
| Halstead (Soc. Work.)   | 5,686       | 0.5        |
| King (Ind.)   | 3,538       | 0.3        |
| Stassen (R)   | 1,033       | 0.1        |