

FEB 26 1966 WEEK IN REVIEW CAMPUS . . .



SORENSEN

University Professors Return From World Peace Conference

Two University faculty members, Dr. Frank Sorenson, chairman of the Department of Educational Services and Dr. Roberto Esquenazi-Mayo, chairman of the romance language department, attended an international meeting of statesmen, diplomats, theologians and philosophers in New York last week.

The meeting, called Pacempeace Inon Terrisearth (Peace On Earth), was called for the purpose of providing an intellectual workshop for a free and far-reaching discussion of some central ideas and issues that must be faced before any form of peace on earth is reached.

There were five objectives for the convocation, which was held under the auspices of the Center for the Study of Democratic Institutions. They were:

How to obtain universal acceptance of the idea of co-operation among nations of differing ideological and social systems.

How to achieve sufficient flexibility so that all international conflicts can be settled by negotiation, and how to devise mechanisms for peaceful, social and political change.

How to obtain recognition of the urgent need for rapid progress toward nuclear and conventional disarmament.

How to take actions and develop understanding to create mutual trust among the nations.

How to encourage further development of the UN so that its means and structure may become equal to the magnitude of its tasks.

The convocation was attended by leaders of many nations throughout the world. "I doubt if any convocation in our time has ever assembled such an outstanding group of world leaders," Sorenson said.

Some of the many speakers included Adlai Stevenson, representative of the United States to the United Nations; Earl Warren, chief justice of the United States Supreme Court; Carlo Schmid, vice president of the Bundestag, the Federal Republic of Germany; Hubert Humphrey, vice president of the United States; and U Thant, secretary-general of the United Nations.

In a study booklet, put out for the convocation participants, were these words:

"Men all over the world have today—or will soon have—the rank of citizens in independent nations. No one wants to feel subject to political power located outside his own country or ethnic group. Thus, in our day, in very many human beings the inferiority complex which endured for hundreds and thousands of years is disappearing, while in others there is an attenuation and gradual fading of the corresponding superiority complex which had its roots in socio-economic privileges, sex or political standing.

"On the contrary, the conviction that all men are equal by reason of their natural dignity has been generally accepted. . . If a man becomes conscious of his rights, he must become equally aware of his duties."

The booklet, "Pacem in Terris," or Peace on Earth, was formed around one of the last encyclical letters of Pope John XXIII.



ESQUENAZI-MAYO

Esquenazi: Hope Still Present

By Wayne Krenscher Junior Staff Writer

"We made no decisions, passed no resolutions, we left with the same thing we came with, a hope for peace," said Dr. Roberto Esquenazi-Mayo.

"I was very honored to be invited to the meeting," Esquenazi said, "because of the number of people from different countries who were there, and the variety of persons who spoke. Each representative spoke for himself. The only official representative was Hubert Humphrey."

"There is a hope for peace. The speakers from the United States, South America, India and many other countries expressed the hope for peace and freedom," he said.

Esquenazi said that the framework for the conference's talks and thinking was the vision of world order contained in Pope John XXIII's encyclical Pacem in Terris (Peace on Earth).

"This encyclical," Esquenazi said, "is considered by many authorities to be the outstanding document of the 20th Century. Most encyclicals of this type are addressed to only the Catholic world, but Pope John directed his to the whole free world."

He explained that it basically was a call to the building of a world community governed by institutions capable of preserving peace.

Esquenazi, who is considered an expert on Latin American affairs, was especially interested in the meetings concerning Latin America.

He explained that Latin Americans, by and large, are committed to democratic ideas and are against any kind of tyranny.

"Latin America is definitely interested in peace within the framework of democratic institutions in order to develop their own economies and improve their standard of living," he said.

Sorenson: Impact Great

By Priscilla Mullins Senior Staff Writer

The chances for America to have "tremendous impact on the world community" are great said Dr. Frank Sorenson.

Sorenson, said that "Every panel group, in my opinion, presented most sincerely the points of view of their respective countries regarding the theme, Search for Peace.

"They indicated that there is no alternative other than to solve the problems that will guarantee world peace, because a nuclear war is unthinkable."

Throughout the discussions, Sorenson said, there was talk of coexistence. "This is usually thought of as the relationship between the Soviet Union and the United States, but in this case coexistence meant that all the nations of the world must coexist and must assume the responsibilities that go with this."

The world leaders also discussed the possibility of the development of a body of international law, and according to Sorenson, about one fourth of the time at the convocation was devoted to this subject.

"It was very evident that there is a real difference in the philosophies of the communist and democratic nations," he said. "There was a real recognition of the Soviet Union as one leader and the United States as the other leader of the world today."

Both the United States and the Soviet Union maintained positions that they couldn't avoid the leadership they held, Sorenson said.

Representatives from the Soviet Union said that one half of the world today is hungry, diseased and illiterate, but these people are no longer satisfied with this.

Whether we like it or not, in many countries without a middle class, just the wealthy and the poor, there is bound to be revolution.

Sorenson said that the Soviets maintained that because of this the United States should stay out of these countries and let them solve their own problems.

In response to these statements, Sorenson said the Americans asked the Soviets "Are you saying we should not have any influence when you formulate teams to go into these countries and stir up trouble?"

"The Soviets had no answer," Sorenson said.

Sorenson had three main observations on the importance of the convocation.

First, he said, it was held in New York. With the United Nations there, and it being somewhat of a world center, it is "being accepted now as the world capital."

Second, the participation from all parts of the world was sincere and effective. He said he felt that these people were "Americanized" to an extent, because they all spoke English except during their speeches, and were able to associate in an "at-home" manner with the Americans.

Sorenson's third observation was that the "American influence is extending around the world. I would predict English will some day be the international language. I would also predict that the political and economic theories underlying our very successful United States of America will be accepted in other nations."

Backing up his statement, Sorenson quoted Lord Cordon, minister of state for foreign affairs for the United Kingdom: "There will always be a United States of America."

Sorenson said he thought the "world will become more and more friendly. This may not be in my time, but it may be in the lives of today's college students."

Daily Nebraskan

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YOU ALL COME . . . Sandy Stephanisen seems to be advertising the AWS presentation of Coed Follies, "Cherchez La Femme" which will open tonight at Pershing Auditorium at 8 p.m.

Les Femmes Present Fun At Follies Tonight

AWS will present its annual edition of Coed Follies tonight in Pershing Auditorium. The show, entitled "Cherchez La Femme," will begin at 8 p.m. Tickets will be available at the door.

The program will include skits from six sororities and six travelers acts.

"Girls of the Western World," presented by the Alpha Phi, is a story of secretaries who fall in love with their boss. Alpha Phi skitmasters are Robin Dyas and Joyce Anderson.

"Ah-Men!" depicts the plight of freshman girls stuck in study hall and their cleverly devised system of getting out and getting dates. It will be presented by Kappa Kappa Gamma with Travis Baird as skitmaster.

Under the leadership of Jeanne Edwards, Delta Gamma will present "Naturally Native," a story of South Pacific island people who send a committee to the United States.

The Gamma Phi Betas will tell in "Faces of Femininity" about the different elements in a girl which make her appealing to men. Penny Sullivan will be their skitmaster.

The Chi Omegas will present "High Sea-ciety" under the leadership of Anita Maxwell.

"Don't Pity the Pearl" tells the story of the ugliest doll in the doll-shop and her adventures when she wins a prize. It will be presented by Kappa Alpha Theta under the direction of Karen Fejfar.

The traveler acts will contain a variety of talent on a musical theme.

Karen Nielsen will lead a sextet from the School of Nurs-

Debaters To Meet Here For Annual Competition

By Steve Jordan Junior Staff Writer

The 25th annual University Interscholastic Debate Conference began yesterday and will continue through tomorrow.

The 42 entered colleges are competing in junior and senior divisions of debate, original oratory, extemporaneous speaking and interpretative reading.

The conference is conducted under the direction of Donald Olson, director of debate; Dr. John Petelle, assistant professor of speech; and Dr. Charles Gruner, assistant professor of speech, all from the University.

Awards will be given in each of the divisions and a sweepstakes award will be given to the school that does the best over-all job in all events. "Superior" certificates will be given in each division to individuals judged to be superior in the majority of their rounds.

Nebraska University students entering are: oratory, Jeri Adams, Connie Holmstedt and Sandra Lee Rice; extemporaneous speaking, John Drowd and Richard Sherman; interpretative reading, Cathy Pohlman and Sue Westerhoff.

University debate teams are Roger Doerr and Terry Schauf, Candace May and Cathie Schattuck, Melvyn Schlacter and John Peak, Richard Sherman and Randy Prier, Allan Larson and Terry Hall, John Drowd and Gene Pokorny, and Larry Eldridge, Pam Moore and Judy Mahar.

The debate question is "Resolved: That the Federal Government should establish a national program of public work for the unemployed."

Each school can enter up to two teams in the junior and senior debate divisions. Junior or debaters are now beyond their second year of intercollegiate debate.

Ninety-six two-man teams are debating in six preliminary rounds. Each school enters one critic for each two teams.

Eight teams will be chosen on the basis of won-loss records and quality ratings for debate until the championship is decided in both divisions. A trophy will be given to these winners.

The 45 original oratory entries are speaking on any subject from an original composition written this year.

Two rounds of five-to-sev-

East Union Sponsors Sheldon Gallery Tour East Campus Union is sponsoring a Sheldon Art Gallery tour Sunday.

An art professor will explain the works of art to give a better understanding of the period and style of the paintings. The features of the building will also be pointed out.

Participants should meet at East Campus Union at 2:15 p.m. or at Sheldon at 2:30 p.m. Sunday.

Warner Tells YR's Budget Is Difficult

State Senator Jerry Warner, in his speech to the Young Republicans last night, said that problems facing the present Nebraska State Legislature needed to be met and handled now.

"This session is quite a bit different than the one two years ago," Warner said. "The major problems were then deferred to the end of the session, while this year the bills come up relatively fast."

An audience of 30 YR's had waited for the arrival of Warner, who had been delayed by traffic. The meeting was held at 7:00 p.m. in the Student Union.

"We have gotten to the point where we can no longer avoid the issues," Warner said. "The most difficult problem is the state budget and how to finance it."

Education will suffer if the state revenue becomes depleted, he said. "We don't want to say 'I'm sorry there's no room' to promising students."

There is a need in the state government to provide leadership, Warner said.

"We as senators have a responsibility to be a little ahead of our constituents in providing answers to these problems," he said.

Taxing is the only means of raising revenue for the state, he observed.

Changes are due in the property taxing bills, Warner said. "A bill is being consid-

CITY . . .

GOV. MORRISON suggested that President Johnson initiate a "presidential investigation" on the closing of the Veterans Administration hospitals, including the one in Lincoln. The governor said he would take his proposal directly to the White House. "We believe the President has been given misinformation on the Lincoln hospital," Morrison said.

STATE . . .

TWO WORLD HERALD Staff members were among 15 Nebraska individuals and organizations given awards Sunday by the Freedoms Foundation. They were honored for "contribution toward a better understanding and a greater appreciation of the American way of life." Staff members are Harry Barrow and James Denney.

BEEF BOOSTERS will fly to Florida next week to promote Nebraska beef at a new restaurant in Orlando. Nebraska beef will be served exclusively at the Paddock Restaurant and will feature the Centennial sirloin. The Ideal Packing Company of Gordon is supplying the beef. Citrus fruits and juices will be sent back to Nebraska in the beef trucks.

NATION . . .

MALCOLM X, bearded Negro advocate of violence against the whites in the Civil Rights struggle, was assassinated Sunday in a hall of gunfire while making a speech to his followers. Police have blamed the assassination on the Black Muslims, a militant Negro organization which ousted Malcolm X recently only to have him set up by his own black nationalist organization and launch a recruiting drive to woo Black Muslims as members.

U.S. SPY HANGS in Damascus, Syria, despite a plea for mercy from the United States Embassy. Farhan Atassi was executed and his body was left hanging from the gallows erected in Damascus's Al Marja Square seven hours, a practice standard in that country. He was sentenced on a charge of spying on the Syrian Army for the United States.

SOVIET AMBASSADOR Nikolai Fedorenko contended the United States has lost its fight to take away the general assembly vote of Russia and 12 other debtor nations. He said it became a dead issue when the United States agreed to a roll call without challenging the voting rights of nations two years in arrears.

Quiz Bowl Scoreboard table with columns for teams and scores.