

Nebraskan Editorials: A Student's Duty

Last week Chancellor Clifford Hardin presented the University's proposed budget for 1957-59 to Governor Victor Anderson...

In a letter to Governor Anderson, Chancellor Hardin, who is asking for a \$5,500,000 increase over the 1955-57 budget, said, "May I assure you that the University shares your determination to keep state expenditures at a realistic and efficient level..."

"For the sake of clarity may I repeat the request we have made is a realistic one and represents our best and most prudent judgment. To revise it would amount to an understatement of the University's financial plight..."

We might contrast the University's problem in facing the national recruiting struggle between colleges and universities with the ever increasing percentage of University students leaving the state of Nebraska after graduation.

Chancellor Hardin has stated that if action is not taken now, "we shall be unwilling witnesses to the departure of over 200 members of our faculty in the next two years..."

These graduates and faculty can only be expected to stay if the University and the state can provide a progressive economy, not entirely dependent upon agriculture but upon industry which might well be attracted to an active state with a forward University.

Some of the most amazing pieces of legislation have been caused by grass roots opinion expressed through letters and personal conversations. Let us as University students do this.

Let us urge our parents and friends to back the Chancellor and the University administration in their requests for an increased budget. Perhaps, they could drop a note to Governor Anderson telling him how they feel or perhaps talk with their state senator.

It is necessary to let the Governor know that the people of the state and the students of the University will not oppose, but will support, legislation which will insure Nebraska's progress.

The Middle Years

"Adventure in the Middle Years" could be an interesting novel. But more than likely it is a tricky situation for someone between the time of shelter-by-parents and total independence.

In short, the "years between" can be the most dangerous time for a young man or young woman to be experimenting with innovations. In simpler terms, a student making a beeline for a 7+ average subjects himself to the strange little midnight oil virus. Others, more prone to partying, find themselves in a ditch after a quiet evening at a local brawl.

Protection, then, is the keyword for the Middle Years. And lest anyone be left in the cold, the University has done a study to find a health and accident program to fit the average University student's pocketbook. Programs at adjacent state universities were evaluated. And thus, a program tailored to meet the needs of the student at the lowest possible rate has been ground out.

Mutual of Omaha will set the program up at our campus at the beginning of the spring term. Students will be covered throughout the day both on and off campus. And in addition to these benefits, the student insurance program will be on a 12-month basis.

The program which will be available for students, covers from intramurals to field trips. From the looks of references Mutual of Omaha has submitted, the program will be a great thing for this campus. It has worked at Boston University, the University of Oregon and Pittsburg University, for example. And since it is designed to help the "average" student, it will definitely fit in well with the average pocket-book.

The Nebraskan is not selling the policy. Nor is this paper receiving any commission for buttering up the college audience. It is only

reasonable that when a program available to each and every student—single, married or married with dependents—it will be to the advantage of the school to know the plan now exists.

Heretofore the success of the Middle Years has been marred by ridiculous interventions of Mother Nature. Insurance won't stop disasters from striking even the best of us. But it has a twofold influence on the actions of University students.

In the first place, the fact that a student can get benefits only under certain circumstances (which exclude for a large part on's own carelessness) prompts one to be more sober; to lead a more careful, adult life.

Secondly, a sound program of security tends to create a mature atmosphere in the student's private world.

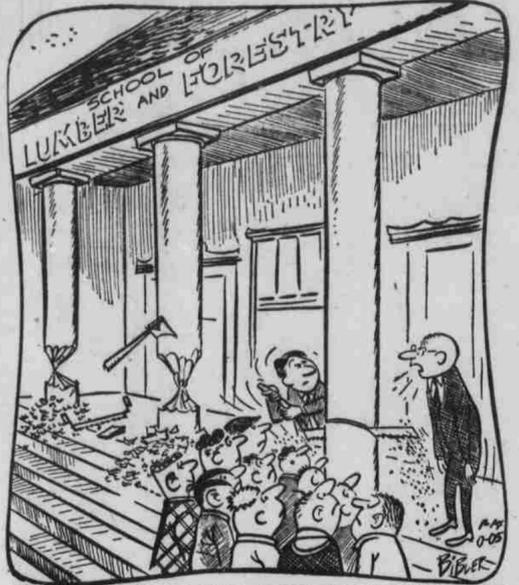
It might be profitable for the average student to look at the policy being offered to us. It might prove worthwhile to get your teeth into a program which starts you off on a more secure future. It might be valuable for students to take advantage of Middle Year protection.

After thoughts

Uncle Sam's routine screening process" will no doubt have many reservists worried sick in the near future, but Washington says there is no cause for alarm if an unexpected letter from the military or Selective service arrives inquiring as to the reservist's "availability" for recall to active duty.

The armed services and Selective Service want to be sure that a reservist would be ready and available in event of a national emergency. The government agencies are not thinking in terms of calling up veterans because of the Middle East crisis.

LITTLE MAN ON CAMPUS by Dick Bibler



"THE DEAN WANTS TO KNOW IF YOU'D WAIT TO DEMONSTRATE 'TECHNIQUES' ON THE DAY YOUR CLASS GOES TO THE WOODS."

Voice of The Turtle



Sometime in the future, when they finish bandying about in committee meetings, the Student Council is going to begin discussing the possibility of a student judiciary committee, and even take a few looks at an "Honor System," which could include unsupervised exams and home work.

Just what the Council will do in this discussion cannot be determined. Even after the discussion is finished there will undoubtedly be a number of Council members who won't know what the Council is doing. This is the usual run of things.

What is important, however, is that the Council is going to attempt to branch out on its own and do

Fred Daly

a little investigation on matters that could make a big difference in student-University relations.

A student judiciary committee would have open voice in determining the fate of students caught for infractions of University rules, except for extreme cases involving morals and the like.

Students would be tried in an open "court," where all interested persons could witness evidence and testimony. There would be a lifting of the veil of noncommittal rulings now asserted by University officials.

All this, of course, is supposing the Council should decide to back some sort of judicial body, and that the Council's proposal would be backed by the Administration.

When this discussion in the University's student governing body will begin depends on when its executives come around to some sort of a proposal in their com-

mittee meetings. It will then be presented on the floor.

It will be discussed, and explained, and explained again. It will be amended and argued and compromised and explained some more. All this is part of democratic procedure, and necessary for clear thinking and honest decisions.

What is probable, however, is that no one will know anything about this proposal when it is presented to the Council except the body's officers. They will know because it is their idea, and they are interested in it. The rest of the Council won't know a thing.

Why no one will know is rather evident. No one, either on the Council or anywhere else in the student body really cares about what is happening, and won't take the trouble to find out. The only time anyone really cares about anything is when he finds himself getting stepped on. Then it is too late.

So, without trying to inconvenience anyone or disrupt anyone's schedule, I would like to suggest that members of the Student Council try to find out if anything is to be done on a judiciary committee. They could also try to find out what such a committee would do and could do, and what powers it would have.

The Council officers could help their flock a great deal by letting out a little information two or three weeks ahead of time and letting the members study up before discussion opened.

If the Council itself would take more interest in what it is doing, perhaps the rest of the student body would take an interest also.

If this isn't asking too much, that is.

Nebraskan Letterips

Dear Editor:

I would like to clear up a few misconceptions that have been gotten by the student who went to a United Nations Seminar.

First of all, the Suez Canal as we know it today was not built and paid for by the Egyptians. The canal as we know it today was built by a French Company, La Compagnie du Canal Maritime de Suez. The company headed by Ferdinand De Lesseps received permission to build a canal for sea going ships from the Wall of Egypt, a Said Pasha who represented the Ottoman government. Money for the construction of a canal to handle sea going vessels was received from Frenchmen and Turks who bought stock in the company. Those Egyptians who did work on the canal were housed, fed and paid by the company. Later most manual labor on the canal ceased and machinery was brought to complete the undertaking. No, the Egyptians did not build and pay for the canal.

As we all know, when the Suez Canal was seized by the Egyptian government, Israeli merchant ships were not allowed to go through the canal. Here Egypt rebels against the International Treaty of Constantinople of 1888 which provided for passage of merchant ships of all nations.

If the Egyptian say that their acts of disallowance of passage of Israeli merchant ships are legal because Egypt doesn't recognize Israel as a nation, they are then ignoring the fact that they entered into an armistice with Israel in 1949, thus recognizing Israel as a nation de facto.

To Miss Alexander, a junior in home economics, the Israelis have not threatened to take over the Egyptian government, if that is what she means by Arab government. It is clear that Israel wants to have peace with her Arab neighbors, for to a country the size of Israel, it would be economic suicide to have a war with her Arab neighbors. The fact is that the Arabs don't want peace with Israel. The Arab League was formed for the purpose of expulsion of Israel. No, the Arab countries are not faced with an aggressive Israel, but rather Israel is surrounded by six aggressive Arab states. These states have constantly trespassed into Israeli territory destroying farms, blowing up homes and killing men, women and children. There was an armed suicidal guerrilla force called the Fedayeen that was based in Egypt and trained by Egyptian officers. These guerrilla forces for years have invaded Israel. It is true Israel retaliated, but she did so for the protection of herself. The attack on Egypt was purely to prevent a known oncoming war. Why would Egypt receive so many arms from Russia? She is at peace with her Arab neighbors; she is at peace with Monaco and Lichtenstein; why did she buy these arms? To invade and destroy Israel.

No, I believe that these students heard only the Arab viewpoint; what these students should do is look into the matter more closely and perhaps hear the Israeli viewpoint.

Stanley Burstein

It Happened At NU

An economics class was recently discussing the growth of the bright student predicted that at the present rate it wouldn't be long before every one had two cars.

His comment was answered by a terse reply, "If everyone had two cars, no one would be alive."

A mathematics instructor was telling his Math 15 students about what they would encounter next

semester in analytic geometry. He said that classes in analytic geometry no longer spend as much time on the elementary forms of circle, ellipse and hyperbola as they once did.

"They tend to emphasize other curves these days," he explained.

Use Nebraskan Want-Ads

Pandoria



I heard a Republican call it a conspiracy of FDR. The fact that Thanksgiving comes earlier than it used to. The Elephant claimed that it was another alphabet agency trick to give store owners more time to hawk their Christmas goodies. This same fellow tabbed the pre-Christmas (almost pre-Labor Day) sale catastrophe the ADTTPCAY or The Almighty Dollar Takes the Place of Christ at Yuletide. The sad part of the whole business was that the man was completely right.

I suppose some good comes from the early opening of the Christmas season. Downtown Lincoln, at least, gets its yearly brighten-

yards. Any minute, though, we can expect tinsel, pine cones and the annual change over from fraternity song serenades to Christmas Caroling functions. A few houses will be hopped for having Christmas Spirits.

The whole idea that Christmas has to start earlier each year is rather ridiculous. I don't suppose that anyone is tired of it by the time the 25th gets here. That's not the point. The thing is that commercial interests have to start the ball rolling. Churches don't even get a chance to surprise congregations with Advent any more.

Maybe the whole mess can be blamed on world tensions. We want to associate with gaiety, with pagantry, with color, and Christmas is the time for that association. Indications that people are buying more and more every year leave me a little confused. It's the "First ya say you do and then you don't" type of situation. People gripe that the commercial Christmas has taken over the spiritual Christmas; that Xmas has replaced Christmas; that they resent this lost feeling of the real meaning of Christmas. And yet they spend more and more on goodies for the kids, gratuities for the office and et cetera for the bridge club.

But I've never been one to understand the workings of the human mind. Perhaps that is why I am happy doing this kind of work. The more and more a person says, the less and less I know about him. (With apologies to Psych 187.) As medicos declare, "Complications have set in."

Dick Shugrue

ing up. South Omaha has the scent of the pine to mix with the scent of the Armour. And, brother, that is a real benediction!

This year I won't be a bit surprised if Uncle Scrooge (Not Scrooge Dickens, Scrooge McDuck) puts on a red suit and ends up ho-ho-ho-ing all over this town on Christmas eve. First it was the elimination of a beautiful creasche from the canopy of Penney's, then it was the Mickey Mousing of the "O" Street gang for the light posts—anything is liable to happen.

Out in our neck of the woods, there aren't any decorations on the streets yet. College View hasn't made the change from Guy Fawkes day yet. And we seem to be surviving. On Fraternity Row not a bright light nor pine tree has been plucked in the front

J. Paul Sheedy* Was An Ugly Duckling Till Wildroot Cream-Oil Gave Him Confidence



"Sheedy, you're quacking up", snorted his girl friend. "Your appearance is fowl. Why don't you wise up to Wildroot Cream-Oil?" So J. Paul marched right down to the store and pecked up a bottle. Now he's the sharpest duck in school because his hair looks handsome and healthy... neat but never greasy. When last seen he was sipping a chocolate moulted with the prettiest chick on campus (... and she caught the bill!) So if the gals are giving you the bird, better get some Wildroot Cream-Oil... either a bottle or handy tube. Guaranteed to drive most swimmin' wild!

* of 131 So. Harris Hill Rd., Williamsville, N. Y.

Wildroot Cream-Oil gives you confidence



From the editor's desk: ...with malice towards none

The story of the Hungarian revolt is told in vivid and startling pictures in a magazine which should reach the Lincoln newstands today. "Hungary's Fight for Freedom" is the title of a special edition published by the editors of Life. (All profits from the magazine go to the International Rescue Committee, an American organization established to aid victims of political oppression.)

Many of the pictures have not been published before and others which have been used in Life are brought into new focus through the chronological sequence. One of the most incredible pictorial essays of man's inhumanity to man is shown through the words and camera of a German photographer who was present at the massacre of Hungarian secret police in the town of Magyarovar on Oct. 26.

Not one member of the AVH survived the capture of their stronghold in the Hungarian city. There was to be no sur-

render for these "most hated of men."

I don't know how ethical it is, but I would urge all the students and faculty of our University to buy this magazine and, perhaps, refer to it in a few months when things are quieted down in Hungary, and there is talk of "peaceful co-existence." The people of Hungary died for a kind of existence they didn't have. We mustn't become complacent to the extent that we forget that often in the history of man certain individuals are willing to suffer martyrdom for "bread and freedom." Times may change and weapons may differ but revolutions are still fought for "bread and freedom."

As I said, the magazine should be on sale now and costs 50 cents.

Although I'm not acquainted with financial results, from my point of view, the Military Ball was successful. I had a good time even though my

date wore some stunning creation and I wore my regular Tuesday-Thursday ROTC uniform (which, by the way, will no longer be in style after this spring although it probably is 20 years ahead of time with four buttons, narrow lapel and a single vent in back).

The Honorary Commandant choice was quite acceptable, but this was expected, unlike some queen-type selections, all the candidates were quite pulchritudinous since beauty was the main criterion in selection.

You hear a lot about burned-out athletes, but how about a burned-out student.

Several students headed for Temporary K Monday morning only to find the building somewhat charred and not usable for classroom instruction. Rumors that the blaze was set by some member of the Lincoln Project who had been one negative are, as yet, unfounded.

Sam Jensen

The Nebraskan

FIFTY-FIVE YEARS OLD Member: Associated Collegiate Press Intercollegiate Press Representative: National Advertising Service, Incorporated Published at: Room 20, Student Union 14th & E University of Nebraska Lincoln, Nebraska

EDITORIAL STAFF Editor: Sam Jensen Managing Editor: Fred Daly Editorial Page Editor: Mack Lundstrom News Editor: Bob Ireland Sports Editor: Walt Stone Copy Editors: Gary Frenzel, Sara Jones, Jack Pollock and Dick Shugrue. As Editor: Don Herman Night News Editor: Dick Shugrue Staff Photographer: Dale Lewis Staff Artist: Andy Buckner Office Secretary: Julie Donnell Society Editor: Jan Farrell Staff Writers: Nancy DeLong, George Moyer, Marianne Thyssen, Cynthia Zachan, Bob Haxel, Bob Wirt.

Reporters: C. G. Wallis, Carole Frank, Gus Buens, Judy Kiehr, Marilyn Nissen, Minette Taylor, Diana Maxwell, Sandra Whalen, Mary Snyder, Maria Boden, JoAnn Gaborron, Dorothy Hall, Diana Grace, Stan Widman, Art Blackman, Barbara Maston, Herb Boldin, Bill Wilson, Ron Slaben, Gary Peterson, Dave Herzog.

BUSINESS STAFF Business Manager: George Madson Circulation Manager: Richard Hendrix Assistant Business Managers: Don Beck, Larry Epstein, Tom Neff, Jerry Sullentrop

The Nebraskan is published Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday during the school year, except during vacations and exam periods, and one issue is published during August, by students of the University of Nebraska under the authorization of the Committee on Student Affairs as an expression of student opinion. Publications under the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Student Publications shall be free from editorial censorship on the part of the Subcommittee or on the part of any member of the faculty of the University, or on the part of any person outside of the University. The members of the Nebraskan staff are personally responsible for what they say, or do or write to be printed. February 5, 1956. Entered as second class matter at the post office in Lincoln, Nebraska, under the act of August 4, 1913.