TWO

Lutheran Bible Hour.

Student Council.

Corn Cobs.

seum.

Corn Cobs will meet Wednesday,

OFFICIAL

and in the second second

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1936.

Daily	I	Neb	oraskan
Station	Ā,	Lincoln,	Nebraška,

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Wolf, Wolf, Is Heard Again.

CHARGING the administration's program for the establishment of a foundation with an ultimate objection of obtaining a student union activities building as an imposition upon the taxpayers of the state, a contributor to the Public Pulse column of Tuesday's Evening Journal, V. E. Anderson, condemns university officials for not deigning to take the matter up with the people. Says Mr. Anderson:

"As usual, the taxpayers, who are asked to furnish the major portion of this money, were not consulted. A new library with all modern conveniences, including rest rooms for all and cubicles for students doing research work. would have been far more practical . . . But no, we had to have a Student Union building. Other universities had them, and it was a matter of keeping up with the Jonses. Probably some of the space in the proposed structure will be devoted to radical organizations which will fight the very taxpayers that paid for the building. To one up a tree, it would seem as if we needed a Student Union building about as hadly as a dog needs two tails."

....

To one up a tree, if we might borrow from Mr. Anderson's expression, the Nebraskan can in no way comprehend how the taxpayers are to furnish the "major portion of this money" nor any part of it. Might we suggest to the administration that they interview Mr. Anderson. Perhaps he could clear the way. Perhaps he might show university officials where they can obtain this sum from the taxpayers. The Nebraskan is sure that officials are missing an excellent opportunity for enlightenment.

Now regarding the negligence on the part of the administration to confer with the taxpavers. Not only would it be preposterous from the standpoint of practicality, but the matter is virtually of no corneern to those particular people. The maintenance of the bare essentials of a university is the proper function of the taxpayer. That his right in these essentials should be highly regarded is not to be denied. The student union activities building, however, is purely an extraneous undertaking, outside the immediate jurisdiction of the people of the state.

miliar with existing conditions. That a present activity, such as this newspaper, would be any more or less "radical" in another building is a difficult statement to swallow. Furthermore in following Mr. Anderson's philosophy still farther we find it anything but commendable.

. . . . NEVER OFFERING SUCCOR BECAUSE 203 of the Temple building. OF A PARALYZING FEAR THAT THE PER-SON AIDED MIGHT "BITE THE HAND nesday, Feb. 19, in room 8 of Uni-versity hall. All members are ex-THAT FED HIM'' SUGGESTS NO UNUS-UAL VALOR ON THE PART OF SUCH A pected to be present. GENTLEMAN. CIVILIZATION RATHER STRIVES FOR THE OPPOSITE. PROGRESS IS NOT MADE BY ENTRENCHMENT Feb. 19, in their meeting room in the basement of University hall. WITHIN ANTIQUATED IDEAS. PUSHING All members are asked to be pres-ON IN FACE OF DIFFICULTIES AND ent MEETING THEM SQUARELY MIGHT BRING BETTER RESULTS.

STUDENT PULSE

Brief, concise contributions pertinent to matters of student life and the university are welcomed by this department, under the usual restrictions of sound newspaper practice, which excludes all libelous matter and personal attacks. Letters must be signed, but names will be withheld from publication if so desired.

TO THE EDITOR:

For the stand that it took in the campaign for making drivers more safe, the Daily Nebraskan is to be highly commended. But this is only half of the job of combating "Sudden Death"-the pedestrians, too, must observe common sense safety rules.

Of the pedestrian-automobile accidents, the percentage of accidents in which the pedestrian is at fault is astonishingly high. Not enough stress is laid on the safety precautions that should be practiced by the pedestrian. Here is an example of one of the rules a pedestrian should follows: the City of Lincoln Ordinance. Section 1201, says "No pedestrian shall cross any street at a place other than a cross walk, nor cross any street intersection diagonally." Yet, in spite of the ordinance, we see numerous people darting out into the street from behind parked cars, "cutting" the corners of the intersections, crossing the intersections against the signal lights, and many other acts that show utter disregard for the just right and privileges of others.

The pedestrian is the same type of human being as is the driver. Should not the pedestrian be arrested for reckless walking just as the driver is arrested for reckless driving? The pedestrian's recklessness may be and has been the cause of injuries to innocent third parties. Should not the pedestrian practice safety rules as well as the driver? All branches of life are governed by rules guaranteeing the rights of others. The obvious answer to both of these questions is "yes." as this is the means of making the campaign against "Sudden Death" more complete.

Therefore, let us have a campaign to teach the pedestrians the safety rules that they ought to follow.

Yours for fewer "Sudden Deaths."-H. P. Off the campus

Off the

INTERCLUB COUNCIL TO BULLETIN SPONSOR BARB MIXER (Continued from Page 1.) thinking of our brother, Divine ability, and also with perpetual Mind makes all of His individual Mind makes all of His individual Lutheran students will meet for

Committees Appointed for regular Bible study with Rev. H. Erk at 7 p. m. Wednesday in room Event in Grant Memorial

Friday, Feb. 28. Student Council will meet Wedby the Barb Interclub council at a meeting Tuesday evening. Music for the event is now being arranged.

committee were Wilbur Bugley, Paul Rader, Dorthea Winger, and his rights under this aspect of di-Bill Newcomer; arrangement committee, Bill Kuticha, Frank Du-Phalanx, military honorary, will meet Wednesday, Feb. 19 in the N club rooms at 7:30 in the coli-seum. dek, James Risness, Elizabeth Ed-

would be ability if there were no and to give to one another with opportunity to use it ?" Mr. Seeley that measure of justice and recipinquires.

OF LAW IN LECTURE

Plans for a Barb mixer to be held Friday evening. Feb. 28 in Grant Memorial hall were made use his ability. df filling its function to produce an intelligently ordered creation and use his ability.

PAUL SEELEY TELLS

OF SCIENTIFIC SENSE

suitable opportunity, but also a therefor. anged. Appointed to the advertising honest appreciation by his brother of what he gives. Jesus claimed Father....hath borne witness of me.' And the Psalmist sang, 'Thou hast crowned him with glory and honour.' It is the just law of God that each individual be accorded what is rightfully due him that

Ben Simon & Sons

opportunity for the use and ex-pression of his ability. Of what use appreciately toward one another rocity which is essential to God's "Divine law," he continues, "em-ploys its intelligent forces in all after all, this is simply the effect

his brother man." Only Real Thinking.

reciprocity he expressed to him by

"God constitutes the only real

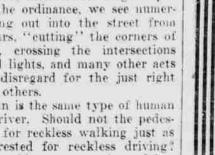
"God's law not only imparts to man, with each individuality able His man continuing ability and to fill his place and receive justly



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DOLLAR DAY **BARGAINS**---THURSDAY \$1.65 & \$2 Shirts **Boys' Koveralls** \$2.95 to \$10.95 Nelly Dons 2 for-Plain while and pattern Durable quality koveralls in pin stripe twills and plain blue chambrays. Ages 2 to 8 years. SECOND FLOOR shirts that are pre- \$ shirts that are pre-Choice of our entire stock of Nelly Don winter dresses including all \$7.95 and \$10.95 dresses. Sizes 12 to 18 only. \$ new non-wilt fused collar FIRST FLOOR THIRD FLOOR **Tom Sawyer Shirts 50 Pieces Silk Underwear** \$1.65 & \$2 Pajamas 2 for-Lovely silk underwear that sold at \$1.95 Plain and fancy pattern **\$** shirts, also plain white shirts, Ages 6 to 12 and neck sizes 12/5 to 14/3, SECOND FLOOR and \$2.95. Included in the lot are pa-Excellent pajama fabrics in slip-over and cost S jamas, gowns and dancettes. FIRST FLOOR effects in sizes A to D. Wom. Fur Trimmed Coats FIRST FLOOR **Broadcloth Shorts** Choice of our entire stock of fur 5 fortrimmed winter coats, includings many coats that sold to \$65. Sizes Good quality hors broad-cloth shorts, the kind that stand hard wear. In sizes 24 to 32, requ-lar 35c values. . 69 75c to 1.50 Ties 14 to 42. 2 for-THIRD FLOOR These are all hand made solutions in the very news: patterns specially priced or Dollar Day Wom. Hand Knit Sweaters **Boys' Wool Sweaters** FIRST FLOOR Choice of all our hand knit sweaters in All wool sweaters in royspring shades and white, short and long S 89 al, brown and black, val-ues to \$2. Also special lot \$ sleeves and values to \$4.95. 35c & 50c Fancy Hose of sleeveless sweaters. THIRD FLOOR SECOND FLOOR 2 Groups Winter Dresses 4 pr. for-Men's fancy hose in all Substantiards of a vers **Boys' Cloth Blouses** Choice of all remaining winter &\$ dresses and values to \$25, many \$ Suede cloth jackets that fine makers hose FIRST FLOOR sre windproof and wat-erproof in ages 6 to 20 \$ spring prints included. THIRD FLOOR years. Values to \$2.50. Women's Fur Coats SECOND FLOOR Men's \$1 Suspenders Two groups of Bering Seals 4877 & 3877 fur coats in flared, swagger and fitted models. Very **Corduroy** Jumpers 2 for-Boys Hockmeyer cordur-



. . .

Initially it is a student undertaking. It is to be financed thru gifts from the PWA without respect to the taxpayers. Receiving this grant upon the promise of student collateral in the form of an amortization plan, the concern then rests with the administration and the students. While there is no gainsaying the fact that the university is a "child" of the people, yet its actions are not to be censored up to the last morsel it partakes any more than are the actions of a horse to be conditioned by the owner once the race is under way. The University must be allowed freedom of policy and movement. The university should be allowed to determine its own needs and its own direction of expansion.

A new library. Such a statement sounds like echoes from heaven itself. Of course we would rather have a new library. Of course a new library is to be preferred at an educational institution such as the university. Agreeing heartily with Mr. Anderson upon this point we will ask his fullest cooperation in the future in getting a library. But a library would easily cost a million dollars. In the past the university has been practically on its knees to the state legislature in order to obtain such an erection but to no avail.

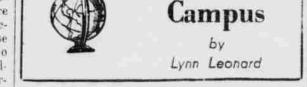
. . . .

Practical situations must be handled in a practical manner. No collateral could at the present time conceivably be arranged to support a 55 percent loan from the PWA together with a 45 percent grant. If the university had had that much money in its coffers there is no doubt in the mind of the Nebraskan that we would be working for a library from the PWA. Does Mr. Anderson suggest that students, barely able to make ends meet, support thru amortization methods over a half-million dollar loan? Might we ask whether it is the custom of the state or the students to support a State University?

. . . .

As to Mr. Anderson's remark that we are endeavoring to keep up with the Jonses it might be mentioned in passing that this stereotyped remark reflects aspersions rather than casts them. A university furnishes an environment during a period of four crucial years. Living standards, ambitions and the future life of an individual is often determined by one's social training in university. To ignore its existence is merely to confess ignorappe of its influence.

In expressing his fear of "radical organizations" obtaining control it seems to the Nebraskan that Mr. Anderson is woefully unfa- supreme court's opinions?



Tennessee Valley Authority

was upheld by the supreme court as constitutional according to a long-waited announcement made by the judges Monday. An opinion read by Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes, which was supported by all the justices except McReynolds, held that the government may build dams for constitutional purposes. It may sell electricity generated by such dams. It may take steps to carry that electricity to a market.

. . . .

Constitutionality as

a whole for the vast TVA project was not interpreted, the court limiting its ruling to those issues, but new dealers contend that the 7,000 word opinion laid down a broad policy measuring other TVA dams and similar projects scattered throughout the country. This might include what is known as the Nebraska TVA. The valley authority's intention to create a yardstick to measure the proper cost of electricity to consumers was not passed on by the court.

. . . .

Dissenting Opinion

read by Justice McReynolds contended that the project was encroaching on private enterprise. Citing cases in which such procedure was held unconstitutional, McReynolds declared that the court could not "With propriety avoid disagreeable duties by lightly forsaking long respected precedents and established practice." Although it is developed in connection with permissable improvement of navigable water, he contends that the government cannot sell electricity, but fortunately for Senator Norris' pet project, his opinion found no other supporters and the decision was S to 1 for the TVA. Nebraska joins the new dealers in rejoicing that the creation of its favorite son did not go the way of some other governmental agencies.

Effect in 'Nebraska TVA'

is pondered by many Nebraskans. Paul F. Good, counsel for the Tricounty, declared that he was not certain of the effect the decision might have on the suit of five utilities companies seeking to block the co-ordination of Nebraska's three hydro-electric projects. He thinks, however, that the general provisions of the decision are very much in favor of the government projects, and he is certain that it will not help the power companies. The cases, he asserted, are not parallel. In the TVA the government sells the power itself, but in Nebraska it merely lends and grants money to Nebraska power districts for developing and retailing power. It appears that if the government may sell electricity, it may lend money for its development, but who can forecast the

