

SUMMER SCHOOL NEBRASKAN

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Alberta Ackley Florence Dunn
Helen Stidworthy Leonard Trester
Office of Student Activities, Basement
Administration Hall, Phone B2597

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What About Convocation?

The student who consistently, day after day, passes up cultural opportunities, such as are offered at Convocation, is in danger of being guilty of mental suicide by willful stagnation. True, attendance during Summer School is better than during the regular session, but, at that, it seems strange that of a group of teachers only a decided minority should take advantage of the opportunities for cultural development such as are offered at Convocation every day.

For those who are so closely attached to their seats in the library as to be unable to bear separation therefrom for even the short space of a half hour in the morning, forcible separation by means of closing the library from 9:30 to 10:00 might be of some advantage as a means of mental discipline.

Nor is the faculty setting a particularly good example in this respect for their admiring students. Only a small group of a faithful few professors appear morning after morning. Some spare a half hour now and then, but the great majority stay away entirely. Of course it may be that some are already so thoroughly supersaturated with culture as to need no further development or they may feel that none of their colleagues can tell them anything worth listening to, but, after all, would it not profit even them to attend occasionally? The University professor is a specialist in some particular line. In other lines his knowledge and experience is very much like that of other mortals. Consequently the specialist in History may have something to say which it would be worth while for the specialist in Languages to hear, and vice versa. In this connection it is interesting to note that those who do come are usually those who take the most active part in affairs of all university interest and show their appreciation of the doings of mankind outside of their particular departments.

It is not necessarily true that, because a large amount of water is applied to a crop in one or two irrigations, the crop gets the benefit from all the water thus put upon the land at the point of turnout, according to the Mitchell Experiment Station.

Two large losses of irrigation water must be taken into consideration—run-off and the underground seepage. The run-off is always apparent and may be reduced to a minimum by the careful irrigator by always catching the run-off from one ditch in the other, the only waste being in the end runs and on the last land. The run-off loss is well taken care of by most of our farmers, but the seepage loss has not been called to the attention of the irrigator as forcibly as it should be, for the reason that it is a condition that is not easily detected.—College of Agriculture News Bulletin.

Summer School Men

will find this an exceptionally good time to buy good clothes at sharply reduced prices. Suits, Hats, Furnishings at ten to fifty per cent below present values.

FARQUHAR'S

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1325 O Street

The University of Nebraska

The University of Nebraska includes the following colleges and schools:

THE GRADUATE COLLEGE. A four-year course leading to Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy. Work may be pursued without reference to a degree.

THE COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES. A four-year course leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science.

THE TEACHERS' COLLEGE. A four-year course leading to the Teachers' College Diploma. Students register in this college in the Sophomore year at the same time retaining identity in another college of the University which grants the degree of Bachelor of Arts or of Science simultaneous with the granting of the Teachers' College Diploma by the Teachers' College. Thus, throughout his Sophomore, Junior and Senior years the student is registered in two colleges.

THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE includes general agricultural, and general home economics groups. A four-year course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science. Also a two-year course in Agriculture.

THE COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING. A four-year course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Engineering; Agricultural, Architectural, Civil, Electrical, Mechanical. Also a six-year Academic-Engineering course.

THE COLLEGE OF LAW. A three-year course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Laws. One year of academic work in addition to full entrance is required for admission to this college. Also a combined Academic-Law course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts in four years, and to the degree of Bachelor of Laws in six years. Work is also offered leading to the degree of Doctor of Jurisprudence.

THE COLLEGE OF MEDICINE. A four-year course in Omaha leading to the degree of Doctor of Medicine. A six-year course leading to the Bachelor's degree and the degree of Doctor of Medicine, the first two years being offered in Lincoln.

THE COLLEGE OF PHARMACY. Two-year and three-year courses. Also a four-year course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy.

THE GRADUATE SCHOOL OF EDUCATION. Course leading to the degree of Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy and to the Graduate Teachers' Diploma. This school is a part of the Graduate College and is designed to prepare for the higher service in teaching.

THE SCHOOL OF COMMERCE. A four-year course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts, designed to provide vocational training for students preparing for business or allied lines of work.

THE SCHOOL OF FINE ARTS. A four-year cultural course including the Fine Arts leading to the Bachelor's degree.

THE TEACHERS' COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL. A high grade school of secondary rank offering splendid opportunities to a LIMITED number of the most desirable students. Being the training school of the Teachers' College admission can be had only on written application.

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THE SUMMER SESSION. An eight-weeks course primarily for teachers.

UNIVERSITY EXTENSION. Courses offered in many departments for which college credit is granted. Work in this department may be taken to meet preparatory requirements.

The Nebraska Experiment Station, the Nebraska School of Agriculture at Curtis, and the Experimental Sub-Stations at North Platte, Valentine, and Scottsbluff are also in charge of the Board of Regents.

THE UNIVERSITY OPENS for the first semester on Wednesday, September 13. One may enter also at the beginning of the second semester (about February 1), or the summer session (usually the first full week in June).

On any Point of Information, Address,

THE REGISTRAR

STATION "A"

LINCOLN, NEBRASKA