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No. 150.

WILL BOYCOTT CARNIVAL.

Printed Statement Circulated by
Indignant Student Body.

WE THE STUDENT BODY
of the
UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA AS A
BODY
BOYCOTT
the
COLLINS CARNIVAL COMPANY

As immoral, indecent, and unfit for respectable patronage, and censure the local organization of Eagles for presenting under their auspices, to the citizens of Lincoln, such a disreputable performance. We appeal to all respectable people to join with us in suppressing this indecent exhibition by withholding patronage.

Such is the final result of two mass meetings held on the campus yesterday, and it should be the sentiment of every decent and peace-loving person in the city. That the students have been outraged no one who is acquainted with all the circumstances relating to the affair can doubt. For years it has been the custom for the male students to assemble some night before going to camp, and parade the streets in picturesque uniform. So established has the custom become that the best friends of the students down town prepare for the event and stand treat. As long as the police tend to their own business all goes peacefully and no harm is done. However, as soon as the same police prepare for the event by swearing in a hundred or more "special" police enlisted out of the ranks of the most villainous and disorderly lot of bums that ever assembled in Lincoln, there is going to be trouble.

The students were probably unwise in the first place, to have anything to do with such an outfit, but for years we have acted on the supposition that on one night during the year the town is ours and all is open. No one in the crowd expected mischief. That fact is self-evident because there were no clubs or weapons of any kind in the crowd. The carnival company was intent on mischief and nothing gave them greater pleasure than to be sworn in as "special" policemen. Policemen, indeed! Only one gang can equal them and that gang is the regular police force of Lincoln. As soon as the parade appeared on Eleventh street, and the boys demanded admission, a pistol shot was fired on the grounds. That was the signal for the ruffians to appear, and immediately they came swarming out of the tents, clubs, pipes, rods, and in fact, anything, in their hands, and the "massacre" began.

Not being content to knock the boys down, they went so far as to club them when they were down, and the most disgraceful part of that is that regular police of Lincoln were the dirtiest workers.

Yesterday morning an indignation meeting was held on the campus at 10 o'clock. "Bill" Nye was made chairman, and the crowd called for Jim Farney. Fortunately, Farney was cool-headed enough to see things in their right light, and advised moderation.

He said: "Enough mischief has been done already and as the carnival crew has prepared for a second attack and are heavily armed, anything the students might do in the way of violence would be the height of folly." Cliff Crooks expressed the same sentiments. Other speeches were made, and it was

KNOX - NEBRASKA GAME

TODAY, 3:30

Nebraska Field

25c and 35c

decided to secure the aid of Dr. Pound and attempt to get out an injunction against the enemy. Farney, Crooks, and Ringer were made members of the committee. It was next decided to boycott the Collins Carnival company, not only in Lincoln, but also in other towns through the state where they expect to show. Mason, Gould, Johnson and Hewitt were made members of a committee to issue posters declaring the intentions of the students. A press committee consisting of Hill, Nye and Shock was appointed to see to it that the affair receives proper attention in the papers.

After taking up a collection to defray expenses, the meeting adjourned until 1 o'clock. At that time the injunction committee reported unfavorable to the proposition. Owing to the number of technicalities involved, it would be difficult to secure judgment and the company would probably be out of town before anything could be done. Gould reported an interview with Manahan, attorney for the Fitzgerald estate, who thought it would be easy to cause them much inconvenience, as most of their shows are on the Fitzgerald property, and they have no contract for the use of it. The committee was given power to secure the services of an attorney who should confer with Mr. Manahan on the subject. After receiving bills for distribution, the meeting adjourned. Another meeting will be held this morning. Latest reports seem to indicate that the boycott will be the extent of the action taken, but that will be made effective as possible. The other plans are inconsistent, and as the company has a license, it would be difficult to run them out.

The students are to be congratulated upon the course pursued. The respectable citizens of the city sympathize with them, and if everyone does his part the Collins Carnival company may be made to suffer financial loss. The affair will be well advertised through the state, and the University has many friends who will support them. Just at present, a banner floats before the main entrance to the show grounds, thanking "the shirt-tail gentlemen" for their advertising, with the adage that "every knock is a boost." We do not think such will be the case in this instance. The show is immoral and indecent and will not be patronized by decent and respectable people. One thing is sure—two thousand University students will fail to contribute to its success. Such shows are fakes in every sense. It is a clear case of giving your money for nothing, and there is not a thing on the grounds of real value to anyone. The students especially appeal to the townspeople for support in their action. They have been extremely moderate in their measures and, if supported, much more effectual results will be obtained than if a riot or free-for-all fight had been agreed upon.

The police force of Lincoln is especially censured for their part in the affair and it is denied that an attempt to keep order was their motive. If such was the case, why was it necessary to club men when they were down, and most of all, to swear in, or

rather place stars on, a gang more suited to occupy jail cells than serve on a police force. The Star states that the Hon. Tom Carnahan and the Hon. Tony Harr were in the receiving line Tuesday night. The same gentlemen have been in the same line for some time, and nothing gives them greater pleasure than to do some injury to the students.

It is expected that some action will be taken in chapel this morning. It is reported that Chancellor Andrews is in sympathy with the carnival company, but this is not credited by the students.

Eat at Don's Cafe.

The Palace Barber Shop; 8 chairs.

Dr. Bentz, Dentist, Eleventh and O.

Campaign hats, shirts, and duck trousers at Mayer Bros.

One day shirt sale Saturday, of one-priced shirts. All \$2.00 shirts for \$1.39, the one day only—a genuine bargain day.—The Toggery, 1141 O.

OFF FOR KANSAS.

Track Team Left This Morning
for Southern Contest.

The Nebraska track team left over the Missouri Pacific this morning for Lawrence, Kan., where they meet the Kansas University in a dual meet tomorrow afternoon. Twelve men make the trip: Captain Tobin, Manning, Burg, Mouck, Reed, Martin, Johnson, Lehmer, Benedict, States, Dr. Clapp, and Manager Walton. The program will be composed of the following fifteen events: Two-mile, one-mile and half-mile runs; one hundred, two hundred and twenty and four hundred and forty-yard dashes; high and broad jump; pole vault, hammer throw; one hundred and twenty and two hundred and twenty-yard hurdles, shot-put and relay race. The team will return on Sunday morning.

Missouri recently defeated Kansas in a dual meet by a score of 65 to 47. Kansas has a speedy sprinter whose record in the 100-yard dash is 10 flat. He won the 220-yard dash in this meet in 22 4-5 and the 440-yard in 53 1-5, making 15 points for his team. These last two events are Manning's strongholds and he has a hard proposition (Continued on page 2.)

THE P. B. K. AND THE PROFESSIONS

Tendencies of the Modern Scholar

Prof. E. L. Thorndike in May "Century"

If we take year by year a body of young men who represent the best scholarship of the college graduates of that year, we shall have a body of men who represent with reasonable accuracy the most scholarly young men of that year in college and out. If we find what changes have taken place in the careers they choose, as we pass down from 1850 to the present day, we shall know whether any given profession is gaining or losing its attractiveness to that type of men. The amount of its gain or loss we may measure by the increase or decrease in the number of such men choosing it. For this class of scholarly young men I have taken those graduates of representative colleges who have been elected to Phi Beta Kappa. I have traced the later careers of 5,283 such men from the class of 1840 to the class of 1900. The Phi Beta Kappa badge is a recognized mark of scholarship; it is an emblem that a majority of college professors, for instance, are glad to wear. If any one doubts the appropriateness of Phi Beta Kappa membership as a test of scholarship, let him compare the scholarly attainments in after life of the Phi Beta Kappa men in any ten college classes with those of the other members, and he will soon be converted.

No one, save an omniscient observer or a student who gave years to the task and had access to exact information concerning the lives of the college graduates of the last fifty years, could hope to present absolutely accurate statements on our subject. My data, taken from the catalogue of 1900, are subject to the factors of error and ignorance influencing it. For the most part these are such as to counteract one

another, and the figures I shall present may be taken as reliable within, say, 10 per cent of their amount. The general tendencies shown are reliable beyond question. We may best begin by studying the changes in the attitude of Phi Beta Kappa men toward various careers from 1850 to 1895, and then attempt to determine what the careers of Phi Beta Kappa men are today, and what they are likely to be in the near future.

There is a remarkable uniformity in the percentage of Phi Beta Kappa men entering the four leading professions. The percentages for five-year periods, from 1840 to 1900, vary only from 64 to 68. Whatever growth has taken place in the percentage of college graduates, in general, who enter business and industrial careers has influenced the interests and motives of the most scholarly section only to the very slight extent that in the twenty-five years from 1870 through 1894 1.5 per cent fewer enter the professions than did from 1840 to 1865. This difference is so slight as to be as likely to be due to chance variation as to any real tendency. There seem to be certain innate propensities in the scholarly make-up which direct its activities in spite of notable changes in outside circumstances.

If the attitude of Phi Beta Kappa men toward professional life in general has hardly changed in fifty years, it is not because the attractiveness of each particular profession has remained constant. Far from it. The share of them falling to each has changed notably and consistently during the period. The percentage of Phi Beta Kappa men who, in the years from 1840 to 1860, chose the law had in 1890 to 1894 nearly doubled. The growth here was not steady, for the attractiveness of the law grew markedly until 1880, and then fell off during ten years, only to increase again in our own time. To be exact, of those graduating in 1840-44, 14 per cent made the law their career; in 1845-49, 10 per cent; in 1850-54, 9.3

(Continued on page 3.)

ANNUAL PAN-HELLENIC DANCE

Tonight--programs at 9:00 sharp

Auditorium

Tickets \$2.00