

GERMAN INDIGNATION. A German gentleman, who is an author of distinction and whose works on political economy are as standard as gold itself, writes to the editor of THE CONSERVATIVE.

I feel very indignant, as an old German professor used to say. German-Americans have an especial right to feel "indignant." We came here, at least, those that exert any influence on public opinion, in protest against militarism and all its concomitants, to a country which was a standing protest against all of it, and the medievalism, to a country which was a living proof of this, that the happiness of nations is derived from the negation of the policy of force and the assertion of the principle in government that governments derive their power solely from the consent of the governed. And now all this is to be put in question under a continuance of republican rule? I say no, no, and no again. Rather Bryan even and the Chicago platform than another four years of William the Reluctant. I believe by the time the democratic convention will meet the leaders will have seen the absurdity of the 16 to 1 chant, now that the gold standard bill has become a law.

THE CONSERVATIVE cherishes great respect for the above but cannot, for a moment, believe in a recurrence of sanity among the demented leaders to whom he refers.

THE IRONY OF EVENTS.

Ever since the Reverend Mr. Sheldon of Topeka officially defined Christ's attitude toward corsets, we have been looking for the ever-correct Ladies' Home Journal to banish those wares from its advertising columns. But thus far Mr. Bok has not seen fit to place himself among the sheep in this respect, inasmuch that we view with alarm the licentious array of incompletely-attired females displayed in his paper, from one cover to the other. Mr. Bok is thus, it will be seen, placing himself in a very unenviable light before the eyes of the youth of Kansas and elsewhere.

Besides receiving this blow from so unexpected a quarter as Topeka, the Ladies' Home Journal has got it on the cheek from the formidable Mr. Dooley. A series of papers from that philosopher was advertised, and two or three numbers actually published; but the horrid fact would obtrude itself that Mr. Dooley had in earlier days practised the art of a saloon-keeper, a profession which the Journal prefers to "obliterate," as Mulvaney says. The strain evidently became excessive, on either Mr. Bok or Mr. Dunne; for suddenly the series was broken off, with an editorial statement that Mr. Dunne's health forbade him to continue it.

Mr. Dunne's health does not, however, prevent Mr. Dooley from still holding forth to his countrymen in Harper's Weekly and elsewhere.

FODDER. Dear Sir: Below you will find an analysis of some fodders. The millet is the sample I analyzed for Mr. White on April 20. The others are copied from United States Experiment Station Bulletin No. 11, by Jenkins & Winton, 1892. All are given on the basis of water free material.

"There is a man whose vote in a presidential election could not be bought," remarked Senator Sorghum. "Are you sure of it?" "Absolutely." "Well, your faith in human nature has increased considerably." "Faith in human nature has nothing to do with it. He is a resident of the District of Columbia."—Washington Star.

Fodder.	Ash.	Protein.	Fibre.	Nitrogen free Extract	Fat.
Millet.....	25.6	5.0	30.6	36.9	1.9
Timothy.....	5.4	8.0	30.7	52.8	3.1
Clover.....	7.2	15.3	27.8	45.8	3.9
Corn Fodder.....	2.9	2.3	30.7	62.0	2.1
Sorghum.....	5.3	6.5	29.7	56.2	2.3

The ash of the millet is abnormally high; this diminishes other constituents.

Yours truly,

P. L. HIBBARD, Chemist.

Incorporated 1849.

Charter Perpetual.

SPRINGFIELD Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

Of Springfield, Mass.

Annual Statement, January 1st, 1900.

Cash Capital,	-	-	\$1,500,000.00
Reserve for Re-Insurance,	-	-	1,476,584.27
Reserve for all unsettled Claims,	-	-	245,262.45
NET SURPLUS,	-	-	1,685,092.34
TOTAL ASSETS,	-	-	\$4,906,939.06

The Springfield has continuously transacted business for fifty years, and has disbursed for losses over \$26,000,000. It has borne its share of the burdens imposed by the great conflagrations at Troy in 1862, Portland in 1866, Chicago in 1871, and Boston in 1872. It is one of only three fire insurance companies that have been represented in Chicago continuously since 1851. It has never failed to promptly meet its just obligations with 100 cents on the dollar. It stands today in the front rank among American underwriting institutions. It insures against fire, lightning and tornadoes, and has agencies in all prominent localities throughout the United States.

A. J. HARDING, Manager,
Western Department, Chicago, Ill.

N. S. HARDING, State Agent,
Nebraska City, Neb.