

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

The state department has decided to await the action of European nations more directly interested than the United States in the present war between Italy and Turkey, before issuing a neutrality proclamation. The document already has been prepared for issue, but a restraining factor is found in the peculiar attitude of the Turkish government.

A decision by the supreme court on the constitutionality of the so-called employers' liability law of 1908 is expected October 16.

Several cases raising the constitutionality of the law were argued last spring and have been under consideration all summer. Another anticipated decision concerns the water supply in western streams. It is the case of Henry Schodde against the Twin Falls Land and Water company.

General.

The flag of Italy is flying over the forts of Tripoli. The beer and cigar bill of Senator Stephenson was \$20,000. Violence marked the arrival of strikebreakers at New Orleans.

Violence marked the arrival of strikebreakers at New Orleans.

A proposal of arbitration may be advanced to Italy by Turkey.

Mr. Roosevelt says it needed a bold man to start the Panama canal.

Mexico may have a new revolution, aimed against Madero.

Federal services for Admiral Schley will be held in St. John's church.

Five hundred thousand acres were disposed of in the Rosebud drawing.

President Taft was given a taste of wild west at Cheyenne by broncho busters.

J. C. Elliott of West Point was nominated as republican candidate for congress in the Third Nebraska district.

The committee of governors—Alldrich, Harmon and Hadley—made up their brief in the Minnesota rate case.

It will cost \$129,000,000 to maintain the United States navy and provide for suitable increase in the next fiscal year, according to the estimates.

The commerce court issued an order fixing October 16 as the date for hearing of the application of the transcontinental railroads for an injunction against the orders of the interstate commerce commission.

The federal government brought forfeiture suits against Nathan Allen, of Kenosha, Wis., and John R. Collins of Memphis, Tenn., to recover \$185,000, the value of smuggled jewels and wearing apparel.

Provision for establishment of a parcels post and transportation of mail by aeroplane has been made by Postmaster General Hitchcock in his annual estimates of Post Office department expenditures submitted to the Treasury department.

Thomas A. Addison, who returned home by the steamship America on September 28, became the idol of Ferris during his brief stay there, everyone showing an almost comical anxiety to catch a glimpse of the great inventor.

Following a rainfall of almost six inches St. Joseph was visited by the most disastrous flood in its history.

One man is missing, hundreds in the lowlands of South St. Joseph, the packing house district, are homeless and property damaged to the amount of at least \$20,000 was done.

Both the Southern Pacific and the Houston & Texas Central railroads practically declared an open shop when they made announcement that strikers on strike can return to work any time before Monday noon, October 9.

A coroner's jury at Denver held Mrs. Gertrude Gibson Patterson for the killing of her husband, Charles A. Patterson, a former Chicago broker.

The report of the statistician of a Texas railroad says that the money paid out for personal injury claims is about as much as the earnings on the capital invested.

United States Senator Isaac Stephenson of Wisconsin probably will take the witness stand in his own defense against charges that bribery and other corrupt use of money contributed to his election in March 4, 1909.

A passenger rate of 10 cents across the bridge between Omaha and Council Bluffs, Ia., was sustained in a decision of the commerce court.

An honest chauffeur called at the house of Samuel F. Adler of New York and handed him a bag containing jewelry worth \$10,750 which Adler lost in a taxicab.

President Taft was delayed by heavy rains in Missouri.

The Santa Fe road wants an order on Nebraska rates set aside.

The democratic state convention of New Mexico nominated W. C. McDonald of Carrizozo for governor.

Food and money are asked for flood sufferers at Austin.

The finances of the country made a good showing in September.

Petitions are circulating for consolidation of South Omaha with Omaha.

Construction of the Burlington Big Horn Basin connecting line has been put.

American securities at London were quietly firm during the early trading.

The New York assembly passed the Ferris-Blauvelt direct nominations bill.

Governor Wilson was in control of the New Jersey democratic state convention.

The United States is not ready to declare neutrality as between Italy and Turkey.

The Russian declaration of neutrality is being drafted. It will not be issued for a week.

John D. Rockefeller has installed a telegraph line to his home near Tarrytown, N. Y.

A count of the dead of Austin, Pa., indicates the total fatalities will be less than two hundred.

High water did great damage in Wisconsin, almost entirely destroying the town of Black River Falls.

Campaign managers for Senator Isaac Stephenson admitted the Wisconsin man was a good spender.

Republicans are prone to wander from the fold, but will return said the president in his Denver address.

Among the first class postoffices designated as postal savings banks, effective November 4, is Omaha, Neb.

Three-quarters of a million dollars' damage was done by the rainstorm which swept over northern Ohio.

Dr. B. Clark Hyde of Kansas City positively will be placed on trial a second time on October 16, on a charge of murdering Colonel Thomas H. Swope.

A movement to raise a half million dollars to build a national monument in Washington to the memory of the women of the civil war was launched at New York.

There was a "cheaper food" riot at Warsaw directed against the Jews in the suburbs. Three Jews and two Christians were wounded. The police restored order.

The will of the late Mrs. Ole Bull Vaughn, daughter of the late Norwegian violinist, Ole Bull, was filed with Judge Hobbs of the New York county probate court.

The body of William E. Curtis, the widely known writer of Washington, who died suddenly in Philadelphia, was taken to Washington and buried in Rock Creek cemetery.

Because she refused to respond to his importunities to marry him, Erskine Swalker shot and perhaps fatally wounded Miss Madeline Komp, and then committed suicide at Rock Island.

Despite the advent of the postal savings banks, the savings deposits in the national banks are increasing. From June 7 to September 1 these deposits grew from \$624,100,000 to \$654,300,000.

Edward Ellis and Walter Nowlan pleaded guilty in the United States district court at Davenport, Ia., to charges of being implicated in the operations of the Mabray gang of swindlers.

The Burnside shops of the Illinois Central railroad became open shops, a formal notice posted within the stockades informing the workers that hereafter the road will deal only with its individual employees.

Plans for a \$2,000,000 system of freight terminals in Minneapolis were announced by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company.

Two tracts of ground have been purchased, the larger comprising thirty acres.

Berry Wall, the one-time famous king of duds is about to join the great and growing army of American expatriates. He has given orders to a house agent to find him an apartment in the fashionable quarter of the Avenue de Bois de Boulogne, Paris.

The honor of filing the first registration application at Dallas, in connection with the Rosebud and Pine Ridge opening fell to Hugh G. McCaffrey, assistant superintendent of the Pison agency in Chicago. He signed the slip at two minutes after midnight.

Walter Lispenard Suydam of New York was granted an interlocutory decree of divorce by Justice Clarke of the supreme court in the suit filed against Louise Lawrence Suydam. In the decree Mrs. Suydam is ordered not to remarry or use the Suydam's name. Under the decree she may resume her maiden name of White.

Personal.

John D. Rockefeller has contributed \$1,000 for celebration of Columbus day in New York City.

Chairman Stanley says the house steel trust investigating committee will carry out its program.

Chief Salago, of the once powerful Chippewa nation, died aged 108.

President Taft at Waterloo, Iowa, made a plea for fairness in dealing with the big business interests.

President Taft arrived in Omaha eleven hours late owing to floods in Nebraska and Kansas.

Cardinal Gibbons states his opposition to some of the political propositions now before the people.

Dr. B. Clark Hyde of Kansas City, accused of murdering Colonel Thomas H. Swope, will go on trial before Judge E. E. Porterfield on October 16.

Charles A. Patterson, formerly a wealthy Chicago man, was killed by his wife at Denver.

Colonel J. C. Roberts, editor of the "Bimetallist" during the Bryan-McKinley electoral campaign, died in Chicago.

William Elroy Curtis of Washington, traveler, journalist and writer on political topics died suddenly in his room in a hotel at Philadelphia.

Curtis W. Remy, for many years known as a corporation lawyer, died in Chicago from a bullet wound inflicted while he was in his room in a downtown hotel.

MUCH WORK ON HAND

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT NOW IN SESSION.

MANY CASES ON THE DOCKET

Eight Hundred of Them for Consideration Which Will Require Until May.

Washington.—The supreme court of the United States will convene Monday at noon after a four-months recess. It will remain in session until the last of next May and will consider as many of the 800 cases now on the docket as time will permit. An estimate has it that the court will dispose of about 400 cases during the term, but that about 200 additional cases will be docketed before next June.

The members of the court have arrived with the exception of Associate Justice Day. The illness of Mrs. Day has detained him in Canton, O. Chief Justice White was among the first to arrive while Justices Harlan, McKenna, Holmes, Lurton, Hughes, Vandewater and Lamar returned in ample time for the opening term.

Unlike past sessions, members of the court returned from their vacations to meet duties other than the routine work of their offices.

Chief Justice White and Associate Justices Lurton and Vandewater are to complete their work, if possible, at an early date, of revising the equity rules of the federal courts. At their suggestion the circuit judges appointed committees to recommend amendments to the rules, which generally are regarded as having outlived their usefulness. Some of these committees are ready to submit their reports. Others are expected to send in their recommendations soon.

These recommendations will be considered by the committee of the court and a final draft of new rules prepared for promulgation by the tribunal. During the summer Justice Lurton spent some time in England learning directly impressions of the English jurists, who recently prepared new equity rules for the courts of their country.

Because of the abolishment, on January 1, 1913, of all circuit courts of the United States, leaving only the district courts, the court of appeals and the supreme court, it will be necessary to revise the rules governing procedure in the supreme court. It is believed the court will not only revise them to meet the abolishment of the circuit courts, but it will modernize them in many ways.

A long list of important cases, second only to the great Standard Oil and tobacco cases, will demand the court's attention during the first month of its session. Three cases involve alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. These are the suits against the principal anthracite coal carrying railroads and coal owning companies and against the railroads operating the bridges over the Mississippi at St. Louis.

WINS AVIATION PRIZE.

Lieut. Hans Gericke the Successful Man.

Kansas City, Mo.—In winning the James Gordon Bennett trophy in the international balloon race which started from this city Thursday, Lieutenant Hans Gericke, pilot of the Berlin II, was lost to the world for the third time. The Berlin II landed in the wilderness near Holcomb, Wis., at 7 o'clock Saturday morning, thereby traveling seventy-five miles further than its competitors in the race. For three days he was entirely lost to the world.

Contractor's Body Found.

Cleveland.—The body of Damas Pejeau, 63 years old, a wealthy contractor, was found in a new house which he was completing on Clifton boulevard. His skull had been crushed.

Capt. Cook Resigns.

Washington.—The resignation of Captain Frank A. Cook, recently court-martialed at San Francisco for conduct unbecoming an officer, has been accepted by the president, it was announced at the War department on the 6th.

Earthquake Recorded.

Washington.—An earth shock, estimated to have occurred at a distance of about 2,500 miles from Washington, was recorded at the Georgetown university observatory.

Bomb in Chicago Bakery.

Chicago.—Excitement was caused here by the explosion of a bomb in the rear of the bakery of Charles Sachs on the south side of the city. No arrests were made.

Observe Post Riley's Birthday.

Indianapolis, Ind.—The first general observance of James Whitcomb Riley's birthday anniversary was held Friday in every Indiana school. In recognition of the honor, the "Hoosier poet" issued greetings to his children friends.

In Hands of Women.

Topeka, Kan.—The entire administration of unwell. Kan., in the hands of women appears now to be the plan of Mrs. Ella Wilson, mayor of the town.

To Testify in N'Namara Case.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Word was received here that W. E. Griffin, chief of police of Kansas City, would be a witness in the trial of the McNamara brothers, alleged dynamiters, whose case comes up on the 16th, after month of delay.

Commission Has Jurisdiction.

Washington.—The new United States commerce court made a decision that the Interstate Commerce commission has jurisdiction over street railways in interstate business.

NEBRASKA IN BRIEF.

News Notes of Interest from Various Sections.

The Beatrice board of education has appropriated the sum of \$100 as preliminary expenses toward the installation of a public playground for the children of Beatrice.

The broom factory at Deshler is installing a set of platform scales and a power elevator. The larger amount of broom corn now required by the factory made this step necessary.

Gustav Anderson, United States commissioner at Omaha, of national prominence in Masonry and a pioneer resident of that city, died suddenly in the Union station at Chicago.

The many friends and pupils of the Beaver City schools gave a reception for Prof. and Mrs. W. T. Davis, who leave for their new home at McCook, Mr. Davis having been elected superintendent of schools at that place.

The bell from the old school house at Deshler has been rescued from the scrap pile and placed on a tower by the new high school building. It now calls the children to school in the same tones that it called their fathers and mothers before them.

The average salary of Pierce high school teachers in schools on the university accredited list is \$68 per month. The average salary of the thirty-seven graduated class 1911 of the Peru normal who hold high school positions is \$74 per month.

The new Christian church at Humboldt, which has been under construction during the spring and summer, is nearing completion. The building is of prepossessive appearance and is a model for comfort, beauty and convenience.

A sheriff from South Dakota was in Arapahoe in pursuit of two men who committed a murder there a few weeks ago. Parties answering the description were there several days trying to sell some horses. They passed on south, giving out the statement that they were going to Kansas.

John Derr, former Fremont, has refused to accept the nomination for mayor of St. Luke. Mr. Derr explained to the business men's committee of the state board that he is unable to consider running for the office although his election seemed certain.

Five boys escaped from the Kearney industrial school according to a report made by Superintendent C. B. Manuel. One of the trustees was a doorkeeper. He fled and let four of the boys were captured at Pleasanton, twenty miles north, the next day. They had tramped all night.

The other two have not been found. Joe Nisley, a young man 25 years of age, had a narrow escape from drowning at Livingston. He and his two brothers were dipping hogs on their farm south of Lexington. His brothers went to a melon patch and when they returned found Joe in the dipping tank unconscious. The tank was full of dip. Two doctors were called and pumped over a quart of dip from him. Doctors say there is a good chance for his recovery.

Twenty or more officers of the different associations comprising the association, known as organized agriculture, met at the Lincoln office of Secretary Mellor of the state board of agriculture and selected an executive committee which will prepare a program and make arrangements for the annual meeting of the association in Lincoln, beginning January 15.

Amos S. Eager is the first man in Lancaster county to register the name of his farm home. Mr. Eager is the owner of an eighty-acre homestead in Rock Creek precinct and he has christened it "Spring Grove."

Last week he registered this name in the office of the county clerk, in pursuance of a law enacted by the last legislature. No other person in the county can now call his or her home Spring Grove.

Three national banks in Lincoln are to be depositories for postal savings bank funds according to information received from the postoffice department. Notices relative to the amount of bonds required to guarantee the deposits were received by the First National and the National Bank of Commerce and the City National expects a similar notification within a few days. The Central National did not apply for the deposits.

The South Omaha live stock market broke all records for the month of September, with total receipts for the month of September at the close of business September 29, 1911, of 615,088 head, as compared to September, 1910, the previous record September, with 618,723, an increase of 1,365 head. October, 1910, was the heaviest month in the matter of sheep receipts in the history of the market, with a total of 647,752 head, so that it will be seen that in the month of September, 1911, receipts of sheep only lacked 22,664 of equalling the largest receipts for any one month in the history of the South Omaha stock yards.

Conductor McGregor, who was with the Burlington railway for over twenty years and went to New Mexico because of his health and took to raising Angora goats, is back to Nebraska City because the altitude was too high and his health was failing.

Comparatively little fruit has been put up by Fremont housewives this season, due to the high price of sugar, say dealers. Against nineteen cases of peaches sold in Fremont in the fall of 1910, when prices identical with those charged this season prevailed, only six cases were sold in 1911.

Efforts of the Lincoln Commercial club to secure relief from discriminatory rates in favor of Omaha on shipments of cotton and cotton hives from the southern states have brought favorable results from the Rock Island and promises of still further adjustment in the future.

Marcus Sichel, while hunting on the bottom east of Nebraska City, shot and killed a large gray eagle that measured twelve feet from tip to tip of wings. This is the first eagle that has been killed or seen in that part of the valley for the past twenty years.

MUNYON PREACHES HOPE PHILOSOPHY

New Association Gaining Many Members.

FAITH'S CURATIVE POWER

NOTED HEALTH EXPERT GIVES REASON FOR BIG SUCCESS IN MEDICINE

Tremendous success has attended the organization of the new Munyon "Health Cult." Professor Munyon claims that he has secured more converts than he even anticipated, and says that the "Health Cult" is growing in leaps and bounds. It is said that the total membership of the association throughout the United States is now well over the half million mark.

In a statement for publication Prof. Munyon said: "I want to talk to every sick, ailing and despondent person in this city. I want to preach my new creed to them. I have secured more converts than he even anticipated, and says that the 'Health Cult' is growing in leaps and bounds. It is said that the total membership of the association throughout the United States is now well over the half million mark.

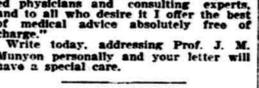
"I want to expound the Great Truth that I have learned that there is more curative power in an ounce of Hope than in pounds of Dope. That sick people should not take medicine except as a medium through which the great curative power of Hope may be made effective. Medicine is necessary in the present state of the world's progress because they give a patient physical support and strength and renewed vigor with which to brace up the will power. One knows, from the action of the proper medicine, that he or she is feeling better by this inspired hope and faith, which complete the cure.

"I think that probably a million persons at least in the United States have declared themselves cured by my medicated pills, and I know that these people have had the best remedies medical science had to offer. They have said that if there is any virtue in medicine my followers should have the best. But I verily believe that more than one-half of those who have been lifted to health from the bondage of chronic illness, through taking my medicine, have been really cured by the knowledge that they had the utmost in medical lore at their command and the Hope of a cure.

"I am not in any sense a practicing physician, and I have no staff of expert physicians and chemists, and I have many other physicians and chemists of the United States detailed to give free advice to the sick and afflicted. My headquarters are at the Laboratories, 533 and Jefferson Sts., Phila., Pa., and I have there a staff of duly registered physicians and consulting experts, and to all who desire it I offer the best of medical advice absolutely free of charge.

Write today, addressing Prof. J. M. Munyon personally, and your letter will have a special care.

WHAT SHE SAID.



The Lover—Den you say dat my sul is in vala?  
The Lass—Not exactly, but I did say if you little, bow-legged, pie-faced mut didn't quit follerin' me around I'd bounce a brick on yer forehead!

RASH ALL OVER BABY'S BODY

Itched So He Could Not Sleep  
"On July 27, 1909, we left Boston for a trip to England and Ireland, taking baby with us. After being in Ireland a few days a nasty rash came out all over his body. We took him to a doctor who gave us medicine for him. The trouble started in the form of a rash and was all over baby's body, head and face, at different times. It irritated, and he would scratch it with all his might. The consequence was it developed into sores, and we were afraid it would leave nasty scars on his face.

"When we reached England we took baby to another doctor, who said his condition was due to change of food and climate, and gave more medicine. The rash got no better, and it used to itch and burn at night so bad that the child could not sleep. He was completely covered with it at different times. It was at this time that my mother advised us to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for about nine months the places disappeared. There are not any scars, or other kind of disfigurement, and baby is completely cured by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. We have no further trouble with baby's skin. Nothing stopped the itching, and allowed baby to sleep but Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment." (Signed) Mrs. Margaret Gunn, 29 Burrell St., Roxbury, Mass., March 12, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to Cuticura, Dept. 14 K, Boston.

Laughing Down a Whim.

"The bluff, caustic optimism of Senator Frye," said a Lewiston divine, "could not brook a whiner. Once at a dinner here in Lewiston a whiner seated opposite Senator Frye said dolefully: 'I have only one friend on earth—my dog.' 'Why don't you get another dog?' said Senator Frye.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletchering.

Just for the Summer. The old woman who lived in a shoe explained. "Roomier than summer hotel rooms," she cried.

The Return From Captivity

Lesson Text—Ezra 1:1-11; 2:4-7. Memorize Verses 1-3. Golden Text—"He retaineth not his anger forever, because he delighteth in mercy."—Mic. 7:18.

TIME—Cyrus taken Babylon 539 B. C. Decree of return 520 B. C. First return, under Zerubbabel, 520 B. C.

PLACE—Babylon and vicinity, Jerusalem. And the long journey between. RULERS—Cyrus was king of Babylon, and a large part of the East. Zerubbabel called also Sheshbazzar (Ezra 1:8; 2:2) from Babylon became the ruler of Jerusalem.

MONUMENTS—On stone tablets and cylinders, are written records of these days. The Cyrus Cylinder, found at Babylon in 1879, now in British Museum. The Nabonidus cylinders, in British Museum.

Annals of the return, a proclamation by him, written shortly after his conquest of Babylon.

There were three eras of captivity for the seven of Israel as there were for the eras of return. The first captivity was by Nebuchadnezzar, when Daniel and his friends were carried captive. Seventy years from this brings us to B. C. 536, the time of the completion of the return described in this lesson.

Nebuchadnezzar again captured the city, sent a great amount of treasures from the palace and the temple to Babylon, with 10,000 of the more important of the people. Among these were the prophet Ezekiel and the great-grandfather of Mordecai, Queen Esther's cousin. The third captivity was also by Nebuchadnezzar, who, after a siege of a year and a half, in July, 586, completely destroyed the city and the temple. Seventy years from this time brings us to the completion of the temple, B. C. 515.

The discipline of the exile has accomplished its purpose so far that it is wise and safe to permit a large number to return and renew the ancient nation. It would be useless to bring back to Judea people who would commit the same sins which made the exile necessary and who had not learned to some extent the lessons which their hard discipline was sent to teach.

The power of idolatry was forever broken. They never again yielded to its fascinations. They were taught to set a new value on the filling of all the forms of worship with the spirit of religion. God had allowed even the city which was the type of heaven and the most glorious temple dedicated to his worship to be destroyed when these became a substitute for true religion instead of an aid to it. They were also taught by their absence the value and necessity of religious institutions, of the means of worship, of the Sabbath day.

It led to renewed study of the sacred Scriptures. The exile was the period in which the guardianship, transcription and study of the written Scriptures became the special care of a distinct class, afterwards famous as the great order of the scribes. It led, also, to the establishment of the synagogue for social worship and reading of the Scriptures, with its accompanying schools. To this period and that of the return belong the authority of some of the noblest and highest religious literature.

The captivity served as a missionary scheme to spread the knowledge of God over the world. It was an aid in preparing the world for the coming of the Lord Jesus Christ and for the spread of the gospel by the apostles. Thus there was the promised land, the homeland the center of religious life, and the dispersion as an agency in every country of the known world.

The journey home and the whole movement may be made most real to all, and especially to children, by tracing the journey on the map. Note the great rivers to be crossed through bridges, the desert lands, the savage tribes, the countries of their old enemies, the rugged mountains to be traversed, hunger, thirst and pain, the long weary months of travel on foot, and the desolate city and devastated homes at the end of their journey.

If we may trust later traditions, the setting out of the "captivity" for Palestine was joyous in the extreme. An escort of 1,000 cavalry accompanied them, for protection against the desert Arabs, then as now given to plunder, and they started to the music of tabrets and flutes. Forth from the gates of Babylon they rode, to the sound of joyous music—a band of horsemen playing on flutes and tabrets, accompanied by their own 200 minstrel slaves and 128 singers of the temple, responding to the prophet's voice, as they quitted the shade of the gigantic walls and found themselves in the open desert beyond. "Go ye out of Babylon. Flee from the Chaldeans, with a voice of singing declare ye, tell this, utter it even to the end of the earth; say ye, The Eternal hath redeemed his servant Jacob." It was like the procession of the vestal virgins, with the sacred fire in their hands, in their retreat from Rome; like Aeneas with his household gods from Troy.

For all who have gone into the captivity of sin there is a call to repent and return to the Father's house. A book has lately been published giving the stories of Twice-born men. The trials and sorrows and pains in the service of sin are meant to make us weary of that service and lead us to repent and return to God. Some one writes: "If it were not for the slough of despond and other hindrances by the way, the kingdom of heaven might be full of persons unqualified for citizenship therein."

The sins that led to the exile were not a fall upward. The fall into sin is never a fall upward. The man who throws away the "gold, silver and precious stones of life" for the "wood, hay and stubble," may be saved, but "so as by fire," a fire that burns up the little gains of sin. There is great joy in returning from captivity of sin, not only the joy of the returning wanderer, but the joy of the angels who know how great beyond conception is the blessing of the return.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Will purify your blood, clear your complexion, restore your appetite, relieve your tired feeling, build you up. It leads all other medicines in merit.