

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Peoria, Ill.—"I wish to let every one know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Remedies have done for me. For two years I suffered. The doctors said I had tumors, and the only remedy was the surgeon's knife. My mother bought me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am a healthy woman. For months I suffered from inflammation and your Remedies have cured me. Your Liver Pills have no equal as a cathartic. Any one wishing proof of what your medicines have done for me can get it from any druggist or by writing to me. You can use my testimonial in any way you wish, and I will be glad to answer letters."—Mrs. CHRISTINA BEED, 106 Mount St., Peoria, Ill.

Another Operation Avoided.
New Orleans, La.—"For years I suffered from severe female troubles. Finally I was confined to my bed and the doctor said an operation was necessary. I gave Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and was saved from an operation."—Mrs. LIZZIE HENNING, 1311 Berkeley St., New Orleans, La.

The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly coming to us proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remarkable remedy for those distressing feminine ailments from which so many women suffer.

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

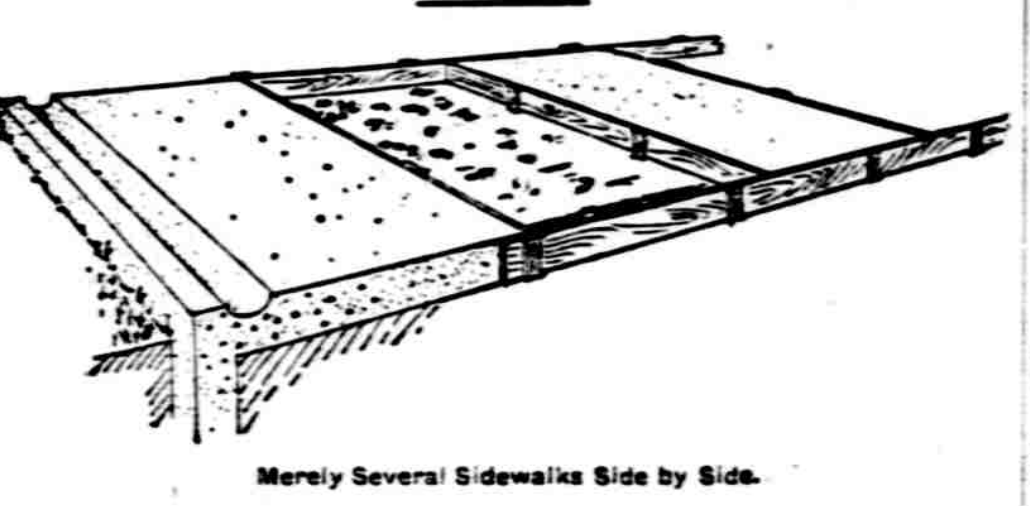


Mange has many causes.
For market grow the field beans.
Milk quietly, quickly, cleanly and thoroughly.
Take no chances with an old boar; always keep behind him.
A hen has the ability to reproduce herself over many times in a year.
Of all chick troubles bowel complaints are the hardest to cope with.
Cattle, horses, hogs and sheep grow nights and Sundays, every day in the year.
Don't feed the little chicks more than they will eat up clean in five minutes.
Stable manure contains much vegetable matter and this adds humus to the soil.
Frameworts are good rustlers, very prolific, and the meat is of the highest quality.
Brush the udder and surrounding parts just before milking and wipe them with a clean damp cloth.
Most varieties of pears should be picked when mature but not ripe, and ripened in a cool, dark place.
A woman who makes a success of poultry raising has the heart of the man who makes a failure of farming.
There is no other part of the farm from which so much is expected or which is more neglected than the pasture.
Duck eggs do not hatch as well if they need to be washed. Therefore keep the duck pen bedded with clean litter.
Too heavy feeding clogs the appetite and too slight feeding makes the pig investigate the weak points in the fence.
The poultry raiser is now finding out that the early hatched chicks are more vigorous and profitable than the late hatches.
We cannot market our corn stalks and hay in different cities, but we can supply the world with meat and stock products.
Horse treatment of a broody hen must cure her of a desire to sit, but to make her sit the hen. Gentle measures are better.
No goat should be called a milk cow that does not give an average of at least one quart of milk per day for four months after kidding.
The poultry raiser who is too lazy to keep his poultry house absolutely free from vermin does not deserve success nor will he have it.
Farmers are beginning to find out that chickens pay better on an average than farming, as the chicks will grow whether it rains or shines.
It is not always possible to regulate the price for which milk or butter will sell, but it is possible to control the cost to a certain extent.
Medium-sized hogs are now most in favor. It is best to feed hogs for only eight or ten months. After they are a year old the feeding is not profitable.
When the horses rub their tails it is sometimes a sign of worms. To effect a remedy feed equal parts of salt and wood ashes every day for a week.
Promptly remove any animal not in good health and reject her milk. Never add an animal to your herd that is not perfectly vigorous and healthy.
When butter is gathered in the cream in granular form it is never overworked. Working out buttermilk and working in salt is where the overworking is done.
Kaffir corn is becoming very popular as a poultry feed. In feeding value it is similar to corn. Consequently it should not be used as a single feed except for fattening.
The danger in feeding turkeys is that too much food will be given and eaten. The secret of success in raising poultry, as to feed, is to keep them always somewhat hungry.
Sweet the cockerels as soon as possible, then select the strongest of these as the cockers, half the hen in vigor anyway. The molting bird will show its weakness then.
Take a day or two if necessary to walk the fowls with hatchet and pocket full of nails. When the grass comes the animals become restless and will quickly find the weak spots.
Do not close a can containing warm milk which has not been aerated. Aerate and cool the milk as soon as strained. If the cover is left off of the can a piece of cheese cloth or mosquito netting should be spread over it to exclude insects. Always keep the can in a clean place where there is pure air, as milk readily absorbs bad odors.

Drawn the rats and mice.
Silage is convenient for feeding.
The silo helps dispose of the hired man problem.
Keep the stables clean, well vented, lighted and drained.
A warm, dry nest is the best place you can provide for the brood sow.
Milk fever is invariably confined to the improved and high producing cows.
The silage that is left in the silo will come handy before the summer is over.
Do not permit your chicks to go into the cold, wet grass in the early mornings.
By judicious planting a fine supply of onions may be secured throughout the season.
Included in the long list of feeds available for the farm stock, grass has no equal.
Rub off the water spouts of a tree as soon as they appear. You can do it with your fingers.
A \$10 rooster is generally cheaper than a \$2 one. The good blood will tell the second year.
Pigs that are apt to have "differences of opinion" should be separated. Fighting takes off flesh.
Oyster shell is absolutely the best shell-making food for the hens. Keep it before them constantly.
Don't plant any flowers in straight rows except hollyhocks or sun flowers, or plants for borders.
For family eating plant the white pole cherry beans among the sweet corn at first or second hoeing.
If you think of setting out an orchard and have had no experience, better hire a man to show you how.
Roosts or perches should not be more than two feet above the ground and one should not be higher than another.
Newly broken colts should not be worked too hard. They are apt to overstrain themselves and be injured for life.
A halcyon horse is made so by a cranky or cruel driver, and can rarely be cured. So be very careful in breaking the colts.
Many farmers who keep cows lose a large share of the profit because the milk is not produced and handled in the best way.
Live stock husbandry gives us year around employment, converting idle time during the winter season into profitable labor.
Watch for cabbage bugs and cabbage worms. These insects usually cause trouble when the weather gets dry and food is scarce.
Whether the season is wet or dry or the land rich or poor, thorough cultivation is the chief "secret" in having a successful garden.
The brood sow that is kept upon pasture with a little supplementary protein food stands the best chance of making the biggest profit.
The chook is akin to the turnip and cabbage. You must see that the roots are well in the ground, but need not be so particular about the bulb.
The good dairy cow has a capacity for a tremendous amount of feed and this feed must be furnished her if she is going to yield the best returns.
The really successful farmer is the man who solves the problem of labor. It is well nigh impossible to get help at once competent and intelligent.
Chicks that are sheltered from the weather and given plenty of good water will find much of their feed, and prove the most profitable crop on the farm.
In selecting a ram always pick one that stands square on his legs, shows courage and masculinity. A slow poky animal will prove a disappointment.
Remove the milk at once from the stable to a clean, dry place, where the air is pure and sweet. Do not allow cans to remain in stables while they are being filled.
A New Zealand dairy report says that an acre of pasture on the island of New Zealand returns all the way from \$15 to \$45 per acre when sold in the form of butter fat.
Everything should be kept as clean on the little chicks' feeding floors as if it is on the floor of the kitchen. If it is done the little birds will never have gapes or many of the chick diseases.
In order to have a good road it is just as necessary that water should be allowed to attack the substructure from below as that it should not be permitted to percolate through it from above.
Young turkeys in the fall should be allowed to forage daily. They thus thrive better, are more vigorous and when fattened quickly are much more tender and of finer flavor than if confined to a small area.
The importance of a proper place to keep milk this warm weather is imperative. It should be free from odor. There is no article of food that should be handled with such great care. There are but few who would be willing to keep bread and other food in places that are provided for milk, yet we know of no article of food that is so easily contaminated.

MANY ADVANTAGES OF USING CONCRETE FOR FEEDING FLOOR

Material Is Ideal As It Not Only Effects Saving in Feed Shortening in Time of Fattening and Decrease in Labor, But Also Affords Protection to Health of Animal—Keeps Out Rats.



Merely Several Sidewalks Side by Side.

Every stockman and farmer knows the advantages of some sort of feeding floor, writes Percy H. Wilson in the Prairie Farmer. Wooden floors are all right for a short time, but they soon become rotten and infested with disease germs.
In concrete the farmer has found an ideal floor material. Such floors not only affect a saving in feed, a shortening in the time of fattening and a decrease in labor, but also afford perfect protection to the health of the animal. Concrete floors do not soak up water and therefore cannot become infested with disease germs. Their surfaces can be easily cleaned and thoroughly disinfected with oils and dips. Rats cannot nest under them. Careful tests have shown that concrete floors, through the saving of grain and manure alone, pay for themselves in the short period of one year.
Feeding floors are merely several sidewalks laid side by side, and the same general rules of construction apply to them. Choose a site in the lot where the ground is sloping, well drained and well-protected and convenient to feed and water.
Excavate to a depth of 12 inches for the drainage foundation, and around the outside edges of the entire floor dig a trench 12 inches wide and 18 inches deep. This trench, filled with concrete, prevents hog wallows from undermining the floor and keeps the rats from nesting under it. Fill all of this space (except the trench) to the natural ground level with well tamped coarse gravel, crushed rock, the culls of brickbats. This fill forms the drainage foundation as for sidewalks.
The floor must be graded or sloped so that water will not collect on it in the winter and so that the manure washings may be caught by the gutters and run to the waterless manure pit. To shape the gutter, make a mold or template by rounding the corners on the flat side of a six-foot length of four by six-inch timber. A gentle slope toward the lower corner of one-sixth to one-fourth inch for each foot of length or width is sufficient. This is secured by the use of a heavy grade stake

SHE WANTED FULL WEIGHT.



Butcher—Haven't seen you in my shop lately, ma'am. I hope you haven't stopped trading with me entirely.
Mrs. Hunt—Yes, entirely, sir. I'm a woman that doesn't believe in half-weight measures.

BABY'S HAIR ALL CAME OUT

"When my first baby was six months old he broke out on his head with little bumps. They would dry up and leave a scale. Then it would break out again and it spread all over his head. All the hair came out and his head was scaly all over. Then his face broke out all over in red bumps and it kept spreading until it was on his hands and arms. I bought several boxes of ointment, gave him blood medicine, and had two doctors to treat him, but he got worse all the time. He had it about six months when a friend told me about Cuticura. I sent and got a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. In three days after using them he began to improve. He began to take long naps and to stop scratching his head. After taking two bottles of Resolvent, two boxes of Ointment and three cakes of Soap he was sound and well, and never had any breaking out of any kind. His hair came out in little curls all over his head. I don't think anything else would have cured him except Cuticura."
"I have bought Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap several times since to use for cuts and sores and have never known them to fail to cure what I put them on. Cuticura Soap is the best that I have ever used for toilet purposes." (Signed) Mrs. F. E. Harmon, E. F. D. 2, Atoka, Tenn., Sept. 20, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 25-page book will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 14 L, Boston.
Generous.
"Was he generous when a boy at school?"
"Yes; he always let his schoolmates take his share of the punishment."—Judge.
Cole's Carbolive quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25¢ and 50¢ by druggist. For free samples, write to W. W. Snow & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

His Prescription.
A young doctor wishing to engage the company of a young lady for a buggy ride, sent the following prescription:
One buggy, one horse, one good road, one doctor. Take from 3 p. m. on.—Judge.

DISTEMPER
In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 800,000 bottles sold last year. \$3.00 and \$1.00. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturer, Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spohn, Contagious Diseases, Gothen, Ind.

As Willie Saw It.
Ma—is the clock running, Willie?
Willie—No, ma, it's just standing still and wagging its tail.—Judge.
Beautiful Post Cards Free.
Send a stamp for five samples of our very best Gold Embossed Birthday, Flower and Month Post Cards, beautiful colors and lowest designs. Art Post Card Club, 22 Jackson St., Topeka, Kan.

You can't tell the age of a saw by looking at its teeth.
Smokers like Lewis' Single Binder cigar for its rich mellow quality.
More people would succeed if more would try.

FREEDOM FROM COLDS & HEADACHES
INDIGESTION & SOUP STOMACH
BILIOUSNESS & CONSTIPATION
and other ills, due to an inactive condition of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, may be obtained most pleasantly and most promptly by using Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. It is not a new and untried remedy, but is used by millions of well-informed families throughout the world to cleanse and soothe and strengthen the system whenever a laxative remedy is needed.
When buying note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co., printed on every package of the genuine.
Regular price 50¢ per bot., one size only. For sale by all leading druggists.
THE ORIGINAL MANUFACTURERS
SYRUP OF FIGS ELIXIR OF SENNA
MANUFACTURED BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
Wm. E. Collinsworth, Wash. D.C. Sole U.S. Agent.
W. N. U., OMAHA, NO. 31-1911.

TOO HARD WORK.



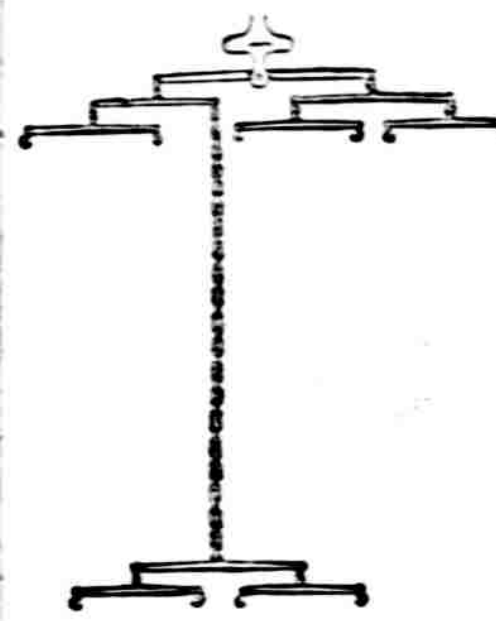
"You are charged with having four wives living."
"Well, I don't know whether they are all living or not, judge, I can't keep track of them all."
A Hard-Worked Man.
Perhaps we do not realize it, but the president of the United States is one of the hardest worked men in the republic. The head of a big corporation, or a man of business, can slip away to Europe and the continent will run itself until he returns, but the president, surrounded as he is by a corps of variable assistants and advisers, must be on the job practically every day in the year.
Today William H. Taft is the busiest official who sits in a high electric rocking chair. A governor can get away from official cares—although his pay may be docked if he stays away too long—but the president must get his vacation in dribs and drabs. His vacations consist of fifteen-minute intervals in which nobody actually is waiting to see him.
His Thoughtful Wife.
"I hate to boast," said a Cleveland lawyer, "but my wife is one of the most economical women in the world. The other day she told me she needed a new suit. I said she ought to have it by all means, but asked her not to spend a big bunch of money without letting me see about it. Well, the next day she said, 'The tailor said he couldn't make the suit for less than \$100.' I thought it was too much, but told him to go ahead."
"When I suppose it is all right, I said, 'but why didn't you consult me?'"
"Why, dearie, I didn't want to spend my face for two suits."
"I tell you, it's these little economies that count, eh?"

GOOD QUALITIES OF PURE-BREDS

Value of Hogs Depends Largely on Care and Attention Given Them—More Uniform in Color Style and Finish.
By E. E. ANKLINE, Missouri.
The value of pure-bred hogs depends largely on the care and attention given them. Care and attention pay well when given to any kind of live stock, and if we have pure-breds we naturally feel more interest in them and will take better care of them than if they were grades of inferior quality.
Pure-breds breed evenly, are more uniform in color, have more style and finish. They feed quicker, mature or develop earlier with less fat than most grades. This makes them more profitable for the farmer and feeder to grow and feed and of course they are better sellers.
As a breeder for more than twenty years, I have found that it pays to breed pure-breds and as a farmer and feeder for over thirty years I know it pays well to raise the best for feeding purposes.
A car load of pure-breds of any breed of a uniform style and color will always command a premium on the market. Pure-bred dams are generally of a quiet and gentle disposition and can be easily handled at farrowing time, which is a great help in saving litters, especially when farrowed in bad weather, in winter or early spring, when it is very essential that the young pigs be locked off.
Pure-breds of the best quality are ready for market at any age. A pure-bred of from 100 to 150 pounds will often sell for more per pound than a heavier and older hog.
If disease should get in your feed lot or even in your immediate neighborhood your pure-breds are ready to go to market at any age and they will always sell higher than grades of any breed of same weight.
It pays well to breed, feed and sell pure-breds of the very best quality of any breed in preference to grades.

SUPERIOR FIVE HORSE EVENER

Animals Work Two Against One and Three Against Two, Which Is Better Than Four Against One.
The illustration given herewith shows an excellent five-horse evener. As will be seen, the horses are working two against one and three against two, which is much better than four against one. In the latter case the single horse has a snap unless it is hooked several inches. This evener works well on a sulky.



Five Horse Evener.

LUCKY MISTAKE.

Greer Sent Pig of Postum and Opened the Eyes of the Family.
A lady writes from Brookline, Mass.: "A package of Postum was sent me one day by mistake.
"I opened the greer, but finding that there was no coffee for breakfast next morning I prepared some of the Postum, following the directions very carefully.
"It was an immediate success in my family, and from that day we have used it constantly, parents and children, too—for my three rosy youngsters are allowed to drink it freely at breakfast and luncheon. They think it delicious, and I would have a mutiny on my hands should I omit the beloved beverage.
"My husband used to have a very delicate stomach, and we were using coffee, but to our surprise the stomach has grown strong and endures well since we quit coffee and have been on Postum.
"Noting the good effects in my family I wrote to my sister, who was a coffee taker, and after much persuasion got her to try Postum.
"She was prejudiced against it at first, but when she presently found that all the ailments that coffee gave her left and she got well quickly she became and remains a thorough and enthusiastic Postum convert.
"Her nerves, which had become shattered by the use of coffee have grown healthy again, and today she is a new woman, thanks to Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich., and the "cause why" will be found in the great little book, "The Road to Wellville," which comes in PKs.
"Ever read the above letter? A new use appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest."

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of
Dr. J. C. Hutchins
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assisting the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN.
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Beware of Imitations.
Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.
Fac-Simile Signature of
Dr. J. C. Hutchins
THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK.
At 6 months old 35 DROPS 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Law.
Best Copy of Wrapper.

EVERY FARMER CAN NOW HAVE ELECTRIC LIGHT and POWER
Think of the convenience of having a bright, safe light in any room of the house or at any point in the barn or out buildings that can be turned on at any moment of the night. It does away with all fire risk of lamps, lanterns and matches.
Western Electric
Rural Electric Generating Outfits
give the farmer all the advantages of electric lighting, and also furnish power for sawing wood, shredding fodder, grinding feed, winnowing grain, turning the cream separator, etc.
Both the cost of the plant and operating cost are surprisingly low.
Write us for particulars
Western Electric Co.
OMAHA, NEBRASKA