

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAYS' EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

As the result of an unfavorable report to the state department on conditions in Mexico close to the Arizona border, the war department ordered the four troops of cavalry at Nogales to remain there until the situation clears.

The expected hearing on second class mail matter before the commission appointed by President Taft was adjourned until August 1, to permit the postoffice department to prepare evidence that will then be introduced as the basis of the inquiry.

Senator Warren, chairman of the senate appropriations committee and former chairman of military affairs, predicted after a talk with President Taft at the White House that artillerymen to man the fortifications on the Panama canal zone would be sent South within a year.

A gun that will carry its projectile clear out of sight is the type that is to be placed in the turrets of the new battleships of the New York type. One of these guns has been made at the Washington factory and a dozen others are to follow as rapidly as the great lathes can turn them out.

The war department is searching the country for suitable young college graduates to join the Philippine constabulary as third lieutenants. Married men will be discriminated against. The salary is \$1,200 a year. There are several vacancies and appointment is secureable through a recommendation from the candidates' alma mater.

A favorable report on the resolution of Representative Dent of Alabama, arraigning the state department emergency account methods and recommending the dismissal of Consul General W. H. Michael at Calcutta and Disbursing Officer Thomas Morrison, of the department, was adopted by the house committee on state department expenditures.

General.

Senator Smoot has proposed a substitute for the wool revision bill of the house.

The southern section of Haiti has been drained of troops for the campaign in the north.

The story of Edward Hines' activity in the election of Lorimer was retold at the senate inquiry.

At Washington J. B. Johnson of New York, recently appointed solicitor of the navy department, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

There will be no consideration of pension legislation at this session of congress. This notice was served on the house by Democratic Leader Underwood.

The Portuguese minister of finance asked the cortes for credits of \$1,500,000 for the national defense and \$500,000 for the work of foreign office.

The house bill amending the tariff law to permit the return free of duty of domestic animals temporarily exported including pet dogs, was favorably reported to the senate by the committee on finance.

The investigation into the affairs of the American Smelting and Refining company, to determine whether the so-called "smelter trust" is in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, has been dropped.

To aid the women of California who hope to win when the issue of suffrage for women is presented to the voters there on October 10, it has been decided that New York women suffragists shall observe a week's fast next month.

Announcement was made by the Department of Justice that the government had recovered \$75,000 from John F. Gaynor and Benjamin D. Greene, the contractors who were convicted of frauds with Captain Oberlin M. Cater in the Savannah harbor contracts several years ago.

James H. Wilkerson, special counsel for the United States government in all the important trust cases that have been heard in the Chicago district in the last few years, and expected successor to United States District Attorney Sims, declared that the only good trust was a dead one.

The Belgian aviator, Olesiegers, in a monoplane, made a flight of 626 kilometers (388 miles).

Mrs. Morgan J. Goldsmith of Clinton Place, the Bronx, New York, was killed in an automobile accident near Cape May, N. J.

Government control of corporations would be dangerous, said John E. Parsons, former sugar trust counsel. Representative Kinkaid introduced a bill having as its purpose granting authority and money to the secretary of the interior to conserve flood waters in reserves and in Indian reservations.

Ratification of the treaty of commerce and shipping between Germany and Japan, with a customs agreement, which was signed June 24, were exchanged at Tokyo, according to official advices. The treaty will go in force on July 17.

Beginning his speech against the reciprocity bill, Senator La Follette bitterly attacked President Taft.

More than 1,200 horses died from the heat in New York city during 11 days. One packing company suffered a loss of \$70,000 in horse flesh and another corporation met with a loss of \$40,000. The total loss is set at \$200,000.

Announcement is made that there is soon to be an advance in sugar prices.

Union and confederate soldiers met on the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Bull Run and held a jubilee.

The census bureau says farm lands have more than doubled in value in the last ten years.

Three of four men accused of holding up a passenger train in North Dakota were captured by detectives.

Labor leaders, alleged to be in contempt, have refused to tender an apology to Justice Wright at Washington.

The New York state legislature, which has been in continuous session since January 1, will take a recess until September 6.

New York city was overcharged \$17,830 for the fire works with which it celebrated July 4, according to a report made to Mayor Gaynor.

Representative Burke of South Dakota was elected a member of the house committee on expenditures in the interior department.

The public health is watching closely the appearance of cholera in New York and is co-operating in every way with the health authorities of that state.

Several cases of cholera have been discovered among the crew of the German steamer Hispania, which arrived at Mahan, Spain, from Italian ports.

The department of agriculture crop report showing the condition of the principal crops on August 1, will be issued at 2:15 p. m. Wednesday August 5.

By the accounting of the executors of the estate of the late Mark Twain, accepted by the probate court, the inheritance tax to be paid the state amounts to \$5,167.01.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has designated the main postoffices in New York, Chicago, Boston and St. Louis as postal savings depositories. They will begin to receive deposits on August 1.

President Simon of Haiti appears doomed to follow President Diaz of Mexico, and to give way to another revolutionary government, according to advices reaching Washington.

The city council of Bontam, Tex., has passed an ordinance providing that no one may sell peanuts on the streets of Bonham until he has suffered the amputation of both legs.

A sub-committee of five members of the senate committee on privileges and elections will determine whether the changes affecting the election of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin shall be investigated by the senate.

The postoffice at Troy, Kan., ten miles from St. Joseph, Mo., across the Missouri river, was broken into, the safe blown open and \$115 in silver taken. The robbers overlooked a roll of bills amounting to \$300 which was in a small box in the safe.

Louis D. Brandeis, of Boston, who participated as counsel in the Ballinger-Pinchot case and other congressional inquiries, has been chosen to act as counsel for the house committee investigating Controller Bay. Alaska, land claims.

Daniel W. Wilder, author, and a well known pioneer Kansas editor and politician, died at his home in Hiawatha as a result of injuries sustained when he walked out of the window of his bed room, mistaking the window for a door.

F. G. Lewis, president of the Lewis Publishing company of St. Louis, testified before the house committee on expenditures in the postoffice department that whereas a few years ago he was worth \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 he was compelled to borrow money to come to Washington to appear as a witness.

Assistant State's Attorney's Marshall and Arnold, of Illinois, were summoned to appear in Washington on Monday before the senate committee which is investigating the election of Senator William Lorimer. The prosecutors sought indictments against State Representative Lee O'Neil Browne in connection with the Lorimer scandal.

Attorney General Wickersham has decided that it is not unlawful for the United States to deal with the corporations recently declared by the supreme court of the United States to be illegal combinations.

On the eve of her departure for Newport to spend the coming six weeks, Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont was given a reception by the pupils of her Brookholt school of agriculture of Hempstead, L. I., better known as the "suffragette farm." Resolutions in honor of Mrs. Belmont's work were presented.

Personal.

There is talk that James R. Garfield will be presidential candidate of republican "insurgents."

President de la Barra is charged with responsibility for the recent outbreak at Puebla, Mexico.

John D. Rockefeller claims that his tax valuation of \$1,250,000 is too high. Real estate men selected Louisville as the place for their next meeting.

The wife of D. H. Thompson, former ambassador to Mexico from Nebraska, died recently.

Revolutionists have captured Cape Haitien and American residents are without protection.

PASSES THE SENATE

RECIPROCITY MEASURE GOES THROUGH UPPER HOUSE.

JUST AS FIRST PRESENTED

All Attempts to Amend Fail, Efforts of La Follette and Others Being of No Avail.

Washington.—The senate on Saturday by a vote of 53 to 27 passed the Canadian reciprocity pact as it came from the house of representatives without the extra dotting of an "i" or the crossing of a "t."

An analysis of the vote showed that twenty-four republicans voted against the bill and twenty-one in favor of it, while three democrats voted against and thirty-two in favor.

The senators absent were: Dupont, Delaware; Frye, Maine; Gallinger, New Hampshire; Lea, Tennessee; Percy, Mississippi; Rayner Maryland; Tillman, South Carolina.

The senators who were present but did not vote, being paired with absent senators, were: Dillingham, Vermont; Sutherland, Utah; Thornton, Louisiana.

There are two senate vacancies—from Georgia (due to the resignation of Senator Terrell) and Colorado.

Had the house been in session when the final vote was taken, the action could have been messaged to the house and if the proper service could have been had the president might have had the bill for his signature before leaving for Beverly, but the house not being in session, it was impossible to officially advise the lower body of congress of the action of the upper branch, and president until sometime next Wednesday.

To the president it is not a matter of the few days, for Canada will be advised of the passage of the Canadian pact through the press dispatches, and redoubled efforts on the part of Premier Laurier and the Canadian administration forces will at once be made to secure its ratification by the Dominion Parliament.

Preceding the final vote, votes were taken on the La Follette amendments, which were desired by certain factions, but as those in charge of the reciprocity bill had fully made up their minds to keep it within the recommendations of the president, the amendments were defeated by decisive majorities.

On the cotton schedule presented by La Follette, Brown, Kenyon and Cummins voted yes, Hitchcock voting nay. Crawford of South Dakota voted with the progressives, while Gamble voted no, the schedule being beaten by the vote of 63 to 15.

On the wool pulp schedule, Brown, Cummins, Kenyon and Crawford voted aye, while Hitchcock and Gamble cast their votes with the majority, this amendment being defeated by the vote of 7 to 11.

"I am very much gratified and delighted that the bill is passed," said the president after the vote. "It indicates the increase of mutually beneficial relations between Canada and this country." The president received many congratulations and in reply to these he declared he was getting entirely too much credit out of the matter.

Eastern Kansas is Soaked.—Topeka, Kas.—Tastern Kansas on Saturday received the heaviest rain recorded here in two years, the precipitation here measuring 2.85 inches.

Vote On Prohibition.—Dallas, Tex.—The Dallas News returns from Saturday's statewide prohibition elections up to midnight give a majority of 5,400 against the constitutional amendment.

Higher Salaries for Employees.—Washington.—Postmaster General Hitchcock ordered promotions for post-office clerks and city letter carriers which carry increases in salaries of approximately \$2,000,000 a year. Orders also were issued for promotions in the railway mail service, which will total \$175,000 a year.

Cholera Appears in Boston.—Boston.—Asiatic cholera has reached Boston and caused one death, while two foreign sailors who are believed to have brought the disease here, after being ill, disappeared and their whereabouts is unknown, according to a statement given out by the Boston Board of Health. The victim was Mrs. Tamassino Mastoridenico, who died Thursday. She took into her home as lodgers a few weeks ago two sailors, who are said to have come from an Italian port. The sailors were ill and afterwards disappeared.

Memorial Day Author/Dead.—Washington.—The woman credited with having first expressed the idea of a general Memorial day, Mrs. Sus Landon Vaughn, is dead here, at the home of the Eastern Star, a Masonic order, on which she was dependent.

Senator Owen Held a Speeder.—Washington.—Senator Owen of Oklahoma was one of eighteen persons arrested in Chevy Chase, Md., charged with speeding automobiles. The defendants put up collateral to insure subsequent appearance.

President on Reciprocity.—Beverly, Mass.—In the first statement he has made since the passage of the reciprocity bill by the senate, President Taft, at the summer White House on Sunday night, freely acknowledged that his long, hard campaign in behalf of that measure would have proved unavailing if the democrats had not helped him. The democrats did not "play politics" in the colloquial sense in which those words are used, said the president, but they followed the dictate of a higher policy.

NEBRASKA IN BRIEF.

News Notes of Interest from Various Sections.

A good rain greatly brightened up corn prospects in Gage county.

G. M. Plumb, of Lincoln, has been appointed bee inspector for Lancaster county by Governor Aldrich.

Miss Rosa Kastel, aged 28, suicided at David City by drinking acid. No cause is assigned for the deed.

I. D. Neifhardt, a veteran of the civil war, was found dead in bed at Seward.

Omaha's inspector of weights and measures is having trouble with ice men who persist in giving short weight.

In some portions of Nebraska there have been heavy rains, while in other sections there has been none at all.

Official notice has just been given that the Nebraska Baptist state convention will be held at York the second week in October.

Earl Gates, a laborer employed on the addition to the Savoy hotel, Lincoln, fell four stories, striking the sidewalk but escaping serious injury.

Governor Aldrich declined to honor the requisition for the return of Peter Peterson, of Tekamah, to Woodbine, Ia., where he is wanted on a charge of bigamy.

Frank Hurmer, an employe of Henry Shafersman, a farmer of northwestern Cuming county, fell from a hay stack and sustained injuries which are feared to be fatal.

Two young men visiting with relatives and friends in Plattsmouth from Kansas City, are charged with taking a horse and buggy belonging to V. V. Leonard and departing for Omaha.

Isaac M. Stevens, of Johnson county, aged 65 years, was kicked in the breast by a horse and instantly killed. With Bert Grady he had gone to the pasture near town, to catch a horse. Stevens went up back of the animal.

During an electrical storm Mr. and Mrs. Frank Morton, of Custer county, were knocked down by an electric shock. Mrs. Norton was thrown against a chicken coop. Mr. Norton was working with a horse and both were knocked down.

The business men of Havelock expect to arrange for a gala day to celebrate the completion of the new city water plant some time in August. The date has not been decided upon.

Theodore Warstedt, a tinner employed in Mayor John Friday's store at Norfolk, stepped backwards off a housetop and fell to the ground, breaking his back and fracturing his skull and four ribs.

The night guard at the county court house and jail in Valentine has been increased owing to an alleged plot on foot to release the four prisoners, the Weed brothers, and Heath and Murphy, who are held for the lynching of Sellers.

The cloudburst at Comstock did considerable damage to small bridges and drowned a number of chickens and young hogs. Cornfields were injured by hail. Six inches of rain fell in a short time in Comstock and cellars were flooded, the water running over the sidewalks.

District Judge Troup held a short session of court at Blair between trains and sentenced Herman Perlich, aged 19; Charlie Morgan, 19, and Raymond Holstrom, 18, to serve a term of 18 months each in the penitentiary for robbing the general merchandise store of Floyd VanValin at Herman.

Genevieve Sharkey, the 6-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sharkey, of Lincoln, died as the result of taking headache powders which were believed by the attending physician to have contained coal tar products in sufficient abundance to weaken the girl's heart action.

Water which the state board sought on the grounds of the institute for feeble minded at Beatrice has been found and the new well is being drawn upon at the rate of 900 gallons an hour. The new well was ordered bored because it was reported that the old well was contaminated and was responsible for 23 cases of typhoid fever at the institution.

Omaha note: John Pratt, of Madison, Neb., had a shipment of well fed cattle on yesterday's market that sold for \$6.70, the highest price paid this year. They were sold by the Standard Live Stock Commission company. Mr. Pratt is one of Madison county's prominent German farmers and the price received for his cattle demonstrates that he is a master hand at feeding.

The United States civil service commission announces the following examinations to be held at Lincoln, Norfolk, Grand Island, North Platte and Omaha: August 9, cadet engineers, lighthouse service; August 9, cadet officers, lighthouse service; August 9, laboratory aid, bureau of plant industry, department of agriculture; August 9 and 10, customs, agent, treasury department; August 23 and 24, colorist.

Jimule Ward, riding a Curtiss biplane, became the hero in the first trials of the Hastings aviation meet. He made four successful flights, during which he maintained an average speed of 60 miles an hour, and reached an altitude of 3,500 feet.

Pearl Frampton, a colored man, came to Nebraska City from the country and lay down for a rest on the side of the track. A passing train aroused him and he rose up in time to be struck by the engine and knocked off the rail, but the wheels passed over his right hand and crushed it off.

Preparations are being made at the federal building for housing of the new railway division headquarters, which will come to Omaha on August 1. The second floor has been decided upon as the logical place for the offices.

Sheriff Ryan, from Sidney, Ia., arrived in Valentine to get one Walker Everyham from Sheriff Rosseter of that place. Everyham is wanted on the charge of burglary and was found on Alfred Morris' ranch south of Wood Lake by Sheriff Rosseter and brought to Valentine and put in jail by the Iowa sheriff arrived.

DAIRY



"FLY TIME" AMONG THE COWS

Some Individual Animals Seem to Suffer More Than Others—Various Remedies Suggested.

(By WALTER E. LEUTZ.) Midsummer is known as "fly time" in the dairyman's calendar. The marked falling off in the milk flow of the dairy cows at this season of the year is looked upon as unavoidable, and is attributed by many to the worry of the stock by flies. The failure to provide an abundance of succulent forage to supplement the parched pastures seems a trifling contributory cause of the lessening milk secretion, compared with the activity of the pesky, ubiquitous fly, especially at milking time.

The flies that are most numerous about cattle are known by their common names of the stable fly and the horn fly.

The stable fly resembles the house fly very much in appearance, but differs in having the mouth parts fitted for piercing the skin and sucking the blood of animals. The eggs of the stable fly are usually laid in horse manure, the female laying from 125 to 150 in a season. The period of development from egg to adult fly is about 15 days.

The horn fly is a new pest and was first noticed in this country about 1886. The first appearance of this fly was the cause of considerable alarm among the cattle men, and the experiment stations of the various states were appealed to for information in regard to the origin and life history of this insect and for suggestions as to agencies for repelling it.

The horn fly is a small, gray fly, very much like the house fly, but smaller, measuring about three-sixteenths of an inch in length. They have the strange habit of settling in great numbers about the base of a horn, which they sometimes completely cover, a habit which gives them their common name. They confine their attention to cattle. They burrow in the hair about the shoulder, the roots of the tail and other portions of the body where they are not easily dislodged. The injury done by the horn fly is by stinging, much like the mosquito. By means of a fine lancet they pierce the skin and suck the blood through the tube or sheath.

Some individual animals suffer more than others and dark colored animals more than light colored. These flies follow cattle to the barn at night and remain with them all the time.

Various remedies have been suggested by good authorities.

Destruction of larvae in the droppings by application of lime or the immediate spreading and drying of the same.

Application of tobacco powder to destroy the flies.

Application of one of the following repellents: Ten to fifteen per cent kerosene in water.

Fish oil with small mixture of carbolic acid. Cottonseed oil, two parts and pine tar one part.

Feed Salt to Live Stock

Receptacle Shown in the Illustration is Designed for Use Either in Field or Corral.

The salt receptacle shown in the illustration is designed for use in a field or corral. It affords free access to the stock for obtaining the requisite amount of salt, and at the same time protects the salt from the elements and prevents waste. The opening is protected by a hood which the animal throws open by putting his nose under it and lifting upward. When the nose is withdrawn from the

opening thus made, the hood drops down again by its own weight. A sufficient opening is always left to expose the salt and attract the stock.

Water Hauled to Cows. The usual method of watering in Denmark is to haul the water in a tank on a low-wheeled, one-horse wagon twice a day to the tethered cows. Doors are placed in the top of this tank at either end, and by proceeding directly across the field along the line of tethered cows, stopping the horse midway between the tether stakes, two cows can drink at the same time, making the task of watering easy. Some take the cows to the stable to be milked three times a day, and in this case the watering is done there.

Slovenly Milker. A slovenly milker who milks a dirty cow in a filthy stable should be compelled to drink every drop of milk he draws until he reforms.

Butter for Market. When preparing butter for market always bear in mind that an attractive package will more quickly win a buyer.

Equipment for Dairy Farm. The cream separator, the silo and the manure spreader should find a place in the equipment of every dairy farm.

SAVES MANY VALUABLE COWS

Harness Arrangement Will Prove of Greatest Aid to Animals During Calving Time.

Many valuable cows have been lost by the womb or calf-bed following the calf. In large herds a harness, as shown, will almost always keep in the bed when there is any danger. This must be kept on for 24 hours after calving, after which time there is not much danger. The part under the tail should be extra wide and so arranged that a clean, sanitary cloth can be put next to the cow's skin. A dangerous subject very often, when lying down in the stall before calving,



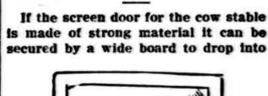
Saves the Cows.

will show an inch or so of the uterus, says a writer in the Country Gentleman. She should be carefully watched at calving, and as soon as she has calved put on the harness, which must be tightly strapped on, and then in an hour or so loosen it up to let away the after-birth or renew the sanitary cloth. It almost always happens that once a cow throws her bed she will do it again. In desperate cases two stitches can be made with a darning needle and fine white tape and left in for two days, giving sloppy drinks with a little opium in them. Raise the cow's hind end higher than her front end with inclined floor.

GOOD STABLE SCREEN DOOR

If Made of Strong Material It Can Be Secured by Wide Board to Drop into Brackets.

If the screen door for the cow stable is made of strong material it can be secured by a wide board to drop into



A Stable Screen Door.

brackets on each side. This protects the door and is easily made at home. One end of the board should be bolted loosely to the barn, so that it may act as a pivot and the boards be raised up when the door is opened.

Food for the Growing Calf. Growing calves should have such food as insures growth. Fat is not needed in the dairy calf. Keep the calves comfortable, summer and winter, and growth will follow as a natural result.

Best Milk Producer. Dairy farmers should not raise or buy timothy hay for cows. Clover or alfalfa is much better as a milk producer.

Hard Butter Without Ice. To keep table butter firm without putting it in the refrigerator set a "trivet" or any other open flat thing with legs in a large saucer. Put the mold of butterballs, or a "pat" or plate of butter, upon the trivet; fill the saucer up with cold water and invert a common clay flowerpot over the butter in such a manner that the edge of the pot shall be within that of the saucer and in the water. Cork the hole in the bottom of the flower pot (now the upper part) and drench copiously with cold water.

Set in a cold place and in a few hours you have firm, cold butter. This is a great convenience in warm weather to those who have a scanty supply of ice or small refrigerators.

Cost of Producing Milk. The Massachusetts Experiment station has found that the total cost of producing milk satisfactory in sanitary quality and containing from 4 to 5 per cent of butter fat will usually amount to from 4 to 5 cents per quart. The cost of keeping a cow for one year is estimated at \$137.97. Milk produced under more than average sanitary conditions of certified milk will naturally cost considerably more.

Dairy Notes

A cross bred cow is a mistake. Each cow's udder should be thoroughly cleaned before milking.

Bloody milk or that from a sick cow should never be mixed with wholesome milk.

The uncovered cans of milk should be kept in cold water until they are delivered to the creamery.

The use of muslin in dairy windows instead of glass is said to lessen the danger from disease germs.

The secret of success in the dairy business is, test the cows, keep records, figure, know and do not guess.

The milk from a new milch cow should not be brought to the creamery until at least a full week after the cow has calved.

The stable should not be cleaned or brushed nor should silage or roughage be fed until after all the cows of the herd are milked.

When calves have a habit of sucking each other's ears it is best to separate or tie them. After they get to eating grain foods there will be no more trouble from this source.

IN THE UP-TO-DATE FASHION

Lecturer Found It No Trouble at All to Answer Question Meant to Embarrass Him.

"Will you allow me to ask you a question?" interrupted a man in the audience.

"Certainly, sir," said the lecturer.

"You have given us a lot of figures about immigration, increase of wealth, and the growth of trusts and all that," said the man. "Let's see what you know about figures yourself. How do you find the greatest common divisor?"

Slowly and deliberately the orator took a glass of water.

Then he pointed his finger straight at the questioner. Lightning flashed from his eyes, and he replied, in a voice that made the gas jets quiver:

"Advertise for it, you ignoramus!" The audience cheered and yelled and stamped, and the wretched man who had asked the question crawled out of the hall a total wreck.

DISFIGURED WITH CRUSTS

"Some time ago I was taken with eczema from the top of my head to my waist. It began with scales on my body. I suffered untold itching and burning, and could not sleep. I was greatly disfigured with scales and crusts. My ears looked as if they had been most cut off with a razor, and my neck was perfectly raw. I suffered untold agony and pain. I tried two doctors who said I had eczema in its fullest stage, and that it could not be cured. I then tried other remedies to no avail. At last, I tried a set of the genuine Cuticura Remedies, which cured me of eczema when all else had failed, therefore I cannot praise them too highly.

"I suffered with eczema about ten months, but am now entirely cured, and I believe Cuticura Remedies are the best skin cure there is." (Signed) Miss Mattie J. Shaffer, R. F. D. 1, Box 8, Dancy, Miss., Oct. 27, 1910.

"I had suffered from eczema about four years when boils began to break out on different parts of my body. It started with a fine red rash. My back was affected first, when it also spread over my face. The itching was almost unbearable at times. I tried different soaps and salves, but nothing seemed to help me until I began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. One box of them cured me entirely. I recommended them to my sister for her baby who was troubled with tooth eczema, and they completely cured her baby." (Signed) Mrs. F. L. Marberger, Dreberville, Pa., Sept. 6, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 4 L, Boston.

ITS STRONG POINT.

