

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAY'S EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

Washington.

Representative S. C. Smith has resigned as a member of the monetary commission and Representative J. P. McLaughlin of California, who was not re-elected to the house, has been appointed to succeed him.

Representative Campbell of Kansas announced as he was leaving the White House that he was going to Canada to study the reciprocity situation at first hands. He will spend three weeks there traveling from place to place comparing prices received by Canadian and American farmers for their products.

There is no abatement in the crying needs of the starving people of China as indicated by advices received by the state department. As a further measure of relief the national Red Cross called \$2,000 to the American consul general at Shanghai for distribution to the famine sufferers.

Sitting in the unusual capacity of a board of auditors, the supreme court of the United States computed that the state of West Virginia was under obligation to pay over \$7,000,000 of the \$22,000,000 debt of Virginia which existed when the new state was formed. It was the biggest problem in arithmetic the supreme court has had to handle in many years.

Suggestions for the design of the new 3 per cent Panama bonds are being prepared, and will come before Secretary MacVeagh in a few days. It is the intention of the treasury department to follow the ideas of artistic simplicity which are embodied in the postal savings bonds and the tentative savings for the new paper money. Secretary MacVeagh's plans are practically unchanged and an issue of probably \$50,000,000 is assured before June 1.

General.

State militia officers are invited to join in the troop movement. The issue of dollar greenbacks has been abandoned for the time being. The last hours of congress were fight, fight, fight, in a legislative way.

In a speech at Akron, O., Clifford Pinchot urged republican progression. Champ Clark will be speaker of the house when congress assembles April 7th.

Ex-Speaker Cannon has been offered a big sum for one hundred lectures. Ecuador has called on the United States for assistance in organizing a sanitary service.

The Washington senate passed the house bill for the erection of a new capitol at Olympia. The total number of bills introduced during the three sessions of congress just closed reached 33,015.

Mass meeting at Rockford, Ill., passed resolutions calling upon both Senator Lorimer and Senator Cullom to resign.

Russia will be represented at the conference in Washington in April over the preservation of North Pacific fauna.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Barbour are being held in St. Joseph, Mo., preparatory to deportation to Russia as white slaves.

George Baker Eddy, a nephew, has filed notice of petition to intervene in the litigation over the estate of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy.

Italians in America sent \$26,000,000 back to the old country during 1910, according to statistics of the postoffice department.

An act framed on the Oregon plan of senatorial election has been passed by the New Hampshire house.

President Taft appointed William M. Howard, former Georgia congressman, and Prof. Thomas W. Pace of the University of West Virginia members of the temporary tariff board.

Speaker Cannon appointed Representatives Hawley of Oregon and Lee of Georgia members of the commission to supervise the purchase of lands to protect the watersheds of navigable rivers.

Arthur M. Travers, chief clerk to the third assistant postmaster general, was dismissed from the service by Postmaster General Hitchcock for manipulating postage stamps for his own financial benefit.

The Chinese location at Washington emphatically denies rumors of an anti-foreign uprising in Manchuria.

President Taft has designated Judge Martin A. Knapp of the commerce court as one of the mediators under the Erdman act.

The Merchants and Farmers bank of Culbertson, Mont., has closed its doors and the sheriff is searching for Cashier V. H. Bostwick.

The Alabama house has passed the Smith bill regulating the sale of liquor, said to be the most drastic measure on the subject ever enacted in any state.

Thus far 13 deaths have occurred at Honolulu from cholera.

More United States troops have been sent to protect the Mexican border. Influential Mexicans say intervention by the United States means war.

Seven hundred marines from the Philadelphia navy yard left for the south. The Sulloway age pension bill, passed by the house, failed in the senate.

Reciprocity failed of enactment in congress, hence the call for an extra session. The president has called an extra session of congress to convene the 4th of April.

The Saskatchewan legislature voted unanimously for reciprocity with the United States.

The American National Red Cross cabled another \$1,000 for the relief of the starving in China.

Washington, D. C., has raised \$34,000 as its share of the \$2,000 Red Cross endowment fund.

The government has begun proceedings against an alleged combine in manufacture of electric lights.

The insurrection in Mexico it is generally admitted, is a leading cause for sending troops to the border.

Secretary of State Knox, who is enjoying a vacation in the south, will visit Cuba before returning to Washington.

According to official Washington the troop movement southward is to maneuver and watch Mexican insurgents.

The Christian Herald has sent another \$10,000 to the state department for transmission to China to aid in famine relief.

The levy of 1 per cent on all state banks in Oklahoma is being made to provide the guaranty fund under the guaranty law.

The Kansas legislature passed a bill appropriating \$50,000 to found a state tuberculosis hospital. No location is named.

Justice Hughes of the supreme court has been appointed head of the commission to investigate magazine postage rates.

Kansas City owners of the Luck Tiger mine in Sonora, Mexico, have been advised that the rebels have seized the property.

Lord Amphill, in the house of lords, declared England's inaction is responsible for Canada desiring reciprocity with the United States.

Professor C. Emery of Yale has been designated by President Taft to continue as chairman of the tariff board at a salary of \$7,500 a year.

Two hundred women, most of them accompanied by their husbands, attended a boxing match in Syracuse, N. Y., given for the benefit of a hospital.

Sir Thomas E. Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific, announces that road will spend \$34,000,000 for improvements in the coming year.

Friends of Secretary Ballinger say he will not institute proceedings against those he alleges "conspired against him until after he returns to Seattle.

Congressman Champ Clark was tendered an informal banquet by Philadelphia democrats who have been active in reorganization plans for the city and state.

Governor Colquitt sent a message to the Texas legislature censuring it for voting to adjourn Saturday merely because their pay drops from \$5 to \$2 a day on that date.

The California assembly adopted a resolution condemning the United States senate for seating Lagimer and rebuking the two California senators for voting for him.

The house approved a bill to provide for the erection of a monument over the grave of President John Tyler at Richmond, Va. The limit of expense in the bill is \$10,000.

Seventeen Hindus, now detained at Seattle must be admitted, though undesirable citizens, because of a loophole in immigration laws, according to a ruling by Secretary Nagle.

The first venire was exhausted without a jury being secured in Chicago to try Charles Erbsstein and Arthur McBride on the charge of conspiracy to defame the character of State's Attorney Wayman.

Governor Wilson and a committee representing the democratic majority of the legislature are formulating a bill for election reforms which they will submit to the New Jersey legislature. It provides direct primaries for all offices.

Ellis D. Robb of Eldora, Ia., was appointed a national bank examiner. Secretary Grey and Mr. Balfour clashed on reciprocity in British commons.

A verdict was rendered against the claimant for a share of the estate of the late "Lucky" Baldwin.

The Mexican ambassador claims to be in the dark as to the meaning of troops on the Texas border.

The president on his trip south will give careful study to the Walsh and Morse applications for pardon.

United States Circuit Judge Henry F. Everests has resigned.

Premier Laurier of Canada will make a speech favoring reciprocity. The senate failed to ratify the new Japanese trade and commerce treaty.

The earl of Dudley will retire as governor general of Australia in June. Ex-Mayor Dunne of Chicago wants an official count of the late primaries.

A fortune in securities was stolen from Aaron Bancroft, a New York broker.

HARD FIGHT IS WON

HOUSE PUTS THROUGH INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM.

KILLS COUNTY OPTION BILL

Legislative Reference Bureau May Be Permanently Established—Kill a Liquor Bill—Total Appropriation Bill Now Over a Million.

The legislative week beginning Monday promises to be as lively as any that have passed. The senate has put out of the way the two big events of the session, initiative and referendum and county option, and has acted favorably on a Sunday baseball bill. The house has disposed of none of these measures, but will get into the game this week. Two measures which stand near the top of the list are the initiative and referendum and county option.

As far as the house is concerned there seems to be no doubt that the house initiative and referendum bill will go through with but few votes against it. It will then be in order that a conference committee be appointed to get together with a like committee of the senate to patch up

the differences in the bills on this subject in the respective houses. The senate initiative and referendum bill is still in the hands of the house committee. It has not been reported out because it would thus complicate the record as to the kind of a bill it will vote for and it is not the senate measure. If the house committee recommends the senate bill it means a complication. If it recommends that the senate bill be killed there will be nothing to compromise on. Thus the reason for holding it up temporarily.

County option will be defeated in the house in all probability. It will lack one or two votes of passing, just as the same bill lacked in the senate. The vote is to be had merely to put the members on record, and it is unlikely that it will be brought up unless practically a full attendance is on hand.

After a two hours' deadlock in the house Tuesday morning the supporters of the amended Hatfield initiative and referendum bill won a complete victory over the opposition and passed their measure by a vote of 75 to 23. This result was not accomplished without the most tense situation seen in the house during the session. Men were corralled in every part of the house by groups of other members, who were pulling them this way and pushing them that way in an effort to persuade them to change their votes. The result was that the supporters of the bill were the only ones who secured changes, the opposition falling signally.

The fight is not yet over. After the bill was passed the house, on motion of Gerdes of Richardson, asked the committee on constitutional amendments to report the senate bill at once and made the consideration of that measure the special order for Wednesday. Although the house bill has gone to the senate, and although the senate bill was passed in that body with only two amendments of consequence, the opponents to the bills as they stand, who had strength enough yesterday in the house to block the passage of the Hatfield bill for two hours, will attempt to insert their amendments into the senate bill.

The Oklahoma senate defeated a bill authorizing the corporation commission to suspend the operation of the "jim crow" law.

The insurgents, or as some call them, the wet democrats in the state senate were joined for a time by Banning of Cass and Skiles of Butler, both democrats, who voted against county option, and by a union of democrats and republicans a sifting committee was appointed. The standpat and wet democrats, including three senators from Douglas, who were not consulted in regard to the state, were taken completely by surprise. The committee appointed gave Ollis of Valley the balance of power. It comprised seven members.

The proposed universal sportsman's license came up for consideration Thursday, but was laid over to permit drawing up some amendments which will make it only partially applicable to those under eighteen years of age.

House Passes Fire Warden Bill. The Shoemaker bill, abolishing the office of fire warden in Omaha, was passed by an overwhelming vote in the house. It carries the emergency clause and if passed by the senate, will become effective immediately.

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Liens for Attorneys. The senate passed S. F. 143, by Tibbets, a bill to give attorneys a lien upon documents, money or property of clients coming into their hands or in the hands of an adverse party for services performed on contract, either express or implied.

Two bills restricting the liquor traffic more than is done now under the Sloumb law came up before the house Friday. One was killed, the other was rushed on to third reading.

Provisions for Four Months. San Antonio, Tex.—Col. John L. Clem, quartermaster general of the Department of Texas, received orders from Washington to secure provisions for four months for 10,000 men.

Studying Tariff Problems. Washington.—The democratic members of the house committee on ways and means made some progress in studying tariff problems and committee personnel in two sessions, but it will be some time before definite results will be announced.

Smoking in the House.

That the members of the house should not become so degenerated as to repeal the anti-smoking clause of their rules cards were being circulated among the representatives giving the result of tests made by a former physical director on smokers and non-smokers and their respective mental and physical qualifications as shown by the investigation.

Although there were few of the lovers of the weed in the lower house who paid attention to the cards, there were two or three nevertheless who considered that they were a distinct insult on the intelligence of the house. They contended that there was an intimation therein that those who persisted in the pernicious habit of taking occasional drags of pipes and puffs at Havanas did not possess the necessary mental qualifications to either initiate or pass good laws for the commonwealth. To this they expected, and declared that, in their opinions, really bright mentality could not become so smoke befogged as to be incapable of legislative discernment. The senate has not condescended to admit weakness because smoking is now allowed in its august chambers.

Bridge Bill Passed. Cronin of Holt carried to a successful termination his effort to secure state aid in the construction and maintenance of bridges over streams more than 175 feet in width. It had been anticipated by many members that the bill would never get through on third reading but Cronin was able to count fifty-six votes. The bill provides for a state levy of one-fifth of a mill, or approximately \$100,000, for the biennium for aid in construction and maintenance of these bridges.

School for Dependents. F. R. St. by Hatfield, a bill to abandon the present state school for dependent children, formerly known as the home for the friendless, and to place the children now in the home and those who in the future are committed to its care by order of juvenile courts into the care of a board of control to be appointed by the governor was committed to the committee on public charities for amendment.

Pure Food Legislation. The senate committee on medical societies was surrounded Monday by a crowd of able lawyers and lobbyists who represent manufacturers throughout the country. The lobbyists directed their talents against H. R. 276, a bill that requires goods in package form to bear the net weight, measure or numerical amount. The committee listened to argument and took the bill under consideration.

University Medical College. The senate followed the example of the house and instructed its special committee on university removal to go a little further and dig into the question of the separation or union of the medical college of the university. The instructions to the committee were given by a motion offered by Dr. Talcott of Cedar county, who is a member of the state senate.

Legislative Reference Bureau. The legislative reference bureau will be a permanently established state institution if a bill which was recommended for passage by the house committee of the whole becomes a law. The bill creates this bureau and places it under a partial jurisdiction of the board of regents of the university and affiliating the bureau with the department of law and sociology.

Salary Appropriation Bill. The house has completed consideration of the salary appropriation bill and ordered it engrossed for third reading. Another \$3,000 increase was added to it, making in all a total raise of \$44,100 over the bill as originally introduced which was larger by more than \$100,000 than the bill two years ago. The total of the bill has now reached \$1,176,040.

Defeat of County Option. Every member of the house who voted on the county option bill when it came up for third reading stayed by his pre-election pledge, without a single exception. But two members were absent, Regan of Platte and Sanborn of Sarpy, both of whom were pledged against the enactment of county option legislation.

The house passed bills all Monday afternoon with ninety members present. It killed the Moody pool hall bill and the Grossmann wage exemption bill, and saved the life of the initiative and referendum bill only through a hasty adjournment. An agreement was made by forty-one members to vote against the house bill, and to try to amend the senate bill when it comes up in the same manner that the same men had fallen on the house bill two weeks ago.

Col. Bolton Believes. Omaha.—Colonel Edwin H. Bolton of the Fourth infantry, now stationed at Fort Crook, retired from active service at his own request Friday. He has been on leave for some time. He is to be succeeded by Lieutenant Colonel McClure.

Will Resent Intervention. Washington.—Mexico will resent intervention by the United States or any other country for the purpose of protecting the lives or property of their citizens resident in Mexico. In a statement Senator de la Barra, Mexican ambassador to the United States, said that Mexico believes herself fully competent to protect all interests in the country, not only her own but those of foreigners.

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WORK OF CONGRESS

IT RECEIVES ENDORSEMENT AT HANDS OF PRESIDENT.

CONCEDES SPLENDID RECORD

Chief Executive Says the Sixty-First Gathering Done More Than Any Assembly Since Civil War.

Atlanta, Ga.—President Taft in a speech before the closing session of the Southern Commercial congress made a plea to the young men of the new south to take up the political issues of the day from a broad and liberal standpoint and to eliminate from consideration all narrow partisanship and sectionalism.

The president reviewed the accomplishments of the Sixty-first congress declaring that in its three sessions it had enacted more helpful legislation than any congress since the civil war. Mr. Taft asserted that the greatest accomplishment of the short session, which ended March 4, was the ratification of the Japanese treaty. The greatest disappointment, he said, was the failure of congress to ratify the reciprocity agreement with Canada. In this connection he referred to his action in calling an extra session of congress to convene on April 4.

"My opinion is," said Mr. Taft, "that a majority of both houses disregarding party lines, will seize a great national opportunity and promptly ratify the agreement before proceeding to other business."

Here the president paused for a moment. Evidently he turned over in his mind the democratic statement that several of the schedules would be considered at the extra session.

"If," he added significantly, "it be deemed wise or necessary to proceed to other business."

In the hope, perhaps, that tariff legislation may be avoided at the extra session, the president pledged himself to furnish to the democratic house at its regular meeting in December a report from the tariff commission on schedule "K" of the Payne-Aldrich act—the wool and wolens schedule. The president continued:

"The commercial and industrial development of this country in the last twenty years has been so great that the statistics startle us. An examination shows that proportionately the commercial and business growth of the south is greater than that of any other part of the country."

"With the coming of prosperity, with the resumption of comfort in their lives, with a growing sympathy on the part of the north in their working out of the serious problems confronting them, and with the sense of triumph in their success in overcoming their great difficulties, the southern people have mellowed. The northern people have met them half way and never in the history of the country have the two sections been so fondly and so near, in such complete union as they are today."

FOR COMMISSION PLAN. Colonel Roosevelt Speaks in Favor of Same.

Birmingham, Ala.—Approval of the commission form of government in municipal affairs characterized Col. Theodore Roosevelt's address Friday to the citizens of Birmingham, who are about to experiment with the commission system.

"You are the first city of the size," he said, that has introduced the commission system in your municipal affairs. Now I believe in the commission system and I am glad you are going to try the experiment. You are going to try an experiment, which I think is fraught with infinite promise for good."

No Concession to Japan. Mexico City.—That Mexico has granted to Japan no concession for maintenance of a naval station and no privileges on the Tehuantepec railway are statements which Enrique C. Creel, minister of foreign affairs, authorized Francisco de la Barra, Mexican ambassador at Washington, to make.

Railroad Loses Money. Los Alamos, Cal.—That the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway loses an average of \$10.08 on every car of lemons it hauls east at the rate of \$1 a hundred, the rate fixed by the interstate commerce commission, was the assertion of railroad witnesses before the new commerce court.

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ALL OVER NEBRASKA

First Debate of Series. Lancaster County.—In half of the eleven districts of the Nebraska High School Debating league the first series of contests to decide the district championship and the honor of sending representatives to the state debate is about concluded, and the district directors are arranging the schedules for the second series. In a district of eight schools, for example, the second series will include the two debates between the two pairs of winners in the first series. The third and final debate for the district championship will then be between the two winners in the second series.

Victory last week fell to Osceola, which won from Stromsburg in the central district; Indianola over McCook, in the southwestern district; Trenton over Culbertson, in the southwestern district, and Sutton over Geneva, in the central district.

Horses Burned at Hastings. Adams County.—Forty-eight head of horses burned to death in a fire which entirely destroyed Ed Tanner's livery stable at Hastings. The fire had gained such headway when discovered it was possible to save only seven animals. Several were badly scorched. Fifteen vehicles, machinery and feed were destroyed. The loss is about \$16,000 and insurance is \$10,500.

Farmer Killed. Cuming County.—Anton Neeson, a well known and highly respected farmer living west of West Point was accidentally killed. Mr. Neeson drove to the parochial school at Alois to take his grandson to school. On his return, when about a mile east of the village, he was thrown from his seat in the buggy, caught between the shaft and wheel and was wedged to death.

Indian Shot by His Wife. Richardson County.—Word has been received at Falls City that Isadore Rodd, an Indian living on the reservation southeast of Preston, was shot twice by his wife at the home of Sherman Hays. There is very little chance to save his life, the physicians say. One bullet entered the abdomen and the other went through both of the jaws.

Eighth Deer Lost. Platte County.—A 200-pound buck deer escaped from the Condon park at Humphrey. Boys playing in the park frightened the deer, only one of which succeeded in clearing the fence, which was made of woven wire and over eight feet high. This makes the eighth deer that the park has lost by death or fright in the last ten months.

Next Meeting at Omaha. Douglas County.—By a vote of 1,412 to 1,310 school teachers of Nebraska have voted to hold their next meeting in Omaha and it will be during election week in November, the teachers voting almost two to one in favor of this time. This is the third time in thirty years that the association has come to Omaha.

Dr. Redfield a Candidate. Lincoln County.—In response to earnest solicitations Dr. Willis J. Redfield, head physician of the Surgeons and Physicians hospital of North Platte, has announced himself as a candidate for re-election as grand medical examiner of the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

Infantile Paralysis. Cherry County.—The first case of infantile paralysis to develop in Valentine was when the child of Jake Kline and wife came down with it. The case is in the hands of Drs. Dalal and Barakat, who report the little one as getting better and think she will recover.

Burglars in Union Bank. Cass County.—The burglars who broke into the bank of Union some time Thursday night left one clew which may help to establish their identity. In their hurry they left a man's blue work jacket of a rather small size, badly soiled and worn, but it being the kind any workman might wear, this is a very slight clew. They evidently were investigating the vault, as a number of burned matches were found around the vault door.

County Judge Elder Dies. Lincoln County.—County Judge W. C. Elder died at North Platte of diabetes. He was a pioneer citizen and prominent in politics in Lincoln county for many years. For sixteen years he was clerk of the district court and for the last six years has been county judge of the county.

Lincoln Man Suicides. Lancaster County.—John McLeod, a prominent real estate dealer, shot himself in his office and was found by his stenographer. He was about 36 years of age and came to Lincoln from Neligh about a year ago. Cause for the act is not known.

Joy Ride Proves Serious. Gage County.—A joy ride proved rather expensive for Paul Wayman at Beatrice and he is now in the county jail charged with stealing a \$2,000 touring car from William C. Black, which was in his possession when arrested.

Benkelman Votes Bonds. Chase County.—The Benkelman school district voted bonds in the sum of \$12,000 for the construction of a new school building in Benkelman. The proposition had a majority of 21 over the necessary two-thirds.

A Suit for \$3,000. Custer County.—D. E. Moses of Callaway has brought suit through his attorney, ex-Governor Silas A. Holcomb, for \$3,000 against the Matthews Drug company of Callaway. The claim is based on the fatal mistake which is alleged to have been made several months ago by the drug clerk, John Christopherson, selling tartar emetic instead of cream of tartar, which caused the death of Mrs. Moses. The defendants named in the action are Dr. A. L. Matthews, Mrs. A. L. Matthews and Norris Barber of Callaway.

Particularly the Ladies.

Not only pleasant and refreshing to the taste, but gently cleansing and sweetening to the system, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is particularly adapted to ladies and children, and beneficial in all cases in which a wholesome, strengthening and effective laxative should be used. It is perfectly safe at all times and cures colds, headaches and the pains caused by indigestion and constipation so promptly and effectively that it is the one perfect family laxative which gives satisfaction to all and is recommended by millions of families who have used it and who have personal knowledge of its excellence.

Its wonderful popularity, however, has led unscrupulous dealers to offer imitations which act unsatisfactorily. Therefore, when buying, to get its beneficial effects, always note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package of the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna.

For sale by all leading druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

A FASHION PUZZLE.

This is merely two ladies of fashion endeavoring to identify each other.

HEAD SOLID MASS OF HUMOR

"I think the Cuticura Remedies are the best remedies for eczema I have ever heard of. My mother had a child who had a rash on its head when it was real young. Doctor called it baby rash. He gave us medicine, but it did no good. In a few days the head was a solid mass; a running sore. It was awful, the child cried continually. We had to hold him and watch him to keep him from scratching the sore. His suffering was dreadful. At last we remembered Cuticura Remedies. We got a dollar bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, a box of Cuticura Ointment, and a bar of Cuticura Soap. We gave the Resolvent as directed, washed the head with the Cuticura Soap, and applied the Cuticura Ointment. We had not used half before the child's head was clear and free from eczema, and it has never come back again. His head was healthy and he had a beautiful head of hair. I think the Cuticura Ointment very good for the hair. It makes the hair grow and prevents falling hair." (Signed) Mrs. Francis Lund, Platte City, Utah, Sept. 19, 1910. Send to the Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass., for free Cuticura Book on the treatment of skin and scalp troubles.

Work and Marriage.

In the New York courts recently a girl, aged 17, on being told by her mother that she was old enough to go to work, replied: "Work, I will not; I prefer to marry." Whereupon she was married before night to a young man earning \$8 per week. "That is of a piece with the reasoning of another girl who, being interrogated by a friend, "Where are you working now, Mamie?" answered promptly, "I ain't working; I'm married."—Boston Herald.

THE YOUNG BRIDE'S FIRST DISCOVERY

Their wedding tour had ended, and they entered their new home to settle down to what they hoped to be one long, uninterrupted blissful honeymoon. But, alas! the young bride's troubles soon began, when she tried to reduce the cost of living with cheap big cake baking powder.

She soon discovered that all she got was a lot for her money, and it was not all baking powder, for her bulk of it was cheap materials which had no leavening power. Such powders will not make light, wholesome food. And because of the absence of leavening gas, it requires from two or three times as much to raise cakes or biscuits as it does of Calumet Baking Powder.

Thus, eventually, the actual cost to you, of cheap baking powders, is more than Calumet would be.

Cheap baking powders often leave the bread bleached and acid, sometimes yellow and alkaline, and often unpalatable. They are not always of uniform strength and quality.

Now the bride buys Calumet—the perfectly wholesome baking powder, moderate in price, and always uniform and reliable. Calumet keeps indefinitely, makes cooking easy, and is certainly the most economical after all.

Take This to Heart.

Some men work harder trying to get out of doing a thing than it would take them to do it.—Exchange.

THE KEYSTONE TO HEALTH IS HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

"THE STOMACH IS THE MEASURE OF YOUR HEALTH."

If there is any weakness try the Bitters at once. Its results are certain.

PIPO'S THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS