

FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

A WIDE AREA IS COVERED

Embracing a Condensation of Events in Which Readers Generally Are Interested.

Washington.

Formal charges against Senator William Lorimer of Illinois were laid before the senate by his colleague, Senator Cullom. The charge was on the presentation of a memorial by Clifford W. Barnes of Chicago, president of the Illinois legislative voters' league, embodying the charges of bribery of members of the Illinois legislature.

The State department has taken cognizance of the Associated Press dispatches from San Juan Del Sur, that William Pittman, the American captured by the Madrid troops, would be tried by court-martial. A telegram to the Madrid government is being sent stating in effect that this government expects fair and humane treatment for Pittman.

W. H. Hunter, Fred H. Hope and W. F. Wappich, members of the Fire and Police commission of Omaha, together with Charles A. Salter, chief of the Omaha fire department, were in Washington on a tour of inspection of fire department houses. They visited the capitol in charge of Senator Brown. From here they go to New York, Boston and other cities to determine by personal investigation the best and most efficient equipment to purchase for the Omaha fire department houses.

Treasury officials figure that if all the money in circulation in the United States were divided equally, every man, woman and child would have \$34.59. This is 14 cents per capita more than they should have had by the same process of reasoning a month ago. Compared with a year ago there was on June 1, \$14,000,000 more money in circulation, and yet there was 42 cents less. This it is said is due to the increase in population it being proportionately more than the growth of the medium.

General.

Demands have been made on the Chinese throne to convoke a parliament.

Col. Roosevelt will pay duty on his baggage when he arrives, saying he will not have it any other way.

The president sent to the senate the nomination of William D. Crum of Charleston, S. C., to be minister to Liberia.

Chinese warships with troops have been dispatched to Nanking in anticipation of a native outbreak against foreigners.

With 225 cases on its docket as a starter, the United States court of customs appeals will begin business Tuesday.

Japan is hurrying an expedition under Lieutenant Shiras to leave this month in the hope of anticipating the British expedition to the south pole.

A dispatch from Cape Henry says the steamer Danubian, bound for Newport News, is towing in tow the schooner Mary L. Crosby, which was reported from Beaufort, N. C., as southwest of Diamond Shoal lightship, partly dismantled and leaking. The Crosby is from Wilmington, N. C., lumber laden.

An amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill adopted by the house stipulates that no part of the \$100,000 provided in the bill for the enforcement of the Sherman antitrust law can be used in the prosecution of labor organizations.

August Belmont was thrown from his horse while playing polo at the Meadow Brook hunt club. For a time there were many rumors that he had been seriously injured, but at his house it was said he was not seriously hurt.

Commander Robert E. Peary was presented to King George at Marlborough house. He remained a half hour telling his majesty something of his achievements and discussing the prospects of Captain Scott's antarctic expedition.

Whether women will be granted suffrage in Oklahoma will be decided at the regular election to be held in November. The last obstacle in the way of voting on this question was removed when the state supreme court sustained the action of the state court in overruling objections to the petition of the suffragists asking that the question be submitted to the voters.

Timothy Murphy, formerly a captain of the Volunteers of America, was, at St. Paul, sentenced to serve seven years in the state prison for embezzlement.

Stephen Van Rensselaer Ford, author, editor, composer and critic, a member of one of the oldest families in the central part of New York state, died Sunday.

United States Senator Julius C. Burrows of Maryland has announced his candidacy for re-election and his desire to be endorsed by popular vote at the primaries next fall.

Weakness in stock and cotton markets forced down the price of wheat at Chicago.

Commander Robert E. Peary was presented to King George at Marlborough house. He remained half an hour with his majesty.

Maurice Farman and George Besanion, aviators, were thrown to the ground at Paris Sunday with considerable force, but were not seriously injured, when their aeroplane capsize. The machine was close to the ground at the time, which accounts for their lucky escape.

The Nebraska centenary celebration will take place at Bellevue June 22, 23 and 24.

Dr. W. M. Greene, an aviator, will attempt on June 21 to fly from Rochester across Lake Ontario to Toronto.

King George and Queen Mary entertained Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt at luncheon at Marlborough house in London.

Glenn H. Curtiss will attempt an aeroplane flight from Cleveland to Put-in-Bay and Detroit some time next month.

In London, June 8, Miss Margaretta A. Drexel, daughter of the Philadelphia banker, was married to an Englishman.

The postoffice safe at Merriam, Wis., was blown by burglars and money and stamps to the value of \$10,000 were stolen.

Charles Gridley, attorney of Virginia, Ill., who represented the fisher in the Springfield lobby, was given a clean bill by Mr. Burke, after he had testified.

Reports received at Bristol, Tenn., are to the effect that two churches and probably a dozen dwelling houses were blown down in a wind and hail storm which visited that section.

Emil Seidel, the mayor of Milwaukee, in a speech declared the monopolies were labor-saving devices and necessary. Mr. Seidel added that all monopolies, however, should be under the strictest regulations.

A mass meeting of Pittsburg residents of British birth or British descent decided to erect a research laboratory for the tuberculosis sanitarium of Pittsburg as a local memorial to the late King Edward VII.

The grand jury which was convened May 16 by Governor Hughes of New York, to investigate alleged county grafting cases returned fifty indictments against twenty-seven persons.

Thomas E. Watson, once a democratic member of congress and once named by the populist party for president, announced in a card issued last week his return to the democratic party.

In a desperate encounter between revenue officers and "moonshiners" in Wilkes county, North Carolina, more than a hundred shots were fired and several of the moonshiners were injured.

When Colonel Roosevelt comes sailing home on June 18 Collector of the Port William Loeb, Jr., and several hundred loyal friends will meet him down the bay in government vessels and escort him up to Manhattan.

Attorney General Wickersham has rendered a decision in which he holds that Richard Parr is entitled to recover from the government the amount of his claim for information given against the so-called sugar trust.

Charles Stuart Rolls started in an aeroplane in an attempt to fly across the English channel from Dover to Calais. He had gone only a few yards, however, when the motor broke down and he was compelled to postpone the flight.

Treasury officials figure that if all the money in circulation in the United States were divided equally, every man, woman and child would have \$34.59. This is 14 cents per capita more than they would have had by the same process of reasoning a month ago.

Notwithstanding recent threats that a revolutionary movement would be inaugurated in China Sunday, the date set for the opening of the Nanking exposition, this ceremony was carried out without the slightest disorder.

In a desperate encounter between revenue officers and "moonshiners" in Wilkes county, North Carolina, more than a hundred shots were fired and several of the moonshiners were injured. The officers destroyed four illicit distilleries and 4,000 gallons of beer.

At the Press Club's dinner in honor of Glenn Curtiss, the aviator, J. Bernard Walker of the Scientific American announced that Edwin Gould offers \$15,000 as a prize to the man who shall produce the first aeroplane successfully employing two motors and two propellers.

Richard Parr, the officer of the New York custom house who unearthed the gigantic frauds committed by the American Sugar Refining Company, will get his reward from the government in a short time. Through Parr the government recovered almost \$3,000,000. His reward is likely to be close to \$100,000.

Personal.

Mrs. Doxey, on trial in St. Louis for murder, was acquitted.

Many postmasters in Nebraska will get salary increases July 1st.

Formal charges against Lorimer were presented in the senate.

Senator Nelson of Minnesota criticized the conservation policy.

Senator Cummins announced he would support the railroad bill.

The name of President Taft was brought into the Iowa primary fight.

Former President Roosevelt delivered an address before Oxford university.

Joseph S. Harris, former president of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company died in Philadelphia.

A British aviator flew twice across the English channel without alighting.

General Estrada has renewed his peace proposal to President Madrid.

Expelling of Jews from Kilo is being carried out in a moderate way.

General Edward S. Bragg, the famous commander of the Iron brigade, is said by his physicians to be dying.

Dr. Doxey has employed an attorney to immediately sue Kate Ender for big damages, expecting the suit to cause her to drop the bigamy charge against Mrs. Doxey.

The expected removal of Director Newell is likely to start a new storm in the reclamation service.

Senator Stephenson, the richest man in the senate, does not care to make a display of his wealth.

Progressives in the house made an unavailing fight to accept the senate railroad bill.

Omaha democrats express belief that Bryan will be forced into the senatorial race.

Chairman Will Hayward has called a meeting of the Nebraska republican state central committee for June 16.

TREATED AS FIRST AMERICAN OF TIME

Theodore Roosevelt Most Highly Honored in Europe.

EXCITING INCIDENT IN ROME

Former President Delivered Scholarly Lectures in Paris, Berlin and Oxford—Represented His Country at King Edward's Funeral.

Scarcely less interesting than his hunting trip in Africa, and at times almost as exciting, were the adventures of Col. Theodore Roosevelt in Europe. There he desired to be treated as a man of letters and science, rather than as a sportsman, and his desire was gratified. But in addition, Europe insisted on receiving him as the most distinguished American of the time, and everywhere he went honors were showered on him. Emperors, kings, princes and all manner of royalties and nobility greeted him, dined him and fêted him, and the people in all the lands that he visited turned out in vast throngs to see him and cheer him.

In Paris, Christiania, Berlin and Oxford Mr. Roosevelt delivered scholarly public addresses and the literary and scientific circles opened to let him in and marveled at the wide scope of his knowledge.

The event connected with Mr. Roosevelt's European tour that aroused the most interest and excitement occurred immediately after his arrival in Italy early in April. Before he left Africa his desire to pay his respects to the pope had been conveyed to the Vatican and the holy father had intimated that he would be glad to see the distinguished American. About the same time former

Mr. Roosevelt thereupon canceled the plans for a general reception to which the Methodists had been invited. Thus, with his usual luck and facility for "coming out on top," he had the best of the matter all around and his conduct was generally commended all over the world.

Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt and Kermit were received by the king and queen of Italy and spent some days in that country. The colonel and his wife visited Venice and traveled once again the Riviera route that they passed over on their honeymoon, and next Mr. Roosevelt visited Vienna and Budapest, where he was given a royal welcome.

Paris was next on his itinerary, and there on April 23 he lectured in the Sorbonne before a great audience of savants and students. The municipal, and its officials, the president of France and various learned societies vied with each other in doing honor to the visitor, and for amusement he was taken to the field of aviation, where he saw some exciting aeroplane flights.

Traveling northward somewhat leisurely, by way of Brussels, Amsterdam and Copenhagen, Mr. Roosevelt arrived at Christiania and delivered an address on international peace before the Nobel prize commission, which had awarded to him the Nobel peace prize for his successful efforts to end the Russo-Japanese war.

Emperor William had made great plans for the entertainment of the ex-president in Berlin, but the death of King Edward caused the curtailment of the program to a considerable extent. Instead of being the Kaiser's guest in the palace, Mr. Roosevelt stopped at the American embassy, and though William received him and dined him and showed him the German army in maneuvers, the more spectacular and public features were omitted. On May 12 Mr. Roosevelt delivered at the University of Berlin an address on modern civilization which was highly praised for its scholarly qualities.

Having been appointed special ambassador of the United States to attend the funeral of King Edward, Colonel Roosevelt next crossed the channel to England, and when the body of the dead monarch was carried to the tomb he was one of the remarkable crowd of royal personages and distinguished men that followed the gun carriage on which Edward's coffin was borne. After the funeral he was received by King George and Queen Mary, and in a quiet way made necessary by the mourning of the nation much attention was shown him. This culminated, in London, by a reception in the Guild Hall, at which the freedom of the city in a gold casket was presented to him.

He was the guest, thereafter, of several prominent Englishmen, and on June 7 he delivered the Romanesque lecture at Oxford, which had been postponed by the demise of the king. This was the most pretentious of all his European addresses and the best. His subject was "Biological Analogies in History."

The University of Cambridge honored Mr. Roosevelt by conferring upon him the degree of doctor of laws, and the occasion served to demonstrate his popularity with all classes. As Mr. Roosevelt accepted his diploma from the hands of Vice-Chancellor Mason, the students who crowded the galleries shouted "Teddy! Teddy!" and let down a large Teddy bear from the ceiling. The whole audience cheered and the colonel, as he passed out, smilingly patted the Teddy bear. Later that day Mr. Roosevelt addressed 700 graduates, on all kinds of topics.

On June 11 the traveler, together with Mrs. Roosevelt, Kermit and Miss Ethel, sailed on the Kaiserin Augusta Victoria on their way to New York and the rousing welcome that he knew was awaiting him from his fellow countrymen.

When Solid Iron Floats. Experiments have shown that if a ball of solid iron be lowered into a mass of liquid iron by means of a metal fork, the ball at first sinks to the bottom with the fork, but that in a few seconds it will leave the prongs and rise to the surface, where it continues to float until it melts. The rising is explained by the expansion of the ball, due to heating, whereby it becomes, bulk for bulk, less dense than the molten metal.—The Sunday Magazine.

Docility. "I have a canary bird that will eat out of my hand," said the caller. "That's nothing," replied the woman who will not be outdone. "Last summer we had any number of mosquitoes that would eat our necks."

Siamese Language a Composite. The Siamese language is a great mixture of nearly all the dialects and languages of the far east, namely, Chinese, Malay, Mon, Cambodian, Sanskrit, Thai and others.

Unearthing Ancient Harbor of Rome. For the last year systematic excavations have been made at Ostia, the ancient harbor of Rome at the mouth of the Tiber. The ruins of a large city, built probably by Hadrian over the old republican town, have been uncovered. Archaeologists consider the discoveries as important as those of Pompeii. Heretofore it has been believed that Ostia was founded by Ancus Martius, the fourth king of Rome, that it was destroyed by Marius during the civil wars, rebuilt during the republic, sank into insignificance, and was buried in the sand and deposited in the Tiber when Trajan built the new port and city of Portus. Instead of this it is now certain that Ostia not only continued to flourish under Hadrian, but that the old level was raised six feet and that the republican town served as the foundation for a model city with rectangular wide streets, temples, fora and squares.

If tears were really pearls, most women would be weeping all the time.

PASS BANK MEASURE

PUT THROUGH HOUSE BY VOTE OF 195 TO 101.

HAS ALREADY PASSED SENATE

Republicans Stick Together and the Democratic Substitute is Turned Down by Big Majority.

Washington.—By the overwhelming majority of 195 to 101 the house passed the postal savings bank bill as recently agreed upon by the republican caucus of the house. Not a single republican voted against the measure on the final roll call. Prior to this action, by a vote of 111 to 96, the house rejected the democratic substitute for the bill proposed by the majority.

The voting upon the several motions involved in the disposition of the measure followed six hours of debate, in which many republicans and democrats recorded their views upon the bill of the majority and the substitute supported by a large portion of the minority.

The large defection among the democrats was shown when the democratic substitute was voted upon, twenty-one of them joining the republicans, most of whom were opposed to a postal savings bank system of any kind.

On the republican side Norris of Nebraska, "insurgent," was the only member who voted with the democrats for their substitute.

On agreeing to the bill as proposed by the majority of the house as a substitute for the senate measure the vote was 175 to 105.

On this vote twenty-six democrats joined the republicans, as follows: Aiken of South Carolina, Anshery of Ohio, Ashbrook of Ohio, Cox of Ohio, Foss of Massachusetts, Foster of Illinois, Hammond of Minnesota, Hanna of North Dakota, Havens of New York, Henry of Texas, Hitchcock of Nebraska, Hughes of New Jersey, Johnson of Kentucky, Kinkaid of New Jersey, Maguire of Nebraska, Moss of Indiana, Nichol of Pennsylvania, O'Connell of Massachusetts, Pou of North Carolina, Ransdell of Louisiana, Rucker of Colorado, Sabbath of Illinois, Sharp of Ohio, Sulzer of New York, Taylor of Colorado and Tule of Ohio.

Six republicans joined the democrats in voting against the proposed bill of the majority, as follows: Grona of North Dakota, Hubbard of Iowa, Lenroot of Wisconsin, Nelson of Wisconsin, Norris of Nebraska and Wood of Iowa.

After a motion of Mr. Moon of Tennessee to recommit the bill to the committee which reported it had been defeated the house voted upon final passage, the vote being 195 to 101, twenty-four democrats voting with the republicans.

Under the terms of the postal savings bill as passed by the house a board of trustees is created, consisting of the postmaster general, the secretary of the treasury and the attorney general, who shall declare what postoffices shall become postal savings banks. Deposits in these banks made by any one person shall not be more than \$100 a month or exceed in total of \$500. An account may be opened with one dollar, but stamps of 10 cents each will be issued for those desiring to accumulate money to be deposited. On deposits 2 per cent interest per annum is to be paid.

Whip Indian Insurgents. Merida, Yucatan.—The government troops had their first encounter with the Indian insurgents on Tuesday near Yucama, a short distance from Valladolid, according to information which has just reached here. The result was a victory for the federal troops.

Countervailing Duty on Pulp. Washington.—Pulp and printing paper manufactured from wood cut on crown lands in the province of Quebec prior to May 1, last, is subject to the countervailing duty of 25 cents per cord, or its equivalent of 35 cents a ton in the manufactured state as print paper.

Girl Has Record. Superior, Neb.—Miss Frona Leck of Carlsbad, N. M., was graduated last May from the high school of that city with the remarkable record of not once having been absent or tardy during the twelve years she attended school. Miss Leck is the talented daughter of William Leck, a former prominent citizen of Custer county, Neb., but who is now a prosperous merchant of Carlsbad.

Young Hardy is Cleared. Coroner's Jury Finds No Evidence to Warrant Holding Him. Marshalltown, Ia.—After spending all day hearing evidence of the Hardy triple murder, committed Sunday night, south of VanCleve, the coroner's jury at Melbourne returned a finding which resulted in the release of Raymond Hardy, the youngest and only surviving member of the family, who has been held in jail. He was suspected by officers of having killed the family to secure the property.

Taft's Message on Tariff. Washington.—President Taft on Thursday transmitted to the house of representatives a statement of negotiations between the United States and all foreign governments under the maximum and minimum provisions of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law. The message, not of great length, contained summaries of reports obtained by the State department through instructions issued to diplomatic and consular officers and related especially to differential and discriminatory treatment.

NEBRASKA IN BRIEF.

News Notes of Interest From various Sections.

A. E. Cady of St. Paul is urged to make the race for governor. The new postmaster at Scotts Bluff has entered upon his duties.

Omahans are talking of a railroad between that city and Yankton, S. D. The farm home of J. H. Lee of Dodge county was destroyed by fire.

Democrats of Central City are planning a big jollification for some time in June.

The Nebraska Liquor Dealers' association held their annual convention in Omaha last week.

The dates for the holding of the Kearney chautauqua have been set for July 16 to 24, inclusive.

Miss Jane Bunt, teacher of mathematics in the Fremont high school, has resigned. She is going to wed.

G. H. Stanley jumped from Burlington train No. 42 just before it reached the Seward yards and was badly hurt. Seventy-one graduates of rural schools in Dodge county received diplomas from the county superintendent.

John Johnson, aged about fifty-five, was found dead in a back room of a shoemaker's shop in Omaha. Death was due to asphyxiation.

One hundred or more teachers attended the Franklin county institute. A monument marking the old Oregon trail was unveiled in Kesey.

Hans Hanson, a pioneer resident of Holbrook and vicinity, committed suicide by shooting with a shotgun while alone in his bedroom. He kept a blacksmith shop there for the past fifteen years, and had been a resident of that section for the past thirty years.

Last evening Curtis Thompson, a well known character, about Nebraska City, went to his room, which was in the basement of a house in the eastern part of the city, and cut his throat. He bled to death before any one could reach him. He had been drinking much of late.

State Superintendent Bishop filed a report with Governor Shallenberger showing the receipts and disbursements of the office for the six months beginning December 1, 1909. The receipts from the registration of certificates in the last six months have been \$3,176.82. Of the appropriations under supervision of the department, a balance of \$3,537.33 is shown in the junior normal fund, the appropriation for which for the biennium was \$20,000.

Sheriff Beal of Keith county landed Thomas F. Shireman in the penitentiary to serve a term of three years. For bringing him back from Canada to stand trial Mr. Beal has filed with the state auditor a bill for \$567.72. Of this amount \$180 was paid to an attorney in Canada who assisted the officer when Shireman fought extradition.

After being out less than ten hours the jury in the Hedderford case at Holdrege returned with a verdict in which they found the defendant not guilty of the charge of murder on which he was held. The verdict was quite in keeping with Judge Duncan's instructions, and was looked for by those who had given the case the closest attention since its commencement.

Judge Travis has called a special term of the district court of Otoe county, at which time Judge Pemberton of Beatrice will be present and try the case of Houston vs. the mayor and city council. It is a suit pertaining to the granting of the water and light franchise.

The farmers of this section, says a Beaver City dispatch, are shaking hands with themselves over the fine prospect for crops of all kinds and especially the small grain. Oats never promised a larger yield at this time of year. While the government reports place the wheat at 60 per cent, that in Furnas county was little injured by the winter weather, and the drought of the spring was broken by timely rains.

A touring car, being stored at a local livery barn in Ragan, was removed at night and run about sixty miles. It was returned before daylight with one tire punctured and two tires gone. The livery men were compelled to pay the damages, amounting to \$50.

Fred Beck of Nebraska City, who was arrested on the charge of attempting to assault the 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bankson, had his hearing before the county judge and was bound over to the district court.

Mrs. Anna Shineflew, who makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Youngman of Humboldt, received word of the death of her sister, Mrs. Martha Snyder of Salem, a few miles east of there, the death resulting from a stroke of lightning.

At a special election held in Kearney the citizens voted by a good majority to buy the city water plant at the figures offered by the American Water company, which is \$125,000. The vote was heavy for a special election, although neither side did very little work at the polls.

Misses Olive and Anna Stevenson and Miss Harriet Hershey of Nebraska City, have sailed for Europe. They will be gone all summer.

The centenary at Bellevue will be held on the 23d of June.

Those having in charge the preparations for the holding of the annual reunion of the Platte Valley District Reunion association of the Grand Army of the Republic, are commencing early this year, and have already almost completed the program for the thirtieth annual encampment, the date of which has been fixed for August 8 to 12, 1910.

The State Farmers' Mutual Hall insurance company of Wascosa, Minn., has been denied permission to do business in Nebraska by State Auditor Barton, consequently it has no authority to do business in this state. The auditor says that any one soliciting business for this company lays himself liable to prosecution and those who take out insurance in this company and sustain a loss have no recourse in the Nebraska courts and the settlement will be entirely optional with the company.



COL. ROOSEVELT IN VENICE

Vice-President Fairbanks was in Rome and had arranged for an audience at the Vatican which was cancelled by the pope because Mr. Fairbanks first addressed the Methodist mission in Rome. When Colonel



Leaving the Sorbonne, Paris.

Roosevelt reached the Eternal City he received, through the American minister, a message from Cardinal Merry del Val, papal secretary of state, to the effect that the pope would grant an audience to Mr. Roosevelt if he did not repeat the mistake made by Mr. Fairbanks. The colonel promptly called it all off, stating that as an independent American citizen he could not submit to such restrictions. The head of the Methodist mission tried to make religious capital out of this, and

HENRY FORDICE.

WOMAN ESCAPES OPERATION

Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Elwood, Ind.—"Your remedies have cured me and I have only taken six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was sick three months and could not walk. I suffered all the time. The doctors said I could not get well without an operation, for I could hardly stand the pains in my sides, especially my right side, and down my right leg. I began to feel better when I had taken only one bottle of Compound, but kept on as I was afraid to stop too soon."—Mrs. SADIE MULLEN, 2728 N. B. St., Elwood, Ind.

Why will women take chances with an operation or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion, and nervous prostration. If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

Have goodwill to all that lives, let kindness die, and greed and wrath; so that your lives be made like soft airs passing by.—E. Arnold

His Excellence. "I tell you," said one man to another as they emerged from the dimly lighted corridor of a concert hall, "I envy that fellow who was singing." "Envy him!" echoed the other. "Well, if I were going to envy a singer I'd select somebody with a better voice. His was about the poorest I ever heard."

The Business Instinct. An English farmer, taking his little son with him, was going to the polling station to give his vote. On the way he met a friend on the same errand, and the two entered into conversation. After an excited and heated argument about the budget they came to blows. The poor lad was much frightened, and seeing that his father was getting the worst of it, suddenly called out to him: "Hit him in the watch, father; that'll cost him something!"

A Keene Lover. James R. Keene, who is noted no less as a horseman than as a financier, said at a luncheon at his Cedarhurst residence:

"My love of horses has been a great comfort to me all my life. I have always kept my horses in their place, though. I haven't allowed them to interfere with my business. "Some men carry their love of horses altogether too far. Such a one was a young father who stood, with his first wife, before the crib of their first born.

"Isn't he wonderful?" the young mother cried. "Did you ever see anything like him at twenty-six months?" "Maternal love is all very well," the father retorted, impatiently, "but please don't try to compare it with a two-year-old thoroughbred."

Good Work Proceeds Slowly. At the present rate of increase nearly forty-five years must elapse before sufficient hospital accommodations to provide for all the indigent consumptives in the United States will be provided, declares the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. Although over 7,000 beds in hospitals, sanatoria, camps and wards for tuberculous patients were established last year, there are fully 300,000 indigent consumptives who ought to be placed in such institutions and a total of only 22,729 beds in the entire country. On May 1, 1909, there were 16,244 beds for consumptives and 294 institutions. The annual report of the national association shows an increase of 99 institutions and 7,500 beds.

A Taste A Smile

And satisfaction to the last mouthful—

Post Toasties

There's pleasure in every package. A trial will show the fascinating flavour.

Served right from the package with cream or milk and sometimes fruit—fresh or stewed.

"The Memory Lingers"

Pkgs. 10c and 15c.

Sold by Grocers. Postum Cereal Co., Ltd. Battle Creek, Mich.