



Old-Time Love Missives for the Day

PEPYS, that delightful old gossip of the reign of Charles II., enters in his diary on Valentine's day, 1667: "This morning came little Will Meiser to be my wife's valentine, and brought her name written upon blue paper in gold letters, done by himself. Very pretty, we were both well pleased with it. But I am also this year my wife's valentine, and it will cost me five pounds, but that I must have laid out if we had not been valentines."

Two days later Pepys says: "I find that Mrs. Pierce's little girl is my valentine, she having drawn me, which I am sorry for, it causing me of some things more that I must have given to others. But I do first observe the fashion of drawing mottoes as well as names, so that Pierce, who drew my wife, did also draw a motto, and my wife drew another for me. What his motto was, I forgot, but my wife's was 'Most courteous and most fair,' which, as it may be used as an engagement upon each name, might be very prettily."

But fully as interesting and much more strange were the St. Valentine's messages among the common people. Many of the observances were singularly like those of Halloween. They were not so gruesome, but the resemblance is unmistakable. For instance, a poet, who lived in the 17th century, writes: "Last Friday was Valentine's day and the night before I got five bay leaves and plumed four of them to the four corners of my pillow and the fifth to the middle, and then I dreamed of my sweetheart, Betty said we should be married before the year was out. But to make it more sure I boiled an egg hard and took out the yolk and filled it with salt and ate it shell and all without speaking or drinking after it. We also wrote our lovers' names upon bits of paper and rolled them up in clay and put them into water and the first that came to the surface was to be our valentine."

There have been endless devices for valentines, but perhaps the queerest on record is that described in the following little story. One St. Valentine's morning an English gentleman remarked to his pretty daughter that on that day 200,000 more letters than the average passed through the London twopenny post.

"Why, papa," replied the girl, "that's just the number of young folks that must be in love with each other—that's the way to reckon."

At that moment a bachelor friend of the family came in and learning the subject of their talk, drew a small package from his pocket.

"Here's my valentine," he exclaimed, and presented it to the young woman. It contained a small ring, carved of ivory and covered with white satin and ornamented with true lover's knots. There were also some verses, of which this is one:

"Will you marry me?" he asked.

"I marry you? No. You are too old. But there are many women of your age. Why don't you ask one of them?"

He had to be contented with this sorry consolation, though he deserved a better fate for the ingenuity of his valentine.

St. Valentine's day has always been a favorite with the poets. It is mentioned by Chaucer, Shakespeare, Goethe, Donne, Gay, Lydgate and others, and many first-class versifiers have written valentines. Of these none is more remarkable than Macaulay's. That renowned scholar and historian never missed giving a St. Valentine's tribute to his favorite niece and his valentine to the Countess Beauchamp, daughter of the earl of Stanhope, ranks with the most admirable of his compositions.

It is a pity that the fine old festival of St. Valentine's day is not made more of by this generation. Something should be done to bring back to it the charm, the romance, the poetry of other times.

Happily, in the last few years the comic valentines have been more humorous and less vulgar.—The Sunday Magazine.

Valentines More Popular Than Ever

IN THE latter part of the nineteenth century, the "valentine" (those ornate creations of lace paper, shell and gilt, artificial flowers, strap pictures, and sentimental verse which we know grew from the simplest devices of elaboration. Before valentines became a recognized article of merchandise lovers were constrained to construct their own. A quill pen, a sheet of writing paper and ability to write "doggerel" was the required equipment. Soon there appeared obliging little chap-books called the "Gentlemen's New Valentine Writer," "Cupid's Annual Charter," "The School of Love," and the "Ladies' Petite Valentine Writer." There also was a "valentine writer" for tradespeople and one for the joker called the "Quizzing Valentine Writer." These valentine writers were little sixpenny pamphlets containing choice specimens of doggerel for almost all degrees of love and sentiment. Here are a few samples:

Found in the ring that has no end, So as my love to you my friend, You are witty, you are pretty, You are dear, when I am at night, I am made for your sake, What a handsome couple we shall make.

In the tradespeople's "Valentine Writer" valentines for almost every trade and profession were provided. Here is one for the pawnbroker:

I pledge my word for thee I live, And am as good as honor calls, Oh, then my dear, an answer give, You have a note for all the three balls.

The grocer's was as follows:

Your health is all mine, I declare, And you're so neat and handy, That you're as sweet, I think, my fair, As plum or sugar candy. Be favorable, I beseech, These verses kindly write, And if you will my heart restore, I'll treat you to some tea.

Often these home-made valentines were of the "cut" and "torn" paper variety, beautiful designs being worked out by cutting or tearing the paper.

About the year 1800 the manufactured article began to steal away the early charm of St. Valentine's day. Transformation scenes were a conceit of the German manufacturers. A lone bachelor sits and laments his fate of solitariness until a shifting scene reveals to him what bliss he would be with her of his dreams. The more elaborate of these manufactured valentines were wonderful examples of human ingenuity and handicraft and some were very expensive.

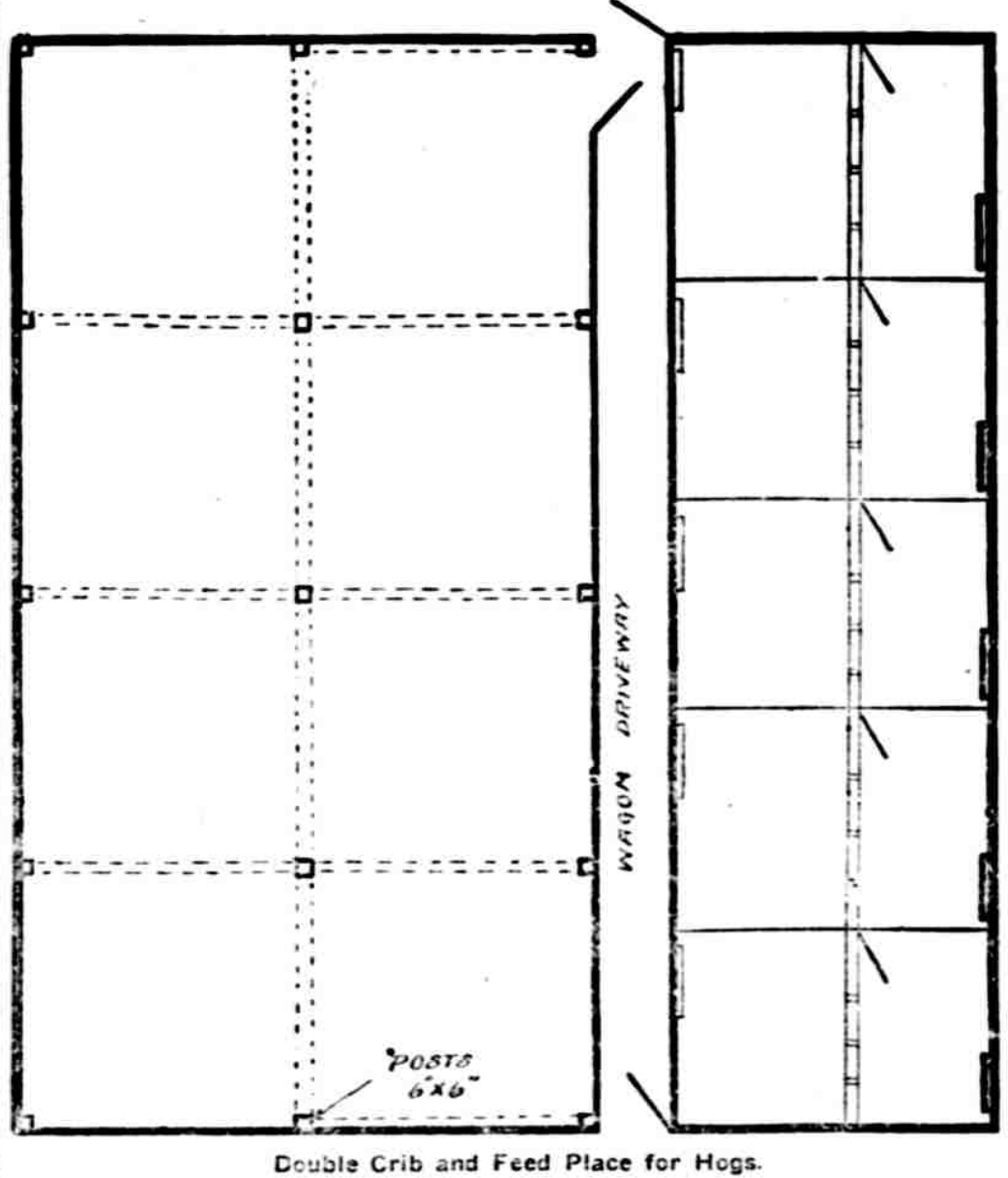
The manufacturer of valentines 50 years ago gave remunerative employment to an army of women, to whom the work of construction was intrusted. Germany furnished most of the material in bulk for valentines, but the beautifully made artificial cambric roses, each no longer than a pea, were made in French convents by women to whom valentines were never sent and who were vowed to celibacy and single life.

The anonymity of the remembrance is its charm, as in the case of the young artist of Charles Lamb's acquaintance, who expended hours and his best work on a valentine for his neighbor, a young girl with whom he had never spoken, but whose radiant girlhood had given him joy to behold. To her surprised eyes came his exquisite testimonial. And like pleasure shared our grandmothers when in the good old days folded sheets with lace edges and most delicately hand-written verses beneath crudely sentimental sketches found their insidious way under their front door.

Good will is at work, and it is making things better. In spite of the prevailing social philosophy, it is gaining ground. Even now, with such partial halting, half-hearted recognition as we give it, good will is making things better.—Dr. Washington Gladden.

PLAN OF HOG HOUSE WITH DOUBLE CRIB

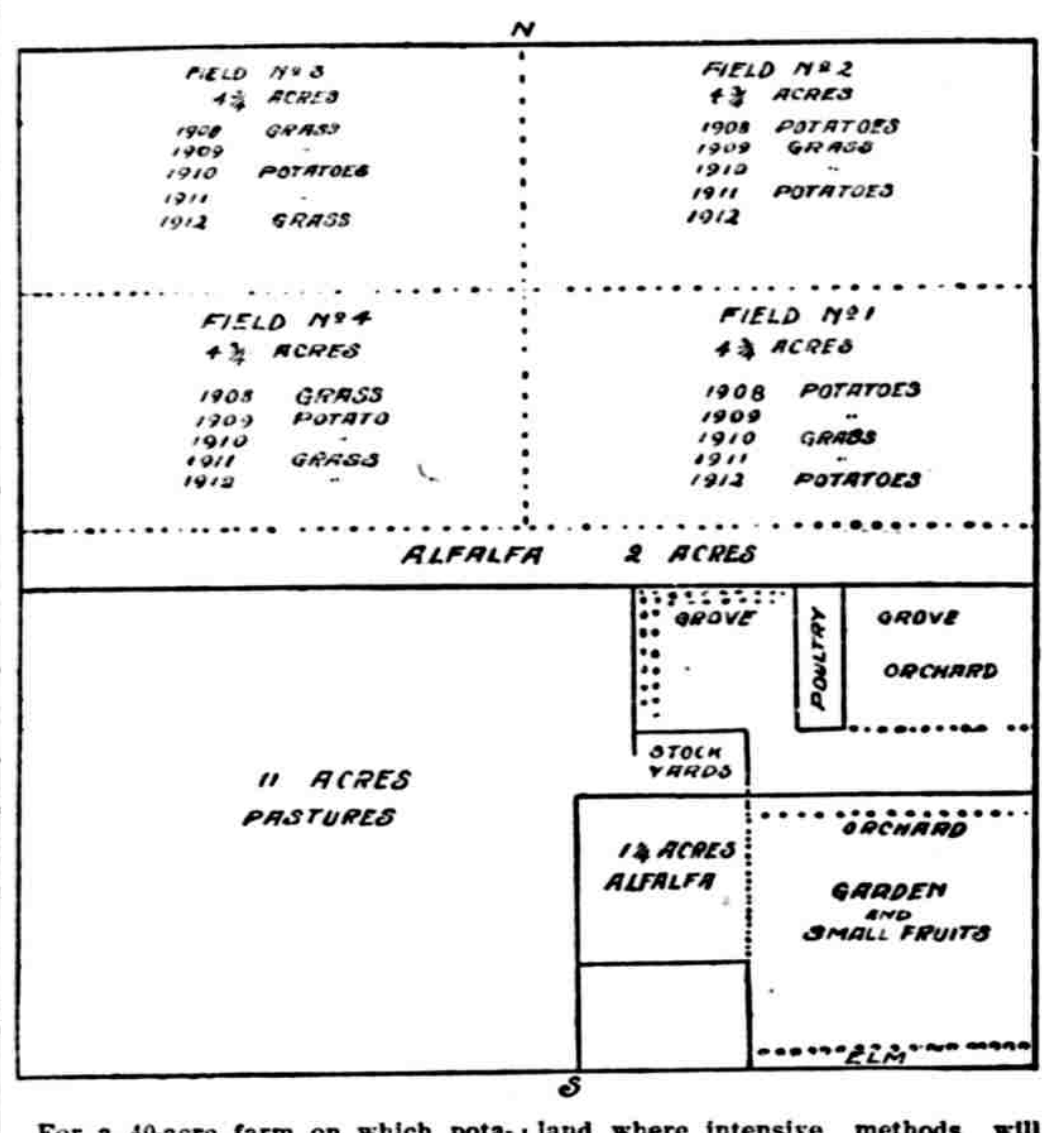
Driveway Can Be Used to Feed in, with an Adjustable Gate—One Section Can Be Used for Store Room.



A plan, with illustration of a double crib and feed place for hogs is given herewith.

The first story is to be built six or six and one-half feet high, as per plan. Floor 28x34 feet concrete. Size of building 24x32 feet, making a driveway eight feet wide, north of driveway, eight feet wide for feeding. Use driveway to feed on, with an adjustable or movable gate, so as to use any part or all to feed in. South of the driveway is a narrow passage or feed-way, and still south are the pens for sows, and a part of the pen and built on the outside as shown in plan, with double doors. The bottom half is to let the sows back and forth to the outer part of pen, and the top half can be opened for more air, and also for a man to walk in and out to clean out bedding and litter. It also has windows to give plenty of light in each bed. This plan is drawn for 12 feet high, but can be made 14 feet if desired. One section can be used for store room to put in mill feed, and such things as one might desire. One or two sections can be used for calves, or the driveway may be used for sheep. It can be utilized. Besides the concrete floor saves all the manure, which can be cleaned out at any time and hauled out on the land.

EXCELLENT ROTATION SYSTEM



For a 40-acre farm on which potatoes, hay and fodder are the main crops this division of fields will be found suitable. The alfalfa and other fodder crops are near to the pasture to facilitate summer feeding. The 2 1/2 acres of alfalfa should give from 18 to 20 tons of feed and assuming a yield of 200 bushels per acre of potatoes the 9 1/2 acres devoted to this crop should give a total of 1,900 bushels. The plan is intended for high priced land where intensive methods will give high yields.

PROPER START OF PASTURES

Close Attention Should Be Paid to Preliminary Cultivation, as That Means Economy in Seed.

(BY W. R. GILBERT.)

Close attention should be paid to preliminary cultivation, as this means economy in the seed. In the first place it is necessary that the soil should be thoroughly cleaned and that annual weeds as well as couch grass should be destroyed. An important consideration is the manurial condition of the soil.

Although grasses are benefited by nitrogenous manures, it is seldom desirable to apply such manure either just before or immediately after sowing the seed.

The first effect of such manuring would be to increase the quantity of straw produced by the grain crop with which the seeds have been sown and thus to repress rather than aid the young pasture plants.

Phosphatic manure, such as basic clay or superphosphate, on the other hand, should be used liberally, and may perhaps best be applied to the preceding root crop, though it can be worked into the land during the winter months before sowing the seed.

In dry districts and on light soils 300 to 500 pounds of superphosphate should be applied, but for most soils 400 to 600 pounds of basic clay may be recommended.

In purchasing grass seed I recommend the obtaining of the best as being the cheapest in the end.

Possess the Land.

Kentucky blue grass will probably more than hold its own against all comers, when it once has possession of the land. In the fight with quack grass it will probably be worsted where quack grass has obtained a hold. In the contest with Russian brome, however, the outcome would probably depend upon the favorableness or otherwise of the conditions of these grasses.

CHICAGO MERCHANT MAKES STATEMENT.

After Spending Thousands of Dollars and Consulting the Most Eminent Physicians, He Was Desperate. CHICAGO, ILLS.—Mr. J. G. Becker, of 134 Van Buren St., a well-known wholesale dry goods dealer, states as follows: "I have had catarrh for more than thirty years. Have tried everything on earth and spent thousands of dollars for other medicines and with physicians, without getting any lasting relief, and can say to you that I have found Peruna the only remedy that has cured me permanently. "Peruna has also cured my wife of catarrh. She always keeps it in the house for an attack of cold, which it invariably cures in a very short time."

BETTER LATE THAN EARLY

Here is Case Where the Sage Old Proverb Might with Profit Have Been Reversed.

There is a certain young Broad street broker whose recent sad experience in endeavoring to pull the wool over his wife's eyes has led him to declare "never again."

Now, it is the broker's custom to take a 5:30 suburban train, thus enabling him to reach his home in Westchester in ample time for the early dinner that both he and his wife like.

The other day he fell. Meeting an old college mate he yielded to the latter's entreaties for an evening in town for the next step was, of course, to telegraph the wife, which he did in these terms: "Unavoidably detained. Missed the 5:30. Home later."

When hubby finally did show up, he observed an expression on the countenance of his spouse that argued fullness of his little fib.

"What's the trouble, dear?" he asked, with an affected nonchalance.

Without a word the wife handed him the telegraph slip, indicating with her forefinger the words:

"Received at 4:15."—Lippincott's Magazine.

VOICE OF EXPERIENCE

"Excuse me, gents, would you mind giving a dime to our poor fellow who was shot in the war?"

"Where were you shot?"

"In der spinal column, sir!"

"Beat it! There wasn't any such battle!"

Practical Christianity.

"On behalf of the sewing circle of this church," said the pastor at the conclusion of the morning service, "I desire to thank the congregation for 57 buttons placed in the contribution box during the past month. If now the philanthropically inclined donors of these objects will put a half-dozen undershirts and three pairs of other strictly secular garments on the plate next Sunday morning, so that we may have something to sew those buttons on, we shall be additionally grateful."—Harper's Weekly.

For Shame, Mr. Staggers.

"Our splendid cook left to-day and I had to take her place," said Mrs. Staggers. "I hope I shall be successful in imitating her."

"I certainly hope you will be successful in following in her footsteps," suggestively remarked old man Staggers as he chewed on a crisp-boiled potato.

Loved to Death.

"Did you ever know a girl to die for love?"

"Yes."

"Did she just fade away and die because some man deserted her?"

"No; she just took in washing and worked herself to death because the man she loved married her."

Ruling Passion.

"I knew that smoking would get him into trouble."

"Well?"

"At his wedding, when it came to the ring part, he reached into his pocket and handed the minister a match."

Nothing endures but the eternal commonplace; and if one departs from that it is to run the most perilous risks.—Charles Wagner.

GET POWER.

The Supply Comes From Food.

If we get power from food, why not strive to get all the power we can. That is only possible by use of skillfully selected food that exactly fits the requirements of the body.

Poor fuel makes a poor fire, and a poor fire is not a good steam producer.

"From not knowing how to select the right food to fit my needs, I suffered grievously for a long time from stomach troubles," writes a lady from a little town in Missouri.

"It seemed as if I would never be able to find out the sort of food that was best for me. Hardly anything that I could eat would stay on my stomach. Every attempt gave me heartburn and filled my stomach with gas. I got thinner and thinner until I literally became a living skeleton and in time was compelled to keep to my bed. A few months ago I was persuaded to try Grape-Nuts food, and it had such good effect from the very beginning that I have kept up its use ever since. I was surprised at the ease with which I digested it. It proved to be just what I needed."

"All my unpleasant symptoms, the heart-burn, the inflated feeling which gave me such pain disappeared. My weight gradually increased from 98 to 116 lbs., my figure rounded out, my strength came back, and I am now able to do my housework and enjoy it. Grape-Nuts did it."

A ten days' trial will show anyone some facts about food.

Look in pkgs. for the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

NEBRASKA HAPPENINGS.

State News and Notes in Condensed Form.

The farmers' institute which was held at Dunbar two days last week was largely attended. The exhibits were larger than in years past.

Arthur Cruikshank and Ernest Black have bought the Thompson drug store at North Bend and will go to that town next week to take possession.

The three-year-old boy of Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Taylor of Wymore, died suddenly Saturday afternoon at 1:30 of ptomaine poison, supposed to have been in meat.

Oliver Bosworth of near Utica, was adjudged insane by the insanity board Tuesday and taken to the asylum at Lincoln. He had formerly been an inmate of that institution.

Louis Stander, living three miles northwest of Weeping Water, has sold his farm of 210 acres for \$120 per acre. About twelve years ago he bought this same place for \$40 per acre.

Judge Thomas sentenced Harry Sweeney of Schuyler, to one year in the penitentiary for a forgery recently committed at Leigh, in that county. When arraigned he pleaded and managed to secure the minimum penalty.

James Barry of Odell pleaded guilty in district court to the charge of selling intoxicating liquors without a license. He was fined \$22 and costs which he paid. Barry was indicted by the June term of the grand jury.

Twenty-four new members have been added to the First Presbyterian church at Madison. This is the result of an active church movement that has been inaugurated in Madison. Other churches also report a number of new additions.

The court house at Imperial, Chase county, was entirely destroyed by fire at 10 o'clock Wednesday night. The records vaults have not been opened, hence the conditions of the records is unknown. The fire was undoubtedly of incendiary origin.

Report has it that E. P. Bracken, general superintendent of the Wyoming district of the Burlington, with headquarters at Alliance, has been transferred to the lines east as assistant general manager, with headquarters at Chicago.

The directors of the Boone county agricultural association met and decided upon the dates for the next annual fair. The dates chosen are September 20, 21, 22 and 23. John O'Neill was elected president; Iver Bygland, vice president; J. E. Green, treasurer and H. L. Brooks, secretary.

The chair of mathematics of Hastings college, made vacant by the recent resignation of Miss Esther Alexander, has been filled by the appointment of Professor Wells of Ollivette, Mich., college. Miss Janet L. Carpenter has been appointed as instructor in Latin, since Dean Filson resigned.

The village of Elm Creek, Buffalo county, is soon to install an electric light plant. John Nichol of that place was in Kearney Thursday and was negotiating for a large gasoline engine and other equipment for the construction of the same, beginning in the spring.

Mrs. Bowdish mother-in-law of Frank Wild, postmaster at DeWitt, was so badly burned at her home Thursday afternoon that she died shortly afterward. Her son, Homer Bowdish, who ran valiantly to her rescue and who carried her out while her clothes were still aflame, is in a critical condition from burns he received from the inhalation of flame.

Omaha banks made a splendid showing when the comptroller of the currency issued his call for a statement of the business of the national banks for the close of January 31. The reports of the national banks of Omaha and South Omaha show an increase in loans over the corresponding call last year, February 5, of \$1,450,645, and an increase in deposits over the same date of \$2,949,532.

Pallas lodge, Knights of Pythias, of Schuyler gave its annual banquet Tuesday night. Over 200 were present. W. M. Cain presided as toastmaster and responses were made by Richard O'Neill of Lincoln, P. G. Chancellor, supreme representative and others. Fremont's bank clearings were greater by nearly \$300,000 for January, 1910, than the clearing for the first month of 1909. The total clearings for the month just closed were \$1,790,182.44.

During the last ten days Kearney has witnessed two fights on commodities with a great deal of interest. The first was the ice fight, when the price was lowered for the coming summer to 25 cents per hundred pounds. The last and perhaps the most welcome fight on prices was a flour fight that started last week. A local grocery firm started selling flour at \$1.55 per sack when the price for the same grade was \$1.70 elsewhere. The product being the output of the local mills, the balance of the grocers cried for help to the miller. The result was that they put flour down to \$1.20 per sack, the lowest it has sold for some time. The firm that started the fight declares it will sell flour for cost for the next year.

The old Oakland hotel site at Sutton has been purchased for the purpose of erecting a Carnegie library. Consideration, \$1,175. Work will begin as soon as spring opens. Mr. Carnegie has promised a donation of \$5,000 for the building. Several books of biography, history and fiction have been added to the library this week.

Charles K. Ott has sold his interest in the Lyons Sun to his partner, J. J. Hayden, who also purchased Mr. Ott's residence there. Possession will be given February 2. Mr. Ott will remove to Lincoln.

W. S. Thompson, a farmer living north of Tecumseh, attended a public sale and bought two "runt" yearling sows, paying \$6 apiece for them and at the time feeling that he had got the worst of the deal. The sows fattened and raised ten nice pigs and when the pigs were weaned Mr. Thompson sold the sows for \$21 each. He fed the pigs for less than eight months and sold the lot at a little over \$200.

The Masonic templecraft at a meeting Monday voted to equip the Masonic temple, which is one of Fremont's largest blocks, with a steam heating plant.

This Contractor got results. He knew how to feed his men. Some years ago a contractor building a railroad in a warm climate was troubled a great deal by sickness among the laborers.

He turned his attention at once to their food and found that they were getting full rations of meat and were drinking water from a stream near by.

He issued orders to cut down the amount of meat and to increase greatly the quantity of Quaker Oats fed to the men.

He also boiled Quaker Oats and mixed the thin oatmeal water with their drinking water.

Almost instantly all signs of stomach disorders passed and his men showed a decided improvement in strength and spirits.

This contractor had experience that taught him the great value of good oatmeal.



HE KNEW HER

She—it's three o'clock. I'm going to my dressmaker. I don't be more than a quarter of an hour.

He—All right; don't forget we are dining out at eight o'clock.

Asking Too Much.

The mother of little six-year-old Mary had told her a number of times not to hitch her sled to passing sleighs, feeling that it was a dangerous practice. It was such a fascinating sport, however, that Mary could not resist it on any one day her mother saw her go skimming past the house behind a farmer's "bobs."

When she came in from play she was taken to task, her mother saying severely: "Mary, haven't I told you that you must not hitch onto bobs? Besides, you know, it is against the law."

Mary tossed her head. "Oh," she said, "don't talk to me about the law. It's all I can do to keep the ten commandments!"—Woman's Home Companion.

Teammaster's Punishment Earned.

Apparently it pays not to be cruel to horses out in Chicago. A teamster who admitted abandoning his horses for six hours on a recent stormy day was fined \$50 by a magistrate. The humane society prosecuted the case vigorously and promised to report the matter to the driver's employers. Presumably he will lose his job, as he was unable to pay the fine and will have to serve a jail term.

The Caged Bachelor.

The woman who wanted the bachelor to come to dinner called him up at his rooms.

"Hello," she said, adding in the irritating way of women, "do you know who this is?"

The tactful bachelor didn't, but he was too diplomatic to admit it.

"Hello, beautiful lady," he made answer.

So Touching.

Anxious Sultor—But, sir, I thrill at your daughter's slightest touch.

Practical Father—Young man, I find her slightest touch is usually for a hundred dollars.

Nebraska Directory

A letter from Kansas says to
Uncle Sam
Breakfast Food Co.

"While in Omaha my landlady fed me your food, which relieved me of CHRONIC CONSTIPATION of 20 years standing. Ship me at once 6 packages." (Signed) Arthur Hubbard, Emporia, Kansas.

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