FIVE MONTHS IN HOSPITAL.

Discharged Because Doctors Could Not Cure.

Levi P. Brockway, S. Second Ave., Anoka, Minn., says: "After lying for five months in a hospital I was discharged as incurable, and given only six months to live. My heart was affected, I had smothering spells and sometimes fell unconscious. I got so I couldn't use my arms, my eyesight was impaired and the kidney secretions were badly disordered. I was completely worn out and discouraged when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, but they went right to the cause of the trouble and did their work well. I have been feeling well ever since."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SING, BIRDIE, DON'T!

Miss Yellem (about to sing)—What is your favorite air, professor?

Professor—Fresh air— and plenty of it! Good morning!

Few Horses Used in China.

The only places in China where horses are used to any great extent are Shanghai, Esing-Tau and Tien Tsin. Australian "walers," so called because they originate in New South Wales, are the most popular. These horses are imported into Shanghai in batches of from 20 to 50, are well taken care of on the voyage, and, arriving in excellent condition, are put into use within a couple of weeks after arrival.

Japanese to Honor Perry.

Japanese residents of the state of Washington plan to erect a statue to the memory of Commodore Perry on the grounds of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition. The idea was conceived some months ago by prominent Japanese residents of Seattle and the bankers and merchants of the Flowery Kingdom have agreed to give their support.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

On to Him.

"Yes," said the red-eyed clerk. "I'm a little late this morning. The midnight oil, you know—"

"H'm!" interrupted his employer. "Oil, eh? Well, the next time you paint the town I'd advise you to use water colors exclusively."

Lewis' Single Binder — the famous straight 5c cigar, always best quality. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

It is one thing to see your road; another to cut it.—George Eliot.

THE COME AND SEE SIGN

PUBLIC INSPECTION INVITED FROM 8 A.M. 4 P.M. SATURDAYS EXCEPTED LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

This sign is permanently attached to the front of the main building of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

What Does This Sign Mean?

It means that public inspection of the Laboratory and methods of doing business is honestly desired. It means that there is nothing about the business which is not "open and aboveboard."

It means that a permanent invitation is extended to anyone to come and verify any and all statements made in the advertisements of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Is it a purely vegetable compound made from roots and herbs — without drugs?

Come and See.

Do the women of America continually use as much of it as we are told?

Come and See.

Was there ever such a person as Lydia E. Pinkham, and is there any Mrs. Pinkham now to whom sick woman are asked to write?

Come and See.

Is the vast private correspondence with sick women conducted by women only, and are the letters kept strictly confidential?

Come and See.

Have they really got letters from over one million, one hundred thousand women correspondents?

Come and See.

Have they proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured thousands of these women?

Come and See.

This advertisement is only for doubters. The great army of women who know from their own personal experience that no medicine in the world equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female ills will still go on using and being benefited by it; but the poor doubting, suffering woman must, for her own sake, be taught confidence, for she might just as well regain her health.

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

Even the seed enjoy a downy, soft bed.

The cockerels should be separated from the pullets at this time.

Filthy hen houses are sure to prove disastrous during the hot weather.

Fasting a fowl 24 hours before killing improves the flavor immensely. Try it.

Droppings from tuberculosis cows will give the disease to the hogs that eat them.

Hogs and pigs that are pastured give far better returns than those that are shut in a pen.

It is not always the hog that is heaviest on the squeal that pulls down the scales the hardest.

Pine tar generously applied to the noses of the sheep at shearing time will prevent grub in the head.

Always an important question for the farmer to consider—The improvement and maintenance of soil fertility.

If you put the feet of your road horse in a pail of water every day, you will find they will keep sound and healthy.

A few fresh leaves put in the crown of the hat when working in the hot sun will keep the head cool. Drink little and you will feel better.

Fly time always cuts down the profits of the dairy. During the most trying time it will pay to pasture at night. You of course have already screened your barn.

It is nothing short of cruelty these hot nights to keep the work horse shut in his stall. Provide a good clean yard into which he can be turned after he has been fed and thoroughly cleaned.

Bloody milk in cows can be remedied by giving a pound of Glauber slats and after the physic has thoroughly worked giving an ounce of nitro daily for three days. Bathing the udder in cold water after each milking will also help.

Farmers make a mistake when they sell unquestioningly at the market quotations, for they often sell below the cost of production. The world must be fed, and if farmers as a class would adopt an independent attitude toward the commission man, the elevator, the creamery, or whatever source they look to for cash, the world would soon come to their doors and say: "What will you take?"

It is safer and better for the average farmer to start improving his stock with pure-bred sires and grading up than to invest much money in fancy breeding animals. The improved breeds of live stock have all been brought to their high state of perfection by selection, liberal feeding and good care, and unless the farmer is prepared to continue this treatment he had better keep along with the common herds and flocks that have become more or less accustomed to hardships and neglect.

While opthalmia, or eye disease in young colts may not be permanently cured, the trouble can be materially lessened by the following treatment: Keep the colt in a dark stable and three times a day bathe the eyes for ten to 20 minutes at a time with cold water and apply the following: Acetate of lead, 10 grains; tincture of opium, 10 drops; water, 1½ ounces. Apply this to the eyes after bathing them as above directed. In addition to this treatment of the eyes it is a good plan to give one drachm of iodide of potassium twice a day for four days, giving this in a bran mash.

The rainy day is the farmer's greatest blessing if he uses it wisely. It is the time for overhauling the harvesting machinery and get everything in shape for the harvest. See that all bolts and taps are in place. Provide a few extra guards for the mower and binder. Go over the sickles and take out all imperfect sections, replacing them with new, and put the sickles in first-class cutting condition. They will need to be this year. Put the oil cans in the buggy so that they can be filled the next time you go to town and be ready for use. In short, get everything in first-class shape, for when the harvest comes time is worth money.

The old straw pile is unsightly and of no profit. Turn it to account by hauling it out and either placing it in washy places on the farm to prevent washing, or scatter it on the land and plow it under for the making of humus. Wet and partially rotted straw makes good manure either plowed under or worked into the surface soil. A straw pile which is allowed to rot down where it stands will simply decay and float away in the air. To be of value to the farm it must be scattered over the land, where it will decay on the soil and the richness be taken up and appropriated by growing plants. The highest value is derived from the straw by turning it under and allowing it to decay in the soil. In this way it adds chemical foods and improves the physical nature of the soil.

Now is the time to get a line on some fall feeders.

Cleanliness is essential in hog raising as it is in the dairy.

When the sows are suckling their young they should be fed some grain.

Raising mules ought to be profitable when a young team will sell from $300 to $600.

Feed all the corn and oats to the lambs you would force to marketable condition.

The successful farmer must be jack of all trades and complete master of the art of farming.

Be not weary in fighting the lice, for in due season they will get your fowls if you do not get them.

The good reputation is not gained by pretense, but by being and doing what you desire to appear to be.

Paint the ringworm spots on the cattle with tincture of iodine, or smear with sulphur and lard, or other good oil.

The horse that has worked hard all day has earned a good feed, a good currying and a good bed. See that he gets them.

Is it right? is the only correct basis of settling every question. Will it pay? should only be asked after the first is answered squarely.

If you let the cows shorten up on their milk yield during the hot months because of short feed, they will not regain their maximum yield until after they come fresh again.

Let your mistakes become stepping stones to better things. Experience is a dear teacher, sometimes, but a lesson thoroughly learned under his discipline often proves a life-long blessing.

Questions you cannot ask yourself too often: Do things look tidy about the premises? Is there a place for everything and is everything in its place? Do I realize the value of the manure and am I getting it out of the land as fast as possible?

Good alfalfa seed should be yellow, with a faint tinge of green; the seeds are mostly pointed at one end, although many are kidney-bean shaped and a few are nearly round. The latter are difficult to tell from seeds of sweet clover or trefoil. But clover seeds are much larger than alfalfa seeds, although of the same shape.

Ticks leave sheep after they are sheared and go to the lambs on account of the better protection offered them by the long lamb's wool. It is a good plan to dip the lambs, using a good commercial or tobacco dip. To make sure they are free from ticks they should be dipped twice, as a new lot is apt to come on. The second dipping should be given about two weeks after the first.

American farmers will be interested in the international competition for motor machinery for viticulture to be held at Palermo, Italy, the coming autumn. A royal decree sets forth that the machine adjudged the best will be awarded the diploma and about $2,000, and that the minister of agriculture will purchase two of this class. The second prize consists of a gold medal and about $600. Application for admission must be sent to the minister of agriculture at Rome not later than August 15, and the machines or apparatus must reach Palermo by the 16th of October.

We have not yet learned how to take care of good roads after we get them. There are many expensive highways throughout the country that are rapidly going to pieces because the municipality through which they run is too stingy to employ men to keep them in proper condition. A slight depression holds water which makes mud and every passing tire throws a little muddy water out of the sink, and this soon makes a hole. A hole opens the way for water to percolate through to the foundation where it freezes and destroys the road to the very bottom. A shovel full of broken stone applied at the proper time would have prevented a heavy loss.

The trap nest has revealed some interesting and suggestive conditions. One man reports 215 eggs from 14 birds for last January. As they were all trap-nested, he knew the eggs of each. One hen laid 186 eggs in her first laying year; 45 of them were laid during the hatching season and all incubated; only five were infertile. One pullet, whose egg record was about the same, did not lay a single fertile egg the whole season. She was put with different males in an effort to get some fertile eggs from her, but the effort was not successful. The question arises, do we breed out fertility by breeding for large egg yields, and shall we be obliged to begin with the old average layer, after a series of years, and breed up to the large egg yield again?

An agricultural banking system is suggested by some who would aim to serve the interests of farming communities and prevent the money of the farmers getting into the control of the banks of the large cities of the country. The originator of the scheme would have the agricultural banks under federal control, and prohibited from disposing of their reserves in national or state banks, the aim being to keep the money in the country. He would also have them prohibited from loaning money on stocks, bonds and industrial securities, but instead permitted to loan on farms, homesteads and live stock, produce and the mortgages on the same. The term agricultural banking system may sound good to the farmer, and the scheme may look attractive, but we don't think it would work, neither do we think that a banking system can ever be devised to serve exclusively one set of interests. What we need is the present banking system under closer supervision and control.

ROUND THE CAPITAL

Information and Gossip Picked Up Here and There in Washington.

Potomac Flats Being Transformed to Park

WASHINGTON.—Whatever the capital city of the nation may have lacked in the past in the way of park accommodations for the comfort and enjoyment of the general public, such condition will not exist after this summer, for rapid work is being done upon the flats lying along the Potomac frontage of the city, and the waste land is being transformed into a garden spot that will make it one of the most delightful public parks in the country. Instead of the desolate stretches of swamp and tangled thicket and neglected commons there are now verdant lawns and trees and shrubbery and flowers, and, above all, walks and drives and seats where the public may view the river and the surroundings which have thus been created.

Some persons are rather skeptical when the topic of the pleasures of a summer spent in Washington is discussed with any enthusiasm. They think of the range of the thermometer and what it means to humanity exposed to such weather conditions, and that consideration is enough in their estimation to put Washington out of the question as a place where anyone would willingly spend the summer.

At the same time it is recognized by thousands that Washington has not only many advantages as a summer living place, but also that it possesses attraction. The temperature is not ignored by such, but they appreciate the fact that not all days are marked by excessive or even uncomfortable summer weather conditions. Even this year, which thus far has been hot and dry, generally speaking, as compared with the weather of last year and the year before, has been marked by periods of cool days and nights, and at times an atmosphere that had a tonic quality, such as one is accustomed to experience in more northern latitudes.

Then there is the charm of the city in its summer garb, the most beautiful to be found in any city in the world, and that beauty not alone in the adornment of one section, but in its general extent throughout the entire area. There is refreshment to be found in passing along the streets bordered with trees whose foliage screens sidewalks and even the pavement from the heat of the sun.

Memorial to Bishop Satterlee Planned

ANOTHER interesting thing connected with Washington life is the move which is on foot for an additional memorial to the late Rt. Rev. Henry Yates Satterlee, the bishop of Washington who filled such a large place in the religious and moral life of the capital city. It is now proposed to make into a magnificent church the small chapel founded by the dead prelate at Twilight Park, Haines Falls, in the Catskill mountains.

Although several hundred miles away from Washington, the present All Angels' church at Twilight Park is practically a part of the diocese of Washington. It is inseparably connected with the local diocese through the late Bishop Satterlee.

This picturesque little church is perched on the side of one of the beautiful mountains of the wooded Catskills, 1,900 feet above the plain which it overlooks. And one could say that in its present stage it was almost literally built by Bishop Satterlee with his own hands, and its services of prayer, praise and sacrament carried on by him for years.

Now it is proposed to enlarge the structure, make it entirely of stone and beautify it, as a memorial to the man who gave the inspiration for its starting.

The history of the church dates back to 1895, when the mission of All Angels was established at Twilight Park. For several years before that time desultory services had been held in a small building in the settlement. Bishop Satterlee made his summer home there and he became interested in the mission. Its first regular service was held June 16, 1895, in the cottage where Bishop Satterlee and his family lived. At that service there was a celebration of the holy communion, at which the bishop officiated. During the summer services were held in a small building near-by, but in the fall it was decided to build a church.

Guarding the Precious Declaration

CONSIDERABLE interest was aroused the other day by the report that the president had given a permit to a man who wanted to see with his own eyes the original copy of the Declaration of Independence, or rather to see what is left of that precious and venerated document.

However, the permit must have died a-borning, for it did not materialize, but if such permit had been issued and had been presented at the department of state it would have enabled its holder to have the first view of the Declaration of Independence that has been had since the spring of 1903.

Even before 1903 it had been kept in the safe, but it was often brought out for admiring citizens to scrutinize and to exclaim over. Since 1903 the light of day has not fallen on it.

There had been too much light of day before that. In fact, there had been too much of a good many things; too much folding, too much rolling, too much handling, and, alas! too much stealing of its immortal language by a wet press copying operation resorted to in 1820.

For 30 years the Declaration of Independence hung in the light, and the longer it hung there the more necessary the light became, for the ink that was left grew paler and paler until it was hard to make out any of the signatures, except the big black name of John Hancock. Finally it became evident that if anything except the parchment was to be left the document would have to be kept in the dark.

So it went into retirement in the safe, being brought out only upon special requests.

In 1903 the late John Hay, then secretary of state, appointed a committee to examine the condition of the declaration and to recommend what should be done to preserve it. The committee found it creased and bereft of its ink, but they were "pleased to find no evidence of mold or other disintegrating agents." They recommended that the document be kept dark and dry, and their recommendation has been religiously followed.

New Plan Helps Aliens to Get Work

STRANGERS in a strange land have every reason to feel that Uncle Sam is doing his best to get them located in places where they will find the greatest benefits. This is clearly shown by the facts and figures which set forth the work of the division of information of the bureau of immigration and naturalization. This bureau is succeeding in a remarkable way in diverting hundreds of poor aliens from crowded centers of the country to fertile farms and other places where there is a big demand for that class of laborers. This bureau is charged by an act of congress with the great undertaking of promoting a beneficial distribution of admitted aliens and others seeking employment, but the actual work of distribution is conducted by the information branch of the immigration service in New York city.

The method employed is to send out cards to all persons unable to secure necessary help, including farm laborers, common laborers and mechanics. Whatever kind of help is needed is indicated by the replies on the return postal cards. About 900,000 cards have been scattered broadcast over the country, and it is estimated that altogether about 4,000,000 cards will be sent out in the near future. From the first of February last to the close of June, nearly 1,000 aliens and others were sent in response to applications to various parts of the country. Twenty-six nationalities are represented in this distribution and the employment secured was principally farm work.

The following shows the various states to which aliens and others have been distributed and the number to each state: Alabama, 3; Connecticut, 7; Delaware, 1; Georgia, 23; Illinois, 23; Indiana, 1; Iowa, 31; Kansas, 5; Kentucky, 18; Maryland, 10; Massachusetts, 2; Michigan, 18; Minnesota, 29; Mississippi, 10; Missouri, 9; Montana, 2; Nebraska, 9; New Jersey, 71; New York, 181; North Carolina, 2; North Dakota, 8; Ohio, 13; Oklahoma, 35; Pennsylvania, 55; South Carolina, 22; South Dakota, 1; Texas, 4; Vermont, 227; Virginia, 7; West Virginia, 1; Wisconsin, 9.

Episcopal Wit.

"Our Bishop Burgess," said a Garden City man, "is one of the few American clergymen who, being graduates of the famous University of Oxford, are entitled to wear the Oxford hood.

"At a certain service another bishop, also an Oxford man, nodded toward the officiating clergyman and whispered excitedly to Bishop Burgess:

"'Why, look, he has got an Oxford hood on.'

"'So he has,' said Bishop Burgess.

"'But he is not entitled to it. He has no Oxford degree,' exclaimed the first bishop. 'Why, the man is wearing a lie on his back.'

"'Hush,' said Bishop Burgess. 'Don't call it a lie. Call it a false hood.'"

Light on Ancient History.

Prof. Schiaparelli, the head of the Italian expedition in Egypt, is making headway in his investigations of the necropolis of Azint. Some 200 Egyptians are at work and a great number of funeral objects are being constantly brought to light, besides many inscriptions which are of great interest in connection with the early Egyptian history. In each burying place the explorers have found an effigy of the defunct carved in wood.

He'd Pull Hard.

"Senator Folker, who journeyed to Albany at the risk of his life to cast the vote that doomed racing in New York, had collected a number of instances of race-track trickery," said an Albany legislator.

"Discussing, one day, the way jockeys so often sold races, he said that there was a Gloucester jockey once, the rider of a favorite, who was overheard to say in a saloon, the night before the favorite ran:

"'I shan't win unless the reins break.'"

Happy Man.

Mrs. Henpeck—Her husband simply won't listen to her!

Henpeck—How on earth does the lucky fellow manage it—Stray Stories.

Your Druggist Will Tell You

That Murine Eye Remedy Cures Eyes, Makes Weak Eyes Strong. Doesn't Smart. Soothes Eye Pain and Sells for 50c.

Old age, especially an honored old age, has so great authority that this is of more value than all the pleasures of youth.—Cicero.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c. Many smokers prefer them to 10c cigars. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Each man has his special duty to perform, his special work to do.—Smiles.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance and Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia Pa.

The most important of all is the education of the will.—F. W. Farrar.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

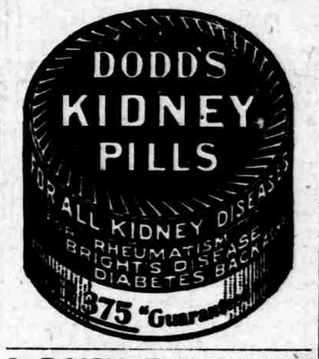
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

How we enjoy meeting a man who has no tale of woe to tell!

It Cures While You Walk

Allen's Foot-Ease for corns and bunions, hot, sweaty callous aching feet. 25c all Druggists.

Back pay is usually slow about coming to the front.



A DAISY FLY KILLER

LASTS THE ENTIRE SEASON. It leads everything for driving flies. Is neat, clean and ornamental. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail postpaid for 30 cents. Harold Somers, 149 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

WIDOWS PENSIONS under NEW LAW obtained by JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.

The General Demand

of the Well-Informed of the World has always been for a simple, pleasant and efficient liquid laxative remedy of known value; a laxative which physicians could sanction for family use because its component parts are known to them to be wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, acceptable to the system and gentle, yet prompt, in action.

In supplying that demand with its excellent combination of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the California Fig Syrup Co. proceeds along ethical lines and relies on the merits of the laxative for its remarkable success.

That is one of many reasons why Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is given the preference by the Well-Informed. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Paxtine

TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicidal, disinfecting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid.

Large Trial Sample

WITH "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK SENT FREE

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

ASTHMA and HAY FEVER POSITIVELY CURED by KINNONTH'S ASTHMA CURE

Over 300 patients cured during the past 3 years. A liberal trial bottle sent to any address on receipt of 6cts. DR. H. E. KINNONTH, Asbury Park N.J.

W. N. U., OMAHA, NO. 33, 1908.

USE THE BEST **FAULTLESS STARCH** FOR LAUNDRY WORK

FOR SHIRTS COLLARS CUFFS AND FINE LINEN

The Mesher-Lampman Business College

Is not only the **best place** west of the Mississippi river to learn Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, etc., but it gives its students a business training and discipline that fits them for business.

It converts them into business men and women.

Many of the Bank Cashiers, Department Managers and successful business men of the West were educated by us.

Fall Term Opens September 1.

Write for catalogue and specimens of penmanship.

Places to work for board.

Mesher & Lampman, 17th and Farnam, Omaha, Neb.

Nothing pleases the eye so much as a well made, dainty

Shirt Waist Suit

if properly laundered. To get the best results it is necessary to use the best laundry starch.

Defiance Starch

gives that finish to the clothes that all ladies desire and should obtain. It is the delight of the experienced laundress. Once tried they will use no other. It is pure and is guaranteed not to injure the most delicate fabric. It is sold by the best grocers at 10c a package. Each package contains 16 ounces. Other starches, not nearly so good, sell at the same price per package, but they contain only 12 ounces of starch. Consult your own interests. Ask for DEFIANCE STARCH, get it, and we know you will never use any other.

Defiance Starch Company, Omaha, Neb.