DON'T LIKE LITTLE STRANGER.

Did Ever Youngster Welcome Advent of Little Brother or Sister?

The mothers were talking shop.

"When little Harold came," said the first mother, "his older brother Reginald was very curious about him.

"'Yes, Reggie, dear,' I told him, 'the little baby is a Washington's birthday present to us from the angels.'

"He frowned in thoughtful silence. Then he said:

"'Well, mamma, if we wrap him up carefully and put him away and don't use him, we can give him to somebody else next Washington's birthday, can't we?'"

The other mothers smiled and sighed. The second said:

"On the—er—advent of my little Miriam, Hannah, our five-year-old, was taken upstairs by the cook to see the newcomer.

"Hannah looked her little sister over sternly. Then, turning to the cook, she said:

"'Jane, you can keep that in the kitchen.'"

Again the mothers smiled and sighed and nodded sadly.

"Yes, it is always so," they said.

SKIN TROUBLES CURED.

First Had Itching Rash—Threatened Later With Blood-Poison in Leg—Relied on Cuticura Remedies.

"About twelve or fifteen years ago I had a breaking-out, and it itched, and stung so badly that I could not have any peace because of it. Three doctors did not help me. Then I used some Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Resolvent and began to get better right away. They cured me and I have not been bothered with the itching since, to amount to anything. About two years ago I had la grippe and pneumonia which left me with a pain in my side. Treatment ran it into my leg, which then swelled and began to break out. The doctor was afraid it would turn to blood-poison. I used his medicine but it did no good, then I used the Cuticura Remedies three times and cured the breaking-out on my leg. J. F. Hennen, Milan, Mo., May 13, 1907."

Watered Stock.

Edward R. Emerson, the president of the American Wine Growers' association, came from Washingtonville to New York the other day and lunched in a Broadway cafe with an editor.

Mr. Emerson, naturally, is a connoisseur of wines. The editor deems himself something of a connoisseur, too, and introduced Mr. Emerson with some pride to a Rhine wine, presumably of the famous '95 vintage.

"Well," he said, "how do you like this Rhine wine, Mr. Emerson? Delicious, don't you think?"

"Not bad," said Mr. Emerson, "only I fancy there's a trifle too much Rhine in it."

He Saw a Difference.

Barney Malloy and Mike Cairey were shingling a roof. "Barney," Mike asked, removing a bunch of shingle nails from his mouth, and settling back comfortably, "what is the difference between satisfied and content?" "The difference? Sure there's none," answered Barney. "If you're satisfied you're content, and if you're content you're satisfied." "That was my opinion, too, Barney, me boy, up to now, but it struck me sudden like as I put that last nail in that I am satisfied all right that Molly Cairey is my wife, but I am durned sure I am not content."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

When It Came to Raising.

"I hope, now that you've become a young wife," said the enthusiastic anti-race suicide lady, to the newly-wedded country girl, "you'll make good use of your blessing and raise many children."

"Wall," spoke up the rural husband, who had overheard this utterance and deemed it akin to interference, "a deal o' her time outside th' kitchen'll be put t' raisin' vegetables!"—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

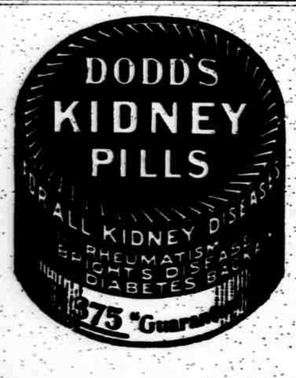
Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at the improved appearance of your work.

Couldn't Catch Her.

"I've just been done in oil by P. Allette Dauber," remarked Mrs. Oldstock.

"Now isn't that too bad!" exclaimed Mrs. Justgotit. "One of them smooth fellows tried to sell me a bunch of oil stock a spell back and I turned him down hard."

It takes a woman to sit down and cry when she happens to think what a hard time her children might have had if some other woman had been their mother.



A STRANGE ISLAND.

Americans Should Be Interested in This Place.

While Americans and Canadians have been running over the world in search of novelty, exploring the malarial jungles of Africa and the frozen regions of the north, looking for strange peoples and customs, they have overlooked a very strange country close at hand. The island of Anegada is one of the strangest of all the strange places in the world.

First of all, where is Anegada? It is one of the Virgin islands, and it lies northeast of Porto Rico, one of the Great Antilles, and its first peculiarity is that it is flat and low, the neighboring isles all being steep and mountainous. It is nine miles long and two miles across, and lies so low that in heavy gales the sea makes a clean breach over the lower portions of it, whence its name—for anegada is the Spanish for "drowned island."

Next we come to its strange history. In 1881 it had only 719 inhabitants, of whom but three were white people.

Its population is noted for idleness, and the main occupation for many years was wrecking—for an extensive and very dangerous coral reef surrounds the island and once gave it very melancholy notoriety. But since the establishment of the lighthouse on the island of Sombrero (47 miles to the eastward), there have been few, if any, wrecks on Anegada, since the main cause of the shipwrecks was the constant and swift current which sets upon the island from the east.

Accordingly, the natives are now not often aroused by the cry of "a vessel on the reef"—the only call in the old days which would arouse them from their almost perpetual inactivity. In fact, they are about the laziest people in the West Indies, although that is saying a great deal.

Anegada used to be covered with underwood—notably of the kind called seaside grape, which here is particularly rich in the valuable gum known as Jamaica kino. Anegada is the home of very numerous and singular tropical plants, but it is perhaps rather more noteworthy for its immense numbers of mosquitoes, gallinippers and scorpions, not to speak of venomous and other reptiles. The surrounding seas are rich in scale and shell fish of many kinds.

Among its singular birds the flamingo is one of the most numerous species, and most of the ponds are the abode of ducks which, on the approach of man, rise and fill the air with their clangorous cries.

It is not an easy matter to reach the island. A few years ago an attempt was made to open mines upon it, but nothing came of the effort but disappointment and loss. Among the many disagreeable features of life in this hot and steaming climate is the presence of large salt ponds, which in the dry season give out an intolerable stench; and the same ponds in the wet season fill up with singular rapidity and flood a considerable portion of the island.

As we may infer from the name, Anegada is pretty frequently flooded. Whenever a hurricane comes sweeping along the waves roll completely over the island, and the people have to look out for their safety.

When Schomburgh, a German traveler, was in Anegada many years ago there was one morning a great outcry that all the north part of the island was flooded; and so to all appearance it was; but on examination it was found that the supposed waves of the sea were in reality only a low-lying fog which was rapidly sweeping along.

Another curious thing is the aerial refracion, and this often brings into view other islands which lie below the horizon and which, according to the ordinary operations of nature, ought to be invisible.

A part of the surface is composed of sand dunes, but there is a considerable proportion of calcareous, or coral land, with belts of fertile loam, and if the soil were intelligently and faithfully cultivated, it would no doubt yield good returns.

In ordinary seasons the fresh water supply appears to be ample. On the northeast side of the island there is a singular succession of very deep natural wells of fresh water, some of them 25 feet across the top.

It would be hard to find anywhere a hotter, wetter, worse-smelling, or more generally disagreeable place to live than Anegada; but, singularly enough, it appears to be for the most part a pretty healthy place—at least for the natives, of whom nearly all are black or colored.

In the ante-colonial days, the Indians used to come hither in their canoes; but no Indian could ever bring himself to make a permanent home in Anegada, with its steaming fogs, its squalls, its sea floods, its fresh-water inundations, its strong smells and its dense swarms of insects; and no American could be persuaded to spend more than 24 hours on the island, in spite of its strangeness.

Dictionary Fun.

"Bob," said Tom, by way of the Busy Bee, "which is the most dangerous word to pronounce in the English language?"

"It's stumbled," said Tom, "because you are sure to get a tumble between the first and last letters."

"Good," said Bob. "Which is the longest English word?"

"Valetudinarianism," said Tom, promptly.

"No; it's smiles, because there's a whole mile between the first and last letters."

"Oh, that's nothing," said Tom. "I know a word that has over three miles between its beginning and ending."

"What's that?" asked Bob, faintly.

"Beleaguered," said Tom.

Unpleasant.

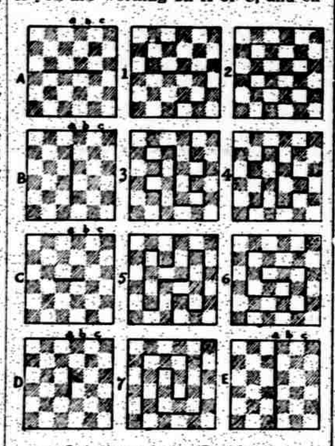
Teacher—William, can you decline "to eat?"

William—Yes'm, but I don't want to.

CHEQUERED BOARD DIVISIONS.

Many Ways of Cutting a Board Into Two Pieces.

There are 255 different ways of cutting the board into two pieces of exactly the same size and shape. Every way must involve one of the five cuts shown in diagrams A, B, C, D and E. To avoid repetitions by reversal and reflection, we need only consider cuts that enter at the points a, b and c. But the exit must always be at a point in a straight line from the entry through the center. This is the most important condition to remember. In case B you cannot enter at a, or you will get the cut provided for in E. Similarly in C or D, you must not enter the key-line in the same direction as itself, or you will get A or B. If you are working on A or C, and entering at a, you must consider joins at one end only of the key-line, or you will get repetitions. In other cases you must consider joins at both ends of the key; but after leaving a in case D, turn always either to right or left—use one direction only. Figs. 1 and 2 are examples under A; 3 and 4 are examples under B; 5 and 6 come under C; and 7 is a pretty example of D. Of course, E is a peculiar type and obviously admits of only one way of cutting, for you clearly cannot enter at b or c.



Solution of the Problem.

Here is a table of the results, which the reader can check at his leisure:

	a		b		c		Ways.
A	= 8	+	17	+	21	=	46
B	= 0	+	17	+	21	=	38
C	= 15	+	31	+	39	=	85
D	= 17	+	29	+	39	=	85
E	= 1	+	0	+	0	=	1
	41		94		120		255

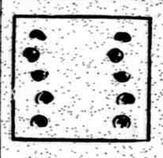
COIN AND TUMBLER TRICK.

It Can Be Easily Performed by the Small Boy.

The accompanying sketch shows how a good trick may be easily performed by anyone. Lay a piece of heavy paper that is free from creases on a board or table. Secure three tumblers that are alike and stick a piece of the same heavy paper over the openings in two of them, neatly trimming it all around the edges so as to leave nothing of the paper for any one to see. Make three covers of paper as shown in Fig. 1 to put over the tumblers. Place three coins on the sheet of paper, then the tumblers with covers on top of the coins, the unprepared tumbler being in the middle. Now lift the covers off the end tumblers, and you will see that the paper on the opening covers the coins. Replace the covers, lift the middle one and a coin will be seen under the tumbler, as the opening of this tumbler is not covered. Drop the cover back again and lift the other tumblers and covers bodily, so that the spectators can see the coins, remarking at the same time that you can make them vanish from one to the other. The openings of the tumblers, explains Popular Mechanics, must never be exposed so that any one can see them, and a safe way to do this is to keep them level with the table.

This Is a Good Trick.

MY EYES!



Cut out the spaces for the eyes and move the slip on which are printed five pairs of eyes up and down behind the face. Note the expression.

Strategy.

Katherine, aged five, was too noisy at the table, says Harper's Magazine. Her father reproved her, and said she was not to speak again at that meal unless she wanted something.

Katherine became thoughtful, and a few moments later addressed her father:

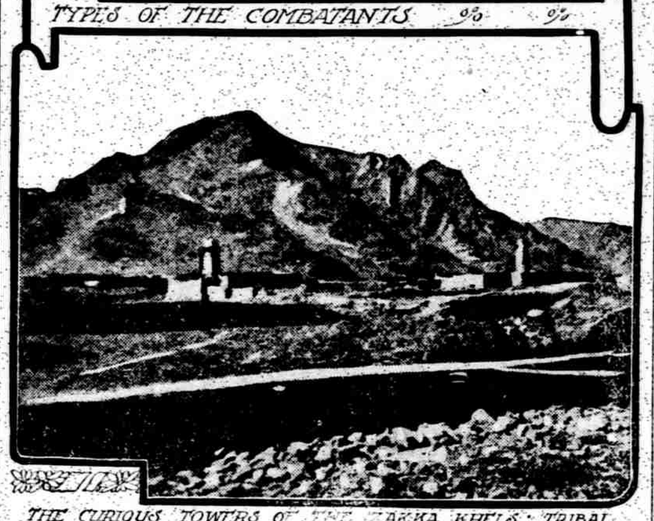
"Papa, you said I could ask for something if I wanted it?"

"Yes, Katherine; what is it?"

"I want to talk."

The Ishmaelites of India's Borderland

TYPES OF THE COMBATANTS



THE CURIOUS TOWERS OF THE ZAKKA KHELS: TRIBAL VILLAGES IN THE KHYBER

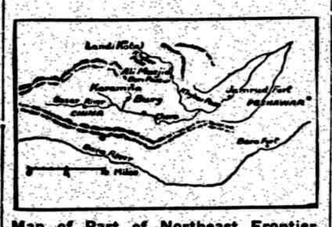
The Zakka Khels, one of the native tribes of the northwestern borderland of India, who have been causing the government of India so much trouble of late, and against whom a British punitive expedition has been sent out, may well be called the Ishmaelites of India's borderland, for their hand seemingly is against every other man's and their greatest delight appears to be in stirring up trouble for others. Within the past few months these belligerents have made 11 armed raids into British territory, killing nine British subjects and wounding 13.

The Zakka Khels number in all about 4,000 and occupy the country in the Bazar valley near the famous Khyber pass, and west of the city of Peshawar. The Hinder Kush mountains loom in the distance, and several rivers flow tributary to the Indus. The tribesmen are healthy, vigorous looking people of slightly Hebraic features, and wear the picturesque, flowing garments of Mahometans. They carry short swords slung over their shoulders and rifles in their hands.

They live in cave dwellings, which are partly natural and partly artificial, being scooped out of the soft rock of which the hills are composed. When not engaged in raids their chief occupation is tending their herds. They are quick on the move and are able to escape expeditions sent out against them by retiring into mountain recesses beyond their valleys, leaving nothing behind them which can be affected.

The warriors of the Zakka Khels are known to be mettlesome, and are armed with Martini rifles. They fight from cover, and prove a troublesome and dangerous foe to meet. In a former outbreak in 1897 they proved their quality by slaughtering a good part of an English regiment and "sniping" a large number of outposts. However, it seems that redcoats under Sir James Willcocks had learned something in a military way, and by copying the American military tactics of open formation and skirmish lines were enabled to jolt the tribesmen from their self-esteem. Many of the Afridis were killed and their forts were destroyed. The chieftains begged Sir James to accept their submission, promising to punish raiders and other immoral members of their tribes.

A campaign of this description is technically known as a punitive expedition. There is no declaration of war. The schoolmaster says nothing except to growl a little at the misbehavior of his brown pupils; then he suddenly goes after them with switches and machine guns and convinces them that civilization is a good thing. The Zakka Khels are charged this time with violating the rights of property, stealing cattle on the plains and attacking caravans traveling through the famous Khyber pass. Although it is against the Afridis' religion and tribal morality to pay much attention to the rights of property, the English authorities felt called on to instruct them in the western attitude, even if it took powder and bayonet to enforce the lesson.



Map of Part of Northeast Frontier, Showing Position of Bozas Valley.

It has been complained that the routine punitive methods of the English, which consist of destroying crops, burning houses and tearing down forts, do not fit the crime of these lawless mountaineers. It is not punitive enough, for the houses have little value and can be easily rebuilt, while the loot of a few caravans makes up for the loss of crops. The Afridis might be punished more effectually if they did not have the annoying habit of hiding their wives and children in safe places and taking to the inaccessible hills themselves. Thus they lose many a moral precept which the British soldiers would gladly give to them.

An extension of the Indian frontier and large, permanent garrisons are declared to be necessary for the lasting regeneration of the Pathan. A close association with Tommy Atkins would refine his manners and mend his predatory instincts. He might begin to wear trousers after a while and learn to play cricket. But since there is no money available for such an imperialistic program, the makeshift policy of giving the frontier tribes an occasional wallop and cuff on the ear must continue for a time.

Fires Bring Loss and Gain.

The great fire at Hakodate, Japan, about 18 months ago, has reduced the commercial business of that port to almost nothing, while Awomori has made sudden growth. More than 800 families, mostly tradesmen or shopkeepers, representing 4,000 persons, have migrated from Hakodate to Awomori.

GRIM CHINESE PASTURAGE

The Chinese do not bury their dead at once, but they leave the coffin exposed to the open air. At Hankow there is a field strewn with the coffins of the victims of a recent cholera epidemic. So careless are the Chinese of hygiene that cattle are allowed to graze at will in the cemetery.

RAISED FROM A SICK BED.

After Being an Invalid with Kidney Disorders for Many Years.

John Armstrong, Cloverport, Ky., says: "I was an invalid with kidney complaints for many years, and cannot tell what agony I endured from backache. My limbs were swollen twice natural size and my sight was weakening. The kidney secretions were discolored and had a sediment. When I wished to eat my wife had to raise me up in bed. Physicians were unable to help me and I was going down fast when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. After a short time I felt a great improvement and am now as strong and healthy as a man could be. I give Doan's Kidney Pills all the credit for it."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE PART HE PREFERRED.

Subtle Meaning in Poet's Criticism of Decollete Costume.

Joaquin Miller, the poet of the Sierras, is something of a recluse and rarely comes into San Francisco, but when he does he is made a good deal of a lion. On his last visit he was one of the guests at a rather formal dinner at a friend's house where he stayed overnight. His hostess had known the poet since her childhood, so she felt privileged, next morning, to discourse to him of the beauties of the Parisian gown she had worn the night before—beauties which seemed to have escaped his observation.

Mr. Miller listened to all that she had to say and remained silent.

"But didn't you really like the dress?" pleaded the lady.

"Well," replied the poet, "I did like part of it well enough."

The lady brightened.

"Indeed?" she said. "What part?"

"The part you had on," answered the poet; and that ended the discussion.—Lippincott's.

NOTHING MORE TO SAY.

"Pardon my question, but how do you know your wife doesn't wish you to take out insurance?"

"Well, I'll tell you. She's got a notion I'm going to survive her and that it will be collected by No. 2."

Gentle Persuasion.

A young chap from the south, who recently took up his residence in Boston with the purpose of pursuing certain technical studies at the Hub, engaged board and lodgings at "a select establishment" in Columbus avenue.

It was not long after his installment therein that the southerner found himself obliged to complain to the landlady with reference to the noisy doings of some of his fellow-lodgers.

"The people in the room next to mine," said he, "quarrel in a loud tone regularly every evening much to my distress. What's the trouble, anyway?"

"Oh, you mustn't mind them," said the landlady. "That occurs very often, at least once a week. It's only Prof. Whiteside, the hypnotist, trying to persuade his wife to go to the band concert."—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

Not Running.

A West Philadelphia woman had not heard the clock strike once during last Sunday afternoon, and thinking perchance it had stopped she sent her hopeful, a little boy about five years old, downstairs to see if it were running.

The little tot went down on the errand, and, after a hasty survey of the long pendulum swinging back and forth, he ran back to his mother with this information:

"Why, no, mamma; the clock ain't runnin', it's standin' still and waggin' its tail."

THEY GROW.

Good Humor and Cheerfulness from Right Food.

Cheerfulness is like sunlight. It dispels the clouds from the mind as sunlight chases away the shadows of night.

The good humored man can pick up and carry off a load that the man with a grouch wouldn't attempt to lift.

Anything that interferes with good health is apt to keep cheerfulness and good humor in the background. A Washington lady found that letting coffee alone made things bright for her. She writes:

"Four years ago I was practically given up by my doctor and was not expected to live long. My nervous system was in a bad condition.

"But I was young and did not want to die so I began to look about for the cause of my chronic trouble. I used to have nervous spells which would exhaust me and after each spell it would take me days before I could sit up in a chair.

"I became convinced my trouble was caused by coffee. I decided to stop it and bought some Postum.

"The first cup, which I made according to directions, had a soothing effect on my nerves and I liked the taste. For a time I nearly lived on Postum and ate little food besides. I am today a healthy woman.

"My family and relatives wonder if I am the same person I was four years ago, when I could do no work on account of nervousness. Now I am doing my own housework, take care of two babies—one twenty, the other two months old. I am so busy that I hardly get time to write a letter, yet I do it all with the cheerfulness and good humor that comes from enjoying good health.

"I tell my friends it is to Postum I owe my life today."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

What He Pnated For.

Little Tommy Whacken was taken by his mother to choose a pair of knickerbockers, and his choice fell on a pair to which a card was attached, stating: "These can't be beaten."—Current Literature.

Nearer the Soil.

An Atchison man is all the time complaining about his stomach. He was seen to go into a restaurant at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon and order a bowl of chili and a piece of lemon pie.—Atchison (Kan.) Globe.

VALUE OF STOCK FOODS.

Prof. F. W. Woll of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the University of Wisconsin official bulletin No. 151, says of stock foods:

"First—They are no benefit to healthy animals when fed as directed, either as to increasing the digestibility of the feed eaten, or rendering it more effective for the production of meat, milk, wool, etc.

"Second—They are no benefit as cure all for diseases of the various classes of live stock neither do they possess any particular merit in case of specific diseases or for animals out of condition, off feed, etc., since only a small proportion of ingredients having medicinal value is found therein, the bulk of the foods consisting of a filler which possesses no medicinal properties whatever.

"Third—By adopting a liberal system of feeding farm animals and furnishing a variety of feeds good results may be obtained without resorting to stock foods of any kind. If a farmer believes it is necessary to feed stock food at times, he can purchase the ingredients and make his own stock foods at a fraction of the cost charged for them by the manufactures. He will then have the additional satisfaction of knowing what he is feeding and of feeding a concentrated food instead of one largely diluted with non-medicinal ingredients."

Don't spend $3.50 when 50 cents will do the work. Make your own stock foods by using Skidoo Horse and Cattle Tablets. To be mixed in feed. Proper dose in tablets. Make your stock look like the top price. For horses, cattle, sheep, swine and fowls. They are made from the condensed essence of the drug. They don't contain sawdust, ashes, chop feed or bran. Are just as good when ten years old as when ten days old. They comply with all pure drug laws. Ask for and try once Skidoo Condition Tablets, or Skidoo Worm, Kidney, Chicken Cholera, Blister, Cathartic, Heave, Fever, Hog Cholera, Distemper, Pink Eye, Colic tablets or Louse Powder, Spavin Cure or Barb Wire Liniment. Distributed by The Blue Bell Medicine Co., Incorporated; capital stock, $300,000.00; Watertown, South Dakota, U. S. A.

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Show their first symptoms in the eyes. That fact alone should establish your confidence in the importance of having your eyes properly examined on the first appearance of discomfort. We have the instruments necessary for making the fullest scientific eye examinations, and nothing is left undone that can be done to find the cause of trouble. Free consultation. Hinson Optical Co., Karbach Optician, 213 So. 16th St., Omaha. Factory on premises. Wholesale and Retail.

Among the other trusts we have mistrusts and distrusts.

Omaha Directory

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It will SAVE YOU MONEY. The Olds Engine is the best and cheapest engine you can buy. It is the simplest in construction, most economical to run, will do your work at the smallest expense and does not get out of order. Don't fail to write for our new catalog and liberal proposition.

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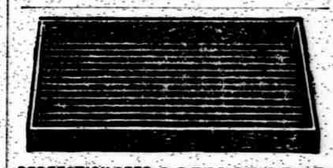

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Why put the cheap, rank, bitter flavored coffee in your stomach when pure GERMAN-AMERICAN COFFEE costs no more? Insist on having it. Your grocer sells it or can get it.

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