

AMERICA'S BEST UNDERWEAR School Girls, Attention!

A Munsing Underwear Prize Essay Contest

A prize fight for money but you must use your brains in order to win. If you have worn Munsing Union suits, you ought to know a good many reasons why boys prefer them to the old style slip up slip down two piece suits. You ought to be able to put these reasons down on paper. If you have never worn Munsing suits we want you to try them. We recommend them. We know of no other underwear for boys that is better made or that will give more real comfort and pleasure and service to the wearer. After you have worn them and found out from actual experience their many points of superiority, we want you to tell in your own original way what you think of them. As an inducement for you to write us briefly your opinion, we offer you a chance to compete for two sets of prizes.

First: The manufacturers of the perfect fitting popular priced, Munsing Union suits permit us to announce that they will distribute one hundred and fifty dollars in cash to the thirty-three boys and girls under 18 years of age in the United States who write the best essays on Munsing Union Underwear.

- For the best essay - - - \$25.00
- For the 2nd best essay - - - \$15.00
- For the 3rd best - - - \$10.00
- For the 10 next best - - - \$5.00 each
- For the 20 next best - - - \$2.50 each

The opportunity to compete for these prizes is open to boys and girls in over 2500 towns in all parts of the United States where the Munsing Underwear is sold.

Second: Our own prize essay contest. We want every boy and girl in town under 18 years of age to compete for the above cash prizes offered by the Northwestern Knitting Company. In order to stimulate your interest and make certain your chance of winning a prize, we offer additional prizes as follows:

- First best essay - Merchandise to the value of \$5.00
- Second best essay - Merchandise to the value of \$3.00
- Third best essay - Merchandise to the value of \$2.00

The above prizes to be given to the boys and girls who send in the best essays through us. The essays should be in our possession not later than Nov. 15th. Only essays received by us before 6 p. m. on that date will be considered in awarding prizes.

RULES OF CONTEST

The essay should contain from 100 to 200 words, should be written on one side of the paper and should be put in envelope marked "Munsing Underwear Prize Essay Contest" and mailed to our address not later than November 15th. To avoid favoritism or any appearance of it, all essays must be submitted under an assumed name. Enclose with your essay a sealed envelope containing your correct name and address, also the name assumed for the purpose of this contest. On the outside of this envelope only your assumed name should appear. The essay that wins the first prize offered by us will be published in this paper when the prize is awarded.

GRAY'S Columbus Nebraska

Size of Oregon Mosquitoes.
The late Col. L. L. Hawkins was fond of telling a mosquito story of his own. When Mazamas, gathered round their evening campfire, had to fight off the stinging pest at the foot of snow mountains, where the "hot footed birds" are often troublesome. "You can talk about your big mosquito," said he, after the tale telling drifted into fairy topics, "but we (meaning Rodney Gleson and himself) can tell something about mosquitoes ourselves. We climbed Skinner's Butte, at Eugene, to see the sunset. After we had watched by a dense cloud of tremendous mosquitoes. They were the biggest I ever saw." Here somebody usually asked: "How big were they, Colonel?" "They were so big," was the response, "that many of them weighed a pound." Strange to say, Col. Hawkins never suffered bodily injury for telling this story.—Portland Oregonian.

A Substitute.
The Buxton Belle—Why does the tattooed man run about the stage at every performance?
The Tiny Tot—The manager advertised moving pictures, and the apparatus didn't arrive.—Harper's Weekly.

Early Proof.
The head of a printing establishment in Richmond, Va., was called upon not long ago by a clergyman, bearing the manuscript of a sermon. "I would like to have the proofs of this by to-morrow," said the divine. The printer answered that the time allowed was insufficient. "You must give us a few days longer," he said. "No; I must have it to-morrow," insisted the minister. "I must deliver this sermon to-morrow—not the day after, or the next day—but to-morrow. It's a special sermon, suitable only for to-morrow. I wrote it ten years ago, and now I can't make out a word of it."

Evidently a Belle.
"Pauline turns up her nose at offers of marriage." "Why so?" "The only thing she considers an object piece."

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE GERHARZ-FLYNN CO.
Know All Men By These Presents: That we, Frank J. Gerharz of Columbus, and John Flynn of Boone, all of the state of Nebraska, do hereby associate ourselves together for the purpose of forming a corporation under and in accordance with the statutes of the state of Nebraska, and hereby adopt the following Articles of Incorporation, to-wit:

ARTICLE I. The name of this corporation shall be the Gerharz-Flynn Co.

ARTICLE II. The principal place of transacting the business of this corporation shall be in the city of Columbus in Platte county, state of Nebraska.

ARTICLE III. The general nature of the business to be transacted shall be general merchandising, which shall include, among other things, the sale of clothing, hats, shoes, furniture and kindred lines; the buying and selling of real and personal property, and the holding of such real and personal property as may be necessary or incidental to the conduct of its business; leasing, sub-letting, erecting, selling and conveying of such real and personal property of the corporation, and to do and perform such other acts as may be legal, prudent or necessary to the main purpose of the corporation.

ARTICLE IV. The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) divided into one hundred shares of the par value of one hundred (\$100.00) each, which stock when issued shall be fully paid and non-assessable. Said stock can, at any time, be subscribed for and issued by the board of directors as the board of directors shall direct.

ARTICLE V. Said capital stock shall be paid in at such times and in such amounts and upon such conditions as may be directed by a board of three (3) to five (5) directors to be elected by and from the stockholders, and a president and vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, each to be elected by the board of directors. Any two officers may, at any time, be held by one and the same person, provided that the purpose of the corporation shall be promoted.

ARTICLE VI. The time of commencement of this corporation shall be at the time of filing of these articles as required by law, and the corporation shall continue in force until the 31st day of August, A. D. 1921, in the city of Columbus, county of Platte and state of Nebraska.

ARTICLE VII. The time of commencement of this corporation shall be at the time of filing of these articles as required by law, and the corporation shall continue in force until the 31st day of August, A. D. 1921, in the city of Columbus, county of Platte and state of Nebraska.

ARTICLE VIII. The board of directors shall have full power and authority to make all rules and by-laws for the proper government and control of the business of this corporation, and may, by majority vote of all the members of the board of directors alter and amend the same at pleasure.

ARTICLE IX. No stockholder shall be liable for the debts of this corporation in any amount greater than his or her subscription.

ARTICLE X. These Articles of Incorporation may be amended only by two-thirds (2/3) vote of all stockholders or subscribers, and only at a regular meeting of the stockholders, or at any special meeting called for that purpose by order of the board of directors.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and faces and caused our names to be subscribed to these articles of incorporation, and the same to be attested by our duly authorized officers, this 15th day of August, A. D. 1921, in the city of Columbus, county of Platte and state of Nebraska.

FRANK J. GERHARZ,
JOHN FLYNN.

STATE OF NEBRASKA,
County of Platte, ss:
Be it known, that on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1921, before me, J. G. Boone, a notary public, within and for the county of Platte, state of Nebraska, personally appeared the said Frank J. Gerharz and John Flynn, whose names are respectively subscribed to the above articles of incorporation, and they severally acknowledged that they executed the above articles of incorporation of their free and voluntary act and deed.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name and caused my official seal to be hereunto set, this 15th day of August, A. D. 1921.

J. G. BOONE,
Notary Public.

We Are After the Men Who Wear Made-to-Order Clothes

more persistently than ever before, because we know our ready-to-wear garments will positively please the most exacting man in every detail of fashion, fabrics, finish and fit, and at almost half the cost of to-order-made apparel. In

Michaels-Stern Fine Clothing

AT

\$10 to \$25

we will give you as good, if not better fitting garments and better materials and tailoring than the custom tailor would give you at from \$25 to \$50. If you are open to conviction, come see, as an example of our assertion. The

Snappy Sack Suits

AT

\$20.00

in up-to-the-minute single and double-breasted models, made of fine quality materials, tweeds, chevrons and fine cloth wovens in a wide selection of patterns and colorings. There isn't a tailor in town that will match any of these suits under \$35.

Men's Underwear in medium and heavy weights of superior quality—made of the best materials—50c to \$3

Gerharz Flynn Co.
Columbus, Nebraska



LATCHKY RECONSIDERS

"I just wanted to say, Mrs. Nearfood, that I'll have to change at the end of my week on Monday—"

"You mean that you are going to give up your room permanently, Mr. Latchky?"

"Yes, I've been here ever since I came to Kansas City and you see, I have a friend who boards out on the south side, and he's asked me—"

"Well, I'm very glad you mentioned it as I was just putting off asking you for your room. I didn't like to disturb you, but there's a young man from Virginia—a young Southern gentleman—who's been anxious to become one of our guests for the last month or two—in fact, ever since he came to Kansas City—and is willing and able, too, to pay more—a great deal more—for the accommodations you've had. I don't like to ask anyone to leave, even if their staying is a loss to me—and Mr. Custis—Patrick Henry Custis is the gentleman's name, and he's from one of the very oldest of our families—his father's great-grandfather having been a cousin once removed of Gen. Washington's wife, and Mr. Custis himself being a direct descendant on his mother's side of Mr. Henry—has been living at Baltimore simply waiting until I could find a place for him.

"I hope you'll remember, Mr. Latchky, that when you came here I treated you as one of the family—one of my own family—rather than as a boarder. I've had any number of opportunities to rent your room for more than I received from you, but you seemed so hard to be trying to make your way and I realized that your salary was hardly sufficient to make both ends meet as it was and I thought it my duty to keep you. As for the table, you were one of the very few gentlemen who came for your luncheon and, having so few friends, you, of course, were here always for dinner. But I never permitted that to affect me in my treatment of you, for I realized that people are growing more and more careful with their invitations. No, don't interrupt me—at least be courteous. I'm not complaining at all, Mr. Latchky, but I do think that after all I've done for you, all the interest I've shown in you—a mother wouldn't have been kinder to her own son—your action is close to ingratitude. You ought to know me well enough to understand that I'm not forced to keep boarders—not at all. I come from one of the very best families in Virginia—my mother's own great-great-grandfather was one of Gen. Washington's most trusted advisers—and it's only my desire to give young men who haven't had the best of home influences the benefit of my—"

"That's all right, Mrs. Nearfood, but you got your money, didn't you, every Monday night, a week in advance, without a word of complaint on my—"

"If you're going to show your indignation sufficiently, Mr. Latchky, to make this of your statement, when you came here, that you were very in touch with the best families socially in Kansas City. You led me to believe that you had entered here, when you know, and I know, you didn't even possess a tuxedo coat. And goodness knows I gave you every opportunity to make a position for yourself—meeting in my house, as you do, the very nicest—"

"Why, of course, Mrs. Nearfood, I was delighted with your treatment—and thank you most earnestly."

"You have a most strange way of—"

"But my friend has asked me to take him in and I want you to let us have the large front room on the second floor that's been vacant."

"Very gladly, Mr. Latchky, very gladly. I didn't quite understand you at first, you know. Have your friend come at any time—be delighted to have any of your friends join our little family. It's a pleasure—"

"I hope I'm not interfering with Mr. Washington Custis's—"

"Mr. Patrick Henry Custis—Custis, it is," said Mrs. Nearfood. "Don't let that trouble you. No, indeed. You know, these young gentlemen from the old Southern families are inclined to be somewhat unreliable in their youthful days and it's just as well, Mr. Latchky, just as well to let him remain at the Custis house. If necessary he can take your old room, you know. Yes. Haven't this been a warm day?"

"Which puts it up to me," said Latchky softly to himself as he headed for the corner, "to force Peter to come here and take a room with me. And for a few seconds I thought I had moved. Talked out of it, and have to bring another victim to save myself. I'm in for life—for life."—Kansas City Times.

STRAIGHT AHEAD

To
Greisen Bros.

for your
New
Coat—
It is
waiting
for you
and we
know
it will
please
you

We have
others from
\$10 to \$30



Incumbents, beginning with the lowest, the lakes rang as follows: Superior, Huron, Michigan, Ontario, Erie. The waters of Lake Michigan and Lake Huron are nearly identical in quality and the same may be said of those of Lakes Ontario and Erie. Lake Superior, however, carries just about half the amount of incrustants borne by the other lakes. The reason for this variation is found in the geological formation that surrounds the lakes. The streams flowing into Lake Superior drain areas composed chiefly of crystalline rocks, which yield scant quantities of mineral water flowing through them. Lake Erie is highest in incrustants because it receives not only the waters of lakes Michigan and Huron, but the drainage from immense areas of sedimentary rocks in Indiana and Ohio and the province of Ontario.

PUT TAX ON BACHELORS.
State of Argentine Republic Was Harsh on Those Unwed.

Although much has been written in modern times in earnest and in fun on the taxation of bachelors, there are not many corners of the earth where such a system of taxation is introduced as was done in the state of Cordoba, in the Argentine republic, at the beginning of the twentieth century. There every male who has passed his twentieth year is considered fit for marriage, and the state enjoins upon him the duty of finding a companion for life. If he remains single till the completion of his thirtieth birthday, he must pay for his freedom a tax of five dollars a month. Then the tax increases \$10 a month at the age of 35, to \$20 a month at the age of 40, to \$30 a month from the age of 45 to 50. From the age of 60 the tax gradually decreases. Widowers have only three years given to enjoy their liberty, after which they have got to get another wife or pay the tax.

GRADES OF RANK IN JAPAN.
Society There is Divided into Many Separate Classes.

A traveler just returned from Japan tells some things which perhaps all the world does not know. Says he: "Of rank, there are eight classes after the mikado and the Shogun, namely (1) the princes; (2) the nobles who owe feudal service to the prince, or the empire; (3) the priests; (4) the soldiers. These four form the higher orders and enjoy the privilege of wearing two swords and petticoat trousers; (5) inferior officials and doctors, called respectable, allowed to wear one sword, with the trousers; (6) merchants and tradesmen, whose legs may not pollute the trousers, though by entering as domestics to a man of rank they may enjoy the privilege of wearing one sword; these are the only people by whom wealth can be accumulated; (7) artists, artisans and petty shop-keepers; (8) day laborers and peasants. Tradesmen who work on leather, tinners, etc., are excluded from classification. They are despised, and may not even live with other men; they live in villages of their own.

Will Try to Reform.
Some of its readers having criticized the London Law Notes for being "too Yankee in tone," the editor replied: "Have our candid friends any idea how dull the English law and lawyers have grown lately? Rarely is there any legal incident in this country with any legal incident in this country with any grain of fun in it. Hence we are driven to a younger country, where lawyers, in common with the rest of the population, still retain some boyish instincts and are not too blasé with life to enjoy a joke. However, we will try to be less Yankee and more British and stouder far as long as we and our other readers can stand it."

The Frogs.
Proceeding with my studies of nature I could not help but be struck with the idiosyncrasy of the frogs. They were much alarmed by my approach, and leaped frantically, but instead of leaping away from me they leaped toward me, many of them, and even against me.

There was one frog especially, who, in the most fatuous manner hurled himself against my legs repeatedly. "Why are you such a fool?" I asked, at length.

"That is easily answered," replied the frog, with admirable courtesy. "You are perhaps not aware of what is nevertheless a fact, that American frogs, with the exception of a few old families in New Jersey, are descended from the frog who would a-wooing go, whether his mother would let him or no. In other words, our idiosyncrasy is hereditary."

Is it not singular?—Life.

The Home People.
Most of us might and ought to find in our own household much more than we look for. It is necessary for those who would live happily together that they should try to show their best to one another.

They should try to show the best of their minds. All things should be in common. Every pleasant pleasant experience, whether it be of books or of life, ought to be shared.

Existence is maintained at a much lower level of happiness than it should be, simply because those who are bound by the closest natural ties do not know how to make each other happy—grudge the time that should be given to the arranging of the soul. —Claudia Cross.

Underwood Standard Typewriter



For Speed
Safety, Surety

A solid roadbed is essential. Visibility & Speed in the Underwood (Tabulator) type writer are supported by perfectly balanced construction.

Underwood Typewriter Company
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Globe-A-Wernicke

Isn't it about time to discard that old cherry red bookcase, that never accommodated your books or your space, and start a **Globe-Wernicke "Elastic" Bookcase** that grows with your library and always fits it, that is made up of units and can be arranged in a variety of artistic designs. Easily moved, one unit at a time, without disturbing the books. Fitted with the only perfect dust-proof roller-bearing non-binding door that positively cannot get out of order. Call and see it or write for our illustrated catalogue.

Henry Gass

219-21-23 West Eleventh Street. Both Phones.

ITS WATERS THE PUREST.
Claims of Lake Superior Are Borne Out By Analysis.

The water in Lake Superior is the purest in the great lakes, according to tests by the government. Lake Erie contains the largest percentage of incrustants. The analysis shows that the waters hold in solution varying quantities of calcium and magnesium compounds, which from their tendency to form scale or incrustations on boilers are called incrustants. The order of the total

Island Home of the Jews.
Elephantine is an island of the Nile, where archaeologists are finding ancient curiosities. A sort of sanctuary decorated with miniature obelisks and covering a spot which was used for burying the bodies of sacred animals was found. These animals proved to be rams carefully mummified and buried in sarcophagi of granite. The wrappings of the mummies are gilded and ornamented with painted scenes of a mythological character and bear inscriptions. The ram was among the sacred animals of Egypt, and seems to have been especially sacred to the principal deity of the island. Many fragments of texts have been found. They are inscribed upon pieces of pottery and known as ostraca. The inscriptions are in hieroglyphic, Coptic, Greek and Aram. They show that as far back as the 5th century, B. C., the island was inhabited by Jews. Papyrus inscriptions had proved this fact, but the new discoveries show just what quarter belonged to the Jews. According to the records, a Jewish temple must have existed in this locality and now is being looked for by the investigators.