

OIL PRICES JUGGLED

METHODS OF STANDARD IN MAINTAINING MONOPOLY.

REPORT OF HERBERT KNOX

Contains a Volume of Information Directly Interesting to the American Consumer.

Washington—The second part of the report of Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations of the department of commerce and labor, on the petroleum industry in the United States, contains a volume of information directly interesting to the American consumer. The former portions of the report deal with the margin between the price of crude oil and the finished product, showing the effect of the Standard Oil company's monopolization of the refined and pipe line facilities of the country. The report now issued deals directly with the methods of the Standard Oil company in fixing its prices to consumers, showing how prices have fluctuated in different cities and states and in different sections of the same state, solely to meet local conditions, without reference to the original cost of the oil, freight rates of other considerations except the wishes of the monopoly. The report also contains striking data showing how the American consumers have been compelled to pay a higher price for oil than is charged by the Standard for the same product delivered to its patrons in France, Germany, England and other foreign countries. Another section of the report reveals the discrimination practiced by the Standard against certain railroads in the sale of lubricants.

In the business of selling petroleum products in foreign countries the price policy of the Standard Oil company has apparently been to sacrifice the interests of the American consumer for the purpose of securing the Standard's foreign business, which is a very important one. In 1904 over 55 per cent of the illuminating oil produced in this country was exported, of which the Standard exported about 37 per cent.

OMAHA TELEGRAPHERS OUT.

Many Operators at Western Union and Postal Quit.

Omaha—With Omaha the last connecting link between New York and the Pacific coast, Western Union and Postal telegraph operators walked out at 7 p. m. Saturday. Practically the whole night force at both offices and in Council Bluffs struck in sympathy with the other unions all over the country. The trouble, which has been brewing for several days, was brought to a head when two men at the Western Union office who were operating the wire with Chicago refused to work on a line with an "unfair" office and asked to be transferred.

FIERCE FIGHTING IN MOROCCO

Tribesmen Undismayed by Havoc Wrought by French Fire.

Paris—The official news received from Tangier showed a serious condition of affairs there. The region around Casablanca is swarming with thousands of fanatical tribesmen who, mounted on superb horses, are swooping down incessantly upon the French forces, but are never able to drive home their attacks against the withering fire of rifles and guns of the troops. The reckless courage of the tribesmen is attested by the manner in which they return to the onslaught.

SIX HUNDRED ARE HOMELESS.

One Hundred Twenty Natives Houses Destroyed by Fire.

Manila—Fire in Manila destroyed 120 native houses and made 600 people homeless. The damage is estimated at \$8,000. The fire originated from an electric wire and swept over a space of 100 yards square. A heavy rain prevented the flames from spreading. No one was injured.

Revolt of Blacks in Congo.

Antwerp—A widespread revolt of blacks in the Congo Independent state, which, it is claimed, was carefully planned as a blow to King Leopold's authority, is reported by passengers on the British packet Albertville, which arrived here from the Congo.

Northwestern Names Attorney.

Rapid City, S. D.—Announcement was made of the appointment of A. K. Gardner of Rapid City as general attorney in South Dakota for the Northwestern Railroad company. He succeeds Colonel Stewart Nunn, resigned.

YELLOW FEVER AMONG TROOPS.

Eight Additional Cases in the Garrison at Cienfuegos.

Havana—The outbreak of yellow fever in the American garrison at Cienfuegos proves to be much graver than was at first supposed. Eight additional cases were reported Sunday, making a total of ten cases thus far. A rigid inspection of the quarters of the men has been made by the hospital corps, and steps taken to prevent spread of the plague.

FIGHT RAISE IN LUMBER RATES

Shingle Manufacturers Raise Fund to Help Out Other Lumbermen.

Seattle, Wash.—At a mass meeting at which 200 shingle manufacturers were present a fund of \$25,000 was pledged to co-operate with the Pacific Coast Lumber Manufacturers' association and other lumber associations in fighting the proposed 10 per cent advance in freight rates to the east to be made by the transcontinental lines October 1.

A STRIKE THAT IS SPREADING.

Telegraph Operators in a Number of Cities Quit Work.

Chicago—Following the lead of the telegraph operators employed by the Western Union Telegraph company in Chicago who went on strike because they were asked to work with non-union men in Los Angeles, the telegraphers in nine other cities throughout the United States quit work. The 500 men employed by the Postal Cable company in Chicago, who belong to the same local of the Commercial union as the Western Union men, and who declare that their working conditions with the company are unsatisfactory, took advantage of the situation and quit work in a body Friday night at 6 o'clock. With the walkout of the Postal employees Chicago is left with about thirty-five telegraphers endeavoring to transmit the business of both telegraph companies, where under normal conditions fully 1,500 men are necessary to do the work.

The other Western Union offices which became involved in the trouble together with the number of men who quit work are:

Salt Lake City, 36; Helena, 40; Kansas City, 330; Dallas, 105; Fort Worth, Tex., 40; Colorado Springs, 10; Denver, 83.

In New Orleans the men employed by the Postal Telegraph company to night left their keys to enforce demands on the company several weeks ago.

Late Friday night the general situation had cleared somewhat, and, where earlier in the day it appeared as if the strike of the commercial men would be universal throughout the United States, the indications now are that no further strikes will occur for the present at least. Under orders from National President Small, of the telegraphers' organization, National Secretary Russell telegraphed the secretaries at the various localities throughout the country to keep their men at work until they received further orders. Mr. Russell when asked for an explanation of this action, said:

"We don't want to use up all our ammunition in one charge."

"The understanding now is that the broker operators will be allowed to remain at work as long as the commission houses handle only their regular business over their leased wires. The broker men belonging to the union have been notified that they are to refuse to handle outside business and if they are discharged upon refusing to touch such business if ordered, they will be upheld by the union."

WALK OUT AT HELENA.

Union Men Refuse to Work With the Chicago Office.

Helena, Mont.—The entire force of the Western Union office went on strike Friday with the exception of the chief operator and his assistant. The strike was due to marking off an operator who declined to man the Chicago wire. Electrician McKissick of the Chicago office called a receiver and one of the regular men was directed to the wire, which position he refused to accept on the ground that Chicago was a non-union office. Before the chief operator could request any one else to man it, the entire force, numbering about forty men, joined the discharged operator as he left the room and all wires were soon idle.

HAS CHARTERED COAL SHIPS.

Navy Department Has Arranged for Supplying Big Squadron.

New York—News which has reached the Maritime Exchange and shipping offices here is to the effect that the navy department, through its agents in Baltimore and Newport News, has chartered a total of fourteen vessels to carry coal to the Pacific coast ports. The coal is for the use of the great battleship fleet which is about to be sent to the Pacific in the fall. The government's needs are now satisfied. It was said. A majority of the vessels engaged have sailed already, a total of 76,000 of the 100,000 tons of coal having been dispatched.

Canon's Opinion Demanded.

Canton, China.—In accordance with the imperial decree recently issued at the option dens in Canton were closed without disturbance. The new departure caused general rejoicing throughout the city.

Japanese Are Deported.

San Francisco—One hundred and six Japanese, the largest number ever deported from this coast, will leave on the steamer Manchuria for the orient Friday. The deportations consist of Japanese caught stealing over the Mexican border into the United States.

Big Wool Shipments.

Casper, Wyo.—More than 500 carloads of wool have been shipped from Casper during the present season and large shipments yet remain to be made. The shipments to date aggregate over 11,000,000 pounds, and have put more than \$2,000,000 into the pockets of sheepmen of Natrona county.

Drop in Standard Oil.

New York—Several stocks quoted in New York fell to new low records Friday. Notable among them was Standard Oil company, which at one time during the day reached 466, the lowest point touched in many years. A little later the stock was offered at 475, with no bidders.

Next Meeting at St. Louis.

Norfolk, Va.—The next convention of the Knights of Columbus will be held at St. Louis. The convention adjourned sine die.

Shea Loses the Election.

Boston—The contest for the presidency of the Team Drivers and Helpers' International union was settled by the election of Daniel J. Tobin of Boston. Cornelius P. Shea of Chicago, president for four years was defeated.

Elk City Boy Killed on Warship.

Baltimore—Lynn Turner, a fireman on the battleship Connecticut, was killed during the trial trip of the vessel, a bucket of ashes falling upon him. His father is W. R. Turner of Elk City, Neb.

MURDER EPIDEMIC

FIVE MYSTERIOUS ASSAULTS CAUSE OF FOUR DEATHS.

ONE SUSPECT IS ARRESTED

Among Others a Policeman Shot and Killed While Walking Near His Home.

Chicago—Five mysterious assaults, in which four men were killed and another fatally wounded, aroused the entire police force to energetic action early Monday. The victims were:

Fusario Rocco, found on the doorstep of his home, 129 Austin avenue, with two stiletto wounds in his body. He had been instantly killed.

Edward Smith, a policeman, shot and killed by an unknown man while walking a short distance from his home.

John L. Harbour, found dead on the Illinois Central tracks. The head had been cut off by a train and found 100 feet down the track. It is believed that Harbour committed suicide, but there are circumstances that make this doubtful.

John Noughton, died after being assaulted by three strangers at Thirty-seventh and Love avenue.

William Donovan, dying of a bullet wound in the abdomen. He was found in a basement at 448 Hermitage avenue and said he had been robbed by three men, one of whom shot him when he attempted to resist.

On information given by Mrs. Mary Dubois, the police arrested Joseph Glazebrook in connection with the murder of Police Officer Edward Smith, who was shot and killed near his home early in the day.

Glazebrook is suspected of having shot the officer in a quarrel over a woman. No charge has been placed against Glazebrook, but he will be held to await the action of the coroner's jury.

PICTURES INFLAME NEGROES.

Mrs. Nannie Curtis Says They Are the Cause of Assaults.

Lincoln—Suggestive pictures on the walls of southern saloons are the main causes of the fearful assaults made on southern women by negroes, according to Mrs. Nannie Curtis, Texas, who is attending the Epworth assembly in Lincoln. Mrs. Curtis, who is national organizer of the Women's Christian Temperance union, says:

"The saloons have robbed us white women of our loved ones, of our homes and now they have robbed us of our clothes and have hung us up on the walls of saloons to inflame the passions of drunken black brutes."

KARAKOZOFF MEETS DEATH.

Former Governor General of Odessa Killed by Assassin.

Piatigorsk, Caucasus—General Karakozoff, ex-governor general of Odessa, was shot and killed in the center of the town. The assassin escaped. General Karakozoff was commander of the Lubna dragoons when, July 3, 1905, he was appointed governor general of Odessa. Early in August of the same year he banished M. Yaroshansky, mayor of Odessa, for having represented Odessa at the Moscow Zemstvo congress.

Arkansas Editor Shot.

Helena, Ark.—J. M. Scott, city editor of the Helena World, was found dead on the sidewalk. Two bullets had entered his head. A month ago he attempted to make to kill Mr. Scott. He was attracted to the rear of his office by a noise and on approaching to ascertain the cause of the noise two shots were fired at him. He began firing in return and his assailants fled. It is generally believed the killing was due to a personal quarrel.

Farmer Beaten to Death.

Kearney, Neb.—Between noon and 6 o'clock Sunday afternoon Augustus Rowe, a bachelor living alone on a farm that he used to own, four miles north of Buda, was killed with hammer blows in the back of the head. As far as known, there was no eyewitness to the tragedy.

To Test 2-cent Fare Rate.

Easton, Pa.—The Central Railroad company of New Jersey began action in the Northampton county court to test the validity of the 2-cent fare act. The company contends that it will lose \$100,000 annually if the law is enforced.

The Cause of Race Suicide.

Chautauque, N. Y.—John Graham Brooks, author-socialist of Boston, believes the cost of living to be the chief cause of race suicide, according to an address he made at the chautauque assembly.

HAYWOOD BACK AT HIS DESK.

Expects to Take Up His Work Where He Left It When Arrested.

Denver—William D. Haywood, secretary-treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners, was at his desk in the headquarters of the federation Monday. The constant stream of visitors congratulated him on his acquittal at Boise. Mr. Haywood expressed his pleasure at his reception in this city on his arrival at Colorado Springs and other points along the road.

LAND OPERATORS FINED.

Wyoming Men Refused New Trial and Two of Them Fined.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—In the federal court Judge J. A. Riner overruled the motion for a new trial in the cases of E. M. Holbrook, E. E. Lenebaugh and Robert McPhylamey, recently convicted here of conspiracy to defraud the government in the acquisition of coal lands at Monarch, Wyo. The judge imposed a fine of \$10,000 each on Holbrook and Lenebaugh and a \$2,000 fine on McPhylamey.

NEXT.

SPARE THE BOB AND SPOIL THE ENEMY

ALABAMA WINS RAILROAD FIGHT

Lines Agree to Obey Freight and Passenger Law.

Arrangement Effective September 1st. Pending a Decision by the Supreme Court.

Montgomery, Ala.—Governor Comer has given out a statement in which he says he is standing out for the 2½ cent fare bill, saying, "Every time a ticket is sold for more than 2½ cents a mile the roads violate the law, and the person selling the ticket commits a misdemeanor. It is the duty of every court to so charge the jury, and the duty of every solicitor to make out a case. I have told Colonel Russell, that with his reputation for fairness I shall expect him to realize and concede that the roads must obey the laws the same as any other person."

With regard to the removal of the case from the Talladega court to the federal court, over which the license of the Southern was revoked, and which the railroad people admit was hasty, and not intended, the governor says:

"The administration understands that the offense was committed against the state laws by the removal of the suit, regardless of the motive prompting it. The laws are made for all alike, and to be observed by all and enforced by the administration impartially."

It is given out by the members of the legislature that in case an extra session is called, the members will stand solidly behind the governor in his fight. The evident intention of the governor to hold that the passenger fare law which has been enjoined by the United States court is being violated, and to encourage a revolt of conflict between the state and federal courts, even to a greater extent than was thought.

Little Rock, Ark.—Assistant Secretary of State McHany has not received notice of the issuance of an injunction by Judge Vandeventer preventing the state from revoking the charter of the Rock Island in Arkansas and says he cannot take action in revoking a license now without being in contempt of court, the same as though he had received notice of an injunction. Attorney General Kirby notified Mr. McHany that he can revoke the charter immediately without being in contempt as the Rock Island has operated the road since the passage of the Wings act without complying with the law and failed to file its charter and pay the fees.

FAVORS LOCAL CREAMERIES.

Food Commissioner Wright of Iowa Gives Testimony.

Lincoln, Neb.—Food Commissioner Wright of Iowa was the chief witness at the creamery rate investigation before the state railroad commission. He opposed a cut in the long haul rates, declaring that it would help the centralized creameries, and was against a horizontal cut in express and freight rates on cream for the same reason. Mr. Wright declared that he favored the establishing of the local creameries rather than the centralized plants. He was subjected to a severe cross-examination by Attorney Halner. Express and railway companies have attempted to raise rates on cream and the dairymen protested, a public hearing being granted.

U. P. DIVIDEND DECLARED.

Directors Decide on Regular Quarterly Profit Apportionment.

New York—The directors of the Union Pacific Railroad company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent on the common stock. The last dividend amounted to 2½ per cent, but was not designated as regular at that time. The directors also declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent on the preferred stock.

Bar Against Alger's Books.

Worcester, Mass.—The works of Horatio Alger, Jr., the noted writer of books for boys, has been barred from the shelves of the Worcester public library. Alger is now in the same class as Mark Twain, Robert W. Chambers, Walt Whitman and other well known producers of literature, some of whose works have been barred from free public libraries in Worcester county towns and cities. At the library the reason given for barring Alger's books is that they were not truthful and are too sensational.

Steamer Alliance is Sunk.

Portland, Ore.—The Portland and San Francisco liner City of Panama on route from Portland with a full list of passengers, collided with and sank the steamer Alliance, from Coos Bay for Portland, with passengers and freight.

Forty Peafowls Drowned.

Angiers, France—Forty passengers in a third class railroad car and the engineer of the train were drowned in a railroad accident three miles south-east of this town.

RAILROADS MUST OBEY LAW

GOVERNOR SAYS ENACTMENT WAS MADE FOR ALL ALIKE.

Certain That Members of the Legislature Will Solidly Uphold State Executive's Hands

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RAINFALL BELOW AVERAGE.

While in Eastern Sections it Exceeds it General Figures Lower.

Lincoln—Following is the weekly weather bulletin for the week ending August 5:

The week was cool with scattered showers. An excess of showers and light wind. The daily mean temperature averaged about 4 degrees below the normal in the southern counties and 6 to 8 degrees below in the northern. The weekly mean temperature was 72 degrees in the southern counties and 66 to 68 degrees in the northern. Tuesday was the warmest day of the week. The maximum temperature at a few places was 90 degrees or slightly above. Friday was the coolest day, with maximum temperatures generally below 80 degrees, and in the northern counties but little above 70 degrees.

Scattered showers occurred Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Sunday. In the greater part of the state the showers were light and the rainfall for the week was below normal, but heavy showers occurred in some southwestern counties Tuesday and in the southeastern counties Sunday, with rainfall exceeding an inch.

UNIQUE REUNION OF VETERANS.

Survivors of General Palmer's Regiment to Be His Guests.

Colorado Springs—From all parts of the United States more than 200 veterans of the Fifteenth Pennsylvania cavalry, General W. A. J. Palmer's regiment in the civil war, will arrive in Colorado Springs on the evening of August 20 for the most unique reunion ever held in the United States, as the guests of General Palmer. A magnificent special train of Pullman sleepers and diners will bear the veterans to Colorado Springs and from the time each man leaves his own door until he returns to it his expenses will be borne by General Palmer.

LOUISVILLE WANTS IT.

Opens Campaign to Secure Democratic Convention.

Louisville, Ky.—Louisville opened a vigorous campaign to secure the next democratic convention for Louisville.

Grand Jury on Alton Case.

Chicago—Preparations for the investigation by the federal grand jury of the charges against the Chicago & Alton in connection with the granting of rebates to the Standard Oil company of Indiana were commenced Monday. Subpoenas will be issued for witnesses, the first of whom will testify on August 14.

Negro Janitor Robs Bank.

Kansas City—Charles Jones, negro janitor of a bank at Sulphur, I. T., was arrested here on the charge of stealing \$6,000 from the bank. Jones was arrested while spending money freely among the negroes of the negro city of the city.

Marine Strangely Missing.

New York—Henry Francis Lynch, a United States marine of the battleship Georgia, lying at anchor Tuesday in Hudson river, is strangely missing from the ship. The ship's officers say Lynch toppled over the side of the ship while hanging a light on Saturday night. Daniel Lynch, father of the sailor, believes his son, who was to have been a witness in the investigation of the explosion in a gun turret on the Georgia, has met with foul play and has asked the police to investigate.

King Predigal with Money.

Berlin—Stories regarding the extravagance of the king of Siam, so far as the purchase of jewelry is concerned, continue to crop out. Among his recent purchases, it is said, is a gold thimble, covered with diamonds and other gems, which is valued at \$75,000. In his palace at Bangkok the king has an enormous store of jewels. The apartments of the first and second queens are said to contain large collections, while the walls of his own apartments are also covered with gems of rare value.

FIRED UPON BY A WARSHIP.

A French Cruiser Bombarbs the Moroccan Coast.

THE PRESS, PULPIT AND PUBLIC

Tangier—Casa Blanca, on the Moroccan coast, has been bombarded by French cruisers, the Moors are reported to have been shot down in large numbers and the town, since Sunday night, has been practically in the possession of landing parties from French and Spanish cruisers. The first shots were fired by the Moors. The French responded with a bayonet charge and the bombardment of the native quarter with melinite shells. The French had six men wounded, but no one killed. No European residents were hurt.

The occupation of Casa Blanca is a direct outcome of the native uprising which resulted in the killing last week of eight Europeans at Casa Blanca. Both France and Spain are hurrying other warships with troops and marines on board to various points on the Moroccan coast for the protection of foreigners. Under the terms of the Algeiras convention these two powers are charged with the policing of the seaports of Morocco, and their action at Casa Blanca has brought no protest from any power. The states of Europe have expressed their willingness that France and Spain restore order in Morocco, no other countries being involved.

News of the fighting at Casablanca was brought here by the steamer Anatole. On Saturday night the French naval officer in command informed the Moorish authorities that he was going to land a force for the protection of the French consulate. Authorization to do so was given. The force went ashore Sunday morning at daybreak. The Frenchmen were no sooner on the beach than they were fired on by Moorish soldiers and in this first encounter the French forces sustained all its casualties. The Frenchmen fought their way to their consulate and then signalled the cruiser Galliee to bombard the native quarter. The Galliee at once opened upon the Moors. It was joined at 11 o'clock by the French cruiser Du Chayla, and both vessels fired until 2,000 rounds of ammunition had been expended. This fire is said to have been disastrous to the Arabs.

NEBRASKA POINTERS

What is Going on Here and There That is of Interest to the Readers Throughout Nebraska.

A moving picture theater will be constructed at Kearney.

The First National bank of Curtis, Neb., is being organized.

The chautauque at Albion was a success beyond expectations.

J. L. Cahill has been elected superintendent of the Oakdale schools.

Senator and Mrs. Tillman of South Carolina spent a day and night in Omaha.

Lincoln people propose investigation to determine if there is a coal trust in the capital city.

A. D. White, chief of the Beatrice fire department, will resign September 1 on account of business reasons.

W. A. Bradley, a member of the Union Pacific bridge gang at North Bend, died from the effects of the heat.

Mrs. Mary Foster of Union is to be the democratic candidate for county superintendent of schools in Cass county.

James Robley, wanted for assaulting a 12-year-old girl near Beemer, was caught at Wayne. Sheriff Malchow of Cuming county came after the rascal.

The Plattsmouth board of education is looking for two teachers to fill the vacancies caused by the resignation of Miss Verna Whistler and Miss Hatfield.

Miss Hulda Kluck, aged 20, committed suicide at the home of her mother, five miles southwest of Schuyler, by taking strychnine. Love troubles disturbed her equilibrium.

The Hord Grain & Cattle company bid in the West elevator of Tomara. M. E. Robertson resigned his position with the Nye-Schneider-Powder company and took charge of the West elevator.

While Charles Record was crossing the bridge over the South Platte river at Paxton, with 150 head of cattle, about 100 feet of the bridge gave way, throwing about fifty of the cattle into deep water. Several were lost.

The yearly expenses of the Seward municipal electric light plant for the last year were \$3,017.41. The yearly income was \$11,213.37, and \$5,633.39 was invested in a new boiler room and the installation of a new boiler.

Sheriff Phipps was called to Craig, where he made the arrest of three boys, two aged 17 and the other 22, who were charged with making a rough house of the town. They were given a jail sentence of twenty days each.

By unanimous vote of the executive committee, Dean S. W. Stookey of Coe college, Cedar Rapids, Ia., was elected president of Hastings college. Dean Stookey was in Hastings some time ago and intimated that he would consider a call.

The tax levy for all purposes in Fremont this year will be 85 mills, 18 mills higher than last year. Levee for county, state and school purposes adopted by the county board are no higher than last year, but the city taxes will be about 18 or 20 per cent more.

Former State Senator Andrew R. Olson, who has filed for the nomination for judge of the district court in the West Point district, has announced that he has severed his official connection with the Northwestern railway as local attorney for Cuming county and has surrendered the pass held by him.

Joseph V. Brant, who was for several years secretary and general book-keeper of the Maties Brewing company at Nebraska City, has broken into court and proposes to know something about the management of the concern. He filed a petition in the district court asking that the institution be placed in the hands of a receiver.

A vein of coal, beside indications of other valuable mineral deposits, has been discovered three miles southwest of Republican City. The discovery was made by S. O. Baker on Dr. S. M. Baker's farm, and an expert engineer from Pittsburg, Pa., has looked over the property and pronounced the indications good, both on the Baker and McClellan farms, near Prairie Dog creek.

Miss Carrie L. Shaw of Atlantic, N. J., a niece of Mrs. A. Forstall of Steele City, a former Steele City girl, who some time ago won the first prize in a beauty contest in the east, has recently been declared the "Sweetest girl in America" by a committee of newspaper men who were conducting a national beauty contest. Miss Shaw is said to be entirely worthy of the high compliments paid her.

What is perhaps the tiniest baby ever known in Omaha is the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Heagy of 4222 Patrick avenue. She is three weeks old and weighed at birth but one and a half pounds.

Shortly after noon Monday a man by the name of Riddon, aged 64, attempted to cross over the tracks to the Burlington depot in Kearney, but a freight train was standing in the way. He attempted to climb over the bumper, and while doing so the train backed up and sif of was caught, being badly injured.