TARIFF IN HOUSE

MATTER UNDER DISCUSSION IN

LOWER BRANCH.

POSITICAL OF THE TWO PARTIES Mr. Grosvenor Defends Republicans Position and Replies to Mr. Clark-Hepburn Holds Attention of the Senate in a Speech.

WASHINGTON - The Philippine tariff debate in the house Thursday consisted more of party maneuvering for advantageous campaign material than of discussion of the question at issue. The tariff was the text of a be an encroachment by the senate speech by Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio, who began the debate, and an extended reply by Mr. Williams, the minority him, in a manner amounting almost lief that it will correct the evils exleader. The speech of Mr. Grovesnor was spiced with witticisms and enlivered with interruptions from Camp Clark, to whom Mr. Grosvenor aimed most of his argument.

specific tariff doctrine of the demo- charged with insulting the president. cratic party and held that the republican tariff was not, as often claimed, responsible for the prosperity of the country. To prove this he cited the prosperity of Canada, Mexico and other countries at the present time and the business depression of these on which he was well within his own countries during the hard times of

Mr. Adams of Wisconsin opposed the bill, but advocated a readjustment of the tariff on business principles. Mr. McKinley of California delivered his first speech in favor of the send- replied: ing measure and pointed a finger of warning toward the growing industries of Japan. The debate on the bill uadoubtedly will close with the session on Saturday and the measure be put on its passage Monday.

Before going into executive session the senate listened to a speech by Mr. Hepburn in support of his bill creating a board of national control for the control of corporations, in which he denounced Wall street because of its alleged interference with the affairs of the country. He said that when the "street" could not dictate the financial course of the government it was even ready to threaten disaster and he pleaded for legislation that would rob it of such power for evil. The remainder of the open session was devoted to a discussion of a practice by the senate of sending resolutions to the calendar after they have once been under discussion. Mr. Bacon raised the point that there was no rule requiring such a course and urged that his Moroccan resolution had been improperly placed on the calendar. He also contended that the resolution had not had a day's discussion. The matter was not disposed of

THE RECENT FIGHTING IN SANTO DOMINCO

TURK'S ISLAND Bahamas-Advices brought here by the steamer Cherokee from Puerta Plata, Santo Domingo, dated January 6, say the recent fighting near that port was very sharp, of the 800 men engaged on both sides, 150 being killed or wounded. Dead bodies were lying in the streets of Puerta Plata for two days. An attack on Puerta Plata by the insurgent general, Pedro Alvarez, was momentarily expected when the steamer left there, and it was believed that it would result in the authorities surrendering.

WILSON SOUNDS AN ALARM.

Secretary of Agriculture in Need of Money.

WASHINGTON-"Unless congress speedily grants the emergency resolu tion for \$135,000 requested by me for additional inspectors and microscopic it is probable that over \$50,000,000 worth of orders for American pork and beef products placed by German deal ers will go unfilled."

This statement was made by Sec retary Wilson. Anticipating that high rate of duty on products emanating from the United States imposed by the new German tariff, which becomes effective March 1, next, and Germany at the present time being in urgent need of meat supplies, Secretary Wilson said that German dealers have **flooded** the packing houses of this country with orders.

ELECTION OF SENATORS BY POPULAR VOTE

COLUMBUS, O.-Senator Meek's resolution, declaring in favor of the ed. Senator Wood said that senators who could probably not be elected by Only civil marriages are legal. popular vote were blocking the president in his effort at rate legislation The spectacle of one senator dying in disgrace another convicted of a felony was before the country, he said. and showed the method of electing the proposed constitutional amendthem should be changed.

Will Turn Grain to Gulf. CHICAGO-Western railroads decided not to put in through rates on grain from Missouri river territory to the eastern scaboard on January 15. This decision was reached at a meeting of traffic men, at which is developed that the eastern roads were still demanding their full local rates from Chicago to the seaboard on grain originating at the Missouri rivoward the gulf ports.

Metcalfe is the Orator. LAFAYETTE, Ind .- The tenth annual barquet of the Jackson club of the minister from Panama to this this city was held at the Coliseum country receved the following cable-Monday night. Covers were laid for gram from his government: "Deny up-550 guests, and after the feast had rising of San Flas Indians. Personal ended the doors were thrown open at | differences between chiefs caused cir-& o'clock to the public, at which hour | culation of report." Mayor Burgan welcomed the assembled guests and introduced the first speaker, R. L. Metcalfe of Lincoln, Neb., who spoke on the toast "Fallen rency commission have received a mil-Ideals." Among the other speakers lion and a half dollars in American was Cato Sells of Vinton, Ia., who \$20 pieces which will be re-coined into spoke on "Triamphant Democracy.

WOULD BE INSULT.

To Ack President To Account for Ap pointments.

WASHINGTON-Propriety of discussing in open senate a resolution introduced by Senator Bacon calling HAS A BILL FOR SUBMISSION upon the president for an account of his appointment of delegates to a proposed conference on Moroccan affairs, to be held by European powers at Algeciras, Spain, was considered for four hours and then by a strict party vote it was decided that the resolution should be executive business. Senator Bacon, in supporting his resolution, contended for a public discussion and Senator Spooner declared that the adoption of the resolution would upon the constitutional rights of the president and virtually would charge to insult, with ignorance of his duties

as chief magistrate. Offense was taken by Senator Bacon to the remarks of Senator Spooner, the former declaring emphatic-Mr. Williams outlined again the ally that he did not propose to be Mr. Spooner said that he did not mean to imply that it had been an insult to introduce the resolution, but that it would be an affront to the president to adopt a measure which questioned the executive on a matter rights. Insisting that he could not see the distinction, Senator Bacon said that if it would amount to an insult for the senate to adopt the resolution, it would be just as much so for him to offer it. Senator Spooner

> "I do not understand your logic, but if that is your conclusion and you insist upon constraing your course as an action of the senate, of course I cannot flinch from the consequences."

The Wisconsin senator's reply end-

ed what had threatened to be a dangerous colloguy and the debate on the general proposition was resumed. Spectators were excluded from the senate at 1:20 p. m. upon motion of Senator Lodge, who objected to Senator Bacon making a speech on his resolution in open session. Ostensibly it was to settle that point that the doors were closed but the merits of the resolution were threshed out so thoroughly that it is unlikely that they will again be gone into. Every republican senator voted against considering the resolution in executive session, and Senator Pettus, one of the ten democrats present, all of whom voted for consideration in public session, declared that he was onposed to the adoption of the resolution. If called up again it is prob- SIR KORACE PLUNKETT able that it will be referred to the foreign relations committee without

Kansas Mayor is Profane. KANSAS CITY, Mo.-"Damn the law. God could not enforce the probihition law in Kansas, and Jesus Christ would not."

The Rev. John C. Lynn, a Presbyterian preacher and president of the civil league, testifiying at Kansas City, Kas., in the case brought by the state to oust Mayor W. W. Rose from office because of his alleged failure to enforce the laws, testified today that the above words were spoken by Mayor Rose on May 6, 1905.

LAND FRAUD CASES WILL COME IN MARCH

WASHINGTON - Representative Binger Hermann of Oregon will be tried in the courts of the District of Columbia for complicity in the land fraud cases in Oregon beginning the last week in March. Frances J. Heney, special counsel of the department of justice, who has had direct charge of the Oregon land cases, made this statement yesterday at the white house. Mr. Hency had a conference with President Roesevelt yesterday, in which some details of the land Hermann trial the case of F. A. Hyde, tee. John A. Benson, J. H. Schneider and H. P. Diamond will be taken up.

REMARKABLE STORIES

serves to administer everything, including the cours. The whipping post for theft has been revived and for certain classes robbery is punelection of United States senators by ishable with death. The spirit shops popular vote was unanimously adopt. are closed, and preaching the doctrine of damnation of souls is forbidden

Woman Suffrage Hearing.

WASHINGTON-February 15 was fixed by the house committee on judiciary as the date for a hearing on ment providing for woman's suffrage.

Repeal of Registry Law. WASHINGTON-The repeal of the law which enables wrecked vessels, repaired in American yards, to obtain American registry, was determined opun by the senate committee or commerce.

Go to Work on Canal. KINGSTON Jama'ca - Four hun-

dred men sailed from Kingston on the er. The abrogation of the agreement steamer Tagus for Colon, to seek emhas developed a condition that prob- ployment in the canal zone. Each ably will turn a great amount of grain | deposited \$6.25 with the treasurer under the emigrant protection law.

Denies Rising of Indians. WASHINGTON-Senator Obaldia.

Will Recoin American Gold. MEXICO CITY-The exchange cur-

Mexican money.

DRYDEN REMEDY

DEPENDS UPON PUBLICITY TO

CONTROL INSURANCE.

Endorsed by President and Best Constitutional Lawyers in Land-Examinations Like National Banks and Fine for Failure to Report.

WASHINGTON - Senator Dryden

has revised his bill contemplating

government control of insurance and will reintroduce it in the senate Monday. He has followed very closely the investigation being conducted by the New York legislative committee and this has aided him in perfecting his measure until now he expresses the beposed by the New York inquiry. Publicity is the keynote of the bill, and coupled with this are safeguards for the detection of wrongdoing and the punishment of those so offending. It defines policies, or insurance contracts, as instrumentalities of commerce and provides for the regulation of the business through the medium of a comptroller of insurance and along lines similar to the control exercised over national banks. The author says he believes this will go far toward meeting the objections of those who have questioned the legislative possibilities of federal regulation of insurance. The senator says the bill has the endorsement of the pressident, administration officials, eminent constitutional lawyers in and out of congress, and others who are familiar with its general features as coming nearer to meeting the demands of the situation than any other numerous pending measures. Senator Dryden has long been a champion of federal regulation.

Discussing the principal features of the bill Senator Dryden said: "The new bill providing for the regulation and control of interstate insurance by congress follows in broad outlines my bill of the last session, but with very important modifications and additions, which, I believe, meet all reasonable demands for an effective and uniform method of government control of insurance interests. The bill contains some fifty separate provisions, of which the first thirteen relate to the organization of the proposed bureau of him to the president. insurance in the Department of Commerce and Labor. The bureau is to be in charge of a commissioner of insurance who is required to furnish a bond of \$100,000.

SEES SECRETARY WILSON

WASHINGTON-Sir Horace Plun with Secretary Wilson and other officials of the department of agricul- by him was \$235,000. ture, regarding various problems of agriculture. He has extensive ranch interests in Wyoming, Nebraska and HERDERS SHOT DOWN Montana, where he recently has been, and is now on his way home.

He said that he had received substantial assistance from the United States department of agriculture, particularly in the matter of growing topacco. An English law long ago established prohibits the growing of tobacco in Ireland, but through the efforts of Sir Horace the opportunity has been afforded to demonstrate the practicability of raising tobacco for commercial purposes in that country.

CONFIRMATION IS HELD UP.

Charges Made Against Secretary for New Mexico.

WASHINGTON - Charges against W. Raynolds, renominated by the president as secretary for New Mexico, were considered by the senate committee on territories and the confirmation will be held up until they can be investigated. He is charged with being an offensive partisan, which cases were discussed. Following the did not have any effect on the commit-

Former Delegate Rodey charged him with bulldozing the delegates of the last territorial convention in order to accomplish the defeat of Rodey for renomination. The serious charges OF THE REVOLUTIONISTS against Rayrolds are that when acting A GENUINE AMERICAN as governor he pardoned notorious MITAU. Courland-Fugitives who criminals for political effect; that he have arrived here from the interior had manipulated his office so as to recount remarkable stories of the secure large fees; also that he and mittees on which one woman always ant stream which they use for a sheep

> The statehood fight enters into the matter to some extent, and Raynolds

Nebraska Naval Apprentice Dead. from spotted fever have occurred died suddenly. among the draft of 250 naval appren-Nebraska.

Extend Sanitary Authority.

HAVANA-The authority of the sanitary department has been vastly extended by the gazetting of a presidential decree for the enforcement of provides for the winding up of the complete sanitary ordinances. The decree defines offenses against the Indian territory. san'tary laws and under it the department can inflict penalties for refusal or failure to improve sanitary conditions once notification has been given. known by the name of Isabel Jay.

tary officers. Calhoun Asked for Report. WASHINGTON-Secretary Root has Bermudese Asphalt company and the of yellow fever December 7. Venezuelan government and the departure from Caracas of the company's

treasurer. Clyde Brown. called upon Mr. Calhoun, the presi- pendent afternoon paper has been basns for immediate action.

WITTE IS BETTER.

An Interest ng Statement to a Delega-

made an interesting statement to a delegation, headed by the mayor of the city, which requested a relaxation of the orders of the prefect of police against meetings in the interest of the electoral campaign. The premier could not promise to do anything until after January 22. While personally he did not sympathize with the harsh measures of Interior Minister Durnovo, he regarded them as essential. The premier could not assume the responsibility for a course which, if it resulted in bloodshed, would make him a scapegoat. He spoke bitterly of the failure of the moderates to give the government support, saying that upon their shoulders largely rests the burden of com-

pelling the government to resort to repression. He added: "The emperor, in the manifesto of October 30, at one stroke granted the people more rights than any other monarch had ever before given, but you know the attitude which Russian society assumed. The government's appeals for confidence were rejected and every liberty granted was abused by the revolutionists. The permission to hold meetings was translated into license for street disturbances and assemblages to plot against the life of the government. I have always been opposed to repression, but the attitude of the moderates compelled me to adopt harsh measures. I am determined to save Russia."

U. S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR NEBRASKA

WASHINGTON-The United States district attorneyship appointment will go to the northern district of the state. This was the decision of the Nebraska delegation. Senator Millard called a meeting of the entire delegation at his committee room to consider the list of applicants for the appointment. The meeting was very harmonious and after several ballots the choice fell upon Charles A. Goss of Omaha, whereupon the vote was made unanimous. The entire delegation will join in a letter endorsing

Gives Trust Deed on Home.

NEW YORK - It was announced Friday that John A. McCall, former president of the New York Life Insurance company has given a trust deed on his home in Long Branch, N. J. to secure the \$150,000 note which kett, member of parliament, secretary | Hamilton and not yet returned by Mr. of agriculture in Ireland, conferred Hamilton. The total amount advanced to Mr. Hamilton and unaccounted for

AND SHEEP SLAUCHTERED

EVANSTON, Wyo. - Masked and mounted raiders, presumed to be cattlemen, attacked the camps of two Utah flockmasters near Burnt Fork. close to the Utaha-Wyoming line, shot down A. N. Garsite and Robert Allen, herders, slaughtered the sheep and burned the camp wagens and outfits. Notices of warning to other flock masters were left with the bodies of the dead herders. Sheep men are indignant, threatening to get even, and more trouble is anticipated.

Report of Panama Railroad. WASHINGTON-The annual report the Panama Railroad company for the ten months ended October 31 last submitted to congress Monday, shows that after payment of all fixed charges and cost of operation for the period

covered there remains \$354,248 or somewhat in excess of 5 per cent on the capital stock. The total earnings of the road for transportation of all kinds of traffic show an increase of \$302,204 of 18.77 per cent, over the corresponding ten months of the previous year.

SKELETON UNEARTHED

BIDGEPORT, Conn.-Parts of the civil administration set up by the rev- Former Governor Otero had by some skeleton of a genuine American were olutionists in the towns and villages unfair means procured lands eight unearthed Wednesday afternoon by they control. They have elected com- miles wide on either side of an import- workmen engaged in excavating for the Webster residence on Brooklawn

The skull and bones indicate a man almost seven feet in height, and they is opposed by the faction which is undoubtedly belonged to an Indian. seeking joint statehood with Arizona. who met a violent death, as is shown by the numerous fractures in his skull. He might have been the first of the NEWPORT, R. I.—Seven deaths Modocs, which would explain why he

Dr. Geroge L. Porter took a look at tices who were brought to the train- the skull in question and evinced the fifty pieces of native artillery, after ing station here last November. The opinion that the original owner had body of John F. Rollfe, who died probably died from 150 to 200 years Thursday, was shipped to McCook, ago. The thigh bone was eighteen (a small boat) manned by forty Moros. inches long.

> Favorable Report on Curtis Bill. WASHINGTON-The house committee on Irdian affairs decided to report favorably the Curtis bill which affairs of the five civilized tribes in

Lady Cavendish Gets Divorce. I ONDON-Isabel Cavendish, better Hitherto the department has been formerly a leading lady of the Savoy of cruelty and misconduct.

Bringing Back Nast's Body. GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador-The British en notified by cable of the complete steamer Santiago which left here Fri-

Pittsburg Leader Sold.

MAY LEAD TO WAR

ST. PETERSBURG-Premier Witte FRANCE SEVERES DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH VENEZUELA.

WHAT THE TROUBLE IS ABOUT

Technically Chargeable Against the Personality of M. Talgny, French Charge at Caracas-Situation Regard as Serious.

WASHINGTON-Although the presnt breach in the diplomatic relations between France and Venezuela is technically chargeable against the personality of M. Talgny, the French charge at Caracas, the real issue, as it is understood here, is the attack by President Castro upon the properties and franchises of the French Cable company. The president asserted that the cable company had lent active assistance to the Matos rebellion. Therefore he began proceedings in the Venezuelan courts against the company on that score and also complained that company had violated the terms of its concession in not laying certain coast lines of cable, and especially in crossing the island of Santo Domingo with land wires subject to frequent interruption in times of rebellion on that island. The courts sustained the president's view, and, in fact, practically took possession of the company's office at certain point when the French government intervened. In the absence of the regular minister. M Taigny presented a written protest to the Venezuelan government. President Castro regarded this note as insulting to his government, and refused to have anything more to do with M. Taigny. But the French government refused to allow the dispute to be made a personal one, and declared that M. Taigny, in his presentment, had followed precisely the instructions of his foreign office. At this point Mr. Russell, the Amer-

ica minister at Caracas, intervened in the interest of peace, and after many patient exchanges it was believed that he had finally succeeded. But while he induced President Castro to withdraw a note refusing to do business with Taigny, which the French government regarded as offensive, he could not not prevail on President Castro to resume his official relations with the French charge. The climax came on New Year's day, when that a satisfactory settlement had been reached, reeceived with the usual honors at the New Year's reception the Venezuelan minister at Paris only the pride of the French government, which felt it had been made the victim of double dealing and deceit, ingly. which fact the French ambassador in Washington was not slow to communicate to the state department. Mr. Russell reported his failure to effect a setlement, thereby making himself unpopular in Caracas, and then came notice from the French government that diplomatic relations with Venezuela were completely severed.

There is a hint of punitive measures on the part of France and the situation is regarded officially as very unpleasant, with possibilities of serious consequences.

BONDS ARE NO COOD TILL LEGISLATURE ACTS

HELENA, Mont.—By a decision rendered by the state supreme court, \$450,000 of bonds of the State Normal college and other institutions are invalidated. A special session of the egislature may be necessary to traighten out the tangle, and until his is done several institutions may be compelled to suspend activities. On advice of Attorney General Galen, State Treasurer Rice recently declined o pay warrants drawn against the State Normal school funds. The atorney general maintained that money derived from the sale of state school ands has been illegally invested in bonds of state institutions and that the funds derived from such bond sales could not legally be used. This contention the supreme court upholds.

PRESIDENT HARPER DEAD.

After Long Sickness He Passes Away.

CHICAGO, Ill.-Dr. William Rainey Harper, president of the University of Chicago since its inception, one of the foremost educators and one of the most learned Hebrew scholars of his time, died on Wednesday of cancer of the intestines.

Bryan is Created a Datto.

DUI UAN. Mindanao-W. J. Bryan was created a datto and saluted by which he was conveyed along the river to Datto Plag's palace in a royal vinta Here he received many presents.

Insurgerts Claim Gains.

WASHINGTON-Fifty republican representatives are now said by insurgents in the house to have signed the pledge to vote against any rule prohibiting amendments to the Hamlton joint statehood bill. Several members have been won over by the insurgents since yesterday, and they are confident their number will be swelled to sixty-five before the week's end. The republicans who are suphampered owing to lack of authority theater, secured a divorce from H. porting the Hamilton bill insist that to enforce the directions of the sani- S. H. Cavendish, the explorer, on the the bottom has dropped out of the

The Speaker is Unsuccessful. WASHINGTON-Speaker Cannon's efforts to win the insurgents over to failure of the negotiations that have day took to Panama the body of the Hamilton joint statehood bill have been in progress at Caracas looking Thomas Nast, the cartoonist and for met with little success apparently and to a settlement of issue between the mer American consul here, who died the joint statehood proposition is still shrouded in uncertainty. The insurgents claim they have more than fiftyeight votes, the number which, cou-PITTSBURG-The Pittsburg Daily pled with the solid democratic vote, The secretary has accordingly Leader, for thirty-six years an inde- will force a consideration of amendments to the Hamilton bill. Two or dent's special commissioner, for his purchased by Attorney John P. Hunter three republicans are reported to have report upon the controversy as the "in trust," as he says, "for private been won over to the administration rules prescribed by the secretary of measure.

FIRE IN BIG HOTEL

Eight Deaths Caused by Blaze in West House, Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS-Eight persons are

dead from suffocation or from leaping from windows and a score of people were more or less injured as a result of a fire in the West hotel Thursday morning. The fire, which is supposed to have been started by crossed electric light wires, was in itself insignificant, being confined to the elevator shaft and the top floor in the corner of the building, but the wild excitement which followed the first alarm hurried people into the halls and out on window ledges in frantic attempts to save themselves. There was really no help for several who lost their lives. The wood in the elevator shaft burned like tinder and a sheet of flame twenty feet wife, mounting to the seventh story, frightened the guests out of their senses.

HOSPITAL PROVIDED FOR BY THE YERKES WILL

NEW YORK-The great hospital tal provided for in the will of the late Charles T. Yerkes, the traction promoter, who died in this city last week, will be built at once. It will be located in the borough of the Bronx. This announcement was made today by Dr. J. E. Janvrin, speaking for Mrs. Yerkes.

Dr. Janvrin said that a beginning will be made just as soon as the estate of Mr. Yerkes is settled instead of waiting until after Mrs. Yerkes' death, as provided in the will. He said that the projected hospital was entirely Mrs. Yerkes' own idea, and that Mr. Yerkes, in making provision for the hospital in his will, was only carrying out Mrs. Yerkes' idea and de-

UGLY ROW SETTLED.

Postoffice Fight at Auburn is Ended at Last.

WASHINGTON-An ugly quarrel over the postmastership appointment at Auburn, Neb., was settled by the president nominating William P. Freeman for the office. Mr. Freeman was appointed during the recess of congress upon the recommendation of Representative Pollard, to succeed a lady official who resigned. Thomas Horn and Mr. Allen were candidates the French government, supposing for the appointment. The contest assumed such an aspect that it became necessary to select a compromise candidate, and Freeman was named. Shortly after taking up the duties of to learn that President Castro had re- his office charges were preferred he gave the New York Life in part fused to do likewise for M. Taigny against him, and an inspector was depayment for moneys which had been at Caracas. This occasion touched tailed to Auburn to investigate. His report completely vindicated Mr. Freeman, and the president acted accord-

CERMANY IS COING TO SPEND MUCH MONEY

BERLIN-The Prussian budget was submitted to the diet. As summarized semi-officially, it shows that the extraordinary appropriations for the 554,500, or much less than the \$50,000,-000 which, as reported, would be expended on urgent orders for new freight cars. Only a portion of this

The economic situation, when examined in detail showed that agriculture had a bad fall season.

Nogi Gets Great Reception.

TOKIO-Gen. Nogi, who arrived here from Manchuria, was given a popular reception similar in enthusiasm to that accorded Admiral Togo. Cheering crowds lined the streets as the general and his staff drove to the palace.

NEW MEASURE FOR RAILROAD RECULATION

WASHINGTON-A new measure for the regulation of railroad rates was introduced by Senator Morgan, who expects to discuss it briefly. The bill makes it unlawful for common carriers to demand or receive more than a reasonable compensation for the transportation of freight or passengers, or from giving unreasonable preferences in rebates or charges or in facilities either to shipper or passenger or locality, and provides for the recovery of such unreasonable charges or damages sustained as the result of such preferences in any United States district court wherever the claim amounts to \$50. Any governor is authorized, if empowered by the laws of such state, to institute suit for recovery.

Legislation for Indians.

WASHINGTON - Representative Burke introduced a resolution to pay | right four or five times before you get e3.600 to reward certain Indians in by. South Dakota for the rescue of white captives in custody of the White Lodge bands of Sioux Indians in November, 1862,

Revolutionists Are Routed.

WARSAW-The troops have captured the iron works at Ostrowiec, government of Radom, which had been occupied by the revolutionists at their headquarters. Many of the revolutionists were killed or wounded during the fight. The rest fled.

Temporary Loan to Russia. PARIS-The French bankers on Thursday definitely decided to make a tistic success." short-time advance of \$50,000,000 to Russia at 5 1-2 per cent interest plus

Fitz Wins Back His Wife. SIOUX FALLS, S. D.-Late Saturlay afternoon it was announced that a reconciliation had been effected be-:ween "Bob" Fitzsimmons and his wife, and that Mrs. Fitzsimmons would to the engine. abandon her action for divorce.

2 per cent commission.

To Heip Cattlemen. WASHNGTON-Representative Curtis, (Kan.) introduced a bill to permit grazing on western lands. It allows leases for periods of five years under the interior.

TO LIVE 200 YEARS

WOMAN THINKS THAT SHOULD BE MAN'S ALLOTTED TIME.

Strong Probability That the Race Will Yet Reach a Proper Solution of the Secret of Health and Longevity, and Live to a Proper Age.

"How to Live Two Hundred Years" s the seductive title of an article by Mary Estelle Ivins in "What to Eat." "It would appear," she says, "that there is something in the influences of civilization that is at enmity to health and longevity. Then what is this something? Why with all our knowledge of health laws; the advantage we have of resort to skilled medical treatment; trained nurses and schooled physicians, why with all these do we suffer poorer health than the savage or the wild animal? There must be a cause for every effect, but the explanation of this one is difficult."

She goes on to cite the theories of all the faddists-Christian Scientists, Dowieites, vegetarians, Salsburyites, Kneippites, followers of Byron Taylor, the raw food exponent; those who would have us wear no ciothes, those who agree with Edison that we eat and sleep too much, and quote Prof. Metchnikoff's declaration that no man should die a natural death who has not lived 150, but goes him one better by saying man, to live as long in proportion to the time it takes for him to develop as do the wild animals, ought to live 200 years.

"Now it might be possible that by extracting the most salient truths from all these many creeds we could arrive at a proper solution of the secret of health and longevity. It is not difficult to explain why man doesn't live as long, proportionately, as wild animals do. The wild animals live by instinct and nature takes the place of brain in teaching them what to eat and how to live. Human beings, endowed with superior mental faculties, are left to solve the problem for themselves. There is no denying the fact that even with human beings nature, when permitted, performs some of the most remarkable cures known.

"Possibly, if people could live as natural lives as wild animals do, they could enjoy as long life as they and longer, because of their superior mental faculties. And then if we could be induced not to think about our condition; not fear disease nor death; nor worry; to have faith in a power to cure all our ills; eat natural foods and live natural lives-if we could do all of these things we might live to reach the two-century mark."

But, Miss Ivins says, several a ations must be buried before "custom and human inclination will ever permit of such things as these." Miss Ivins is indeed writing for posterity.

How About "Ez"? No two people in the world have precisely the same idea as to what constitutes the highest enjoyment of which they are capable, Mrs. Jennings

all to the person who should have railway administration amount to \$36,- been in the fullest sympathy with her. "Go to the picnic? No, I guess not!" and the energetic woman looked scornfully at the acquaintance who had ventured to suggest such a mis-\$36,544,500 will go for new rolling hap. "I don't enjoy lugging my food three or four miles into the bush for the sake of letting other folks criticize it, and get all eat up with gnatflies into the bargain. My notion of

had an ideal which did not appeal at

pleasure is something quite different." "What is your notion of pleasure?" inquired the visitor, curiously,

"Well, I expect to have about as good a time this afternoon as ever I need," said Mrs. Jennings, briskly. "We've got a load of Josiah Pond's elegant stovewood coming this morning, and when my work's done this afternoon, I'm planning to take my erochet work out into the shed, where it's cool and shady, and watch Ez saw and split for a couple of hours. That's what I like about as well as anything I can think of. I do admire to see things going on!"-Youths Compan-

An Awkward Position.

G. T. Wilson, who presided at the autumnal convention of dancing masters in New York, said of a certain new way of waltzing:

"Why, to waltz like that would

make me feel as awkward as--" He

"In Portland, one day, while walking down the street, I came face to face with a young woman, and in attempting to pass each other, we dodged from side to side, both going

both going to the left. "I suppose this has happened to all of you-this meeting with some one going in an opposite direction, and the subsequent dodging from left to

to the right simultaneously, and then

"Well, as I dodged before the young woman like that, she suddenly staggered me by saying:

"'Hurry up. Which is it to bewaltz or two-step?"

Picture of Red Sunday.

A painting of St. Petersburg's "Red Sunday," January 22, 1905, thirty feet by sixteen feet, the work of the distinguished Polish painter, Albert de Kossak, is on view in a London art gallery. The Standard says of it: "Seldom has a picture dealing with such a subject and involving such a number of figures been treated with such ar-

Compressed Air Engine.

A compressed air engine is employed to operate the temporary line which at present runs in the Simplon tunnel under the Alps. The engine consists of twenty-six compressed air cylinders braced together with steel hands. These supply the motive force

Spanish King's Hobby.

The King of Spain has a number of wax models of himself that open and close their eyes. Within each is a little phonograph that cries "Long live Spain." Alfonso takes great delight in sending these to little friends among the royal families of Europe.