

News in Brief

The Santa Fe will meet the oil producers of Kansas and rearrange the freight rates on oil. The Field Columbian museum of Chicago is equipping an expedition to explore the heart of Africa and shoot big game for its collection of stuffed animals.

RIOTS IS RENEWED

VICIOUS FIGHTING ON THE STREETS OF CHICAGO. THE STRIKE IS NOW SPREADING. The Greatest Trouble Appears to Be in the Lumber District—Men Armed With Air Guns Fire Upon Wagons and Escorts. CHICAGO—Rioting broke out afresh Friday in the teamsters' strike and although nobody was seriously hurt there were a number of vicious fights in the lumber district, during which the police were compelled to use their clubs, and in one instance revolvers in order to disperse the mob.

STANFORD OFFERS REWARD

New York Nephew Wants Light on Death of His Aunt. SAN FRANCISCO—The Examiner gives an account of a reward of \$1,000 offered by Welton Stanford of Schenectady, N. Y., for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the parties responsible for the death of Jane Lathrop Stanford, Welton Stanford's aunt, and a nephew of the late Senator Leander Stanford and a beneficiary under his will to the extent of \$100,000. Mrs. Stanford in her will made no provision for the blood relatives of Senator Stanford.

A HUNT FOR TOGO

THAT IS WHAT ROJESTVENSKY IS SAID TO BE DOING. HIS SHIPS STEAMING NORTH. An Engagement With the Enemy Seems to Be Near at Hand—Head of the Admiralty Gives His Views. ST. PETERSBURG—Admiral Avellan, head of the Russian Admiralty department, confirms the Associated Press dispatches saying Vice Admiral Rojostvensky is steaming north to give battle to Admiral Togo. He considers it possible that news of the two fleets having met may be received any day.

GOVERNMENT LIGHT

HISTORIC CHICKAMAUGA PARK ABLAZE WITH ILLUMINATION. United States System of Lighting Military Post Pronounced Gratifyingly Successful—Six and One-Half Miles of Mains—Sixty-Five Street Lights. Chickamauga Park Ga., May 31.—The United States government has here in operation one of the largest acetylene gas plants in the world. The military post at the entrance of the historic Chickamauga battlefield where thirty thousand Union and Confederate soldiers were lost in the memorable battle of Sept. 19 and 20, 1862, contains about one hundred buildings, the seventy-five principal ones of which are lighted with acetylene. To accomplish this six and one-half miles of main and two miles of service pipes are in use, while sixty-five street lamps brilliantly illuminate the avenues of the post.

HEARING WITNESSES

Fifer and Cockerill Before Senate Committee. WASHINGTON—Interstate Commerce Commissioners Francis M. Cockerill and Joseph B. Fifer were called before the senate committee on interstate commerce, whose investigation of railroad rates has almost drawn to a close. Commissioner Fifer spoke of rebates and rate cutting and said they were induced by railroad men distrustful of each other. Rates, he said, should be made by the railroads in the first place, but should be subject to revision. He said that the commission would adjust a rate complained of in accordance with rates on like commodities in other sections under like conditions. He thought the adjustment of the long and short haul difficulties should be left to the commission. He believed that the power of rate regulation if given to the commission would not be exercised very often, as the roads would be careful not to get into trouble with the commission when changing rates. The commission, he added, would have power to lower or raise rates or prevent discriminations. Commissioner Fifer spoke of the danger of government ownership unless there were just laws justly administered.

THE WAR GOES ON

NO NEW MOVE FOR PEACE IN LABOR TROUBLES. EXPRESS COMPANIES ARE FIRM. Refusal to Take Back Any of the Strikers Officially Announced—The Strike in the Lumber Yard Districts Spreads Rapidly. CHICAGO—Final rejection of union demands, especially those of the express drivers, was officially announced Wednesday by the employers. They demanded practically unconditional surrender. Neither side in the strike made a direct step towards peace and each was apparently waiting the next move of its opponent. The employers sent their goods all over the city under police protection without encountering violence. There was no peace treaty. It was explained in my story. It was said that a prominent business man was making efforts to induce the managers of the express companies to make terms satisfactory to striking drivers, and that he had promised them "good news." Nothing came of the attempt, however, and there was no good news for either side.

WORTH KNOWING.

The average consumer of baking powder does not know that a reaction occurs in the process of baking. Food prepared with a cream of tartar baking powder does not contain any cream of tartar. A loaf of bread made from a quart of flour leavened with cream of tartar baking powder contains forty-five grains more of Rochelle Salts than is contained in one Sciditz powder. Some eminent Boston physicians testified against the healthfulness of Rochelle Salts. Therefore, who should the consumer pay forty-five or fifty cents per pound for the cream of tartar or Trust baking powders when the best baking powder in the world can be made to retail at twenty-five cents per pound (the price asked for Calumet Baking Powder) and leave a fair manufacturer's profit? The manufacturers of Calumet Baking Powder have for years made a standing offer of One Thousand Dollars for any substance, including toluene, found in food prepared from Bread made from Calumet Baking Powder is entirely free from Rochelle Salts, alum, lime or ammonia.

HE IS HEADED FOR THE UNITED STATES

SAN DIEGO, Cal.—A Tribune dispatch from Ensenada, lower California, says that Rurale Estrada, who shot the driver of the San Quentin stage Tuesday night and escaped with over \$700 of government money, stole a horse near Ensenada and is heading for the United States. Reports from the posse on his trial were to the effect that Estrada would probably be overtaken before reaching the boundary line. The border is being patrolled to prevent his escape into this country.

TURN DOWN CURFEW PLAN

Police Chiefs Do Not Favor It—Stand by Newspapers. WASHINGTON—The International Association of Chiefs of Police held its final session and adjourned to meet in Hot Springs, Ark., one year hence. All the old officers were re-elected unanimously.

HILL AND HARRIMAN REACH AN AGREEMENT

NEW YORK—Announcement was made from an official source that a final settlement of all the difficulties growing out of the railroad strike has been reached. The Hill and Harriman camps, where the waters are shallow and could easily be mined ahead of his ships, Rojostvensky will undoubtedly keep far out to sea in order to avoid torpedo attacks. A side detour will also take him farther to the Japanese scouts to communicate with Togo. However, I expect news of a battle within ten days.

THE PRESIDENT IS ASKED TO ACT

WASHINGTON—An effort was made Wednesday to induce the president to take an active interest in the complications which have arisen in the affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. The president, who is now in New York, had a conference with the president of the New York, had a conference with the president on the subject. Details of the conference were not to be obtained, but it is believed that Mr. Whitman urged the president to take up the subject with a view either to bringing forward recommendations to congress on the subject of insurance legislation.

MINING MILLS BURNED WITH LOSS OF \$350,000

LEAD, S. D.—Fire here destroyed the immense mining and cyanide plant of the Horseshoe Mining company located at various points of the county. The fire started in the lime bins and from there spread to the mill building, the cyanide plant crusher house, all of which together with office and other buildings were destroyed. This plant was next to the Homestake, the largest in the Black Hills and cost \$350,000. Three hundred men are employed at the plant. The loss is estimated at the amount of \$350,000 and was distributed amongst fifty different companies.

SEVENTY-ONE BANKS HIT BY A BOSTON FAILURE

BOSTON, Mass.—Seventy-one banks and trust companies, most of them in Massachusetts, but several of them located in various parts of the country, are among the creditors of the banking firm of Burnett, Cummings & Co., of 43 Milk street, this city, which filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the United States district court, with liabilities placed at \$1,714,368. The assets are stated to be uncertain. The creditors have been given two weeks to state what they will not accept, if, indeed, they are to be of any value whatsoever. The bankruptcy petition is the heaviest ever filed in this district.

BRITISH COLLIERS DETAINED

NAGASAKI—Three British steamers which were loaded with coal at Moji (terminus of the Kishu railway, Japan) for Hong Kong, have been detained under orders from the government.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT MERRY DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor told me I had a weak stomach, and after a few weeks of this drink I feel like a new man. It is called "Laxative" and is the best.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT MERRY DRINK

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE. All druggists sell it. Do not be misled by cheap imitations. The name is "Laxative" and is the best.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT MERRY DRINK

DAVENPORT, Ia.—Five hundred employees of the American Can company struck. The men demanded a 20 per cent increase in wages and recognition of their union.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT MERRY DRINK

Great Northern to Omaha. SIOUX CITY—The Great Northern will cut off to Ashland from a point on the road west of Omaha. This statement was made here by I. W. Hill, vice president of the Great Northern and president of the Willmar & Sioux Falls Railroad company.