

News in Brief

President Roosevelt made an address before the Mother's Congress.

It is likely that Congressman Hepburn will be placed on the appropriation committee.

President Roosevelt tells labor leaders who call on him that mediation before is better than arbitration after a strike.

That Mrs. Stanford died a natural death, probably, will be the conclusion of those who are now investigating the case.

Dr. E. W. Kroenke's Commando, b. h., 7 years old, by Domino, out of Emma C, by Imp Darbin, died at Castleton stud at Lexington, Ky.

Within a period of little more than a twelvemonth Omaha has leaped into fourth place in the list of grain markets in the country.

Rev. Dr. John Watson (an MacLellan) has resigned the pastorate of the Sefton Park church in Liverpool.

Poor health is the cause.

A mighty religious revival has been given wings in Evanston, where the Emmanuel Methodist church has introduced a whistling choir.

The Glass block, one of the largest buildings in Manhattan, was entirely destroyed by fire and a number of adjacent buildings damaged.

There are to be fifty-three Sundays this year and according to the annualists this has not happened before since 1826, and will not happen again until 2015.

General Manager Mudge of the Santa Fe denies the story that he will leave that road to accept a similar position with the Rock Island.

Lieutenant Zebulon Montgomery Pike, an officer in the United States army, discovered the famous peak that bears his name on November 15, 1806.

Prominent German scientists declare that cancer is neither parasitic nor contagious, which would overturn all the theories accepted by medical men.

Dr. Joseph B. Moore is one of the oldest residents in Washington and well remembers hunting quails in the woods which is now occupied as Lafayette square.

W. H. Perry, who tried to vote illegally at the recent charter election, pleaded guilty at Kansas City and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Thirty-five years ago W. H. Newman was a brakeman on a southern railroad at \$2 a day; today he is president of the great Vanderbilt system, with a salary of \$120,000 a year.

The confederate war cemetery on Johnson's Island, near Sandusky, O., has been sold to the Robert Patton chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, of Cincinnati, for \$120,000.

Julius Steven, a negro imprisoned in the jail at Long View, Texas, charged with assault upon Carl Anderson, at a saw mill near that place, was shot to death in his cell by a mob.

An earthquake shock sufficient to shake houses was felt Sunday night at Monominee, Mich. Several loud rumbling reports were heard and were followed by a violent shaking of the houses.

In the lower house of the Illinois state legislature, Representative McKinley of Chicago has introduced an anti-trust bill which the attorney general and endorsed by Governor Deneen.

William G. Edges of Chicago, it is believed, is not likely to be made fourth assistant postmaster general, as Postmaster General Cretzlow desires an appointee possessing wide experience.

E. W. Burdick of Boulder, late treasurer of Jefferson county, Montana, was found dead in a room in the Beaver block at Butte, and from facts that have transpired it is believed he committed suicide.

Four hundred members of the congress of mothers were received at the white house by Mrs. Roosevelt. The reception lasted about an hour. Tea was served to the assembled guests in the state dining room.

The Washington Star, in discussing probable presidential candidates of the republican party in 1908, comments on LaFollette's prospective candidacy as damaging to that of Secretary Shaw, and mentions Root, Foraker, Fairbanks and Cannon as most likely to receive the nomination of their party.

Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, accused of conspiring to defraud the United States government by conspiring to procure the certification of checks on a national bank when there were no funds in the bank to her credit, is finally acquitted by the jury on the seven counts in the indictment upon which it was privileged to rule.

At a meeting of the leading Roman Catholics of Alliance final arrangements were made for the establishment of a council of the Knights of Columbus here in the early part of April. The new membership will be drawn chiefly from Alliance, the surrounding country as far west as Sheridan, Wyo., will be well represented.

A sweeping civil service measure, prepared in secret and including all Chicago and Cook county employees, was introduced in the Illinois house by Lindley and gavelled to third reading despite protests and demands for a roll call.

The penalty for carrying a concealed gun in Gotham is now raised from \$10 to \$250, and the law goes into effect immediately.

Kiathio Harjo, Seminole Indian, said to have been the oldest Indian in America, has just died at Shawnee, Okla., at the age of 110.

A harmless crank was arrested in front of the store of John Wasmaker at Philadelphia while loudly proclaiming to passersby his intention of killing former Postmaster Wasmaker. The man was arrested but no revolver was found upon him.

Edward P. Haywood, son of Ex-Senator Haywood of Nebraska, died at Nebraska City.

John O'Connor, the new nationalist member of the Parliament from North Kildare, is the giant of the House of Commons, standing 6 feet 5 inches in his stockings.

By a vote of 61 to 44 the Presidency of New York rejected the Cumberland union overture. The plan of union rejected by the New York Presbytery, the largest in the country, favors separate presbyteries for

SCIATIC TORTURE

PAIN SUFFERED BY MR. MARSTON AS GREAT AS MORTAL GAIN STAND.

For Six Months He Could Not Turn in Bed—He Tells of a Remedy Which Has Given Perfect Relief.

The case of Mr. Marston shows that sciatica can be cured, and no one afflicted by it should allow himself to be disheartened. He was first stricken about a year ago, and for six months he suffered pain which he thinks the most intense that any man could possibly stand.

Asked about the details of his remarkable recovery, Mr. Marston gave the following account: "I was attacked by a numbness or dull feeling just back of my right hip. I didn't know what the matter was, but thought it was simply a slight attack that would wear away in a short time. It didn't, however, and soon the pain became so very bad that every step was torture for me. When I finally succeeded in getting home, it was just as much as I could do to reach my room and get to bed.

"The doctor was sent for, and when he had examined me he said I had sciatica. He prescribed for me, and advised me not to try to leave my bed. The advice was unnecessary for I couldn't get out of bed if I wanted to. It was impossible for me to turn from one side to the other. The moment I attempted to move any part of my body the pain became so excruciating that I would have to lie perfectly motionless.

"I suffered this torture for six months without getting any relief. Then I discharged the doctor, and on the advice of a friend I bought a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began to take them, three or four a day. The pain became so excruciating that I would have to lie perfectly motionless.

"Two months after I began to use them I was able to leave my bed and walk about the house, and a month later I was entirely cured and able to go about my work as usual. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine I ever used, and I heartily recommend them to anyone who suffers from sciatica."

Mr. Marston is a prosperous farmer and may be reached by mail address to Charles P. Marston, Hampton P. O., New Hampshire. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured other painful nervous disorders, such as neuralgia, partial paralysis, and become ataxia. They are sold by all druggists.

Discouragement to be Avoided. It isn't necessary to become vain on compliments any more than it is necessary to grow sour on criticisms.

It is better to receive the flatteries of egotism on the favorable terms than to let the censor with a torpid liver and a nimble pen prick your comfort and poison your happiness.—Saturday Evening Post.

25 ACRE FARM YIELDS \$400 CASH PROFIT IN A YEAR.

What a Mercer County (Ohio) Farmer Received from One Year's Crop.

Extracts from an interesting letter from P. H. Ryland, of Starbuck, Manitoba, Canada, gives an excellent idea of the prosperity of those who have gone from the United States to Canada. He says:

"I bought, August, 1902, 480 acres of land, paying \$12,000 for it. We threshed 2,373 bushels of wheat and 1,200 bushels of barley, and 200 bushels of oats and barley from 200 acres. But part of the wheat went down before being and was not harvested except for a few bushels. The crop was worth at threshing time, \$2,000. Besides 120 acres laying idle except a tiny meadow, which is not included in this estimate. Counting the value of the product and the increase of value of land will pay me more than 25 per cent on the investment. Two brothers in the same neighborhood bought 100 acres each six years ago. They have not done a single thing to this land except to fence it and break and cultivate about one-half of it. They treated last year 23 bushels of wheat per acre. This year 27 bushels per acre. These are only a few of many hundreds of such chances. It looks like a home-coming. I know of quite a few farmers who have had returns in from 10 to 20 years, retired with from \$20,000 to \$100,000.

Writing concerning another district in the Canadian West, S. L. Short says:

"Dear Sir—I have to inform you that I live just returned from the Grand River Country Saskatchewan, where I located land of the very finest black vegetable loam, which is an proud of, and will move in the spring. Farmers are still plowing there. A mild climate and beautiful country to behold. Cattle are fat and running outside. Wood and water are abundant. The soil is 42 inches to 1 bushel. Potatoes large and well ripened; also wheat that brought there 82 cents. The country exceeded my expectations. Saw oats in stock, thicker on the ground than appears in many of the illustrations sent out in descriptive pamphlets. I have been in this territory for some time, but the soil exceeds any I ever saw."

The Canadian Government Agents at different points report that the enquiries for literature and railroad rates, &c., to Western Canada are the greatest in the history of their work.

Horse Commitment Suicide. In a lawsuit in Aberdeen, Wash., over a horse, the death of which in a flood the owner attributed to the carelessness of a man who had hired the horse, the court decided that the animal, which had suffered from melancholia for some time, committed suicide.

Lock Pleasant, Please. Photographer—Now, Mr. Hornibald, imagine for a few minutes that your corn crop has been in New York, and that when you had it ready for market there was a freight-rate war on between the railroad companies.

Wore Sharp-Pointed Shoes. In the reign of William Rufus, of England, in the twelfth century, a knight "dude," Robert the Horned, used shoes with sharp points, stuffed with tow and twisted like ram's horns.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse to the Queen of England, for Croup, Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, moves and regulates the Bowels and Destroys Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Few better serve Satan than those who are always watching for a chance to scold the boys and girls.

I can cure Piles or Consumption named my life three years ago.—Miss Tracy, Boston, Mass. Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1902.

Fashion is only the attempt to realize art in living forms and social intercourse.—O. W. Holmes.

LEGISLATURE of NEBRASKA

A Synopsis of Proceedings of the Twenty-Ninth General Session.

SENATE—The following bills were passed on the 14th: Senate file No. 186, by Thomas—Providing for the exercise of the right of eminent domain by the Omaha school board in acquiring desirable school sites; 21 eyes and no eyes, Senate file No. 127, by Epperson—Requiring the taxing of coats in police court against the state or prosecution when the latter loses; 29 eyes, no eyes, Senate file No. 152, by Gould—Requiring shipment of live stock at fifteen miles an hour; 21 eyes and no eyes, and at twelve miles an hour on branch lines and on three days in the week known as stock-shipping days; 20 eyes, no eyes, Senate file No. 177, by Good—Allowing party who pays for notice by publication to select paper in which it shall be published; 29 eyes, no eyes, Senate file No. 213, by Meserve—Authorizing probate courts to dispense with the administration of certain estates against which there are no debts and to establish the heirs at law; 26 eyes, 2 nays, Senate file No. 51, by Cady, was slaughtered, Meserve leading the fight. The bill, which was designed to remodel the probate laws and give widows half the estate of intestate husbands, received 14 votes, while 15 were cast against it. In the committee of the whole, with Mockett in the chair, senate file No. 210 was recommended for passage. This bill, by Giffin, is for the relief of Lincoln county. It is alleged that taxes were assessed unjustly against the county. Senate file No. 187, by Giffin, a bill to allow the Boyd county settlers to purchase the lands upon which they settled, was recommended for passage. Senate file No. 140, by Epperson, and senate file No. 132, by Jennings, two bills to prevent capital punishment, were taken up under special order at 3 o'clock. The bill of Epperson was amended after the Kansas law, and after the convict to be imprisoned under death sentence during the pleasure of the governor. Both bills were killed.

HOUSE—When the house convened on the 16th the following petition, signed by G. Cuscaden and fifty-six other citizens of Omaha, was read by the clerk:

"To the Honorable, the Members of the Nebraska Legislature, now in Session:

"Whereas, Charges have been preferred against R. E. Stewart, superintendent for the institution for the deaf and dumb at Omaha, Neb., of gross irregularities in his official capacity and violation of the statutes governing said institution; and

"Whereas, Complaints have been made of abuse and cruel treatment of the inmates of said institution, therefore, we, the citizens of Douglas county, Nebraska, request your honorable body to take steps to secure a legislative investigation of the charges, a copy of which is hereto attached, and to report thereon and recommendation on the same."

The petition was referred to the committee on asylums.

In the committee of the whole the claims appropriation bill, aggregating approximately \$10,000, was considered and passed on from item by item. McLeod of Stanton, Vetter of Cedar and other members successfully attached amendments, amending the State Journal company, amounting to \$4,129.73, and they were stricken from the bill. The argument was made that the Journal company is defendant in a damage suit, brought by the state for \$85,100, and that no money should be paid the Journal by the state until that suit is settled. The claim of Sheriff John Pender for \$7,000 for caring for State prisoners was passed upon favorably. Casbeer moved a reconsideration of the action of the committee in rejecting the State Journal claims, and that the claims be allowed, but that the state auditor be instructed to defer payment until the court shall have passed on the validity of the state's claim against the Journal company. This motion prevailed. The item of \$10,000 for Sarah J. Billmeyer, of Lincoln, for injuries sustained from a fall, due to a bad sidewalk on the capitol grounds, was reduced to \$1,000. With these and numerous other amendments of less importance, the bill was ordered engrossed to a third reading.

SENATE—After a somewhat spirited opposition the senate on the 17th passed the Cady railroad commission bill, which was opposed in the forum of debate to the Sheldon bill. The Cady bill, like the other one, is a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment providing for such a commission. The commission shall consist of the state auditor, land commissioner and treasurer, varying in this particular from the old law which placed the secretary of state on the board. The following bills were passed: S. F. 171—The green trading stamp bill, to prevent their use. H. R. 157—the game law, allowing an open season for quail for two weeks in November. S. F. 281—the county engineer bill. H. R. 207 was indefinitely postponed. The following bills were disposed of as indicated: S. F. 190—Land outside of city limits that is to be platted owner must show certificate that no taxes are due, and land must be accepted by county commissioners. S. F. 245—To allow cities and towns to install heating plants. For passage, S. F. 183—Repealing the law allowing a 7-mill levy. For passage, this law is now inoperative. S. F. 247—To facilitate the collection of delinquent taxes. For passage, S. F. 261—To make the party vote apply on constitutional amendments when the measures were engrossed by parties. To pass, S. F. 237—Allowing telegraph and telephone companies to condemn property for right-of-way. To pass, S. F. 254—Providing for the formation of cemetery associations. S. F. 271—Making scavenger statutes specific. To pass, S. F. 281—Providing for annual reports of insurance companies; was recommended for passage. S. F. 292—a bill to lower the people of Plattsmouth to regulate meter charges; was approved. S. F. 229—To limit senate employees to forty-eight; was recommended for passage.

Tobacco is Healthy. In the course of the association with tobacco, about twenty-five years, I have known men all this time, every working day, to be inhaling tobacco dust or fumes produced in the process of manufacture. Uninterrupted good health is the general rule of all persons engaged in tobacco proceedings of every kind, and generally of large consumers.—Writer in London Lancet.

Tomatoes always behave themselves.

SENATE—These bills were passed in the senate on the 16th: S. F. 157—

RETREAT GOES ON

THE RUSSIAN ARMY CONTINUES TOWARD HARBIN.

JAPANESE CLOSELY FOLLOW.

The Russians Said to Be Badly Demoralized—Belief That the Muscovites Will Not Soon Attempt to Make a Stand.

ST. PETERSBURG—Commander-in-Chief Linvitch in a telegram dated Saturday says:

"On March 17 Japanese batteries bombarded our divisions in the valleys of Tavanpung and Yantu. The enemy appeared near Kaotitse on the railroad, about twenty-two miles north of the Tass, and their cavalry has occupied Fakoman. Our armies continue their concentration."

In connection with the mobilization of a new army an imperial decree orders an inspection of horses in twenty-two districts of the military divisions of Odessa, Warsaw and Moscow.

WITH THE JAPANESE ARMY IN THE FIELD. Via Fusan—The Russian army continues its northern retreat, the Japanese following. They have occupied Fikeman, to the northwest of the Russian retreat. The Russian cavalry camped three miles south of Kalyuno. Large Russian columns are retreating toward this place from the southwest. The natives report that they are not stopping there, where the retreat is forced it will probably be continued to Harbin. The Russians are described as being badly demoralized.

General Kuroki's army continues to lead the Japanese forces, which have been engaged for nine days in a hard pursuit in which they have covered a distance of more than ninety-five miles, with frequent fighting.

The weather in the mountains is very cold, with frequent hard storms. The brigade in advance occupied Tichang Tuesday night after a brief encounter.

The Russian retreat became more disorganized daily after the storm. During the first day the Russians buried their dead, but since then they have left the dead wherever they fell. Tuesday the Russians made an attempt at resistance in entrenchments north of the Hun river, but abandoned them after they had been shelled for two hours.

The colors were inscribed as having been presented to the regiment by the emperor in 1831. Most of the captured organizations succeeded in burning their standards before surrendering. A few prisoners are secured daily.

It is reported that during General Kouropatkin's residence at Tower Hill, the first day's battle, he was slightly wounded by an exploding shell which fell near him. The Chinese officers followed the Japanese officers and soldiers with banners at most of the towns entered.

MORTON SENDS A CRUISER

The Colorado Said to Be Bound for Venezuela.

NOBOLK, Va.—The cruiser Colorado sailed from Hampton Roads, it is understood she is bound for Venezuelan waters, though reports have her going to join the combined fleet at Pensacola. The Colorado has not completed the crew she is supposed to leave this port with, despite the fact that men intended for other ships in the Caribbean squadron have been sent to her. The report is expected to be sent to the cruiser from the League Island navy yard. They left Philadelphia yesterday morning. The prior for these torpedo experts was received in a personal telegram from Secretary Morton and the men were taken from the torpedo boat Hopkins.

The men from the League Island were selected by Rear Admiral Dickens, who is the ranking officer at that station and to whom the order from Secretary Morton was sent.

ANGERS GERMANY CHANCELLOR

Warm Debate Between Herr Bebel and Von Buelow in Reichstag.

BERLIN—Chancellor von Buelow and Herr Bebel, the socialist leader, engaged in a bitter discussion in the Reichstag over Germany's Russian policy.

The chancellor's usual composure and good humor in debate were disturbed by the almost savage criticism of the socialist chief, who said that Germany's "rejoicing" before Russia and humiliate her the eyes of the world and had brought it to shame." He held Von Buelow responsible for Prussia's "engaging in the nasty work of catching fugitives from Russian military service and turning them over to agents of the autocrat and for forcing men and women whose only fault is that of being born in Prussian territory at the instance of Russian spies.

Gompers Makes His Report.

WASHINGTON—President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor on Tuesday, submitted his annual report to the executive council of that organization, now in session in this city. It gives the details of the settlement of a number of disputes and shows the finances of the organization. The invitation of the Lewis and Clark exposition at Portland, Ore., to transfer the federation's exhibit at the St. Louis exposition to Portland was declined.

Former Iowa Congressman Dead.

STORM LAKE, Ia.—Word was received here of the death of Ex-Congressman Lot Thomas at Yuma, Ariz. Judge Thomas, who lived at Storm Lake, left Washington ten days ago for Los Angeles, Cal., in a very feeble condition. He was delayed three days in New Orleans and died when his train had reached Yuma. He served sixteen years as judge in the Fourteenth Iowa district, and had just completed his third term in congress. The telegram said the body would be taken to Los Angeles.

Will Not Swap Places.

DES MOINES—Congressman J. A. T. Hull stated that there was no foundation for the editorial in the Mason City Times-herald to the effect that he and Governor Cummins were likely to swap places. He said: "I would care to swap places with any man, but I am not going to swap places with a man who is not a congressman. Most assuredly I am not going to run for governor. I consider the position an honor, but have arrived at that age where I could not easily change the nature of my work."

COLLECTION OF THE CUSTOMS

Program Under Old Arbitration to Be Followed.

WASHINGTON—In view of the expected adjournment of the present extra session of the senate without favorable action upon the pending Doan's kidney pills treaty, it is understood that the state department has determined to proceed with the collection of customs at Puerto Plata and Monte Cristi under the terms of the arbitrator's award of last year.

It is feared that complications may arise through the action of some of the European powers whose citizens are heavy creditors of Santo Domingo. These claims have been held in abeyance because the European governments interested desire to shape their policies relative to Dominica by those of America, being desirous of avoiding any friction that would cause ill feeling in this country and apprehension that the integrity of the Monroe doctrine was an object of attack. The question is whether, in view of the failure of the senate to act favorably upon the treaty which would have provided the means for the payment of these claims, the European governments will longer refrain from import action to collect their debts, and although it is fully realized here that such action, if attempted by coercive means, will probably cause a violation of feeling in this country similar to that attending the appearance of the allied fleet on the Venezuelan coast in the winter of 1902-3, the state department probably will not feel authorized to intervene with a protest.

PEABODY WINS HIS CONTEST

Colorado Legislature Declares He Was Elected Governor of State.

DENVER, Colo.—James H. Peabody on Thursday won his contest for the office of governor, from which he retired on January 19 after serving a term of two years, but his victory was achieved only after he had given his pledge to resign and surrender the chair to Lieutenant Governor Jesse F. McDonald.

The vote in joint convention of the general assembly by which Governor Alva Adams was ousted and Governor James H. Peabody installed was 51 to 41. Ten republicans voted with democratic members for Adams.

Governor Adams, who had spent the day packing his effects, surrendered his office to Governor Peabody shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Scores of letters, telegrams and telephone messages had reached the executive chamber during the day urging Governor Adams to hold his seat by force, but he decided to ignore this advice. In conversation he said he felt outraged at the action of the general assembly and expressed surprise that Mr. Peabody should become a party to what he termed a conspiracy to secure the office of governor for a man who had no claim whatever to the place. Governor Adams will issue a formal statement to the people upon the result of the contest.

ASKS ISSUANCE OF MANDATE.

Northern Securities Makes Application to Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON—William B. Clough, for the Northern Securities company, made application to the supreme court for issuance of the mandate in the case of E. H. Harriman and others against the Northern Securities company in consequence of the decision of the court in favor of the company. He based it on the ground that until the mandate should be issued, 100,000 worth of property would be tied up by the injunction of the New Jersey court and this was an injustice to the public and the owners of the property.

Maxwell Evans, representing the opposing side, objected to the motion, saying that the mandate should not be issued until the opinion of the court in the case is handed down.

CARRIED ON CUT RATES.

Refers to Traffic Moving Through Atlantic and Gulf Ports.

CHICAGO, Ill.—During the remainder of this year all the import traffic which moves through the Atlantic and Gulf ports will be carried on cut rates. This fact developed at the joint import conference, which was held Friday with representatives present from all the trunk lines, the Central Freight Chicago and the Missouri river and between the gulf and the river.

When an attempt was made to restore an import rate it quickly developed that practically all of the importers in the country had contracted for at reduced rates, averaging not more than 50 per cent of the regular rates. It was agreed that during 1906 nominal tariffs should be adhered to. The question of differentials between the gulf and the Atlantic ports was discussed and a committee will be appointed to settle the matter. For the present, however, there is no agreed differential.

Good Roads Special.

CHICAGO—The Chicago & Northwestern Railway company has started a "good roads" movement. On April 10 the company will send out a special "good roads" train through Iowa, from which expert advice will be given upon the subject by means of lectures and literature. The theory upon which the Northwestern officials are working is that a good road insures the farmers continuous to the certainty of taking advantage of every demand of the market, and thus greatly benefits agriculturists.

Union President Rejoins.

DENVER, Colo.—A letter was received by Harvey E. German, stating that Daniel McDonald, president of the American Labor union, whose headquarters are now in Chicago, has tendered his resignation to the executive board of that organization, and that it will be accepted. He will be succeeded by David C. Coates, vice president of the union, former lieutenant governor of Colorado, but now in charge of the Idaho State Tribune at Wallace, Idaho. Cause of resignation not given.

Hard Either Way.

"Sometimes I wish," said the very lazy man, "that I liked to work so, so I wouldn't be so disagreeable to me when I was compelled to do so. And when I get to thinking that maybe if I liked it I would be at it all the time, and I can't bear the thought."

Event Not Far Off.

When you see a young woman making a fuss over a widower's children, it's a sign that if she doesn't soon acquire a right to correct them it won't be her fault.—Exchange.

A QUICK RECOVERY.

A Prominent Topeka Rebecca Officer Writes to Thank Doan's Kidney Pills for It.

Mrs. C. E. Bumgardner, a local officer of the Rebecca's, of Topeka, Kansas, Room 10, 812 Kansas Ave., writes: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills during the past year for kidney trouble and kindred ailments. I was suffering from pains in the back and head, but found after the use of one box of the remedy that the troubles gradually disappeared, so that before I had finished a second package I was well. I therefore heartily endorse your remedy."

(Signed) Mrs. C. E. Bumgardner.

A FREE TRIAL.—Address: Foster, Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

Dog Furnishes Motive Power.

A turner's workshop, with large motive wheel and dog trained to turn it, is advertised to be let in the city of Liege, where one-dog and two-dog tilled carts and wagons are common.

Millions of Vegetables.

When the Editor read the complaint for 16c, he could hardly believe it, but upon second reading finds that the John A. Sizer Seed Co., La. Cross, Wis., than whom there are no more reliable and extensive seed growers in the world, makes

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages, 2,000 rich, juicy Turnips, 2,000 blanching, nutty Celery, 2,000 fine, butter Lettuce, 1,000 splendid Onions, 1,000 rare, luscious Radishes, 1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

ALL FOR BUT 15c POSTAGE, providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c in postage, they will let you have a package of 600 fine, solid Cabbages. (W. N. C.)

Uncle Allen.

"It always makes me tired," said Uncle Allen Sparks, "to hear a man say he's trying to 'square' himself when he's talking all around the subject."

Shake in Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder, cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and improving health. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address: A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Cure for Consumption.

Some of the German health insurance companies have found it a paying investment to establish sanatoria for the care of their consumptive policyholders.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Beane, Head, Rooting or Itching Piles. Guaranteed to cure you in 6 to 10 days. 50c.

Masculine Inconsistency.

Some men, who take the fingers at the prospect of an hour in a church pew, can sit all night on a nail keg at a card game.—Dallas News.

Some persons are so dry that you might soak them in a lake for a month and it would not go through their skin.

The marriage certificate is equally divided between husband and wife in Korea.

MY LADY'S HEALTH.

DOUBTLESS health is beyond price, as it is the royal road to beauty. We will endeavor to show you that this great blessing may be cultivated or acquired without cost. What is it that makes some of our young American women