STOMACH ON FIRE

ONLY A SKELETON CROUCHING BY A STOVE.

Mrs. Doherty has an Extraordinary Experience and Undergoes a Marvelous Change.

Mrs. E. Doherty, of No. 115 Coates street, Moberly, Mo., is today a picture of robust health, and yet five years ago, she barely escaped death from progressive emaciation. To a reporter she told the following story:

"In 1896 I began to have distressing attacks of indigestion that continued for two years. My stomach was constantly sore and burned as if it was on fire. It became finally so delicate that it would not retain even plain water. My inability to take food reduced my weight to ninety-eight pounds, and faintness and dizziness kept me in bed most of the time. I was really starving to death and besides I was extremely nervous. The doctor was perplexed. He gave me tonics which did me no good, and prescribed exercise which I was too weak to attempt.

"One day when I was so faint and chilled that I could do nothing but crouch down on the floor by the fire, my father brought me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I found on trial that they would stay on my stomach unlike everything else. I really felt better after three doses and I kept on using them. Food began to taste well and to stay down. The pain and the burning in the pit of my stomach lessened and at last went away altogether. My weight began to increase until it reached 165 pounds and my neighbors, who were convinced that I was wasting to death before, were astonished at the change. I resumed my housework and have hardly had occasion to call a doctor since. I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to several friends, and I say to the pale, thin ones particularly, If you want to get strong and well take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

These pills cure stomach trouble by their tonic action, building up the digestive organs and enabling them to do the work that nature intended them to do. They are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box or six boxes for two dollars and a half, by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. A diet book giving useful information will be sent free on request.

Many a man whom we think has a big heart has only a patient ear.

The Wabash is the Only Line Landing You at the World's Fair.

Round trip rates from Omaha are as follows: $8.50 sold daily except Friday and Saturday, good 7 days. $13.80 sold daily, good 15 days. The Wabash is the only line that land's passengers at the main entrance of the World's Fair grounds. Also the only line that can check your baggage to the World's Fair station. Think what a saving of time, annoyance and extra car fare.

All agents can sell you through ticket and route you over the Wabash. Very low rates to many points South, Southeast. For beautiful World's Fair folder and all information call at 1601 Farnam St. or address Harry E. Moores, Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept. Wab. R. R., Omaha, Neb.

Love is life's near-cut to Paradise.

Write MURINE EYE REMEDY Co., Chicago, if your eyes are sore or inflamed, and get oculist's advice and free sample MURINE. It cures all eye ills

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Even a plain parasol can lay a pretty girl in the shade.

False Windpipe for Heaves.

There is a cab horse which can be seen on one of the "stands" along Broadway which has breathed for years through a false windpipe. The animal had the heaves, and not only made as much noise as a locomotive, but his speed was reduced nearly half because of this difficulty. A veterinarian inserted a tube and the horse breathes as well as ever. The only part of the apparatus which is visible is a small metal disk through which the air enters.

Bowdoinham Eels.

Mulberry Patridge, that veteran all-round fisherman of Bowdoinham, has commenced his usual shipment of eels to the New York markets. A great delicacy, eels command a high price in the cities. "Fine-grained as smelts, they are far superior to mackeral," said a Bowdoinham epicture concerning this famous dish. "Fried brown, with plenty of salt pork, they are food fit for the gods."—Lewiston (Me) Journal.

Stay in Bed.

There is something exceedingly satisfactory in the statement of an eminent London physician that "criminals are always recruited from the early rising class." There is usually something dark and devious in the ways of the man who rises before sun-up.—Boston Transcript.

Value of Pure Air.

Cultivate air hunger. We should learn to be as hungry for fresh air as we are naturally thirsty for pure water. The old-fashioned ideas concerning stuffy living or bed rooms are now, fortunately, out of date and should never be revived.

French in Great Britain.

There are 26,600 French in Great Britain and Ireland, more than three-fourths of the number being in London. The business most followed among these is cookery.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Mrs. Pare, wife of C. B. Pare, a prominent resident of Glasgow, Ky., says: "I was suffering from a complication of kidney troubles. Besides a bad back, I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied with a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal, and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can test well, my back is strong and sound, and I feel much better in every way."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Money makes many a man go—a-wooing.

Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much **Lydia E. Pinkham's** wonderful **Vegetable Compound** has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months.

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness."—MISS ALMA PRATT, Holly, Mich.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO YOUNG GIRLS.

All young girls at this period of life are earnestly invited to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; her advice is freely and cheerfully given, and her address is Lynn, Mass.

Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls Mrs. Pinkham believes that our girls are often pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries.

Nothing is allowed to interfere with studies, the girl must be pushed to the front and graduated with honor; often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality,—often it is never recovered.

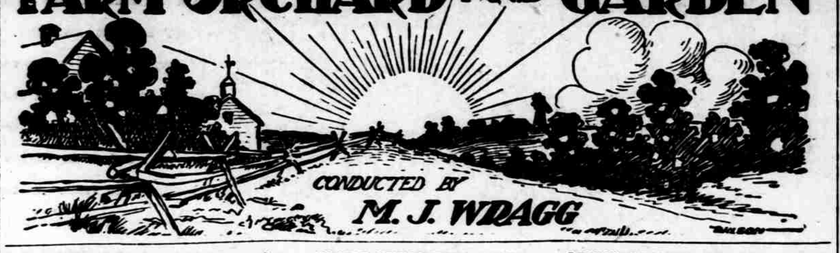
A Young Chicago Girl Saved from Despair.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to thank you for the help and benefit I have received through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills.** When I was about seventeen years old I suddenly seemed to lose my usual good health and vitality. Father said I studied too hard, but the doctor thought different and prescribed tonics, which I took by the quart without relief. Reading one day in the paper of Mrs. Pinkham's great cures, and finding the symptoms described answered mine, I decided I would give **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** a trial. I did not say a word to the doctor; I bought it myself, and took it according to directions regularly for two months, and I found that I gradually improved, and that all pains left me, and I was my old self once more.—LILLIE E. SINCLAIR, 17 E. 22d St., Chicago Ill."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one sure remedy to be relied upon at this important period in a young girl's life; with it she can go through with courage and safety the work she must accomplish, and fortify her physical well being so that her future life may be insured against sickness and suffering.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN



[Mr. Wragg invites contributions of any new ideas that readers of this department may wish to present, and would be pleased to answer correspondents desiring information on subjects discussed. Address M. J. Wragg, Waukee, Iowa.]

HARVESTING AND STORING OF SEED CORN.

Mr. Geo. A. Wells, who is secretary of the Iowa Grain Dealers' Association, has received the following letter from Prof. Holden of the Department of Agronomy of the Iowa State Agricultural College and we append the following questions and the answers that Mr. Holden gives.

We deem this circular letter to carry with it great weight as Mr. Holden is authority on this subject, and as we are now soon to commence the harvesting of one of the largest corn crops that Iowa ever produced it is quite timely that the subject of seed corn harvesting and storing should be discussed.

"Replying to your questions of 'Where and how to select seed corn and where and how to store it,' will say that owing to the cold season and the extreme slowness with which corn has matured this fall, the greatest possible care should be exercised by every farmer in the selecting and storing of his seed corn.

"The most essential thing is to have the seed thoroughly dry before the bitter cold weather of November.

"One of the safest methods is to select the seed corn from the earliest planted field, not later than Oct. 15th, taking the most mature ears. Tie eight or ten ears together in a string with binding twine, or tie them in pairs by the husks and hang on some wires in an open shed where the sun cannot shine on them but where the wind can have the best possible opportunity to blow through the corn and dry it out thoroughly.

"As soon as dry and before any hard freezes (about Nov. 1st to 5th) store in some place where there is good circulation of air and where it will be somewhat protected from the severe freezes during the months of November and December, such as the attic or furnace room. If you are certain that the corn has thoroughly dried out, it might remain where it was hung in the open shed all winter, provided the sparrows and the mice do not trouble it and there would be no danger of injury from freezing. But in slow cold seasons like the past and the present, or where the corn was not hung up before Oct. 15th, the only safe thing to do is to take the corn down and place it where it is protected as stated above.

"In a slow season the corn contains much more moisture than is generally supposed. Last fall on Oct. 25th, 6,000 pounds of corn were placed in a crib and have been weighed each week since. It has now lost 1,830 pounds or 30.5 per cent. It is impossible for such corn to dry out sufficiently to prevent its being weakened or killed by the fall freezes."

Cautions.

"1. Do not store seed corn over the stable as it will gather moisture.

"2. Do not put freshly gathered seed corn in a warm room. It will either sprout or mold or both.

"3. For the same reason do not leave it in barrels and boxes or on the south porch where the sun can shine on it.

"4. During the first two weeks after the seed corn is harvested, while it is green and sappy, it should be dried under as nearly normal conditions of temperature as possible. After this the drying may be hastened by placing in a warm but well ventilated place.

"5. Do not take any chances with the seed corn.

"6. Save two or three times what you will need for your own use. Your neighbor may need it next spring.

"7. Last spring thousands of farmers planted weakened seed. This together with the cold spring gave poor stands and necessitated much replanting. Over a thousand samples of corn were sent to the station to be tested last spring. The tests showed an average of 18 per cent that would not grow and 19 per cent more that gave a weak germination and was not fit to plant, leaving only 63 per cent of strong seed.

"I would again emphasize the importance of harvesting the seed corn not later than Oct. 15th, and hanging where there is the freest circulation of air with a normal temperature.

"Yours truly,
"P. G. HOLDEN."

The principles we have always followed is that when hogs are ready to go let them go, writes an experienced breeder. The higher the price the more profit can be made in feeding heavy hogs, but we would not think of growing hogs over 250 pounds unless we had no youngsters coming on. We believe that when hogs are 4 cents and under the proper weight at which to sell them is 175 pounds; when they are 5 cents, 200 pounds; when they are 6 cents, 225 pounds; and when they are 7 cents, 250 pounds.

A GOOD COMBINATION.

Fruit and poultry make a good combination. The fowls aid you in a fight against insect pests and also much fruit that would be otherwise wasted is made to be of value to the chickens.

But we do not believe there is any enlightened farmer anywhere that needs an argument to tell him that poultry raising is profitable, but there might be some that think the labor connected therewith is greater than the compensation. If they would only think, however, that the profit, though slight, is nearly all clear gain, and that though it comes in very small quantities, it comes very regularly, every day, every week, and every month of the year, and that in the aggregate it amounts to a large sum of money, enough in fact to pay the grocery bill of the ordinary farm, raise better poultry and more of it.

New oats are not fit for feeding. They loosen the bowels, and make the flesh watery. After cold weather the oats undergo an after ripening and are then good for feed.

PLANT SEEDS THIS FALL.

Nearly all of the best apples and plums which are profitably grown in the Northwest, are home grown seedlings of quite recent origin. This fact should be very encouraging to the one who is willing to plant seeds, especially apple seeds. The Iowa State Horticultural Society has $1,000 hung up as a prize for the party who will produce a tree as hardy and productive as the Duchess, bearing fruit equal to the Wealthy in quality and appearance and which must keep as well as the Melinda. The prize hangs high, but some one will bring it down with an apple seed. We should test the possibilities of more fruit seeds; maybe that coveted, prize-taking seedling is growing, or can be grown, from seeds now maturing in your orchard. Again, these hardy little seedlings are producing the ideal roots for grafting and budding. The girls and boys who live on the farm, should be taught these arts, also how to grow and save the roots, scions, etc., for future use. The long winter evenings or stormy days could be profitably used in giving instruction and demonstrations in such work. We trust the professors of our school of agriculture will prepare some supplemental readers for our rural schools on these and kindred subjects.

High prices have been prevailing for pork for a long period; in fact, they have been abnormally high. This cannot, of course, be expected to continue indefinitely. This fear, however, should not deter any one from growing a considerable number of hogs. Even at prices reduced fully one-third, the farmer could afford to grow swine and then have considerable profit, providing the work is judiciously conducted.

WINTER PROTECTION FROM MICE AND RABBITS.

"The common and best way of rabbit-proofing trees is to wrap the bodies with some fibrous substance or wire screening. Yet even here there is danger, for when tarred paper is used the trees are apt to suffer injury, if the paper is not removed in the spring. Rags and grass are good materials, but when used they will need more or less repairing every year—and it is best to remove them each spring. Lath and cornstalks are excellent materials for wrapping trees, though the former costs considerable and the latter requires a great amount of work to prepare and apply. We have used cornstalks extensively and regard them as the second best material for protecting trees from rabbits. Cut them long enough to reach from the ground to the lower limbs and tie them around the trunk with binding twine. There is no expense attached to this method, for the twine can be saved at threshing time, and where corn is raised in the orchard it is little trouble to provide the stalks. These will last two years and will afford protection against the hungry mice and rabbits."

Wrap long stemmed rose bushes with rye straw or gunny sacking. The object is not to prevent freezing, but to guard against alternate thawing and freezing out and to moderate sudden changes in weather.

WHY JACK FROST'S WORK DIFFERS IN SPOTS.

Every Northern farmer has gone into his fields some sharp fall morning after the first killing frost to find parts of the vegetation killed, while patches here and there were seemingly unaffected. It is often the case that within a single acre a dozen small areas may be found unharmed by the night's temperature, while all around the injury is fatal.

There are several reasons which contribute to such a result, the principal one being the difference of the radiating powers of the various soils that make up the outcrop. Dark soils radiate heat more rapidly at night than light ones, and heat up correspondingly quicker under the influence of the sun's rays. The character of foliage of the plants, the amount of moisture in the air, the presence of clouds and the elevation of the field all have their effect.

It is well known that frost is much more likely to occur on a still, clear night than on a windy night or one which is cloudy. Every farmer also knows that the lowest temperatures are reached in the valleys at night, because the cool air nearest the earth, being heavy, seeks the lowest levels and flows down the hillside into the valley. Every truck farmer should take these factors into consideration in deciding what he will plant on his land, giving the most favorable locations to the plants most susceptible to injury from frost.

Promising more than one can do is like checking on the bank when we have nothing with which to pay. It soon brings us trouble. Do more than you say you will. That gives men confidence in you.

LESSONS OF THE TREES.

I shall speak of trees as we see them, love them, adore them in the fields where they are alive. Holding their green sunshades over our heads, talking to us with their hundred thousand whispering tongues, looking down on us with that sweet meekness which belongs to hugs but limited organism—which one sees most in the patient posture, the outstretched arms, and the heavy drooping robes of these vast beings, endowed with life, but not with soul—which outgrow us and outlive us, but stand helpless, poor things, while nature dresses and undressed them.—Holmes.

If you must grumble and growl at your wife about the dinner or anything else, don't do it in the presence of the farm-hand or visitors. It mortifies your helpmate, and you deserve to be taken down a peg or two for your lack of manners.

Use earth for a mulch wherever possible and thereby avoid danger from mice.

STOCK RAISING AND FERTILITY.

We often hear people say that live stock cannot be raised at a profit on high-priced land. One hundred dollars per acre is high-priced land. High-priced land cannot remain high-priced unless live stock is a prominent feature of the farm, says Farm and Ranch. Some years ago New England farmers came to the conclusion that land was too dear for stock raising, and they quit the stock business and engaged in special crop farming. The result was poverty-stricken farmers and abandoned farms all over that section. They thought that with special crops and chemical fertilizers they could do better than by raising live stock, but they made a fatal mistake. The chemical fertilizers gave heavy yield for a few years, and finally they refused to "take hold" and the soil became barren. Twenty-five hundred years ago the Romans understood that no system of farming could be made permanently profitable unless animals were bred and fed on the farm; and the same fact has been demonstrated all through the intervening ages until the good year 1903. But people continue to make the same mistake their fathers made, and when land reaches a value of $100 per acre, abandon stock farming, and the land inevitably depreciates in value. In Europe dairying and beef and mutton producing are the most profitable methods of farming on land worth from $200 to $400 per acre.

Whenever a rogue or a set of rogues devise a scheme by which to get money they almost invariably strike for rural communities. They take in small towns and the country. They reason that in small towns everybody loafs about the store, blacksmith shop or mill and does not keep posted on fakes and fakirs, and that farmers do not have time to read. A new scheme hatched up by the fakirs is to ride about the country and claim royalties or damages from farmers for using machines and contrivances of home-made patterns under the hypothesis that such things are patented and therefore the users are amenable to them and the laws. These fellows are merely trying to get snap judgment on a bluff.

HOW TO DOUBLE FARM PROFITS.

The hog farmers and breeders want large litters of pigs; cattlemen, big calves; horsemen, big colts; sheepmen, strong lambs. They all want them to come with large frames, well-developed bones, muscles, tendons and a well-rounded form of lean meat With these conditions good health, a rugged constitution and great activity always are present. If these conditions are followed with proper feed and skillful feeding the result is the young stock comes to an early maturity with large frame structures, built upon strong bones, muscles and tendons, and the final result is that when the time comes to finish out these youngsters they have the strength of frame and body to carry the meat and fat that rounds out their forms and makes large animals of their several kinds that bring top prices on the markets. On the other hand, the animal born with small bones, flabby muscles and tendons inherits a weak constitution and makes a second-class animal that sells at a way-down price.

In marketing the farm crops and stock, there is opportunity for improvement among many farmers. Market and crop reports should be studied and a familiarity with the future outlook should be courted. Just when to sell and when not to sell, are questions that can best be answered by a familiarity with what is transpiring in the great market centers. As in marketing fruit, vegetables poultry, etc., from the farm, the successful marketing of stock depends upon having the best, and sending it to the market in the very best possible condition. Our most successful stock men have reputations established at the stockyards in our stock markets, and when a carload of stock is expected from them there are always plenty of buyers.

PRUNING THE ROSE.

Pruning is an important matter in rose growing. Climbing and pillar roses will usually need cutting back about one-fourth or one-third, according to the vigor of the branches, either in the spring or fall. A slight cutting back also after their June flowering in the case of the remontants will encourage more flowers. Severe pruning, however, will only induce the growth of vigorous leafy shoots without flowers. The ever blooming roses will need to have all dead wood removed at the time of uncovering them in spring. Some pruning during the summer is also useful in encouraging growth and flowers. The stronger branches which have flowered may be cut back one-half or more. The rule in trimming roses is cut back weak growing kinds severely, strong growers moderately.

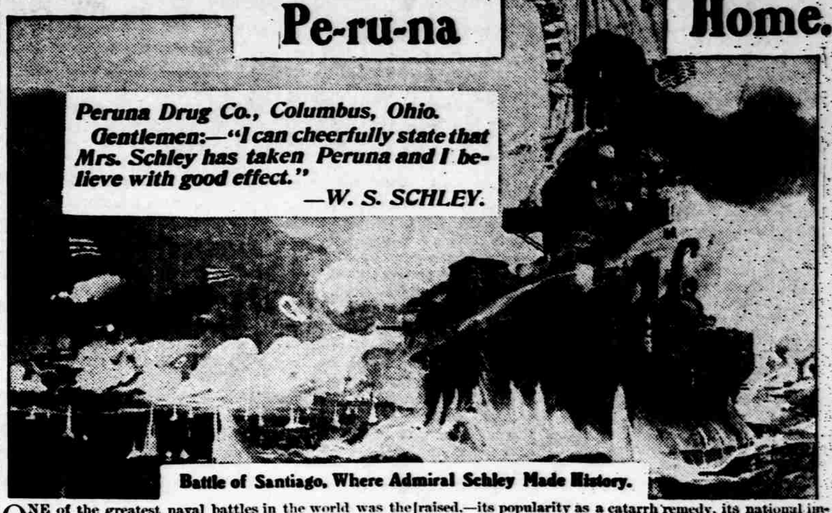
Scarcely a week passes that we do not receive a prospectus of some wonderful mining company that is sure to make rich any one owning a few shares, with the request that we give our readers a chance to obtain a fortune in a short time. We haven't time to go out to the mine to see the gold issuing forth in huge blocks, hence are not sure that all is true that is said about it. Of course, we throw the thing in the waste-basket.

GREAT PROFIT IN POPCORN.

One of the largest popcorn farms in the country is in Ida county, Iowa where popcorn has been grown for the market by a number of farmers for many years. The acreage this year is said to be larger than ever before and the crop exceptionally good. Much of the crop will bring $30 to $35 an acre at prevailing prices. The popcorn growers sell all their product in the East and ship it out in carload lots.

A good clover pasture, with a nice spring will maintain the hogs in good shape, but there will be no material gain in condition to growth.

Admiral Schley Uses Pe-ru-na In His Home.



Battle of Santiago, Where Admiral Schley Made History.

A GREAT NAVAL BATTLE.

ONE of the greatest naval battles in the world was the Fight Off Santiago. Never since the dispersion of the Spanish Armada has there been a more opening victory in the onward march of civilization than in the notable event of July 23, 1898, in which the great hero, Admiral Schley, took a leading part.

It was a great naval battle. Without a moment's warning it began. Quick decision, undaunted courage, excellent discipline, resolute self-confidence—these combined in Admiral Schley to produce that dash and daring so characteristic of the American soldier.

A man must think quickly in these days. There is no time for slow action. New enterprises arise in an hour. Old ones pass away in a moment.

A multitude of great themes clamor for notice. A man must take sides for or against by intuition, rather than logical deduction.

ADMIRAL'S OPINION OF PE-RU-NA.

One day this fighting admiral, Schley, happened to be in company with others who were talking on various topics of popular interest. The subject of Peruna was raised,—its popularity as a catarrh remedy, its national importance, its extensive use.

One asked his opinion. Without a moment's hesitation, he said: "I can cheerfully say that Mrs. Schley has taken Peruna and I believe with good effect."

Like the Battle of Santiago, the thought was sprung upon him without any warning, and he disposed of it with the same vim and decision as he did with the Spanish fleet led by the ill-fated Viscaya.

ADMIRAL'S WORDS CARRY WEIGHT.

His words concerning Peruna have gone out into the world to be repeated by a thousand tongues, because he has said them.

Like the news of his victory over Cervera, his words concerning Peruna will be caught up by the multitudes and passed from mouth to mouth, across oceans and continents.

Except for an in-born manly independence, in a country of free speech, these words never would have been uttered by an officer in such a notable position as that of Admiral Schley.

Except for a world-wide notoriety and popularity, such as Peruna enjoys, no remedy could ever have received such outspoken public endorsement by such a man.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in ¾-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

Many a noble thought has been drowned in a shallow ink well.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Had Sufficient Trouble.

She was a very new widow and on the way back from her husband's funeral she called with a few sympathetic friends at a house of refreshment. Gin was fixed upon as a beverage suitable to the occasion. "Any water with yours, Em?" inquired one of the ladies of the bereaved as she held out the jug. "Water!' shrieked the lonely one. "Water! Lor' lumme! Ain't I got trouble enough as it is?"

Mr. Chatsworth—Did you enjoy the matinee, dear? Mrs. Chatsworth—Oh, very much. I sat next to Mrs. Gaddie, whom I have not seen for years, and we did have a nice long chat.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Vertiable Treasure House.

The value of the vatican, the pope's residence at Rome, and its treasures, in money, would exceed $150,000,000.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children,

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Leroy, N. Y.

Desperate diseases are doctors' delights.

Insist on Getting It.

Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch. This is because they have a stock on hand of other brands containing only 12 oz. in a package, which they won't be able to sell first, because Defiance contains 16 oz. for the same money.

Do you want 16 oz. instead of 12 oz for same money? Then buy Defiance Starch. Requires no cooking.

The chief end of man, according to the chronic kicker, is his feet.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 5c cigar, made of extra quality tobacco. You pay 10c for cigars not so good. Lewis' Factory Peoria, Ill.

Bargain hunters are generally sold.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me of Bright's Disease and Gravel. Able physicians failed." Mrs. E. P. Miner, Burghill, O. $1.00 a bottle.

Beware of loose dogs and tight men.

For Sprains and Strains
FOR Burns and Scalds
use
FOR Cuts and Bruises
Mexican Mustang Liniment

Why It Is the Best

Isbecause made by an entirely different process. Defiance Starch is unlike any other, better and one-third more for 10 cents.

It looks as if the czar were due to get his crown nicely Japanned.

Defiance Starch

should be in every household, none so good, besides 4 oz. more for 10 cents than any other brand of cold water starch.

All Up-to-Date Housekeepers

use Defiance Cold Water Starch, because it is better, and 4 oz. more of it for same money.

Nothing convinces like conviction.

THE FISH BRAND SLICKER A VALUED FRIEND

"A good many years ago I bought a FISH BRAND Slicker, and it has proven a valued friend for many a stormy day, but now it is getting old and I must have another. Please send me a price-list."

(The name of this worthy doctor, obliged to be out in all sorts of weather, will be given on application.)

A. J. TOWER CO. Boston, U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN COMPANY, Limited Toronto, Canada

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Wet Weather Clothing, Suits, and Hats for all kinds of wet work or sport

A striking contrast between Defiance Starch and any other brand will be found by comparison. Defiance Starch stiffens, whitens, beautifies without rotting.

It gives clothes back their newness.

It is absolutely pure.

It will not injure the most delicate fabrics.

For fine things and all things use the best there is. Defiance Starch 10 cents for 16 ounces.

Other brands 10 cents for 12 ounces.

A striking contrast.

THE DEFIANCE STARCH CO. Omaha, Neb.

WESTERN CANADA'S Magnificent Crops for 1904.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Western Canada's Wheat Crop this Year Will be 60,000,000 Bushels, and Wheat at Present is Worth $1.00 a Bushel.

The Oat and Barley Crop Will Also Yield Abundantly.

Splendid prices for all kinds of grain, cattle and other farm produce for the growing of which the climate is unsurpassed.

About 150,000 Americans have settled in Western Canada during the past three years.

Thousands of free homesteads of 160 acres each still available in the best agricultural districts.

It has been said that the United States will be forced to import wheat within a very few years. Secure a farm in Canada and become one of those who will produce it.

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