State Historical Society

The Columbus Journal.

VOLUME XXXV. NUMBER 3. COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1904. WHOLE NUMBER 1,726.

TIME TABLE.

COLUMBUS, NEB.

Lincoln,	Denver,
Omaha,	Helena,
Chicago,	Butte,
St. Joseph,	Salt Lake City,
Kansas City,	Portland,
St Louis and all points East and South.	San Francisco and all points West.

TRAINS DEPART.

No. 22 Passenger, daily except Sunday. 7:25 a. m
No. 32 Accommodation, daily except Saturday ..... 4:20 p. m

TRAINS ARRIVE.

No. 21 Passenger, daily except Sunday. 8:50 p. m
No. 31 Accommodation, daily except Sunday ..... 1:20 p. m

TIME TABLE U. P. R. R.

EAST BOUND, MAIN LINE.

No. 12, Chicago Special ..... 1:27 a. m.
No. 4, Atlantic Express ..... 4:25 a. m
No. 6, Columbus Local lv ..... 6:20 a. m.
No. 102, Fast Mail ..... 12:32 p. m.
No. 8, Eastern Express ..... 2:25 p. m.
No. 2, Overland Limited ..... 5:25 p. m.

WEST BOUND, MAIN LINE.

No. 5, Pacific Express ..... 6:10 p. m.
No. 11, Colo. Special ..... 2:04 a. m.
No. 101, Fast Mail ..... 11:45 a. m.
No. 1, Overland Limited ..... 12:30 p. m
No. 3, California Express ..... 7:00 p. m
No. 7, Columbus Local ..... 9:20 p. m.
No. 23, Freight ..... 6:20 a. m.

NORFOLK BRANCH.

	Depart
No 69, Passenger	7:10 p. m.
No 71, Mixed	7:15 a. m.
	Arrive
No 68, Passenger	12:50 p. m.
No 72, Mixed	7:10 p. m.

ALBION AND SPALDING BRANCH.

	Depart
No 69, Passenger	2:10 p. m.
No 73, Mixed	6:20 a. m.
	Arrive
No 70, Passenger	1:00 p. m.
No 74, Mixed	8:00 p. m.

Norfolk passenger trains run daily.
No trains on Albion and Spalding branch Sundays.
Columbus Local daily except Sunday.

W. H. BENHAM, Agent.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Representative ..... JOHN W. BENDER
Clerk ..... JOHN GRAF
Sheriff ..... CHARLES J. CARRIG
Superintendant ..... L. H. LEAVY
Assessor ..... JOHN J. GALLEY
Judge ..... JOHN RATTERMAN
Treasurer ..... DIRK A. BECHER
Clerk of District Court ..... C. M. GRUENTHER
Coroner ..... R. H. METZ
Surveyor ..... R. L. ROSSITER

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Dist. 1 ..... JOHN GOETZ, Chairman
Dist. 2 ..... PETER BENDER
Dist. 3 ..... MATHEW DIETRICH
Dist. 4 ..... FRANK KIERNAN
Dist. 5 ..... RUDOLPH C. MULLER
Dist. 6-7 ..... LOUIS HELD, E. J. ERNST

U. S. SENATORS—Charles H. Dietrich, I. H. Millard.
MEMBER OF CONGRESS, 3D DISTRICT, J. J. McCarthy.

STATE OFFICERS.

Governor, John H. Mickey; Secretary State, George W. Marsh; Auditor, Charles H. Weston; Treasurer, P. Morteneon; Attorney General, Frank N. Prout; Superintendent Public Instruction, William K. Fowler; Commissioner Public Lands, George D. Follmer.

JUDGES 6TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT—C. Hollenbeck, J. G. Reeder.
SENATOR—W. A. Way.
REPRESENTATIVE 26TH DISTRICT—J. W. Bender
FLOAT REPRESENTATIVE—E. E. Fellers.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL—Sabbath school, 10 a. m. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Junior Endeavor, 3:00 p. m. Senior Endeavor, 7:00 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday, 8:00 p. m. Ladies Auxiliary, first Wednesday in each month at 3:00 p. m. G. A. MUNRO, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN—Sabbath School, 9:45 a. m. Sermon, 11:00 a. m. Senior Endeavor, 7:00 p. m. Evening sermon, 8:00 p. m. Prayer meeting and study of the Sabbath school lesson, 8:00 p. m. WALTER N. HALSEY, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 12:00. m. Junior League, 3:30 p. m. Epworth League, 7:00 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8:00 p. m. Ladies Aid Society every other Wednesday at 2:30 p. m. G. A. LUCE, D. D., Pastor.

GERMAN REFORMED—Sunday School, 9:30 a. m. Preaching, 10:30 a. m. Endeavor, 7:30 p. m. Ladies Guild, first Thursday in each month, 2:30 p. m. REV. NEUMARKER, Pastor.

BAPTIST—Sunday School, 10:00 a. m. Sermon 11:00 a. m. Junior B. Y. P. U., 3:00 p. m. Sermon, 8:00 p. m. Prayer meeting, 7:30 p. m. REV. F. J. ULMER, Pastor.

GRACE EPISCOPAL—Low celebration, 8:00 a. m. Sunday School, 10:00 a. m. Preaching, 11:00 a. m. Evening service, 8:00 p. m. St. Andrews Brothers, second Tuesday of each month. Daughters of the King, second Tuesday of each month. Ladies Guild, second Wednesday of each month. REV. W. A. CASH, Rector.

GERMAN LUTHERAN—Preaching, 10:00 a. m. Sunday School, 2 p. m. Ladies Society meets one Thursday in each month. REV. H. MIESSLER, Pastor.

ST. BONAVENTURA CATHOLIC—Sunday services, mass and sermon at 8, 9 and 10:30 o'clock. Sunday school and benediction at 3 o'clock. The 9 o'clock mass is given in Polish and the 10 o'clock mass alternately in German and English. Week day mass every morning at 8 o'clock. Fridays at 3:45 o'clock, stations and benediction. Confessions heard from 4 to 6 o'clock Saturdays and from 7 to 9 on Sunday morning. Confessions also Sunday morning before 8 o'clock mass. FATHER THEOBALD KALAMAJA, Priest.

LODGES.

VESHTI DAUGHTERS OF REBEKAH, No. 108—Meets in Odd Fellows hall, second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Mrs. Maud Dussell, noble grand; Mrs. Fairchild, secretary.

THUANELDA No. 12, O. D. H. S. meets the second and fourth Monday of each month in K. of P. hall. Alois Maier, president and J. H. Johannes, secretary.

M. W. of A. No. 299.—Meets second and fourth Tuesday in K. of P. hall. Louis Held, V. C., Louis Brunken, secretary.

OCCIDENTAL LODGE, No. 21, K. of P.—Meet every Wednesday in K. P. hall. J. M. Curtis, C. C., P. J. McCaffrey, secretary.

WILDEY LODGE, No. 44, I. O. O. F.—Meet every Tuesday, Odd Fellows hall. J. E. Paul, N. G., George Fairchild, secretary.

ROYAL HIGHLANDERS, No. 144.—Meet first Thursday in month, Odd Fellows hall. Carl Johnson, C. C., Peter Lachsinger, secretary.

COLUMBUS ENCAMPMENT I. O. O. F. No. 9.—Meet first and third Monday in Odd Fellows hall. George Fairchild, C. P., J. M. Curtis, secretary.

DR. R. A. VALLIER,
Osteopathic Physician,
Columbus, Nebr.

Nebraska 'Phone A 111. Independent 'Phone No. 73. Office, Barber block.

He will cure all your aches and pains; he cures when medicine fails.

LOUIS MAIER
—DEALER—
Blacksmithing, Wagonmaking and...
General Repairing on Short Notice.
Tenth and North Streets, Columbus, Neb.

Many Years Ago.

From files of Journal May 25, 1870.

Our grocers are selling potatoes at $1.50 per bushel, getting them from Omaha.

We are informed that a band of Sioux scalped and killed a Pawnee squaw near the Reservation one day last week.

We have seen no finer shade trees than the two rows of cottonwood around Frank Becher's dwelling. Frank and his wife know how to appreciate shrubbery.

The first drove of Texan cattle arrived here last Saturday. Mr. Eusebank brings a large number from the south, making the drive from the Arkansas river in twelve days.

We learn from Mrs. Fifield that her school averages seventy pupils. The board, which is composed of Messrs. Lathrop, Sutton and Speice, served praise for their work in the upbuilding of the public school.

What say you Mr. Mayor and gentlemen of the council; shall we have the streets in the business part of the city graded and sidewalks laid? It is high time that such work was commenced and carried forward to a successful completion.

Following are the names of those pupils who have been perfect in attendance, conduct and recitation during the week ending May 20. Primary—Lizzie Baker, Oscar Baker, Everetta Coffey, Josie Coolidge, Harry Coolidge, Louise Hudson, Ada Jones, Anna Kelley, George Matthews, Luella Shannon, Albert Rickly, Samuel Rickly, Freddie Speice, Gussie Speice, Valentine Weaver, Ottie Wolfel, William Martin and Catharine Ella.

Market reports are as follows: teas, $1.75 to $2.00; coffee 25c to 50c; sugar, Cuba 12½c, Porto Rico 15c, best sea sugar, 17c, crushed, 18c; syrup, golden drip, $1.25; tobacco, best navy $1.00; fine cut, $1.50; common smoking, 40c; cheese, 25c; ham, 25c; butter 25c; eggs, 20c; dry apples, 17c lb.; dry peaches, 20c lb.; flour, Becker's best, $2.50; Norfolk best, $2.75; nails, $6.50 to $7 by keg, or 8c per lb.; lumber, siding, $25 to $32.50 per thousand; flooring $38 to $55 per thousand; shingles $6 per thousand; dry goods, unbleached sheetigs 10c to 25c; bleached muslin 10c to 30c; denim 25c to 50c; delains 25c to 30c; ginghams, 22c to 30c; grain, wheat 50c to 60c; buckwheat $1.50; corn in ear, 35c; oats, 35c.

The Western (Wisconsin) Farmer, in a lengthy article gives Nebraska a send off, part of which we copy: "For the young, Nebraska is the easiest place to break in the world. There they can get homesteads at a dime an acre. There a State House has been built without costing the state or city one dollar. This is the last chance this side of the Pacific slope in the great agricultural belt of the continent, the gulf stream of inter-oceanic travel. Nowhere else have railroads so prepared the way for settlement. Nebraska was bisected by one railroad, the great Union Pacific, before it was born, and six other lines each laid down ten miles of track last February, lest they should lose their land grants."

The following appeared in the Omaha Republican: "We learn from Mr. Jesse Turner, deputy United States marshal, the particulars attending the death of Mr. John Sullivan, late section man at Elm Tree station. Father Ryan, a Roman Catholic priest, brought the family of the deceased, consisting of Mrs. Sullivan and five children, from Elm Tree to Columbus. The house in which Sullivan lived at Elm Tree has gained an exceeding notoriety as the abode of ill-luck, no less than five persons who have boarded there within the past year having met with untimely deaths. Mr. Turner informs us that, considering these circumstances, Father Ryan recommended that the house be pulled down."

Columbus is doing just now a great deal more for settlers than any other small town in the state. Read what an outside paper says: "It is reported that the Platte river will be bridged this season at Columbus. This will concern the 'new Chicago' incidentally, and we should like to see the enterprise succeed because it will demonstrate a little problem which some of our important towns do not seem to understand. The building of a bridge at Columbus will damage Omaha in one or two years to an amount sufficient to bridge the Platte directly south of the latter city. Omaha looked on in blank amazement while Nebraska City was building up from a patronage which might have been divided had the Platte been bridged near its mouth, as was talked of a few years ago. Now that Columbus has taken the lead, it is probable that Omaha will bridge too—after it is too late.

Lincoln Letter.

The duck season has closed, and the snipe and plover are here—but not to be shot at. Therein lies a tale of a ludicrous blunder made by some clerk of the legislature of 1901, or some member of a committee which drafted the present game laws. At present the law makes it an offense to kill snipe after the 15th of April and allows the shooting of doves and plover on and after that date. In other words the law forbids the bagging of snipe during the only season when there are any snipe in this state to be bagged, while on the other hand the season for dove and plover is opened just when the breeding season is on. Snipe do not breed here at all and there is not the slightest reason why they should be protected during the only month when in Nebraska you may hope to get a glimpse at them. This morning the secretary of state's office was visited and the enrolled and engrossed bills were compared with the printed law, all showing the same error, which proves beyond doubt that the mistake was made by some member or employee of the committee who substituted the present law for one already drawn and introduced. Game Commissioer Carter states that the law must necessarily be enforced this year, as to allow any section of it to become inoperative might breed a contempt for the whole. The legislature will be asked to remedy the defect.

The managers of the South African Industrial exposition have mailed from the New York office plans and a prospectus of the exposition which will be held at Cape Town from November to January next. The labor bureau has been requested to furnish all possible information concerning industrial conditions in Nebraska together with all bulletins and reports issued by the bureau since its organization. Commissioner Bush will endeavor to awaken the interest of Nebraska manufacturers and if possible induce them to make exhibits. At any rate Nebraska farm products will be sent over to teach the colonists that there is a land which is fairer and more productive than theirs.

Governor Mickey has issued a requisition upon the governor-general of Canada for the return of Frank Sheldon, wanted at York, Nebraska, for forgery, William Otto of Charleston being the complainant. This is the first international requisition issued by a Nebraska governor in more than twenty years.

Land Commissioner Follmer has reported to the board of educational lands and funds that the $22,000 appropriated by the last legislature to defray the expense of reappraising school lands has increased the annual rental of school lands by $69,365.12. In addition to this, the value of state lands, and its selling price, has been nearly tripled. The old valuation was $633,735.34 a ridiculously low estimate, and the value as found by the appraisers is $1,776,600.45 an increase of $1,156,584.57. This increase is not confined to any section of the state, but appears to be uniform throughout. Commissioner Follmer explains that there may be instances in which injustice has been done to tenants and prospective purchasers by the new appraisement. But he believes that in the main it is correct and as nearly fair to all as a work of that magnitude can well be. Individual cases may be taken up later by the commissioner and corrections made if any should be deemed necessary.

The board of regents of the university has let the contract for the construction of the agricultural building at the state farm and the physics building on the campus to the Capital City Brick & Pipe Company of Des Moines, the price agreed upon for the former being $53,975; and for the latter $58,750. The agricultural building in particular is to be a pretty structure. The outside walls will be of granite colored brick with Bedford stone trimmings. The whole will be substantial, well arranged and practically fire proof.

In Mr. F. H. Oliphant's report on the production of petroleum in 1902, published by the United States Geological Survey as an extract from its annual volume of Mineral Resources, a comprehensive account is given of the progress made in 1902 in all the oil fields of the United States and also of the year's development in all the other known fields of the world. This means a statement of the discoveries of oil and prospects for its developement of Canada, Mexico, Cuba Trinidad, the East Indies, the Central American States, Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Venezuela, Russia, Austria, Hungary, Roumania, Germany, Italy, Great Britian, New South Wales, New Zealand, Algeria, Persia, the Dutch East Indies, the Phillipine Islands, Japan, India, China, Hawaii, and Korea.

The world's production of petroleum in 1903 amounted to 185,151,089 barrels Of this the United States and Russia produced 91.44 percent. For years Russia has led in point of production, but an increase of 19,377,73 barrels in the production of the United States in 1903 and a decrease amounting to 638,516 barrels in the production of Russia caused these two countries to change places, and put the United States at the head of the list. Our country has however, a still more important advantage over its foremost petroleum rivals. More than double the quantity of the higher grades of refined products is obtained from the average crude petroleum produced in the United States than is obtained from Russian oil. The United States produced nearly 2.6 barrels of refined products in 1903 for every barrel produced by the rest of the world.

The purest and most valuable grades of crude petroleum in the world are from the Appalachian and Lima-India fields in the United States. A very fair grade of oil is also produced in a comparatively small way in Sumatra, Java, Galicia, Roumania, and India.

Within recent years crude petrolium of inferior quality has been largely consumed as fuel oil. In Russia petrolium has been distilled only sufficiently to meet the Government requirements as to the flash test, and the remainder is marketed as fuel petrolium, under the head of residum. This is also true, to a certain extent, in our newly developed fields in Texas, Louisana, and California. Cheap transporation by pipe lines and tank ships has made this variety of fuel marketable in distant quarters of the globe that are destitute of coal.

Home Talent.

At the North opera house Friday evening the comedy-drama, "A Woman's Honor", was presented by local theatrical talent, assisted by H. C. Porter. The inevitable shortcomings of amateur productions, though not entirely lacking, were reduced to a minimum and expressions of approval were unanimous. As is usual in such matters, the ladies were more at home and displayed less tendency toward nervousness and hurrying than the gentlemen. However, it is putting it modestly to say that the local members of the company were fully as good as the trainer Mr. Porter had no doubt devoted more attention to the parts of the other characters than to his own, so to compliment them in the interpretation of their parts is to give credit also to Mr. Porter. There were several scenes when a critic would have found it difficult to say whether their performance was one of amateur or of practiced exponents of the art.

As leading lady, Miss McAllister had the most prominent part and she acquitted herself with the greatest credit. Her enunciation was distinct and not hurried, her stage presence perfect, and her conception of the part very natural and artistic. The play is rather unfortunately arranged for the leading characters, as it allows her no variety of mood or expression. From beginning to end of the play, there is no ray of sunshine in the part of the main character. A single scene giving to her a period of content and cheerfulness would doubtless be appreciated both by the actress and audience. However, taking the part as it was, Miss McAllister's rendition was almost faultless. Miss Gregorius and Mr. Hagel appeared always together and were very evidently made for each other, at least in stage matters. Both parts were of the lighter order and together with that of Mr. London furnished the comedy part of the play. To each of these three is due especial credit for naturalness, composure and lively character sketching. Miss Gregorius was equal to more serious scene, but was better in the lighter vein. Mr. Hagel and Mr. London had no serious moments. Mr. Hagel was good whenever he appeared, and Mr. London with his darkey dialect and darkey walk can qualify in any vaudeville show on the road. Mr. Post played his part consistently and with appreciation of the character. He was best in the last act. Mr. Osborn had the unpopular part, that of the heavy villain whose proudest achievement is to make the audience hate him. His was probably the most difficult part of the plan, but it was sustained and realistic throughout. Mr. Osborn was exceptionally good. Mr. Becher had two parts, which is alway something of a disadvantage. As Dr. Garcia he was better than as Robert Glenn. Maurice Whitmoyer appeared two or three times in a juvenile part and was very satisfactory.

The performance was liberally supported, the receipts amounting to $100.60. This is encouraging to the Company K boys. They are deserving support from the town people, especially when they put on a show like the one given Friday night.

Arbor Day Proclamation.

The most sublime object in the vegetable kingdom is a beautiful tree. It commands our admiration not because of its practical value alone, but because it typefies sturdiness, persistence and progress. For many years, perchance, it has defied the fury of the winds, the rush of torrent, the extreme of summer' heat and winter's cold, and it stands as if in conscious pride of the vigorous battle with the elements which it has fought and won. From the standpoint of sentiment we can all appreciate the thought which a well known poet has expressed in the following verse:

"Woodman, spare that tree,
Touch not a single bough;
In youth it sheltered me,
And I'll protect it now.
'Twas my forefather's hand
That placed it near my cot.
There, woodman, let it stand.
Thy ax shall harm it not."

It is a well known fact that our natural forests have been denuded until serious climatic changes are threatened. It is to correct this evil as well as to encourage the systematic planting of trees in a prairie country, to embellish our public and private properties and to inculcate a love for both the practical and sentimental features of forestry that Arbor Day has been established in nearly every state in the Union. Nebraska takes more than ordinary pride in the day because the idea originated here and probably no state has received so much benefit from it.

In harmony with time-honored custom I, John H. Mickey, governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby appoint and set apart Friday, April 22, 1904, as Arbor Day and request that the true spirit of forestry be observed in our public schools by appropriate exercises and the planting of trees, and that all societies and individuals assist in general recognition of the day. JNO. H. MICKEY,
(Seal) Governor.

City Council

The meeting of the city council Friday evening was one of the liveliest and most interesting which that body has held for a long time. Three matters of importance and of universal interest to the citizens of Columbus were discussed. A committee of ladies from the Woman's club, Mesdames Gear, Brindley and Gerrard, appeared before the council and asked for an appropriation to provide sewerage for Frankfort park, that the Woman's club might erect within the park a drinking fountain. The ladies explained that the sewerage would cost the city about $60 and that the fountain they would place in the park would cost nearly $150. The matter was referred to the committee on public property. The second matter of note was the following resolution introduced by Councilman Gray: "Whereas, it appears to the city council that the ordinance forbidding the sale of liquors on Sunday and forbidding the keeping open of saloons on Sunday is being violated; therefore, be it resolved, that the police be instructed to arrest any one who may be found making sales of liquors of any kind, or keeping saloons open on Sunday; that the city attorney be instructed to prosecute persons charged with the violation of this ordinance; that where any person may be found guilty of selling liquors contrary to the ordinance, the license issued to such persons be revoked, in addition to the fine of $100 as provided by law. Resolved further that section 14 and 15 of the city ordinance relating to druggists' permits be strictly enforced, and permits issued be revoked on non-compliance with the law." The mayor and each member of the council spoke on the resolution, each one declaring himself unqualifedly in favor of a strict and literal enforcement of the existing ordinances regulating the liquor traffic, and the resolution was unanimously adopted. The third and probably the most important matter considered was introduced by the city attorney when he reported that the case of the Union Pacific railroad company vs. the City of Columbus had been decided by the court in favor of the railroad company and recommended that the city appeal the case to the United States court of appeals. This brought on a lively discussion which was participated in by members of the council and interested citizens. After the matter had been thoroughly discussed, it was unanimously ordered that the city attorney be instructed to appeal the case to the higher court.

The following matters were also disposed of: A petition asking that fences be removed and sidewalk limit be graded on the north side of blocks six, seven and eight in Smith's addition and block twelve in Stevens' addition was referred to the committee on streets and grades. The bonds of August Schack, chief of police, and A. J. Nelson, regular policeman., also the dray bonds of George Michener and Barnard McTaggart were approved. The committee on streets and grades recommended that nineteenth street be graded as petitioned for last year. The recommendation was adopted. The committee to which had been referred the reports of the city treasurer, chief of police and police judge, submitted reports recommending that the same be approved. The reports were adopted. The committee on streets and grades reported against placing an electric light at the corner of ninth and L streets, on the ground that the city has not hitherto established lights in the residence districts. The report was adopted. The chief of police reported that he had served notices on the interested property owners and tenants to remove fences and other obstructions from Grant street. A druggist's permit was granted Garret Hulst. The city treasurer presented a report showing total amount of occupation tax collected from all sources, $5710.95; delinquent for last year, $185.50. He was granted further time for collection, and it was ordered that any occupation tax not paid by May 1, 1904 be placed in the hands of the city attorney for collection. An ordinance was introduced by Councilman Sheldon prohibiting the sale, exhibition or firing of so-called "giant" firecrackers, or any firecrackers exceeding three inches in length, and the discharge of fire arms within the city limits. The penalty for violation of this ordinance is a fine of not less than $3 or more than $100. The ordinance was passed to its first and second readings and referred to the committee on judiciary. It was ordered that the clerk be instructed to solicit bids for the city printing for the current fiscal year. A. Luth was employed to take care of Frankfort park for six months from April 5, 1904 at a salary of $30 a month. The city clerk brought up the matter of providing dog tags for the coming fiscal year and recommended that an entirely different tag be secured that it might be readily distinguished from the old tag. The matter was referred to the committee on police with power to act. The chief of the fire department brought up the subject of moving the bell tower and of purchasing 500 feet of fire hose as previously recommended by the fire committee. The matter was referred to the fire committee with power to act in connection with the chief of the fire department.

Adolph Rupert and Lena Hayenberg, both residents of the Oconee neighborhood, were married in the Catholic church at Platte Center Tuesday morning. A wedding dinner was served at the Oconee home, and in the evening a large number of young people enjoyed a social gathering. Mr. and Mrs. Rupert go to housekeeping on a farm three miles northwest of Columbus.

Miss Eden Bullock, secretary of the state library board, came up from Lincoln Monday to assist the librarian, Miss Fannie Geer, to re-classify and renumber the books in the public library. The two ladies will be at work all week in the library.

DEATHS.

The two-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Masloska died Thursday from scarlet fever after only a few days illness. The funeral was held Friday from the Catholic church.

Mrs. Louise Schultz, wife of Fred Schultz, died at their home in the eastern part of town last Thursday after ten weeks illness. The deceased was born fifty years ago in Germany and was married to Mr. Schultz thirty one years ago. She came to America in 1872, first settling in Milwaukee, and coming from there to Columbus in 1873. She leaves beside her husband, one daughter, Miss Augusta, and one son Albert, three other children having passed on before them to the spirit world. Mrs. Pengeman of this city is a sister of the deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Schultz moved to town ten weeks ago from their farm south of Columbus, in expectation of a well earned rest from their many years of labor on the farm. Mrs. Schultz was ill at the time of moving and her condition became serious almost immediately after coming to town. Funeral services were held Sunday at 9:30 from the town home, and from there the remains were taken to the Lutheran church on the island south of Cloumbus. Rev. Miessler conducted services there and the remains were laid to rest in the near by cemetery.

Mary Janecofsky, a young girl of fifteen years, who was attending the St. Francis academy, died in the hospital last Wednesday after less than two weeks illness, death being caused from blood poisoning. Mary was born in Sarpy county and from there with her parents moved to Custer county where they still reside. Her parents were here and attended the funeral services in the Catholic church Friday morning. The remains were buried in the Columbus Catholic cemetery.

Henry Burns, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Zinnecker, died Sunday afternoon at five o'clock from scarlet fever, after an illness of less than one week. The child was born January 3, 1902, and had never been blessed with good health. The residence was quarantined Thursday, the attending physicians not deciding that the disease was scarlet fever until that day. Funeral service was held at the cemetery only, Monday morning, Rev. Luce conducting the sad burial. The remains were interred in the Columbus cemetery.

Mrs. Anton Roerich, aged eighty-five years, died Tuesday at the home of her son, Gust Roerich, about ten miles south of Columbus. Death was caused from old age. Mr. Roerich was born in Australia and came to America twenty-two year ago. Funeral services were held Thursday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Joseph's Catholic church eight miles south of Columbus.

Miss Settlemeyer, a returned missionary from Japan, gave a very interesting talk Thursday afternoon in the Presbyterian church. There was not a large crowd present, owing to the fact that the meeting was arranged on short notice and was not well advertised. Miss Settlemeyer gave descriptions of the manner and customs of the Japanese in their native land, the sleeping rooms, the dress, and many other items of interest. A young girl and boy were costumed in the Japanese dress to give the audience a better idea of the clothing worn in that far off country. Miss Settlemeyer spent several years in Tokio, teaching as a kindergartner in the mission schools. Owing to lack of funds for the work, the mission school only teach the primary studies and she says it is pathetic to see these young people turned from them. At the meeting Thursday, Prof. Pool and Miss Rickley furnished special selections of music

Mrs. Geer, Mrs. McAllister, Mrs. Gerrard, and Mrs. Brindley were delegated by the Woman's club to go before the city council Friday evening and ask them to provide sewerage connections for a drinking fountain which the Woman's club offer to purchase and place in the city park. The matter was referred by the council to one of the committees. The founatin chosen by the ladies is a bronze, in style similar to a Chinese pagoda, is over eight feet high, and would cost something more than $150. The fountain, if purchased, will be bought through Dussell & Son who would take the contract to place it safely in the park.

Miss Fannie Geer, librarian of the public library, wishes to call attention to the fact that the library board would glad to receive copies of the Forum, Review of Reviews, or other high class magazines, which may be in your possession, and which you may be be glad to donate to them. With the exception of July and December, 1883 and September, 1883, the library has a complete file of the Century magazine from the first publication in 1881. Mrs. John Stauffer recently presented them with several volumes of the Century magazine.

Postmaster Kramer has received official information that route No. 4, Rural Free Delivery, is to start May 16th. Mr. George Hall, who moved to Columbus from Oconee about a month ago, will be carrier. This settles a matter over which there has been a long controversy, the citizens of Platte Center opposing the establishment of the route.

Dr. Tiesing purchased this week an automobile. This one is the only machine in Columbus at present.

The Daily Public Opinion of Watertown, S. Dak. gives the following account of the wedding of a former Columbus man, son of Mrs. Daniel Condon: "The wedding of Daniel F. Condon and Miss Gertrude Morrow occurred April 11th at 6:00 o'clock at Immaculate Conception church in the early gray of the morning. The ceremony was a pretty one. Miss Eva Walker of Columbus, Neb. attended as maid of honor, and Mr. Ed Morrow, brother of the bride, attended as groomsman. Mrs. F. J. Benton sat at the organ and played the wedding march of Mendelsohn, and while Rev. O'Meary pronounced the words which bound them heart to heart, from the organ came the subdued notes of "O Promise Me." The bride was attired in a tasteful traveling gown of navy blue voile with gloves and hat to match. After the ceremony the wedding party repaired to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Dunn where a sumptuous wedding breakfast was spread. The table was decorated profusely, a color scheme of violet and white predominating throughout. Dainty place cards, done in original pen and ink sketches, with button bouquets of violets marked the places. Mr. and Mrs. Condon left the same day for a wedding trip east. On their return they will make their home in Watertown. Mr. Condon is traveling man who formerly lived in Columbus, Neb. and later in Sioux City, Ia. He is a genial, affable gentleman and an industrious and successful worker. His bride's home has been in Toronto, Canada. She is a winsome and accomplished young lady, and after a short stay in Watertown has won the affection of a large circle of friends. Congratulations of all their friends are united and many a wish for a life of happiness and prosperity follows them into their new home."

Monday afternoon P. F. Miller, who drives the Standard Oil wagon, was driving in a single buggy near the east end of the Union Pacific passenger depot, when his horse became frightened at an automobile, and while he was trying to quiet the animal the bridle bit broke. This left the frightened horse without any restraint and he started up north street on a run. At thirteenth street Mr. Miller jumped from the buggy while going at full speed and very fortunately escaped any serius injury. The horse proceeded to fourteenth street and there left the buggy in complete wreck. The horse was finally caught and taken home uninjured. It was only by the greatest good fortune that Mr. Miller escaped very serious injury.

Following is the program for the county teachers' association which will be held at Creston next Sunday, April 23rd. The session will open at 1:30 o'clock p. m.: Song, primary pupils; The Force of Habit, Miss Laura Carstenson; Song, intermediate pupils; Reading, Miss Lizzie Thomazin; Song, intermediate pupils; Geography, Miss Gertrude Canfield; The Teacher's Influence, Miss Lizzie Knight; Song, quartette; Problems, P. M. Whitehead; Arithmetic, Miss E. A. Coleman; Discussion, General.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Adams and child left Monday for Billingham, Wash., where they expect to make their future home. Mr. Adams will engage in the practice of his profession that of law. Mr. and Mrs. Adams have been visiting the parents of the latter, Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Becher.

Rev. Henry Zinnecker of Beaver Crossing visited relatives here Thursday, coming here from David City where he attended a church conference. Mr Zinnecker has been pastor of the Methodist church at Beaver Crossing for three years.

H. C. Kiester and Dr. O. H. Flory of St. Edward were Columbus visitors last Wednesday, Dr. Flory bringing his wife to St. Mary's hospital for treatment. Mr. Kiester was on his way to Lincoln to attend a meeting of the board of directors of the Nebraska mutual insurance company.

F. J. Powell, the new night clerk at the Thurston hotel, comes to Columbus from St. Edward. Mr. Powell has been one of the leading young men in St. Edward's social and business life and comes well recommended to our city.

Invitations are out for an afternoon gathering of the art and Shakespeare departments Saturday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Sheldon. The two departments will be entertained by their respective leaders, Mrs. Brindley and Miss Sheldon.

Miss Maggie Shilz writes from Lafayette, Ind. that she is well pleased with her work there. Miss Schilz joined the Franciscan sisterhood and is taking a course of studies to prepare herself for a position as teacher in the Mother house at Layfaette.

Mrs. H. Hockenberger returned Monday from Omaha. Mrs. Hockenberger has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Hamilton.

Walter Scott moved today to his newly repaired residence in the south part of town, the house recently purchased from Mr. Rothleitner.

Miss Clara Bodinson of Galva, Ill., who has been the guest of her brother, Wm. Bodinson since last January, left last Monday for home.

Hon. E. E. Fellers of Monroe, float representative, was a Columbus visit Saturday.

Mrs. G. O. Everett is dangerously ill with pneumonia.

Velma Covert is ill this week with grippe.

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