

The Columbus Journal.

VOLUME XXXIV.—NUMBER 42.

COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1904.

WHOLE NUMBER 1,713.

The Old Reliable...

ABSOLUTE SAFETY is the best thing we have to offer. Other inducements are of secondary importance. Upon this basis only, do we solicit your business.

The Columbus State Bank.

The Columbus Journal.

A Weekly Republican Newspaper Devoted to the Best Interests of Nebraska.

Columbus, THE County of Platte, The State of Nebraska.

THE United States, and the Rest of Mankind.

The Unit of Measure with Us is

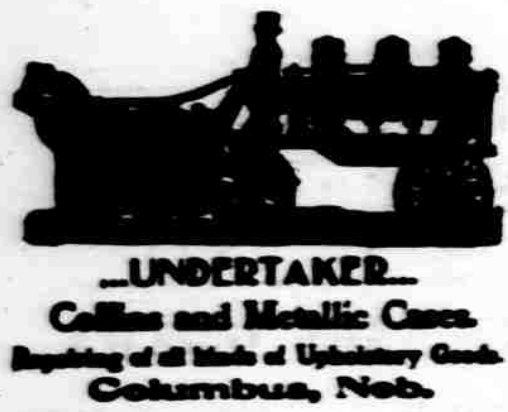
\$1.50

per Year, if Paid in Advance

But our Limit of Usefulness is not Circumscribed by Dollars and Cents.

Sample Copies Sent Free to any Address.

HENRY GASS.



The... COLUMBUS JOURNAL.

is prepared to Furnish Any thing Required of a

PRINTING OFFICE.

CLUB WITH THE Best Papers OF THE COUNTRY.

READY TO FIGHT

PANAMA WILL MEET PROPOSED COLOMBIAN INVASION.

TROOPS ARE BEING PREPARED

Conscription Has Been Completed and 12,000 Fighting Men Can Be Placed in the Field—Fever Among U. S. Marines.

NEW YORK—Authentic information from the frontier is anxiously awaited here, as the belief is widespread, cables the Herald's Panama correspondent, that the Colombians have already started to march upon the isthmus.

The Panamanian troops are ready to leave on a moment's notice. The conscription has been completed, and 12,000 fighting men can be placed in the field.

There is great bustle in the army in preparation for the shipment of rifles and ammunition to the Indians of the interior, who have agreed to join against the Colombian forces. Colonel Parrette of the Panamanian army said:

"We, who were Colombians until yesterday, cannot be deceived by any tactics the Colombians may employ. We are deeply grateful for the aid the Americans have given us, especially as we are now prepared to fight our own battles on land with the utmost confidence of victory.

"Four to five hundred men, stationed in the only three passes available, can defeat an army. We have all the men we actually need, for the fighting will be done in the mountains.

"We expect to repel the invasion without calling out all the available troops. The Indians will certainly fight on our side. The San Blas Indians, who are Colombian allies, will not fight at all."

Many light cases of fever are reported to already exist in the camps of the United States marines, especially among those who have been scouting along the trails. There is some yellow fever in Panama now, but none has appeared in the army.

WASHINGTON—The navy department has received the following cablegram from Rear Admiral Glass, dated Panama:

"Collier Nero at Panama has been injured by the Concord going alongside. Damage is not serious and temporary repairs will be made at Panama. Grounding the Nero at high water so as to be able to work below the water line."

WILL CLOSE UP ALL CHICAGO

What Building Commissioner Says of

the Ordinance—Seventeen halls were closed Friday by order of City Building Commissioner Williams. Non-compliance with city ordinances was the reason assigned.

Commissioner Williams said: "The building ordinance is to be enforced to the last letter. I believe that it will practically close up all Chicago to enforce the law, but nevertheless we are going to do it. Factories, churches, schools, hospitals and business establishments will all come under the ban of the building law if the ordinance provisions are insisted upon. Mayor Harrison has known that as well as I and has told the council so. But the law is now being enforced as fast as inspectors can discover violations and such will be the rule from this time on."

EMBEZZLEMENT OF \$100,000.

Charge Against a Building and Loan

Secretary—ROCK ISLAND, Ill.—J. W. Warr, for several years one of Moine's prominent citizens, secretary of the Moine Building and Loan association and leader in reform, was indicted by the grand jury, sitting in Rock Island Friday, under seventeen counts, charging the embezzlement of \$100,000 in his capacity as secretary of the Building and Loan association. He was arrested and arranged to give bonds.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill.—J. W. Warr, for several years one of Moine's prominent citizens, secretary of the Moine Building and Loan association and leader in reform, was indicted by the grand jury, sitting in Rock Island Friday, under seventeen counts, charging the embezzlement of \$100,000 in his capacity as secretary of the Building and Loan association. He was arrested and arranged to give bonds.

Arbitration Treaty.

ROME—King Victor Emanuel has signed decrees giving Foreign Minister Tittoni full powers in connection with the arbitration treaty between Italy and Great Britain, which will be signed in Rome when the British ambassador has been similarly empowered.

Colonel Millard Murdered.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—A special to the Republic from Dallas, Tex., says: Word has been received from Roby, Tex., that Colonel Millard, one of the most prominent cattlemen of western Texas, was assassinated by some unknown man. The assassin escaped.

Indiana in Terrible Want.

CHICAGO—A dispatch to the Interior from Fort Arthur, Ont., says: An Indian has arrived in town and told a horrible tale of the suffering among the members of his tribe, north of Lake Nipigon. He told of where one family was so destitute that they murdered a young squaw twenty-five years of age and the rest of the family ate her. At first his tale was not believed, but was corroborated by three white traders who arrived later.

Cuban Congress Deadlock.

HAVANA—There was no quorum in either branch of congress Friday and the deadlock on the revenue payment act and the land sale bills continues. If the two houses cannot agree as to a time for adjournment, President Palma will exercise his constitutional prerogative and declare the session of congress at an end. President Palma and the treasury and customs officials are studying the question as to where to place the provisional increases of duties asked.

Exhibits Unfinished Work.

LONDON—August E. Smith, the French sculptor, was received in audience by King Edward at Buckingham palace. Mr. Smith is in London in connection with the opening of the exhibition of the International Society of Sculptors, Painters and Engravers, to be held at the Albert Hall, London, on the death of James McNeill Whistler. The exhibition was publicly opened Tuesday. It mostly consists of works previously shown, including three Whistlers, one unfinished.

Blair Recovers His Health.

ST. LOUIS—James L. Blair, former general counsel for the World's fair, who, after being indicted here on the charge of forgery, went to Florida for his health pending his trial, is now in New York city, according to a member of the family who returned from that city. Mr. Blair, with his wife and children, are stopping at the home of Mrs. C. M. Alexander on the St. Paul apartments, 219 West Eighteenth street. Mr. Blair is said to have largely regained his health.

Porto Accepts Full Reforms.

CONSTANTINOPLE—The port of the Austro-Hungarian and Russian ambassadors of its full acceptance of the Macedonian reform scheme and of its consent to the restriction of the Macedonian railways, promising immunity to all political prisoners, with the exception of dynamiters. In conclusion the port declared its attention to the arrangement of Bulgaria and demands assurances that the work of reform.

Will Not Make Up Time.

CHICAGO—The Chicago & North western railway has issued an order that under no circumstances shall passenger trains exceed their schedule speed. No matter how late a train may be, the engineer must not make up time by running faster than his schedule calls for. All trains that become late on any portion of their trip must arrive at destinations late. The explanation is that the management does not risk disaster on account of fast running.

SERVICE PENSION BILL.

The Measure That Has Been Introduced in Both Houses.

WASHINGTON—A committee appointed at the last national encampment of the G. A. R. to bring to the attention of congress some needed changes in the present pension laws is in session here to draft the proposed legislation.

As a body the committee called on the president to pay its respects and to call the interest and influence in securing the enactment of the legislation desired. The president assured the committee of his entire sympathy in their undertaking.

There will be introduced in congress, in the senate by Mr. Duffler of Iowa and in the house by Mr. Calderhead of Kansas, a service pension bill, which, if enacted into law, will give a pension of \$12 a month to every old soldier who served ninety days in the union army during the civil war who was honorably discharged therefrom and who has attained the age of sixty-two years. A like pension will be given the widows of such soldiers in all cases where the marriage took place prior to June 27, 1890.

The introduction of the bill is the result of the meeting in Washington of the committee of pensions of the Grand Army. The committee had an extended conference with the president and the latter assured them of his entire sympathy in their undertaking. They also talked with Pension Commissioner Ware about the work.

The bill, it is explained, is not designed to interfere with existing pension legislation and it provides in terms that no soldier or widow receiving a pension under its provisions shall be entitled to a pension under any other law.

CHINESE-AMERICAN TREATY.

Seal Affixed at Peking—Becomes Effective at Once.

WASHINGTON—Sir Cheung Li-fang Chen, the Chinese minister here, called upon Acting Secretary of State Loomis late Tuesday afternoon and informed him that he had received a cable dispatch from Peking stating that the emperor had fixed his seal on the Chinese-American treaty, and, further, that he had acceded to the request of the American government through Minister Conger for the immediate exchange of ratifications.

Therefore, without awaiting the arrival in Washington of the copy of the treaty from Peking, the minister and Secretary Hay will within a day or two sign a protocol equivalent to ratifications of treaties, and the president's proclamation being issued, the convention will go into effect at once.

The minister's advice, induced the state department to change the plan it had formed, earlier in the day to await the arrival of the mail copy of the treaty.

SPENCER'S CURIOUS WILL.

Wants Loose Lid on His Coffin and No Religious Ceremony.

LONDON—Herbert Spencer's will is a curious document. It directs that his body shall be placed in a coffin with a loose lid and cremated and the ashes buried, all without any species of religious ceremony. All the rights in his book and investments are given to the trustees, Hon. Auburn Herbert, Dr. Henry Charlton Bastian and David Duncan, with instructions to employ the yearly revenue in "restoring and continuing during such period as may be needed for fulfilling my express wishes, but not exceeding the life time of all descendants of Queen Victoria, who shall be living at my decease and of the survivors of them and for twenty-one years after the death of such survivor the publication of the existing parts of my 'Descriptive Sociology' and the compilation and publication of the fresh parts thereof followed in the parts already published."

TOURING THE WORLD ON FOOT.

Roumanian Has Eight Years in Which to Make Trip.

WASHINGTON—Baron Sternberg, the German ambassador, presented to the president Dr. Oskar Radvaer, a Roumanian, who is making a tour of the world on foot. He is a representative of athletic societies of Bucharest, having been selected to make the trip from 200 candidates. He has been on the road four years, visiting in that time all of Europe and Asia. He will visit all of the countries of North and South America and then will go to the Transvaal and Australia. He is obliged to complete his trip in an aggregate time of eight years. President Roosevelt, charged with him briefly and inscribed his name in the autograph book of Dr. Radvaer.

Congress of Mothers in May.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the National Congress of Mothers arranged for the annual meeting of the mothers' congress at Chicago May 11 to 14, and for Mothers' Congress day at the World's fair, St. Louis, May 26. A Mothers' congress meeting is also to be held at Boston February 15.

Mrs. F. L. Groat was elected as the representative of Nebraska on the board.

Exhibits Unfinished Work.

LONDON—August E. Smith, the French sculptor, was received in audience by King Edward at Buckingham palace. Mr. Smith is in London in connection with the opening of the exhibition of the International Society of Sculptors, Painters and Engravers, to be held at the Albert Hall, London, on the death of James McNeill Whistler. The exhibition was publicly opened Tuesday. It mostly consists of works previously shown, including three Whistlers, one unfinished.

Blair Recovers His Health.

ST. LOUIS—James L. Blair, former general counsel for the World's fair, who, after being indicted here on the charge of forgery, went to Florida for his health pending his trial, is now in New York city, according to a member of the family who returned from that city. Mr. Blair, with his wife and children, are stopping at the home of Mrs. C. M. Alexander on the St. Paul apartments, 219 West Eighteenth street. Mr. Blair is said to have largely regained his health.

Porto Accepts Full Reforms.

CONSTANTINOPLE—The port of the Austro-Hungarian and Russian ambassadors of its full acceptance of the Macedonian reform scheme and of its consent to the restriction of the Macedonian railways, promising immunity to all political prisoners, with the exception of dynamiters. In conclusion the port declared its attention to the arrangement of Bulgaria and demands assurances that the work of reform.

Will Not Make Up Time.

CHICAGO—The Chicago & North western railway has issued an order that under no circumstances shall passenger trains exceed their schedule speed. No matter how late a train may be, the engineer must not make up time by running faster than his schedule calls for. All trains that become late on any portion of their trip must arrive at destinations late. The explanation is that the management does not risk disaster on account of fast running.

WANT THE CANAL

THE PRESIDENT IS THANKED FOR WORK HE HAS DONE.

IT IS A GREAT ACHIEVEMENT

Such is Terms Used to Describe Completion of Isthmian Waterway—Legislation in Interest of Live Stock Industry Discussed.

PORTLAND, Ore.—The first action of the national live stock convention Wednesday was to unanimously adopt a resolution endorsing President Roosevelt's policy relative to the construction of the Panama canal.

The resolution, a copy of which was ordered sent to President Roosevelt, follows:

"Resolved, That the sincere thanks of the entire membership of the National Live Stock association in convention assembled, is hereby tendered President Roosevelt for his untiring and successful efforts to bring about the building of the great Panama canal, the contemplation of which will, in the judgment of this organization, be the crowning achievement of the twentieth century."

Legislation in the interest of the live stock industry was the general topic of discussion during the session. The legislation desired is principally in connection with the handling of live stock by railroads, the passage of the bill providing for a classified census of live stock and measures in relation to the use of government reserves for grazing range. Many suggestions as to how desired legislation may be secured were made.

Resolutions favoring the passage of the pure food bill and demanding the transfer of the control of government reserves from the department of the interior to that of agriculture were passed.

A. C. Halliwell, editor of the Chicago Daily Live Stock World, delivered a brief address on the subject. The tariff as it affects the stock growers was his subject.

"The proposition to throw down the tariff bars that now serve to limit, in even a small degree, the number of South American and other foreign hides that reach this country, is a serious thrust at the business of the live stock grower.

"One certain thing in a reduction of the duty on hides would be that ranchmen and stock farmers would not slow to make their demands for free hides. In their efforts to follow pernicious practices of the financiers who try to make \$10 of capital pay fat dividends on nine of water, they have taken advantage of the consumer and would now put additional screws to the producer. Boots and shoes cost much less than they used to, but they do not cost the wearer any less.

"The live stock producers of the United States have a right to demand that what they produce shall enjoy much trade protection as is given to those who engage in the final process of manufacture."

BANK STAYS OPEN AT NIGHT.

Busy Paying Off Depositors Who Make a Run on It.

SUPERIOR, Wis.—A run was started on the savings department of the First National bank Tuesday morning, and in the afternoon the depositors extended out in the street.

A notice was issued by the bank's officers stating that the bank would remain open Tuesday night until the last person in line had been paid.

The bank was still open at a late hour Tuesday night and a long line of customers were being paid their deposits and their money demanded.

President Banks said he would keep open all night if necessary and pay every one in gold.

The bank is the oldest in the city, and has a capital of \$200,000, with deposits of about a million and a half. The bank paid out a vast sum, but business men made heavy deposits.

The cause of the run is not known.

FIND CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE.

Arrests to Be Made in Connection With Cullinan Wreck.

VICTORIA, B. C.—Application was made at the coroner's inquiry into the Cullinan disaster for warrants for the arrest of Captain Roberts and others who are held responsible for the wreck, on a charge of manslaughter.

Counsel representing the Dominion government said that sufficient evidence had been secured to show criminal negligence, and he would apply to the provincial government, on behalf of the Dominion government, seeking the arrest of the captain and others held to be responsible.

Blair Recovers His Health.

ST. LOUIS—James L. Blair, former general counsel for the World's fair, who, after being indicted here on the charge of forgery, went to Florida for his health pending his trial, is now in New York city, according to a member of the family who returned from that city. Mr. Blair, with his wife and children, are stopping at the home of Mrs. C. M. Alexander on the St. Paul apartments, 219 West Eighteenth street. Mr. Blair is said to have largely regained his health.

Porto Accepts Full Reforms.

CONSTANTINOPLE—The port of the Austro-Hungarian and Russian ambassadors of its full acceptance of the Macedonian reform scheme and of its consent to the restriction of the Macedonian railways, promising immunity to all political prisoners, with the exception of dynamiters. In conclusion the port declared its attention to the arrangement of Bulgaria and demands assurances that the work of reform.

Will Not Make Up Time.

CHICAGO—The Chicago & North western railway has issued an order that under no circumstances shall passenger trains exceed their schedule speed. No matter how late a train may be, the engineer must not make up time by running faster than his schedule calls for. All trains that become late on any portion of their trip must arrive at destinations late. The explanation is that the management does not risk disaster on account of fast running.

GENERAL WEYLER'S REASONS IN BRIEF.



Gen. Weyler shortly will publish a book entitled "My Military and Political Campaign in Cuba." Two interesting chapters will be headed "My Project for Landing in United States Territory" and "Reasons Why I Was Obligated to Abandon the Project."—Madrid Dispatch to Chicago later Ocean.

TREATY IN FORCE

ANNOUNCEMENT OF RATIFICATION OF THE AGREEMENT.

IT ASSURES US TWO PORTS

The President Has Placed Men for Consuls at Both Places Open for Trade—Berlin Fears Immediate Hostilities.

WASHINGTON.—Ratifications of the American-Chinese commercial treaty were exchanged at the state department Wednesday by Secretary Hay and Sir Chen Tung Liang Cheng, the Chinese minister here. The treaty provides for the opening of the ports of Mukden and Antung, in Manchuria, to the world's commerce.

The treaty is now an accomplished fact, the president having signed the proclamation as required by law. The president has selected men as consuls at Mukden and Antung from men of experience already in the consular service and consequently able to open up the new field to trade with the least possible delay. Their names will be sent to the senate as soon as congress makes provision for their salary, which the state department hopes will be done speedily. It is regarded as very desirable that such rights as we have acquired in Manchuria as to China shall be fully established and asserted in advance of any possible war that might affect that territory to the extent of a change of sovereignty.

The ceremony of exchange took place at the state department by appointment at 11 o'clock. The Chinese minister was accompanied by his secretary. Everything had been arranged and Mr. Conger had notified the department that the Chinese government had placed an exchange copy of the treaty in his hands. This is held to be equivalent to the delivery of the document to the United States government as required by the treaty itself.

Secretary Hay and a Chinese representative joined in the signature of the protocol rectifying the fact that ratifications had been exchanged. The Chinese minister will be given a copy of the treaty by the state department, which he will forward to his government for deposit in the imperial archives in Peking and when Mr. Conger's copy reaches Washington it will be placed in the state department library.

The Japanese minister states that the report that a demand has been made on behalf of the Japanese government upon the emperor of Corea that he recognize a Japanese protectorate over Corea is without foundation.

Permanent Camps of Instruction.

WASHINGTON.—A bill introduced by Representative Bach (Wis.) provides for the establishment of permanent camps of instruction and maneuvering of United States troops at or near Fort Sam Houston, Tex.; Camp Douglas, Wis.; Camp DuRoi, Pa., and Nicomito Beach, Colo.

Free Traders Win.

LONDON.—The bye election in Norwich for a successor to the late Sir Harry Ballard resulted in the free traders gaining the seat. The vote follows: Tillett, liberal, 4,506; Wild, unionist, 4,756; Roberts, labor, 2,440.

Tell Cause of the Advance.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Representatives of large companies, testifying before the interstate commerce commission Tuesday in regard to an advance in freight rates on grain from Missouri river points to Chicago by western railroads, contradicted statements made by the commission by railway traffic managers. The railroad men decided that the reason for the advance in rates was an account of the heavy advance in the price of railroad material.

Japan Considers Response.

TOKIO.—The final conference before the throne to decide upon the response to Russia began at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. It was attended by all the members of the cabinet, five of the elder statesmen, Admirals Ito and Iwano, and General Kodama. Previous to the conference Admiral Yamamoto representing Premier Katsura, who is indisposed, had a private audience with the emperor. Foreign Minister Komura and Marquis Ito also conferred privately.

Word Comes From Coghlan.

Reported Colombians a Band of Unorganized Marauders.

WASHINGTON—Admiral Coghlan called the navy department from Colon, Col., follows:

"Report of the appearance of a Colombian force between Colon and Chiriqui lagoon was due to men now in that vicinity who belonged to Colombian forces, who would not join Panama men, but took to the mountains behind David and are now unorganized marauders. There were originally about 200 men. Some unarmored have been seen about Santa Fe and Coeliet river, committing depredations."

Will Not Make Up Time.

CHICAGO—The Chicago & North western railway has issued an order that under no circumstances shall passenger trains exceed their schedule speed. No matter how late a train may be, the engineer must not make up time by running faster than his schedule calls for. All trains that become late on any portion of their trip must arrive at destinations late. The explanation is that the management does not risk disaster on account of fast running.

NEWS IN NEBRASKA

RAILROAD AGENT SLUGGED.

Attached on the Outside of Lockwood and Small Frustrated.

LOCKWOOD—Charles Riley, ticket agent for the Union Pacific Railroad company at this place, was slugged by an unknown man here and so seriously injured that it is thought he will die.

Riley boarded at a farm house, just on the outside of town, some six blocks from the depot. He was going to supper, shortly after 6 o'clock, and was about four blocks from the depot when a man jumped from the weeds beside the road and struck Riley over the head, knocking him down, fracturing his skull, breaking his jaw and cutting and bruising his head in a terrible manner. Riley screamed for help, and as he lay upon the ground, the man bent him until he was unconscious. His screams frightened the adjacent crowd, but not until after he had beaten his victim until he was left for dead.

About an hour after the assault Riley regained consciousness, but was unable to reach either his boarding house or the depot. He lay beside the road, calling for help. At last his cries were heard, and some men going to him found him bathed in blood and suffering terribly. He was taken back to the depot and sent to Omaha on train No. 12. He was taken to St. Joseph's hospital.

After regaining consciousness, and after being taken to the depot, Riley talked freely about the assault. He said that a man jumped on to him from the weeds, and without saying a word, struck him over the head with a club or some other hard weapon. The man approached from behind, so that he only secured a partial view of him, and then only for an instant. As he fell to the ground he noticed that his assailant was a young man, dressed in dark clothes.

Although Riley had considerable money in his pockets, no attempt was made to rob him. His money and valuables were not molested.

Hold up Architect's Claim.

Claims aggregating \$417.60 contracted by State Auditor Tyler have been held up by the auditor, and while they have not yet been rejected they will not be paid until a thorough investigation as to the right of the state to pay them has been instituted. It is likely the salary claims will not be paid as the law which created the office did not make any appropriation for the payment of a salary, though it did specify that the architect was to receive a salary of \$2,500 a year and was to be allowed one assistant who was to receive not more than \$1,200 a year. Mr. Tyler has not received any salary, and he took the office with the knowledge that he was to depend upon the next legislature for it.

Inmate Patient Escapes.

Oscar Smith, an insane farmer from Firth, escaped from the insane asylum at Lincoln while the attendants were filing a complaint against him, and was arrested by the police. Smith is a well-to-do farmer near Firth and has a wife and a family of children. For the last eighteen months he has been of the belief that someone was going to harm him, and as his condition grew worse he was brought to the asylum for treatment.

Wine Prize for Largest Ears.

WEST POINT—Joseph Drabos, a local harnessmaker, offered a prize of a handsome riding rig to the farmer producing the two largest ears of corn. The prize was won by F. C. Wendt, who brought in two ears of corn, which weighed fifty-nine ounces. Sixty-one farmers made exhibits in the contest.

Tecumseh Man Escapes.

TECUMSEH—John Stollard of this city has received word from his son, Bert Stollard, that the latter was in the wreck on the Rock Island near Topeka, Kan. Mr. Stollard is a freeman and was firing on the passenger. He jumped in time to save his life, but was terribly shaken and sustained an injury to one of his arms.

Ice Masher Killed.

YORK—Arthur St. John, who lives nine miles southwest of this city, met with an accident which cost him his life. He was hauling ice and when going down a hill the tongue of the wagon broke and he was thrown to the ground. The wagon passed over his chest.

Farmers' Grain and Stock.

MINDEN, Neb.—The annual state meeting of the Farmers' Co-operative Grain and Live Stock association will be held at Lincoln January 29 and 31.

Fremont's New Union Depot.

FREMONT—The Union Pacific and Northwestern railway companies will move into the handsome new union station, the same having been accepted from the contractors and being in readiness. It is a handsome brick structure between First and South streets on Main and about 100 feet distant from the east and across Main street from the old depot. Mr. Jackson will come from the Union station in Omaha to become joint ticket agent here for the two roads.

Asks Public Building for York.

YORK—Congressman Hinshaw has introduced in the house of representatives H. R. No. 9461, which has been referred to the committee on public buildings. This bill calls for the erection of a public building at York, to be a suitable building for a government postoffice and to be provided with improved water heating and ventilating apparatus and approaches for the use of the government for postoffice, courts and other government offices. Cost of building not to exceed \$125,000.

THE STATE IN BRIEF.

Recently a "peeping John" has been frightening women and children in the east part of Beatrice. The other evening the fellow was captured. He was released after promising that he would return.

Plans are on foot at Fremont to send an all horse team to the St. Louis exposition to compete with the teams from other states. The state farmers' convention, which meets there soon, will act on the matter.

Albert Powers was found dead in bed at Neuhagen by his daughter upon her return from a visit to the country. Powers had been suffering since evening. He probably died Monday of apoplexy or heart failure.

William Knott, who owns the telephone system now in use of Long Pine, has decided to install the Clark automatic exchange system. This is the same, or similar, to the system now being installed in Lincoln.

The Morton-Gregory Packing company of Nebraska City is storing ice for use next season. The ice is about fourteen inches thick and of good quality. This company is also hauling fifty refrigerator cars built especially for its use.

On calling several petitions around and being carefully filed for the prospective change in the postoffice at that place. The office has been recently declared a presidential office and the number of applicants for it are quite numerous.

D. Whitlock, who ran away from the farm of Richard Moore at Wood River with one of Mr. Moore's best teams, and was later apprehended, was given a preliminary hearing on the charge of being guilty of stealing and bonded over to the district court. He was arrested in California for murder so information to the sheriff states