

General Nebraska News.

LIFE TERM FOR MRS. LILLIE

Judge Good Overrules Motion for New Trial and Passes Sentence.
DAVID CITY.—Mrs. Lena Lillie, convicted of the murder of her husband last October, was denied a new trial. Evidence was offered by attorneys for the defense in the motion for a new trial that tended to prove perjury on the part of two jurors. After the argument Judge Good reviewed the case at length and then overruled the motion for a new trial. The court said: "Lena Margaret Lillie, you have been convicted by the jury of the murder in the first degree, and have you anything to say why the sentence of the court should not be passed upon you?"

THE GOVERNOR EXPLAINS.

Gives Reason Why He Vetoes the Exemption Bill.

While the labor unions are rejoicing and adopting resolutions of thanks because Governor Mickey vetoed the exemption bill passed by the late legislature, the retail merchants who secured the passage of the measure are cursing the governor. Governor Mickey filed his reasons for disapproving the bill with his veto. According to the new bill, if a laboring man or other received \$60 a month, \$5 of this was subject to garnishment each month. It probably would cost the workman \$5 to \$10 to have his salary garnished. A second call of the attorney of the employer would subject the employe to dismissal. The present law exempts two months' wages of the working man. Inasmuch as all others have exempt a homestead worth \$2,000, the governor thought it no more than right that the laboring man should have at least two months' wages as given to him under the present law.

THAT NEW NORMAL SCHOOL.

Many Nebraska Towns Getting into Line.

Many of the towns and cities of the western part of the state are getting in line to entertain a proposition for the new normal school. Those that are in thorough training and that are also in the running are: Aurora, Long Pine, Central City, Broken Bow, Hastings, Kearney, Lexington, Holdrege and Minden. It was the general impression when the bill became a law that the city getting the school would have to pay a bonus of \$10,000. This impression is wrong. The amendment providing for the \$10,000 bonus was knocked off at the last minute by an amendment offered by Warner of Lancaster. The only condition imposed upon the fortunate town is that it give for a site upon which the school is to be erected twenty acres of land valued at \$25 an acre.

Demand for Walnut Timber.

HUMBOLDT, Neb.—A new industry has been worked in the northwestern part of this county this spring and parties have shipped from that section 75,000 feet of walnut timber. This kind of wood grows so slowly and in such demand that the supply is almost exhausted.

Child's Face Torn by Explosion.

BEATRICK, Neb.—Guffey Murray, the 7-year-old son of John Murray, had a portion of his left cheek torn away by the explosion of a cartridge which he was trying to force into a 22-caliber revolver.

Irrigation Figures.

Secretary Dohson of the board of irrigation is in receipt of a letter from Frank Adams of the bureau of irrigation at Washington announcing that he will be in Nebraska probably in a short time. Mr. Adams comes to find out what records can be kept that will show the amount of water taken out of the North and South Platte by the ditches. He desires the records to be used in the study of interstate irrigation.

Calla State Warrants.

Since Treasurer Mortenson has issued his call for warrants April 11 the general fund has been increased from \$26,730.25 to \$63,663.86. The temporary school fund now amounts to \$210,484.25. This fund is to be distributed among the school districts about June 1. The amount is about \$100,000 less than was this fund last year, but the treasurer expects before the first of June that it will be as large as it was in 1922.

Russians to Work in Beet Fields.

Representative Ferrar of Hall county was in Lincoln with his farm manager for the purpose of taking out another shipment of Russians to work in the beet fields around Grand Island. Some days ago 200 were taken out and put to work on Wednesday morning another lot of 300 men, women and children will go on a special train of seven cars. Mr. Ferrar is the manager of the best sugar factory at that place. Men are paid \$30 an acre.

THE STATE AT LARGE.

The Blue Highway.

A second banking institution has been organized at Harvard.

Stitch Lowery, confined in the

Stanton county jail on charge of rape, made his escape.

An unsuccessful attempt was made

to rob the safe in the Missouri Pacific depot at Weeping Water.

Brownville had a disastrous fire,

five buildings being totally destroyed, among them the structure occupied by the postoffice.

A new Methodist parsonage is being

built at Neligh, the labor on the building being performed by preachers. Seven of them are at work.

The next state meet of bowling

clubs will be held in Omaha. It was so decided at the business meeting of the state organization held at Lincoln.

The new depot for Fremont has been

staked out, the contract for the plumbing has been let to J. W. Andrews of that city and it is expected that work will commence at once.

At a meeting of Beatrice horse men

\$1,000 was subscribed in stock towards the new driving park association.

Work on the new track, forty box

stalls and amphitheater will begin at once.

Manager J. H. Dundas of the Tecumseh

Chautauque announces that he has already contracted for some good talent for the assembly, and that contracts for more will soon be closed.

The story published to the effect

that W. W. Coates and T. E. Farnelle of Plattsmouth came near being caught for \$10,000 in a confidence game put up by "Doc" Baggis, is denied, so far as Mr. Coates is concerned.

Captain C. E. Adams of Superior

has been invited to become a member of the staff of General Corbin, adjutant general of the United States, at the opening of the St. Louis exposition, April 29.

W. D. Johnson, a leading merchant

of Madison, committed suicide by taking an overdose of morphine. He was forty years old and has a wife and an 11-year-old son. He had been in business in Madison for six years.

L. C. Weber & Co.'s store at Arlington

was robbed last week, which makes three robberies and one fire inside of two years. The robbers on this occasion did very little stealing compared to the former robberies.

The lack of an appropriation for a

state architect has caused the board of public lands and buildings to postpone making an appointment. Unless the board can find a good man who desires to wait on the pleasure of a future legislature, no appointment will be made.

The city council of North Bend has

refused to back down from its position on the \$1,500 license matter, and two of the saloon men have taken out licenses after paying that amount.

The third application, made by James

Corey, was at first granted, but this action has been rescinded.

Lightning struck the house of Fred

Sendgraf, living five miles southeast of West Point, and totally destroyed the house and household goods and incinerated his five-year-old daughter.

All the members of the family, con-

sisting of Mr. Sendgraf, his wife and four children, were rendered unconscious.

S. Hillery, an old man on his way

from Allerton, Ill., to Gothenburg, Neb., fell from Union Pacific passenger train No. 5, westbound, in some unaccountable way, a mile and a half west of Fremont. He was brought to the city on a handcar and taken to the hospital, where his wounds were dressed. He was found to be badly hurt.

North Platte will this year raise

sugar beets. Experience during the last three years has demonstrated that the rich sandy soil of the Platte river valley in this locality produces beets containing a larger per cent of saccharine matter than those grown in any other locality. A large company has been organized, comprised of the most progressive business men and capitalists of that city to develop the beet sugar industry.

The Burlington Railroad company

has intimated that it is about time York should have a new modern depot that will be a credit to the city. The Commercial club is agitating a new depot and urging the company to build.

N. N. Van Syckle, a pile-driver fore-

man in the employ of the Burlington, shattered his thumb accidentally while cutting wood with an ax. Inflicting injuries that necessitated amputation close to the hand. The bone was badly shattered.

The Lincoln Straw Board and Paper

Mill company has closed down operations at its mill for an indefinite period, and the men who have been employed there have been dismissed without definite instructions as to the possible resumption of operations.

At a recent meeting of the members

of the board of directors of Hastings college it was decided to erect a new dormitory for the boys students. The new building is to cost not less than \$5,000 and will be well fitted up and have all the modern improvements.

The board of education at Geneva

has employed Professor Charles W. Taylor for superintendent of the city schools for the coming year. This action of the board meets the hearty indorsement of the patrons of the schools.

The county board of supervisors

of Gage county met in Beatrice and called special elections to be held in Filley and Logan townships on May 28, to vote bonds in the sum of \$5,000 each to aid in the construction of the K. C. & W. railroad.

Chickens.

could have displayed greater courage and resolution than was shown by these brought against Mary's bill. They withdrew, leaving the plain literally heaped with the bodies of their dead, for they had fallen like the steady dripping of rain from the eaves of a house.

Back they were hurled and down the hill. The troops stationed at its foot, powder-begrimed veterans, enthusiastically cheer "all that is left of them," but the beer boys, so young and so very young in military training and experience, who had so gallantly made the last, the most desperate and most nearly successful attempt to take the works, as they came marching down the hill steadily and in good order. "When shall we see their glory fade?"—Pittsburg Gazette.

A Chase After Milk.

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"On April 1, 1863, Chase was a soldier in the Seventh Kansas cavalry, and stationed at Germantown, Tenn., fifteen miles east of Memphis. One day, in company with some other men, he was sent to a farmhouse for some milk, and while there was surprised and captured by the rebel picket and taken to their headquarters. He expected to be shot, as the Kansas Jay-hawkers received no mercy from the enemy. He was taken to the camp of the party recognized him as one of a rebel which had captured him the party, three weeks before, and who had escaped. Chase was then taken to their main camp, twenty miles away. He was taken into the camp of his guard to keep quiet on the identity of his regiment. An officer invited him to play checkers, and was beaten by Chase. The defeated officer called others to 'come and beat this Yankee,' but he vanquished them all in the game. He was ordered to accompany Gen. Chalmers command, and was in constant danger, because it was learned that he was a Jayhawker, and the men were anxious to kill him. The provost marshal learned that he was from his own county in New York, took some interest in him and protected him. He was imprisoned at Richmond, and was later exchanged at City Point, thence going to Fortress Monroe, then to St. Louis, visited his Kansas home and rejoined his regiment at Corinth, Miss., where he was with four thousand miles. As he entered camp his comrades inquired, 'Did you get your milk?'"—Kansas City Journal.

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During the recent session of Congress Senator N. B. Scott of West Virginia made a most eloquent speech in the Senate in support of his bill for a service pension of \$12 a month for every Union veteran. He began by saying that the strength and stability of the Republic depended upon the zeal and patriotism of its citizen soldiers. With marvelous judgment the Fathers of this Government saw that the defense of the Republic must be vested in all of its citizens, and not a standing army. Instead of maintaining a standing army at a large expense to the people and always a menace to their liberties, the wise founders adopted a system of mutual self-defense, and in which the people would reward the soldiers who risked their lives, their health and their future prospects in the defense of the Republic by appropriate pensions and certain emoluments. They saw that the defense of the Republic must be vested in all of its citizens, and not a standing army. Instead of maintaining a standing army at a large expense to the people and always a menace to their liberties, the wise founders adopted a system of mutual self-defense, and in which the people would reward the soldiers who risked their lives, their health and their future prospects in the defense of the Republic by appropriate pensions and certain emoluments. They saw that the defense of the Republic must be vested in all of its citizens, and not a standing army. Instead of maintaining a standing army at a large expense to the people and always a menace to their liberties, the wise founders adopted a system of mutual self-defense, and in which the people would reward the soldiers who risked their lives, their health and their future prospects in the defense of the Republic by appropriate pensions and certain emoluments.

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DOUBT.

No one that has not had experience in poultry raising should invest heavily in that business. The only safe way is to start small and increase the stock as rapidly as experience allows.

The success generally starts in with the firm resolve to succeed from the start. Frequently he gets all the information he can from books and from practical poultrymen, and he vainly imagines that the information so acquired will save him from many years, and save years in military training and experience, who had so gallantly made the last, the most desperate and most nearly successful attempt to take the works, as they came marching down the hill steadily and in good order. "When shall we see their glory fade?"—Pittsburg Gazette.

Inevitable Mistakes.

As a result of such mistakes great losses will result. In some cases these losses will be greater than the profit for the entire year.

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