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WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1920.

To Subscribers of the Journal:—Please look at the date opposite your name on the wrapper of the Journal or on the margin of the Journal. Up to this date, your subscription is paid or accounted for.

SENATOR MILLARD has secured free mail delivery for Norfolk to begin June 1. Several carriers will be appointed.

JANUARY 20 is the birthday anniversary of the late President McKinley and the day will be fittingly observed by the schools and colleges of Ohio.

ARMAN S. HEWITT, former mayor of New York and for many years representative in congress, died at 6 o'clock Sunday morning in his flat, his illness extending over a period of ten days. Obstructive jaundice was the cause of his death.

THROUGH the strenuous efforts of Secretary Wilson the foot and mouth disease has almost been wiped out in America. So far, it appears that only one thousand animals have been afflicted, and most of these have been slaughtered and paid for at two-thirds their value, by the government.

WITH its 4,000 miles of new railways built in 1902 and 5,000 miles to be constructed during 1920, with its \$30,000,000 invested in cotton milling during the old year and possibly an equal sum to be put into that industry this year, with its \$500,000,000 worth of exports and imports in all industries, the Minneapolis Times is of the opinion that the south is doing very well indeed in a business way.

The fisheries in northern Norway are at a standstill on account of the tremendous influx of seals along the coasts and fjords, and a fish famine prevails. The seals, which are coming from the White sea, have been fought without avail, and the large fishing population have now asked the government to help them exterminate this plague, which is partly eating and partly hunting all the fish away.

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SOUND TARIFF VIEWS

REPUBLICAN LEAGUE AND MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION.

Both Urge Upon Republicans Unwavering Adherence to the Protection Policy and to Changing of After-Tariff Thinker's Schemes.

In the proceedings of two important Republican gatherings on the 3d of October no evidence is to be found of insatiable longing for tariff revision. At Chicago the National League of Republican Clubs expressed its views in form direct and easily understood as follows: "The unexampled prosperity that has attended the full exercise of Republican tariff policy in our own and some outside unwavering adherence to that policy as one of cardinal importance in protecting American labor, maintaining American industries and sustaining American institutions."

Unwavering adherence to the protection policy and no change of after-visionary schemes of tariff tinkering was also the keynote of the platform adopted on the same day by the Massachusetts Republican state convention. Efforts were made by a few revision and reciprocity cranks to secure a declaration in favor of reciprocity with Canada and an immediate revision of the Dingley tariff such as should provide for free trade in coal, iron, steel and hides. Senator Lodge was equal to the occasion. In a powerful speech he succeeded in making clear the fact that the protective tariff is not a thing of shreds and patches, not a mere local thing to be twisted and manipulated to suit individuals in particular sections, but a broad, general, national policy which takes account of the greatest possible good to the country as a whole. In response to this well conceived appeal the convention by an overwhelming majority voted down the reciprocity and tariff rapping amendment and adopted as its tariff plank the following:

"The Democratic plan of free trade in all products made by a so called tariff ignores the economic fact that the tariff has no connection with trusts or with the size of corporations except so far as it affects all productive industries, great and small alike. It would mean the greatest possible injury to the competitors of the trusts and the most possible injury to the trusts: it would mean incalculable loss to all wage earners employed in every industry thus recklessly assailed; it would mean the domination in our markets of foreign trusts, and it would mean control or regulation of the great corporations which are necessary to modern business and which it is the purpose of the Republican party to bring within the power of wise laws.

To the application of the policy of protection as embodied in the Dingley tariff are due the high wages and constant employment of labor, and, in a large measure, our phenomenal national prosperity for the last five years. This policy should be adhered to, but changes which the world's progress and the interest of the American people may suggest should and will be made by the Republican party whenever they are of sufficient importance to justify the check to business which inevitably attends any revision of the tariff. Such changes can only be made successfully and with the least possible injury to business by the Republican party and in accordance with the principles of protection. They should be undertaken only after thorough investigation by congress or by a commission of experts, as suggested by President Roosevelt. Massachusetts has and desires no unfair tariff advantages over other states. Protection should be national and not sectional, impartial between industries and those who are engaged in them. The habit of charging to the tariff every evil that can be imagined, afflict the country, has become an evil of itself. It imperils business, panders to ignorance and prejudice and tends to prevent that study of the real causes of social and industrial ills which must precede their correction. Protection, investigation and the Republican challenge comparison between its magnificent results from the beginning of the government to the present time and the disasters and failures which have resulted from the opposite policy whenever it has been put in practice."

In the clear cut and sharp pointed statement that "the habit of charging to the tariff whatever evil, real or imagined, afflict the country has become an evil of itself" is found an expression of truth worthy of the highest admiration. It is precisely this truth that needs to be kept in mind in these times of "progressive" tendencies and the evolution of the Iowa idea—"progressive" toward the fatal folly of free trade, with the vicious and false idea that the tariff must be repealed in places in order that foreign competition may be brought in to regulate domestic prices. The Massachusetts idea is better—touch the tariff only when the proposed changes "are of sufficient importance to justify the check to business which inevitably attends any revision of the tariff." Of course changes in the Dingley tariff will at some time be made, but not now. There is no change required now that is so urgent as to justify the damage that would come to all business and industry. In making this matter clear the Massachusetts Republicans have earned the thanks of every lover of his country and its prosperity.

IN SHEEP'S CLOTHING.
But the State is Not Quite Big Enough to Hide the Free Trade Wolf.
Manufacturers, merchants, mill hands and wage earners generally understand the effect of an attack upon the protective tariff. The present generation had experience during the Democratic hard times which followed the election of Cleveland, and they have the history of similar hard times at several prior periods, the product of similar attacks.

It is useless to ask the victims of the Cleveland disaster to support any movement that could be identified as an attack upon the tariff; therefore our friends the enemy are trying to disguise their attack and have very carefully reached Republican ground in their effort to delude unwary voters into giving their support to Democratic congressmen.

If the people should be foolish enough to elect a Democratic majority to congress, a thing that seems impossible, they will find that the Democratic congressmen will speedily leave the safe ground occupied by Republicans and will launch out into impetuous movement, not for the benefit of the people, but for the purpose of attacking the senate in hopes of creating Democratic election material for the presidential election.

The attack will not be made in good faith. It is intended only to oppose the Republicans. In fact, that and a desire to secure office compass the top, bottom, sides and middle of Democratic plans and policies.

PERSONAL MENTION

I. Sibbernson of Omaha was in the city Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sealey were in Lincoln last Wednesday.

Miss Fedderon of Humphrey is visiting the Misses Sheehan.

Miss Gertrude Tachundin of Woodbury is visiting Mrs. H. T. Sperry and other friends.

Mrs. Holden is here from Silver Creek visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Graves.

Mrs. Wilson of Genoa is visiting Miss Bertha Krause and Miss Besocort for a few days.

Mrs. Charles Deck returned Friday from Clarinda, Iowa, where she has been visiting relatives for several weeks.

THROUGH CARS COLUMBUS TO CHICAGO
Via Union Pacific and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Line.

By virtue of the new traffic agreement between the Union Pacific R. R. and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry., there has been established a new direct route between the Pacific Coast and Chicago via these respective lines.

This service through palace sleepers, tourist sleepers, and free reclining chairs, was inaugurated Sunday, Jan. 19th, and in future all trains east and west to Chicago and the Coast via the U. P. and C. & M. & St. P. Ry.'s will be operated in conjunction and passengers will no longer be required to change en route at any point on route. Three daily trains each way.

The Omaha short line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry., is the shortest railroad line between the two cities. The roadbed is excellent and for most of the distance the line is double tracked. The block system safety signals is used. This line has long been noted for speed, safety, and comfort. The equipment of the new line fully sustains the high reputation of both roads. The limited trains are heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Each berth in sleeping cars is equipped with electric reading lamps which may be turned off or on at any time during the night. If you don't care to sleep—read!

Passengers via this new route will have the added advantage of the Union Pacific Passenger Station, Canal and Adams Street, Chicago, in the heart of the city. Good connections are made with trains for the east and south.

Train No. 4 leaves Columbus daily at 5:00 a. m. and arrives Chicago at 9:25 p. m. This train carries through free reclining-chair cars and through palace sleeping cars.

Train No. 6 leaves Columbus daily at 2:55 p. m. and arrives Chicago at 8:25 a. m. This train carries through free reclining-chair cars and through palace sleeping cars.

Train No. 2 leaves Columbus daily at 5:27 p. m. and arrives Chicago at 9:25 a. m. This train carries through palace sleeping cars and coaches.

For full information in regard to sleeping-car reservations, through tickets, trains, and rates, apply to any Union Pacific Agent, or write to: F. A. HASE, General Western Agent, E. W. HOWELL, Traveling Freight and Passenger Agent, 1504 Farnam St., Omaha.

A LAND OF WONDERS.
The Sighter Finds Many Things of Interest in California.

California has numerous natural bridges, caves, etc., of no little interest. The Mammoth Cave of California, discovered by miners in 1850; the Alabaster Cave; the Crystal Palace Cave, containing a number of attractive subterranean apartments, such as the Bridal Chamber, the Crystal Palace Room.

A curious apartment called the Music Hall, where the deposits of aqueous origin not only take the form of organ pipes, but also of musical instruments, when struck, musical sounds and vibrations.

Near this cave are two natural bridges which the tourist can visit and return to the railroad within half an hour. The only natural way to reach these scenes of interest is via "The Overland Route" comprising the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, now really one line. The only line running through trains to San Francisco from Omaha, its fast trains arriving sixteen hours ahead of all competing lines.

Pamphlets and maps describing the wonders of California, and full information about the most comfortable and direct route to the Pacific Coast, can be obtained by calling on or addressing: W. H. BENHAM, Agent.

Four Personally Conducted Excursions from Omaha to California With Choice of Routes.
These excursions leave Omaha every Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 4:25 p. m., in Fullman Tourist Sleeping Cars. The special excursion may be taken by conductors skilled in the service of excursion parties. The Union Pacific is the only line from Omaha running four excursions to California every week.

These excursions can be joined at any point en route. For full information call on or address: W. H. BENHAM, Agent.

The Very Best California Wines.
Biseling wine (white) at 60 cents per gallon.
Zinfandel (red) at 60 cents.
Angelica (sweet) at \$1 per gallon.
Port \$1 per gallon.
California fine brands and Kentucky whiskeys at reasonable prices. Come and see us before buying.
Yours, W. H. BENHAM.

Special Rates via the Union Pacific.
February 15 and continuing daily to and including April 30. Special calendar rates from Columbus to Butte, Anaconda and Helena, Montana, \$20; Spokane, Wenatchee and intermediate points \$22.50; Portland, Tacoma, Seattle \$25; San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego \$25. Special rates to many other points west. W. H. BENHAM, Agent.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE
All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Tract, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Neuritis, Sciatica, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing such cases as yours. All consultations free.

Eight months in bed, heavy backache, pain and nervousness across kidneys, also rheumatism. Other remedies failed. Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure cured me completely. H. W. HATH, Box 17, Druggists, N. E. Ask for Cook Book—Free. ST. VITUS DANCE (Bore Cure, Cleveland, N. Y. For Sale by C. HENNINGSEN.

Military Bounty Land Warrants, And Soldiers' Additional Homestead Claims. If you have one send particulars to R. K. Kelley, Baird Building, Kansas City, Missouri, and see what he will give you for it.

Attention! I have a new improved Edison Mimeograph and can take any number of copies from a typewritten letter or circular. When you need anything in this line give me a call. I also do typewriting. Office over First National Bank. J. M. CURTIS.

COLUMBUS MARKETS.

Wheat, 54
Corn, old shelled, 38
Oats, new 3/4 bushel, 25
Barley, 3/4 bushel, 25
Rye, 3/4 bushel, 35
Hog, 500 lbs, 5 50 @ 5 90
Fat cows, 3/4 cwt, 4 00
Fat cows, 3/4 cwt, 2 25 @ 3 00
Stock steers, 3/4 cwt, 3 00 @ 4 00
Potatoes, 3/4 bushel, 20
Butter, 3/4 lb, 17 @ 20
Eggs, 3/4 dozen, 18 @
Markets corrected every Tuesday afternoon.

Complete Photographic Outfit
—INCLUDING—
KODAK Developing Machine
Brownie Camera, Film, Paper, Chemicals, Etc.
\$5.00
Anybody can make pictures with this outfit and all
Without a Dark-Room.

No. 2 Brownie Camera for 2 1/2 x 3 1/2 pictures..... \$2.00
Film Cartridges, 6 exposures, 2 1/2 x 3 1/2..... .50
Brownie Developing Machine Outfit..... 2.50
Brownie Developing Machine Outfit..... 2.50
Photo Printing Frame..... .50
No. 2 Kodak Developing Powder..... .50
2 Dishes..... .50
Price Complete \$5.00

Nothing more appropriate for the young folks of Christmas. There's lots of pure fun in photography and there's education too.

ED. J. NIEWONNER,
Sign of the Big Watch.

TIME TABLE.

COLUMBUS, NEB.
Lincoln, Omaha, Chicago, St. Joseph, Kansas City, St. Louis and all points East and South.
DENVER, BRUNNEN, BUTTE, SALT LAKE CITY, PORTLAND, SAN FRANCISCO AND ALL POINTS WEST.

LOUIS SCHREIBER,
—PROPRIETOR OF THE—
M. C. CASSIN,

Omaha Meat Market
Fresh and Salt Meats
Game and Fish in Season.
Highest market prices paid for Hides and Tallow.
THIRTEENTH ST.,
COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA

TIME TABLE U. P. R. R.
HART BOUND, MAIN LINE.
No. 12, Chicago Special..... 1:30 a. m.
No. 11, Chicago Special..... 4:30 a. m.
No. 13, Grand Island Local..... 6:30 a. m.
No. 14, Grand Island Local..... 9:30 a. m.
No. 15, North Platte Local..... 12:30 p. m.
No. 16, North Platte Local..... 3:30 p. m.
No. 17, Western Express..... 5:30 p. m.
No. 18, Western Express..... 8:30 p. m.

WEST BOUND, MAIN LINE.
No. 4, Pacific Express..... 2:30 a. m.
No. 3, Pacific Express..... 5:30 a. m.
No. 5, North Platte Local..... 8:30 a. m.
No. 6, North Platte Local..... 11:30 a. m.
No. 7, Overland Limited..... 2:30 p. m.
No. 8, California Express..... 5:30 p. m.
No. 9, California Express..... 8:30 p. m.
No. 10, Freight..... 11:30 p. m.

NORFOLK BRANCH. Depart
No. 21, Passenger..... 7:30 p. m.
No. 22, Mixed..... 1:30 a. m.

ALBION AND SPALDING BRANCH. Depart
No. 23, Passenger..... 6:30 a. m.
No. 24, Mixed..... 9:30 a. m.
No. 25, Passenger..... 12:30 p. m.
No. 26, Mixed..... 3:30 p. m.

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