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Columbus Journal.

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WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1902.

☞To Subscribers of the Journal:—Please look at the date opposite your name on the wrapper of your Journal or on the margin of The Journal. Up to this date, your subscription is paid or accounted for.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOHN H. MICKEY.

For Lieutenant Governor,
E. G. McGILTON.

For Treasurer,
PETER MORTENSEN.

For Secretary of State,
G. W. MARSH.

For Auditor,
CHARLES WESTON.

For Sup't. of Instruction,
WILLIAM K. FOWLER.

For Attorney General,
F. N. PROUT.

For Commissioner Public Lands,
GEORGE D. FOLLMER.

Congressional.

For Congressman Third District,
JOHN J. McCARTHY.

Legislative.

For Senator 12th District,
ERNEST H. PHELPS, of Schuyler.

For Representative 25th District,
G. A. SCOTT, of Columbus.

For Representative 24th District,
JOHN C. DAWSON, of Oconee.

County.

For County Attorney,
F. M. COOKINGHAM, of Humphrey.

For Supervisor Districts 6 and 7,
E. H. FUNK.

City.

For Assessor,
O. C. SHANNON.

MR. BRYAN doesn't like Grover Cleveland and that is very evident.

WESTERN iron mills have served notice that they will only accept orders for rails to be delivered in the last quarter of 1903. Prosperity in that line seems like it might continue indefinitely.

IRRESPECTIVE of the ending of the anthracite coal strike, the search for a way to produce heat without coal should go on unabated. The inventor who frees humanity from subjection to the coal baron will be hailed as a liberator.—Bee.

NEBRASKA land has increased 25 per cent in value in the past five years. Does not that indicate a pretty healthy condition of affairs? Will history produce anything approaching such results during a democratic regime? It is not there. Moral—Let well enough alone. —Albion News.

A FARMER by the name of Chris Bell, living near Plattsmouth, this state, has a curiosity at his place in the form of a patch of blackberry which is producing the second crop this year. He also has some cherry trees which are budding and the prospects are that they will bloom again before cold weather sets in. Surely Nebraska is very prolific this year in raising all kinds of crops.

SO FAR, the only people in the state who express dissatisfaction over the nomination of J. H. Mickey are democratic orators. The populists, who know the nomination of Thompson sounded the death knell of their party, are not denouncing Mickey, neither are they praising Thompson, and when they go to the polls next November they are more likely to vote for Mickey than they are for Thompson.—North Platte Tribune.

THE recent triumphant cry of the democrats that the monopolies had taken President Roosevelt in hand has died to a whisper since his recent action on the coal strike situation. By his course the president has proved conclusively that he is owned by no single interest and is the true champion of the entire people. He is a worthy leader, and has been called upon within a year to face more peculiar and grave situations than any president with the exception of Lincoln. He has met them well.

IN the last session of congress it was proposed to adopt an amendment to the constitution giving that body power to deal with the trusts but it was rejected by democratic votes, among which was that of Congressman Robinson. Because it was a republican proposition was sufficient to get for it the opposition of the democrats, and yet members of this party are now going about the country telling what they would do to the trusts if given an opportunity. It is apparent that what they want more than anything is the offices, and the salaries attached.—Norfolk News.

EDGAR HOWARD, the erudite democratic editor of Columbus, is developing a spirit of humor that rivals Bill Nye. He printed a burning editorial in which the election of a democratic house and the re-election of Congressman Robinson are assumed—both effervescent pipe dreams—and then brought the joke to a climax by proposing Robinson for speaker of the next house. Think of John S. Robinson standing in the shoes of such statesmen as Tom Reed or Henderson! He would rattle around like a collar button dropped into an empty bath tub. The man who is chosen for speaker of the house in either party must be a leader, who outlines policies and influences legislation. John S. Robinson was a pleasant and affable gentleman when elected to congress four years ago; he is a pleasant and affable gentleman still, but the only way his constituents have of knowing that he has been "representing" them is when he goes over the district during campaigns asking for re-election. They never hear of him during congress.—Central City Nonpareil.

WHO SAYS CHANGE?

The value of republican policies and republican control is unanswerably evidenced by the following figures of the total deposits in our banking institutions of all kinds and loan and trust companies, as shown by the treasury bureau of statistics on June 30 of each year following:

1896	$ 4,098,089,119
1897	5,196,847,530
1898	5,927,460,998
1899	6,675,471,743
1900	7,464,719,145
1901	8,535,053,138
1902	Not yet available

By these figures we see that the republican year 1901 finds us with twice as much money saved up as we had in the democratic year 1896, and $447,000,000 more. On the basis of 80,000,000 population, that is equal to a gain of nearly $56 for each man, woman and child in the country. Who says change?

Or, to put it another way:

1897	$ 5,196,847,530
1896	4,630,490,156
Gain in four democratic years with which contrast	$566,357,374
1901	$ 8,535,053,138
1897	5,196,847,530
Gain in four republican years$	3,338,205,608
Deduct four years' democratic gain	566,357,374
Excess of republican gain....$	2,771,848,232

or, in other words, four years of republicanism is as good to the country as four years of democracy, and over $2,770,000,000 (not the Kansas City platform kind) more.

To emphasize four years' gain under republican rule is equal to more than twenty-five years' possible gain under democratic rule.—New York Sun.

Trading Off Their Ticket.

While manifesting buoyant pretensions and while boastfully claiming success for the state ticket, the fusionists admit their insincerity by the endeavor to trade off Thompson and the entire state ticket for votes for their congressional candidates. Republicans have been approached during the last week by fusionists in the Third and Fourth congressional districts and offered votes for the Republican ticket in return for Republican votes for fusion congressmen. The fact seems to have dawned upon them that their state ticket is already hopelessly beaten, with every indication that every Republican nominee for congress will be elected, and they have concluded that they can afford to submit to the embarrassment of a large Republican majority on the state ticket if they can only fool the Republicans into voting for their congressional nominees. Republicans who were approached saw at once the motive and spurned the offer. That Nebraska will go Republican on the state ticket by from 12,000 up is reasonably certain and it is almost as certain that Nebraska will contribute her mite towards keeping the nation prosperous by electing a solid Republican delegation to congress.

Poorly Maintained.

To appreciate the improvements that have been made in connection with the state institutions during the last two years, one has only to make an ideal comparison between buildings that are clean kept and well repaired and those that are unsanitary and badly dilapidated. Very little of the money appropriated for the care and maintenance of public buildings was expended in that way by the last fusion administration. The money was taken out of the treasury, but where it went to no one appears to know. The buildings were in the worst condition imaginable. In nearly every state institution plastering was off, the interior wood work was coated with filth, the furniture and bedding was all but ruined. The spectacle, to say the least, was pitiable. It is difficult to believe that public servants would so far forget their duty as to permit of such a wreckage and destruction of public property.

The Republicans on assuming charge proceeded at once to repair the damage. Of the amount of money expended for maintaining the institutions no small sum was for repairs and furniture. Had not this been done, so complete was the wreck, that a delay would have entailed a much larger expense, as the buildings were going to wreck at an alarming pace. Even with this extraordinary expenditure, the Republicans have so managed the institutions as to maintain them for $189,000 less than the legislature estimated it would cost and $280,000 less than the fusion administration estimated and asked the legislature to appropriate.

True to Protective Principle.

Senator J. P. Dolliver of Iowa discussed the practical aspects of the political campaign at Chicago, Oct. 2, with the delegates to the thirteenth annual convention of the National Republican League and a large number of their friends as an audience. The eloquence and wit of the speaker were directed to an exposition of what he was pleased to call the "Iowa idea," but which he declared was a "Republican idea" that would in time be recognized as "the American idea." Senator Dolliver took the position of an optimist. He was not alarmed over the trust problem. The law of competition eventually would be the doom of the trusts, and the protective principle would continue to advance the interests of the nation as it had done in the past. Mr. Dolliver believed that within a few years every trust or industrial combination not legitimately capitalized and managed on the soundest economic principles would pass away.

THE Seward Blade has the following comment on Bryan's speech, which was in substance the same as delivered in Columbus last Wednesday: "W. J. Bryan has come and gone and the sun still shines this morning. An audience of five or six hundred heard him speak at the opera house yesterday afternoon, a large part of which was composed of ladies. He offered no new arguments; he offered no remedy for the imagined evils that beset the people in these prosperous times; he sang the same old calamity songs we know so well, and was not manly enough to father his own predictions made in '96 and since. For the benefit of those who did not hear him, we print in our supplement today some of his prophecies made in former speeches, and although he may deny them, those who have a copy of his "First Battle," (and there are many of them in Seward county) can look up the prophecies and see that he is correctly quoted. The meeting was disappointing; the "Peerless" has lost his drawing power, and it is doubtful whether his coming was a benefit or a detriment to the cause he represents."

THE Falls City Journal expresses the opinion that the action of the state liquor dealers' association can have but one effect and that is to make Nebraska a prohibition state.

A Columbus Lady Writes Entertainingly of Her Eastern Visit.

SHANKSVILLE, PA., Oct. 18, 1902.

My trip to the east has been a very interesting one. Thirty years have passed since I left my native home in the glades on the western slope of the Allegheny mountains. This is the eastern limits of the vast bituminous coal region of which so much is said just now. Shanksville, a small village within five miles of the summit of the mountains, is where I was born and where I spent the first five or six years of my childhood life. This town was settled 104 years ago by my great-great-grandfather. The remains of the old pine tree under which my great-great-grandfather Shank unloaded his household goods are still visible, viz., a few of the old roots are still there. Of course many changes have taken place since that time. The graves of the old pioneers are grown over with moss and grass. These heroic men and women migrated to this wilderness and endured all the hardships incident to that day and life, and through their labors and tribulations they have transmitted to us all the comforts and conveniences of a high civilization. Books were few and costly, ignorance the rule, and authors famed the world over now were then unborn; now we spend annually one hundred and forty million dollars for schools. Shanksville is not as yet favored with many advantages, such as railroads, trolley cars, or telegraph. It has a telephone line that certainly is a great convenience, though social customs are somewhat old styled. Such as it was many years ago friends and neighbors met together and enjoyed themselves and entered into the spirit of social amusement with a hearty good will, a geniality of manners, a corresponding depth of soul, both among the old and young. Guests didn't assemble to criticise the decorations, furniture, dress, manners and surroundings of those by whom they were invited. Here is the place to find old time dinners, etc.; these Pennsylvania women know how to prepare the necessaries of life, and we western people know how to deal with the good things thus prepared. It would do you Nebraskaites all good to take a trip east and gain two pounds per week. Say, what think ye? Those grand old hills have something very charming about them.

I was pleased to spend a few days in the old historic "smoky city," Pittsburg. This is becoming a great iron center; for miles and miles up along the Monongahela river and up the Allegheny immense manufacturing plants are running day and night. The capital invested in manufactories is estimated at $150,401,481; the number of firms engaged at 1,500; the number of workmen at 100,936; the wholesale grocery trade is estimated at $30,000,000; the wholesale dry goods trade at $15,000,000. The public parks are fine and delightful to behold. From here I went up the Allegheny river about 100 miles to where the Redbank empties into the river; thence up the Redbank, or rather the low grade division of the Allegheny Valley railroad to Brookville, the county seat of Jefferson county, Pa. This is an attractive and progressive town, with a population of 3,000. It is beautifully situated, like Rome, on seven hills and is divided into several parts by three creeks, viz., the North Fork and the Sandylick, which join and form the Redbank. The lover of nature as well as one who seeks the conveniences of a populous and healthful community, finds Brookville the proper site of a wide-awake and prosperous public school. It has, passing directly through it from east to west, the Allegheny Valley railroad, which renders access easy to every part of the state. The seemingly inexhaustible supply of natural gas and coal furnishes cheap fuel. The water supply is very abundant and is of good, pure quality. The most important manufactories of the town are three large planing mills, one large glass plant, two woolen mills, one furniture factory, one large saw-mill which cuts 130 thousand feet of lumber every twenty-four hours, one large wagon factory, one machine shop, two foundrys, four flour mills. The town contains many beautiful residences. The streets are wide and lined with shade trees, which add much to their beauty; three of the main streets are paved with vitrified brick. There are eight churches, the doors of which are open every Sabbath and at various times through the week, offering an opportunity for religious growth. Brookville contains a number of able ministers, attorneys, doctors and many other men of more than ordinary intelligence who take a great interest in the progress of public affairs.

An accident occurred to Harry while riding a bicycle with another boy, which bruised him considerably and he losing part of a tooth; his companion was unconscious for a day but both are all right now.

Well, so far I have enjoyed my trip to this mountainous but beautiful country, very much, but the time has come when I must say good by. I expect to be at home with the dear ones in a few days.

MRS. JENNIE HAGEL.

The Old Veterans.

E. H. Jenkins of this city writes from Washington, D. C., under date of Oct. 10, giving an account of the old soldiers' parade during G. A. R. week:

"On Wednesday was the grand review of the different divisions of the G. A. R. or the big parade, and they tell me that it was the largest and most important of any ever held here except when "Billy" Sherman made the memorable parade of his victorious army in this city at the close of the war of the Rebellion. I think it was important because it was the last one the G. A. R. will ever hold, as very many of the members are against more parades for the reason that it is too much for many of the older members; while many of them are able to walk a mile and a half or more, in order to move such a large body of men the time required to get them together and over the route runs into many hours, and on a warm day is very tiresome to many of the old "vets" who do a good deal of cussing each year they have dress parade.

The route of the parade was from the U. S. capitol to a point just west of the White House, or a little more than a mile and a half. Wire cables had been strung early in the morning and at stated intervals policemen were stationed to keep people from crawling under the ropes—I should say about 75 feet apart—and with the help of the cables they managed to keep the great number back. Shortly after 10 the head of parade started up the avenue headed by a drum corps composed of old soldiers, among them being one old "vet" who was unable to walk and was pushed up the street in a tricycle with a small flag flying on either side, which I thought as good as anything I saw in the whole procession, and he certainly was a good player.

The post of honor was given to the Illinois Division, and they had a large number of uniformed men in line with good bands from many different towns of their great state, especially noticeable among the different posts was two or three from Chicago and one from Springfield.

Next in line came the hosts of men from Pennsylvania, in point of numbers outdoing any other state by far, they having at least fifty bands at the head of different posts, some of the musical organizations having 36 men in brass, and the drum corps heading some posts had as high as 24 pieces, which made the echoes numerous between the high buildings on the avenue. Would like to have had some of the members of Camp No. 124 with us on the avenue to have seen the grand sight and heard many of the best bands of the country play for the old boys to keep time to.

Next to Pennsylvania in numbers and in good appearance came New York, they having the best appearing lot of men and the most good bands; but the western state to make the best showing was Kansas, although Iowa had a goodly number and they seemed to be very enthusiastic. Taken altogether it was fine, taking five and one-half hours to pass a given point, and not a few were obliged to be taken to the hospital during the day. I saw the red cross wagons pass our reviewing stand no less than a dozen times, but as the government had a good many hospitals erected with a number of attendants, I have no doubt they were well taken care of. It is now Friday night about 9 and the bombs at the fire works are being sent up at the rate of at least fifteen per minute, this to close the day's doings.

Death of J. O. Shannon.

Joseph O. Shannon, the subject of this sketch, an old time Columbus resident, and father of O. C. Shannon of this city, died in the hospital at Independence, Iowa, last Thursday, where he had been taken from the soldiers' home in Marshalltown, Iowa, last May. He had suffered for some time from wounds received in the army, but not until last May did they give him serious trouble.

Mr. Shannon was 74 years old. He was born in Kentucky, but grew to manhood in Ohio, later going to Iowa and about 1868 coming to Columbus where he lived for many years. In 1882 he moved to Plattsmouth where his wife still lives with her daughters. In 1895 he went to Iowa, there to make his home with the comrades he had fought with. The following from the Marshalltown, Iowa, Times-Republican, gives an idea of his army life:

"Capt. Shannon was one of the best known members of the Home and had been in the institution since Nov. 16, 1895, coming from Oklahoma. He had an excellent war record, and served practically throughout the entire struggle. He was one of the three months men in 1861 and served through the time of his enlistment, only to return home and recruit Company E, of the Fourteenth Iowa, of which he was made captain. He was wounded at the first day's engagement at Shiloh, on April 6, 1862, and was one of the number of General Prentiss' division captured by the confederates. After being exchanged he was unfit for army service on account of his wound, and later resigned his commission. He recovered before many months and enlisted again, this time in May, 1864, as a private in the Ninth Iowa cavalry. He was discharged on June 12, 1865, with the rank of captain, at Little Rock, Ark.

Captain Shannon is spoken of by men who served under him as one of the most considerate and thoughtful of officers. Many times, when on long marches, and when rations became short his men testify that he spent nearly all his salary for food, which he distributed equally among the members of his company, in order that they might not go hungry."

While in the service he received three serious wounds, was captured and imprisoned nine months in Andersonville prison and five months in other prisons in the south.

Mr. Shannon possessed more than ordinary ability and during his residence in Columbus he was prominent in political affairs, holding the office of county superintendent in 1870-'71. He also held the offices of justice and of constable at different times.

His children were anxious to care for him in later years, but he preferred living in Marshalltown, where a beautiful home is given the soldiers who fought for their country.

The remains were taken to Marshalltown where funeral services were held in the chapel of the Soldiers' home Saturday, and interment made in the Home cemetery, as had been the request of the deceased.

Mr. Shannon leaves his wife, two daughters, Mrs. Virgie McVicker and Mrs. Leesley all of Plattsmouth, and O. C. Shannon of Columbus.

A Card to Voters.

I wish to say to the voters of Platte and Nance counties, that I have known Mr. G. A. Scott, the republican candidate for representative, since 1883. I have always found him one of the coolest-headed, most conscientious men in dealing with matters of importance I have ever met. He is also one of the kindest of men to the poor and unfortunate. On Thanksgiving and Christmas I have known for several years past of his sending presents of turkeys to many poor people, which was sent without expecting any reward. Mr. Scott has given me a good home, has fed and clothed me for over two years, and in that time I have received the utmost care and kindness from himself and family.

Respectfully,
S. P. CURTIS.

Closed on Sundays.

On and after November 2d, our respective places of business (meat markets) will be closed on Sundays, and also evenings at 8 o'clock except Saturdays.

ANTON NELSON,
J. E. HOFFMAN,
M. C. CASSIN,
S. E. MARTY & CO.
2t

PERSONAL MENTION

I. Gluck is in Tarnov today.

Dr. Evans was in Clarks Friday and Saturday.

E. E. Duffy of Bellwood was in town Wednesday.

Samuel Hartley of Lincoln spent Sunday in the city.

Mrs. Starret of Central City is visiting Mrs. C. J. Garlow.

Mrs. Frank Schram of Tarnov was a visitor in town last week.

Mrs. Hubert Burruss visited her sister in Central City last week.

Mrs. Stewart came down Monday from Silver Creek to visit friends.

Richard Jones of Lindsay, was the guest of R. E. Jones over Sunday.

Mrs. Ed. Clark returned Saturday from a visit to Lincoln and Omaha.

Miss Lyda McMahon returned Saturday from a few days' visit in Omaha.

F. H. Young of the Genoa Leader was in town today, Tuesday, on business.

A. R. Miller of Fullerton was in Columbus last week visiting old friends.

George Bender of Cornlea was the guest of Judge Ratterman last Wednesday.

B. C. Stanley of Wichita, Kansas, spent Sunday visiting his daughter, Miss Stanley.

Miss Louise Matthews of Schuyler visited friends here from Friday to Monday.

F. A. Harrison of Omaha, the newspaper correspondent, was in town last Thursday.

Miss Ethel Boyd returned last week from a visit with Mrs. Elsie Jones near St. Edward.

Mrs. Martha Adams of Madison was a guest of her brother, R. Jenkinson, several days ago.

Mrs. John Cassin of Victor Colo., arrived here Sunday on a visit to the Cassin families here.

Mrs. C. W. Warnock of Galesburg, Ill., arrived here Friday on a visit to her friend Mrs. C. S. Rainey.

Miss Beulah Lull of Cedar Rapids visited friends here last week on her way home from Omaha.

F. G. Echols of Hartford, Conn., visited his brother J. C. a few days, leaving for his home Friday.

Mrs. H. Hockenberger and children went to Omaha Thursday, where they are visiting relatives.

Fred Hess of Salt Lake City, visited his uncle Lewis Jones, across the river, a few days last week.

Mrs. John M. Walker of Humphrey came down Thursday to visit her son F. T. Walker and family.

Joseph Ryan started Wednesday for Phoenix, Arizona, where he goes in the hope of regaining his health.

Mrs. W. H. Winterbotham and daughter, Miss Maud, returned home to David City Monday after a visit here to relatives.

E. W. North came up from Omaha Saturday evening and visited relatives a short time, returning Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. C. B. Speice and Mrs. Max Elias returned Friday from Kansas City where they attended the Carnival and visited relatives.

Hagel's New Bowling Alley.

One week's bowling at Hagel's alleys shows that the lovers of that sport are as good as any in the state. Following are the 200 class and better:

Wm. McEver 216, 231; W. J. Fauble 217, 202, 212; Charles Segelke 204, 213, 201, 220, 202, 207; Harry Lawrence 201; Ed. Kavanaugh 213, 202, 207; Willie Baker 201, 224, 205, 203, 215, 245; Jasper Nichols 212, 204, 245, 212; Gus Becher, jr., 221; Fred Schultz 211, 246; Dr. C. H. Geitzen 212; D. A. Hopkins, Chicago, 200, 211, 216; E. E. Mocket, Lincoln, 201, 212, 215; H. Chain, Lincoln, 206, 223; W. J. Gregorius 201, 202; Louis Schreiber 212; Dr. D. T. Martyn, jr., 207; Dr. R. Cornelius 214; M. H. Rathburn 222, 226; Henry Gette 212, 227; H. J. Kersenbrock 204; J. H. Oxnam 219, 214, 221; Harry Graves 217, 212, 205, 200, 229, 212, 206, 201, 212, 204, 249; George Hagel 200, 218, 205, 221, 201.

LADIES' HIGH SCORE ON TEN PINS.

Mrs. G. B. Speice 181, 195, 226; Clara Schroeder 181, 197; Lettie Speice 185.

LACES!

Embroideries—all summer goods at HALF PRICE to make room for our immense fall stock. Go to E. D. Fitzpatrick's, the White Front, FOR BARGAINS.

Strayed.

Bird dog, weight about 70 pounds, steel gray color, part of tail gone, hair on head curly. Liberal reward for return of same will be given by James Fauble.

NOTICE TO REDEEM.

To E. C. Everson or whom it may concern:

You are hereby notified that the following described real estate, to wit: Lots one (1) and two (2) in block one hundred and forty-one (141) in the city of Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, were purchased at the office of the county treasurer of Platte county, Nebraska, at private tax sale, March 14th, 1901, by William H. Clark, for delinquent taxes for the years 1890 to 1901 inclusive, and said William H. Clark is the present owner and holder of said certificate. The said lots were taxed in the name of E. C. Everson and the time for redemption of said certificate will expire on the 15th day of March, 1903.

22oct3t WILLIAM H. CLARK.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

: : OFFICE OF : :

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

No. 2807.

WASHINGTON, October 6th, 1902.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned it has been made to appear that "The First National Bank of Columbus," in the city of Columbus, in the county of Platte, and state of Nebraska, has complied with all the provisions of the "act of Congress to enable National Banking Associations to extend their corporate existence and for other purposes," approved July 12th, 1882.

Now therefore I, William B. Ridgely, comptroller of the currency, do hereby certify that "The First National Bank of Columbus," in the city of Columbus, in the county of Platte, and state of Nebraska, is authorized to have succession for the period specified in its amended articles of association, namely until close of business on October sixth, 1922.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this sixth day of October, 1902.

[SEAL] No. 1972. WM. B. RIDGELY, Comptroller of the Currency.

15oct6t

NORTH OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT ONLY,
Saturday, October 25,
THE COMEDIAN
SAM. J. BURTON
AND THE CHARMING COMEDIENNE
MISS LILLIE COLEMAN,
—IN THE NEW—
SI PERKINS
A SUPERB SCENIC PRODUCTION.

A Hip! Hurrah! Hilarious Sensational Comedy Drama. A roaring, rousing rally of fun, laughter and yells.

THE NOTED SI PERKINS SOLO ORCHESTRA of twelve skilled musicians, is the strongest ever presented to the public by a traveling company. One of the most necessary features for a first-class performance is the best of music rendered in an artistic manner—especially is this so with SI PERKINS, running over with songs, dances, catchy music, where a good orchestra is absolutely necessary.

See the Street Parade at Noon by the famous
Pughtown Farmer Band

Free concert in front of the opera house at 7 o'clock p. m.

Prices, 25, 35 and 50cts

District 44 and Vicinity.

The school board meets at the school house on Saturday evening, Nov. 1, 7:30 p. m.

Mike Sheedy and Joe Drinnin are each building a cattle shed for the better protection of their stock.

Winter wheat seeding has not finished yet, and many are yet preparing the soil which will be seeded as soon as possible. The soil is moist and weather warm which insures germination as soon as planted.

Miss Edith Hessing, who has made her home in Chicago for the past six years, arrived in Columbus on the early train last Friday morning and is now at home with her mother six miles northeast of city.

Wm. Schreiber of Bismark has sold his farm and bought a half section in this district, consisting of the n ½ of section 3, range 17n 1e, and upon which he will move the first of March next. Glad to welcome such men in our community. John L. Schreiber also bought of his brother Aug. Schreiber the nw ¼ of nw ¼ of section 11-17-n 1e, all in sight of school house 44.

There is a place in the public highway between sections 9 and 10, range 17n, 1e and about 80 rods in length which is getting to be dreaded by the traveling public from hereabouts. We allude to the part traversed by the waters of the lowland canal. Whenever there is a general shower, the canal brings large volumes of water down the ditch and overflows at the above point, which makes it almost impossible to haul a loaded wagon through the mud and water caused by said overflow, and we do hope the proper authorities will investigate and find a remedy that will relieve the traveling public.

SHABBY CLOTHES

Eat up a man's confidence. The poorly dressed man is afraid to push ahead—it brings his clothes into prominence, and this makes him uncomfortable. He usually gets ready-to-wear clothing. Sometimes it fits him and sometimes it doesn't. It gets worn and shabby, and still he is compelled to wear it. For about the price of ready-made clothes we could have made him an elegant suit, perfect fit, style and finish. A full line of fall goods.

LINSTRUM,
The Tailor.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

ST. VITUS DANCE Sure Cure. Circular. Dr. Fenner's Specific. Fredonia, N.Y.

Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free. W. H. McGEGIN, Olive Branch, O.

"Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure is the cause of my being alive to-day. I had suffered terribly of kidney disease for years and reduced in weight to 135 pounds. I now weigh 165 pounds."

For Sale by C. HENSCHING.

W. A. McALLISTER. W. M. CORNELIUS

McALLISTER & CORNELIUS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBUS, - - NEBRASKA
31jan tf

HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

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MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

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COLUMBUS MARKETS.

Wheat, spring	55
Corn, shelled—per bushel	42@
Oats, new per bushel	24
Barley—per bushel	30
Rye—per bushel	35
Hogs—per cwt	6 00@ 6 40
Fat steers—per cwt	2 50@ 4 00
Fat cows—per cwt	2 25@ 3 00
Stock steers—per cwt	3 00@ 4 00
Potatoes—per bushel	20@
Butter—per lb	15@18
Eggs—per dozen	17@

Markets corrected every Tuesday afternoon.

Miss H. VanCamp Mierley
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NOTICE OF REFEREE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the district court of Platte county, Nebraska, duly made and entered of record on the 29th day of July, 1902, in a certain suit therein pending wherein Helen Barnhart is plaintiff and Will B. Lieco, Joseph W. Lieco, Mary G. Lieco, Lona Hager, Lorna E. Barnum, William M. Barnum, Emma Barnum, Maria C. Barnum, Guy C. Barnum, Frances L. Doddridge, Isaac Greenfelder, William A. McAllister, William M. Cornelius, Gus R. Speice as administrator of the estate of George E. Barnum, deceased, The Columbus State Bank, a corporation, and others are defendants, the undersigned referee in partition will, on Saturday, November 1st, 1902, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., at the front door of the court house, in the city of Columbus, in said Platte county, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, the following described real property to-wit:

The southeast quarter of section thirty-five (35), township seventeen (17), range two (2), west of the 6th Principal Meridian.

Lots eight (8) and nine (9), in section thirty (30), township seventeen (17), range one (1), east of the 6th Principal Meridian.

Lots one (1), two (2), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12) in section thirty-one (31), township seventeen (17), range one (1), east of the 6th Principal Meridian.

Lot fourteen (14) in section thirty-two (32), township seventeen (17), range one (1) east of the 6th Principal Meridian.

Lots five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9) in section twenty-five (25), township seventeen (17), range one (1) west of the 6th Principal Meridian.

The west half of the northeast quarter, the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter, and the northwest quarter of section thirty-six (36), township seventeen (17), range one (1) west of the 6th Principal Meridian.

The northeast quarter of the northeast quarter, lot one (1) in the southeast quarter, lot two (2) in the southwest quarter, and lot three (3) in the southwest quarter of section thirty-six (36), township seventeen (17), range one (1) west of the 6th Principal Meridian, all situated in the county of Platte and State of Nebraska.

Also the south half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-eight (28), and the north half of the northeast quarter of section thirty-three (33), all in township twenty-four (24), range three (3) west of the 6th Principal Meridian in the county of Madison and State of Nebraska.

Dated, Columbus, Nebraska, September 12th, 1902.

JAMES K. NORTH,
HANSON S. ELLIOTT,
CHRISTIAN M. GRUENTHER,
Referees.

1oct4t

NOTICE.

In the District Court of Nebraska, in and for Platte county:

William Ernst, Plaintiff, vs. John Micek, et al Defendants | Notice to Non-Resident Defendants.

Josephine Kurdan, Michael Kudran Sophia Micek, John Micek, Joseph Micek, Anna Micek, Mary Micek, Peter Stupfel and John Stupfel, defendants, will take notice that on the 27th day of September, 1902, the undersigned plaintiff filed his petition in the District Court of Platte county, Nebraska, against said defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendant, John Stupfel and Paulina Stupfel, now deceased, to the plaintiff upon Lots 1 (one) and 2 (two) in Block two hundred and five (205), in the city of Columbus, Nebraska, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated April 19, 1901, for the sum of $100.00, due and payable one year from the date thereof, upon which there is now due the sum of $100.00, for which sum, with interest from April 19, 1901, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, plaintiff prays for a decree requiring defendants to pay the same, or in default thereof, said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 10th day of November, 1902.

WILLIAM ERNST, Plaintiff.
1 oct4 By A. M. Post, his Attorney.

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The following proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is submitted to the electors of the State of Nebraska, to be voted upon at the general election to be held Tuesday, November 4, A. D. 1902.

A Joint Resolution proposing to amend section one of Article fifteen, of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, relative to the manner of submitting and adopting amendments to the Constitution of the state of Nebraska.

Be it Resolved and Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska:

SECTION 1. That section one of Article fifteen of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Either branch of the legislature may propose amendments to this Constitution, and if the same be agreed to by three-fifths of the members elected to each house, such proposed amendments shall be entered on the Journals, with the yeas and nays, and published at least once each week in at least one newspaper in each county where a newspaper is published, for thirty days immediately preceding the next election of senators and representatives, at which election the same shall be submitted to the electors for approval or rejection, and if a majority of the electors voting at such election on such proposed amendment, shall vote to adopt such amendment, the same shall become a part of this Constitution. When more than one amendment is submitted at the same election, they shall be so submitted as to enable the electors to vote on each amendment separately.

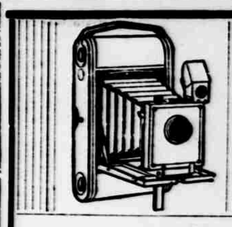
All ballots used at such election on such amendment or amendments shall have written or printed thereon the following: For proposed amendment to the Constitution relating to (here insert the subject of the amendment) and, against proposed amendment to the Constitution relating to (here insert the subject of the amendment) and the vote of each elector voting on such amendment or amendments shall be designated by the elector by making a cross with a pen or pencil in a circle or square to be placed at the right of the lines the words "For or Against" the proposed amendments, as he shall desire to vote thereon, or by indicating his preference on a voting machine when such machine is in use.

I, Geo. W. Marsh, secretary of state of the state of Nebraska, do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska is a true and correct copy of the original enrolled and engrossed bill, as passed by the Twenty-seventh session of the legislature of the State of Nebraska, as appears from said original bill on file in this office, and that said proposed amendment is submitted to the qualified voters of the state of Nebraska for their adoption or rejection at the general election to be held on Tuesday the 4th day of November, A. D. 1902.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska.

Done at Lincoln this 23d day of July, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two, of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Twenty-seventh, and of this state the Thirty-sixth.

[SEAL.] GEO. W. MARSH, Secretary of State.



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25 oct tf

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