

# The Columbus Journal.

VOLUME XXXIII.—NUMBER 6.

COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1920.

WHOLE NUMBER 1,670.

## CITY IS IN RUINS

ST. PIERRE AND 40,000 INHABITANTS DESTROYED.

## TWENTY RESIDENTS SURVIVE

Appalling Disaster Said to Be Without a Parallel Except Pompeii—Eighteen Vessels Devoured by Flames and All on Board Perish.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., May 10.—It is now estimated that 40,000 persons perished as a result of the volcanic eruption in the island of Martinique.

SAN JUAN, P. R., May 10.—The cable officials here have received advices from the island of Dominica that a schooner which has arrived there from the island of Martinique reports that over 40,000 people are supposed to have perished during the volcanic disturbance in Martinique. The cable repair steamer Grappler, belonging to the West Indian and Panama Telegraph company of London, was lost with all hands during the eruption of Mount Pelee at St. Pierre, Martinique. Grappler was one of the first ships to disappear.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—A cablegram has been received at the state department as follows:

"POINT-A-PETRE, May 9.—To Secretary of State, Washington: At 10 o'clock a. m., on the 8th inst., a storm of steam, mud and fire enveloped the city and community. Not more than twenty persons escaped with their lives. Eighteen vessels were burned and sunk with all on board, including four American vessels and a steamer from Quebec named Roraima. The United States consul and family are reported among the victims. A war vessel has come to Guadeloupe for provisions and will leave at 5 tomorrow.

AYME, Consul.—The consul at Martinique is Thomas T. Prentice. He was born in Michigan and was appointed from Massachusetts as consul at Seychelles Island in 1871 and later served as consul at Port Louis, Mauritius, Rouen, France, and Batavia. He was appointed consul at Martinique in 1900.

The vice consul at Martinique is Amare Testart, who was appointed from Louisiana in 1898.

The latest available figures show the total population of the island of Martinique is 185,000 people, of whom 25,000 lived in St. Pierre.

PARIS, May 10.—The commander of the French cruiser Suetet recently telegraphed to the minister of marine from Fort de France, Island of Martinique, under date of Thursday, May 8, at 10 p. m., as follows: "Have just returned from St. Pierre, which has been completely destroyed by an immense mass of fire, which fell on the town at about 8 in the morning. The entire population, about 25,000 souls, is supposed to have perished. I have brought back the few survivors, about thirty. All the shipping of the harbor has been destroyed by fire. The eruption continues."

It is feared that M. L. Moutell, the governor of Martinique, has perished. He telegraphed May 7 that he was proceeding to St. Pierre. Senator Knight is also supposed to have been at St. Pierre.

## BILL FOR STATES PASSES.

Measures Admitting Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico Successful.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The opposition in the house to the bill for the admission of Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico collapsed at the last minute yesterday and the bill was passed without division as it came from the committee, except for a few verbal amendments. The real test came on an amendment offered by Mr. Overstreet of Indiana to join New Mexico and Arizona and admit them as the state of Montezuma. It was beaten, 28 to 106, and all opposition then ceased.

Rebels Bombard a Town.

HONG KONG, May 10.—Advices received from Wu-chow say the rebels bombarded Nan-Ning-Fu for three hours, April 27, using modern field guns. From 300 to 400 of the inhabitants were killed.

James H. McMillan Dead.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., May 10.—James H. McMillan of Detroit, son of United States Senator James McMillan of Michigan, died in this city tonight of consumption.

Discuss Rathbone Case.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—At the cabinet meeting yesterday the appeal which is being made by Senator Hanna in behalf of a new trial for Estes G. Rathbone was discussed.

Wilhelmina Improving.

THE HAGUE, May 10.—Queen Wilhelmina had a quiet night, with no rise in temperature. She is taking sufficient nourishment, and her condition is satisfactory.

Becker Put in Appearance.

DENVER, May 10.—Abe Becker, the live stock commission man who was reported to have departed suddenly for Mexico, walked into the Brown hotel and spent half an hour meeting acquaintances. He was in seclusion for several days past at the home of a friend on Capitol Hill. Becker says the stories as to his extravagance have been exaggerated, but no statement is being made concerning the company's business.

## SARPY MAY LOSE HATCHERY.

Fish Commission Objects to Being Tied Down to One Location.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Commissioner Bowers of the department of fisheries, in explaining why the bill for the establishment of the fish hatchery and fish culture station in Sarpy county had been changed so as to include the state of Nebraska, instead of locating the station near South Bend, as Representative Mercer's bill indicated, said congress had not heretofore limited the department of fish and fisheries in the selection of a site. He stated that the establishment of a fish culture station in Nebraska was most desirable, but to be compelled to locate it at some point named by a bill would be detrimental to the interests of the department and he had therefore recommended that the bill be made general in character, so as to provide that a site should be selected by the fish commissioner without limitation in the state of Nebraska.

It was stated today that the committee on merchant marine and fisheries of the house, which General Grovernor is chairman, would bring in an omnibus appropriation bill providing for all fish cultural stations that have been recommended by the committee and it is thought the bill to locate a station in Nebraska will be included in that measure.

## W. B. PRICE IS NAMED.

Succeeded J. Sterling Morton on the Purchase Commission.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 12.—Governor Savage has appointed W. B. Price of Lincoln to succeed J. Sterling Morton on the Louisiana Purchase commission. Mr. Price was deputy insurance commissioner during the latter part of State Auditor Cornell's administration. He is a populist. The commission is non-partisan in character, all political parties being represented.

As the St. Louis exposition has been postponed until 1904 the incoming governor and the next legislature may provide for another commission. If this is done the present commission will have nothing to do. The gentlemen now serving have held several meetings, but have done little toward representing Nebraska at the fair.

## May Be Nebraska Horse Thief.

WHEATLAND, Wyo., May 12.—The authorities believe that in the arrest of O. J. Young they have secured a notorious horse thief. It is alleged that last March Young stole fourteen head of horses from F. M. Troy, a prominent ranchman of F. M. Troy, Neb. The horses were driven to Sidney and there sold and shipped to various points. Young's father lives near Gering, Neb.

## Nebraska Homeopaths.

OMAHA, Neb., May 12.—At the regular annual meeting of the Nebraska Homeopaths in this city the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Dr. E. B. Finney, Lincoln; Dr. F. E. Way of Wahoo, first vice president; Dr. H. R. Miner of Falls City, second vice president; Dr. E. Arthur Carr of Lincoln, secretary, and Dr. O. S. Wood of Omaha, treasurer.

## Nebraska at Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Senator Millard has introduced bills appropriating \$40,000 for the purchase of sites for public buildings at Columbus and West Point, Neb.

Representative Mercer has introduced a bill aiming to repeal the law approved July 23, 1888, providing for the sale of the site at Fort Omaha, and the purchase of a new site and construction of buildings.

## Big Pension for Nebraskan.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Congressman Stark has the honor of having secured one of the largest back pensions ever granted to residents in Nebraska. Hiram J. Kietland of Arboville, York county, has just had a pension allowed, dating back to March, 1865, and which gives him upward of \$2,700.

## Coal Near Fremont.

FREMONT, Neb., May 12.—A second prospect hole has been sunk on the Remele farm to a depth of 218 feet. The same coal vein was struck as in the first hole and at about the same depth.

The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for the condition of national banks at the close of business Wednesday, April 30, 1920.

## Under Christian Science Treatment.

OMAHA, Neb., May 12.—Donald, the 15-year-old son of Judge J. W. Eller, died at his father's house under Christian Science treatment, which was being administered by C. W. Chadwick, first reader of the church in this city, assisted by Judge Eller himself. No physician had been called on the case and the boy died in intense agony, after a struggle of hours, without having had medical assistance.

## For Roads and Bridges.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The Indian appropriation bill, which has been adopted by both houses and sent to the president, contains an appropriation of \$10,000 for building roads and bridges on the Winnebago and Omaha reservations in Thurston county, but provides that the expenditure shall come from the reservation funds on deposit in the treasury. Senator Millard could not obtain the appropriation in any other way.

## BOTH LYING DEAD

NOVELIST FORD IS KILLED BY HIS BROTHER.

## BROTHER THEN KILLS HIMSELF

Tragedy Occurs in the Author's Library and is Attributed to Mental Aberration of Malcolm W. Ford—Trouble About Father's Will.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Paul Leicester Ford, the novelist, was shot and killed yesterday by his brother, Malcolm Webster Ford, writer and athlete, who immediately sent a bullet into his own breast, dying instantly.

The shooting occurred at 10 20 a. m., in the handsome new mansion which Paul Leicester Ford had built at 37 East Seventy-seventh street, and had occupied for about a year.

At the time of the shooting there were in the house besides the two brothers, Mrs. Paul Leicester Ford, Elizabeth R. Hall, the novelist's secretary, and the servants. The novelist was sitting at his desk in a corner of his library. It is supposed he was busily engaged in some literary task. Miss Hall was at her desk, in another corner of the room, about thirty feet from Mr. Ford. Mrs. Paul Leicester Ford was in her own room at the front of the house on the third floor.

Malcolm Ford called as he had often done and went to his brother at his desk. Words were exchanged in a tone so low that Miss Hall could not hear what was said. Suddenly there was a revolver shot, and Miss Hall, jumping up, darted from the room. Then, according to the statement of the police, Miss Hall said to herself that she must not move bravely and called her brother.

Meanwhile Malcolm Ford had called her. As she turned toward him he placed his revolver to his heart, fired and fell, dying instantly.

When Miss Hall turned to look at Paul he was still standing at his desk, but rapidly losing strength. She helped him to a sofa and then ran to the next door for Paul Ford's physician, Dr. Emanuel Baruch. In less than five minutes Dr. Baruch arrived and the dying man, still conscious, was carried up to a room beside his wife's and placed on his bed. He spoke to his wife and asked the doctor for his opinion, showing that he expected death and was going to meet it calmly and bravely. A few moments later, about twenty minutes after he was shot, Mr. Ford died.

The bullet which killed Paul Ford just grazed the top of his heart and passed through a large artery ascending from it. The bullet which killed Malcolm Ford was fired with the same accuracy of aim, for it made a wound scarcely an inch lower than the one which killed his brother. In fact, the wounds were almost identical.

Just what disposition of Malcolm Ford's body was made immediately after the shooting could not be ascertained, but it appears from the statement of certain persons acquainted with the details of the tragedy that the body lay where it fell on a rug in the library for some time, possibly several hours, so great was the excitement in the house. In fact the murder and suicide was not known to the coroner until 2:25 p. m., and not to the police until 4:25 p. m. Much of the time was occupied in trying to telephone to the father of Mrs. Paul Leicester Ford, Edward K. Kidded of Brooklyn, who was the first person to arrive after the physician.

## To Get Clara Taylor Home.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The machinery of the law has been set in motion to secure the return to the United States for trial of Clara Taylor, the Cincinnati woman who is charged with kidnapping her niece, Margaret Taylor, and is now a fugitive in Italy. Instructions have been sent to the American ambassador at Rome to secure the preliminary detention of the woman, pending the arrival of extradition papers, and from that point on the proceedings will be purely routine.

## Iowa Will Bank in Minnesota.

IOWA FALLS, Ia., May 9.—The well known real estate firm of Ellsworth & Jones of this city will engage in the banking business in Crookston, Minn., and the latter part of this month will open a private bank in that city, making the fourth banking institution in that place.

## Carnegie Scholarships Awarded.

LONDON, May 9.—At this morning's session of the Iron and steel institute it was announced that the Andrew Carnegie scholarships to carry on researches in metallurgy for this year had been awarded to a Mr. Campbell of New York; to three Englishmen; to a Parisian; and to a resident of Berlin. Three scholarships were awarded in 1919, but Mr. Carnegie was so gratified with the results that he doubled his donation.

## Anti-Beef Eating League.

LYNN, Mass., May 8.—An anti-beef eating league is being organized among the 5,000 employes of the General Electric company here. Between 1,500 and 1,700 names have been secured, representing 3,500 consumers.

## President to Choose the Route.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Senator Hear today introduced a new Isthmian canal bill, leaving to the president the selection of a route.

## COPELAND CASE GOES TO JURY.

Specialists Testify to the Belief that Accused Was Insane.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., May 9.—The case of Ned Hartley Copeland, formerly of Omaha, who killed A. C. Rogers of St. Joseph on a train near Wamsutter last summer, was given to the jury late tonight after lengthy arguments by the prosecution and defense. Early in the trial the defense admitted everything set up by the prosecution and the case practically developed upon the question of the sanity of the accused. Eminent physicians from Denver, Rawlins, Rock Springs and the superintendent of the state insane asylum testified that they believed Copeland was insane at the time the deed was committed. Dr. McGehee of Rawlins, who was on the train with Copeland when the shooting occurred, said he thought Copeland was drunk. This evidence seemed to have little weight with the jury and the belief is general that Copeland will be found insane and committed to the state asylum.

## MESSAGE FROM POPE LEO.

Expressions of Sorrow from Vatican on Corrigan's Death.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The Rev. Dr. Ferranti, Italian secretary to Archbishop Corrigan, tonight made public a cablegram which was received at the archiepiscopal residence from Cardinal Rampolla, pontifical secretary of state at Rome, expressing the sorrow of Pope Leo at the demise of Mr. Corrigan. The cablegram was addressed to the Rev. Dr. Ferranti and is as follows: "The holy father with great sorrow learns of the death of the grand archbishop, whom he hoped to see in Rome very soon. His holiness, who appreciates very highly the special merits of the dead prelate, expressed his sympathy from the depth of his heart for the metropolitan church of New York, and he prays God to give to the soul of the great archbishop the repose of the just and the premium of eternal glory. (Signed.) 'RAMPOLLA, Pontifical Secretary of State.'"

## GRAVE TROUBLE IN HAYTI.

Revolution in that Island is Now Said to be in Progress.

SAN DOMINGO, Santo Domingo, May 9.—The United States minister, William F. Powell, owing to the situation of affairs here, has suspended all intercourse with the revolutionary government and is preparing to leave San Domingo for Hayti, to which country he is also accredited. His departure is due to the grave differences existing in Hayti, where a revolution is said to be in progress. The change of government here has put a stop to the steps taken by Mr. Powell to arrange a settlement of the claims of the Dominican Improvement company of New York against Santo Domingo. These claims were being favorably considered by the government, which has just been overthrown, and were in a fair condition for settlement. The Dominican congress has been dissolved and a provisional government has been formed.

## Gone for Twenty-Five Years.

NEW ULM, Minn., May 9.—Mrs. Odie Ella Wood returned here today after having been adjudged dead and her estate administered more than a year ago. Mrs. Wood and her husband left New Ulm for California twenty-five years ago and have since resided there. Her relatives gave her up for dead and when, in August, 1899, her father, Thomas E. Chute, was killed, his estate was divided between three of his children known to her living and Mrs. Wood's share also went to them. Mrs. Wood, it is said, has fully established her identity and the judgment of the court probably will be set aside and her claim allowed.

## Senator Money's Worry Ends.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 8.—The cases of alleged assault against Senator Money of Mississippi, Orpha H. Shaner, a street car conductor, and Joseph E. Hooper, a truck foreman in the fire department, all growing out of a street car altercation about ten days ago, were nolle prossed and formally abandoned in the police court yesterday. The only issue which the court permitted to be argued was as to the right of the assistant district attorney to nolle pros. a case without the consent of the court, which Judge Kimball finally sustained.

## Tramp Killed in a Wreck.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 9.—A wreck occurred on the Chicago & Northwestern at Ames at 1 o'clock yesterday. A tramp was killed and Mall Clerk Griffin of Des Moines was seriously injured. Mail Clerk Graves of Chicago was buried under mail sacks and badly bruised and Mail Clerk Alexander Turk of Chicago had his arm and hand injured. Train No. 10 was just approaching the town limits when the accident occurred.

## Will Rest at Arlington.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—According to present arrangement funeral ceremonies over the remains of the late Rear Admiral Sampson will take place Friday morning at the Church of the Covenant. The remains will then be taken to Arlington for interment, accompanied by a military and naval escort. The naval regulations prescribe that the pall bearers for the funeral of an officer shall be as near the rank of the deceased as possible.

## PHILIPPINES BILL

DISCUSSION IN SENATE TAKES SENSATIONAL TURN.

## TILLMAN DEFENDS SLAVERY

He Reverts to Civil War Issues in an Excited Debate—McComas Joins in Defense of the National Administration.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Discussion of the Philippine bill in the senate took a sensational turn yesterday. Mr. McComas of Maryland, referring to the alleged cruelties of American soldiers in the Philippines, which he deeply deplored, told of some of the cruelties which had occurred on both sides during the civil war. Neither side, he said, was to be held responsible for those regrettable occurrences, as neither side approved them. In this connection he suggested that senators from South Carolina and Mississippi, "where there is less popular liberty than in any other states, were shouting the loudest for constitutional liberty in the Philippines."

This drew a sensational reply from Mr. Tillman, who declared that it was no longer possible to sneer away the responsibilities for the infamies committed by the Americans in the Philippines. He said that if it had been in the south that if the reins of government were to be given to the negroes the civil war would have been prolonged indefinitely. He insisted that in order to maintain their self-respect the white people of the south had been obliged to subdue the negro by whatever means, using the shot gun as one of the means.

He frankly described how the negroes had been defeated at the polls, admitting that the whites had gotten just such majorities as were necessary. "When we get ready to put a nigger's face in the sand," he shouted, "we put his body there, too." He declared the people of the south never would submit to negro domination and he hoped republican senators would turn from their "game of deviltry in the Philippines and assist the south to rid itself of threat of negro domination."

While Mr. Tillman was speaking many of the democratic senators left the chamber, his audience on the floor being largely on the republican side.

Mr. Burton of Kansas vigorously arraigned Mr. Tillman for his utterances. He asserted that the senator who could defend slavery and government by the shotgun could not be expected to carry good government to the Philippines. He was astonished that a senator should in one breath make an appeal for unsullied government in the Philippines, and in the next boast of crimes almost unparalleled in history.

Mr. Burton followed with a warm defense of the government's policy in the Philippines and became involved in a heated colloquy with Mr. Rawlins of Utah, because he had denounced some of Mr. Rawlins' statements as false. He paid a brilliant tribute to General as one of the great heroes of the army.

After declaring that the war with Spain had been forced upon the United States by the democrats and that the Philippines had come to this country through the war, Mr. McComas asserted that in the debates on the Philippine question the democrats ignored all history and ignored the treaty which they helped to ratify. He said they proposed to undo the glorious work of the last four years, to denounce our treaty, to disgrace the army and navy, to throw away the sovereignty over the islands, to defy the verdict of the people, to reverse the supreme court and to scuttle all the flouts and jeers of all the nations of the world.

## Colonel Sharpe to Manila.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Colonel Henry Sharpe, assistant commissary general, has been relieved from duty in this city and ordered to Manila, where he will be come chief commissary of that division, relieving Colonel Charles A. Woodruff.

## Senator Valdez Banished.

MANILA, May 8.—Senator Valdez, editor of *Misa*, as a result of the second libel suit brought against him by Nieto Legario, the Filipino member of the United States commission, has been sentenced to six months' banishment.

## Funeral of Potter Palmer.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Hundreds of Chicagoans of high and low degree attended the funeral of Potter Palmer here yesterday. Services were held at the palatial Palmer residence on Lake Shore drive, when many of the friends of the dead millionaire and Chicago pioneer viewed the remains at the house. Rev. James S. Stone, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, conducted the services. The burial was at Graceland cemetery.

## Surrender of San Domingo.

MONTE CRISTI, Santo Domingo, May 7.—Further confirmation was received here today of the surrender of San Domingo, capital of Santo Domingo, Friday last to the revolutionary forces commanded by Vice President Vasquez. The provisional government established there will retain power until new elections have been held. Peace is completely re-established in the southern part of Santo Domingo. Jimenez is a refugee.

## NEBRASKA HAS CANDIDATES.

Circuit Judge Caldwell is About to Return.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—There is a well defined rumor current in Washington that Judge Henry Clay Caldwell of the Eighth United States circuit, is shortly to retire from the bench, in which event there will be a most interesting contest for the vacancy thus created on the part of men well known in the west. Already Judge Sml. B. McPherson of Iowa has announced himself as a candidate for the position and it is understood that Judge William Cather Hook, United States judge for the district of Kansas, will be a candidate, while Nebraska will in all probability present two aspirants for this very distinguished position, Geneo M. Lamberton of Lincoln and Charles J. Greene of Omaha. It is stated that Mr. Greene, should he desire to be a candidate, as now seems possible, will bring to bear upon the appointing power the very strongest recommendations possible. Judge Caldwell was appointed in 1864 United States judge for the eastern district of Arkansas by President Lincoln and in 1890 was appointed by President Harrison judge of the Eighth United States circuit. Judge Caldwell went out from Iowa to the west and became major, lieutenant colonel and colonel, and entered Little Rock, Arkansas' capital, booted and spurred to take his position upon the district bench. He is now 70 years of age and believes that he has reached the retiring period.

## WAS GENERAL AND COPIOUS.

Nebraska's Rainfall the Heaviest of the Season.

The recent rainfall in Nebraska was the heaviest of the season. It is regarded as the salvation of the winter wheat, which this year is the most extensive in acreage in the history of the state. Nearly every station reported rain and nearly every one reported at least one inch, but at Curtis the gauge showed two and one-half. Only three stations reported less than half an inch of rain. The record in inches is as follows: Arapahoe, 1.00; Ashland, 1.18; Aurora, 1.50; Benkelman, .50; Bluehill, .74; Burchard, .86; Burwell, .50; Central City, 1.56; Chester, .60; Columbus, .64; Curtis, 2.50; Edgar, 1.10; Ericson, .60; Fairmont, 1.44; Grand Island, 1.32; Greeley, 1.00; Hastings, 1.58; Hickman, 1.10; Holdrege, 1.50; Imperial, .10; Kearney, 1.22; Lincoln, .92; Loup City, .74; McCook, 1.20; Nebraska City, \$1.14; North Platte, .40; Omaha, .94; Palmer, .94; Plattsmouth, 1.00; Ravenna, 1.16; Rulo, 1.04; Salem, 1.00; Schuyler, .70; Seward, .90; Strang, .98; Superior, .52; Syracuse, .80; Tecumseh, .78; Valentine, .44; Wilber, 1.10; Wilsonville, .44; Wymore, .50.

## Fire at St. Edward.

ST. EDWARD, Neb., May 10.—The most destructive fire that ever visited St. Edward occurred, resulting in the loss of five business houses and two unoccupied store buildings. The fire started in the restaurant and dwelling of Harry Richmond, who lost all of his household effects and stock of goods. In all seven buildings were burned. The total loss will reach \$15,000.

## Lively Reception to Burglar.

GRESHAM, Neb., May 10.—Burglars were given a warm reception at Hyllton & Clem's store. Fred Van Gorden, who sleeps in the store, heard a noise and discovered the visitor helping himself to a pair of new shoes, and opened fire on him at short range, but his aim was poor and the thief escaped, leaving his hat and hose behind.

## Coal Prospecting Progressing.

FREMONT, Neb., May 10.—The second prospect hole for coal on the Remele farm at Jamestown is now down over 218 feet. The same vein which was struck in the first hole was struck in this one at a depth of 218 feet.

## Bright Prospects in Chase County.

IMPERIAL, Neb., May 10.—Chase county has been blessed with a most copious rain. Small grain is looking fine and the farmers are busy putting in corn. The indications are that the crop outlook will be unusually large in this county this year.

## Cut Worms Injuring Wheat.

TAYLOR, Neb., May 10.—Prospects for spring wheat in Loup county are quite flattering, but it is said that cut worms are doing considerable damage to fall wheat and rye.

## Ex-Convict Held for Robbery.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., May 10.—Chief of Police D. W. McCallum arrested John Armstrong, a former resident of this city, who returned but a short time ago after a protracted absence. The arrest was made upon the request of the authorities at Des Moines, who allege that Armstrong robbed the home of his brother at Churchville, a suburb of Des Moines. He has confessed to the crime and will be extradited.

## Dragged by Horse and Injured.

KEARNEY, Neb., May 10.—C. F. Schroeder, a bachelor who lives on an island near the Black celery farm, met with a serious accident while leading a horse. The animal became frightened and dragged him some distance, his foot being entangled in the halter. His left leg was broken and he sustained internal injuries. It was an hour before his cries for help were heard and six hours before medical assistance was procured.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A great many settlers are pouring into South Dakota.

Very heavy rains have recently occurred in Oklahoma.

Fire at Davenport, Ia., destroyed \$250,000 worth of property. Announcement was made at New York that Mrs. Marie H. Tiffany had been granted an absolute divorce from Perry Tiffany.

Eight or ten thousand women are in Los Angeles attending the biennial convention of the General federation of Women's clubs.

President J. W. Springer of the National Live Stock association has sent a telegram to President Roosevelt asking him to veto the oleomargarine bill.

The Bolivian minister at Washington, Senor Don Fernando E. Guzman, has been granted by his government permission to proceed to Europe.

Ex-Governor Morrill's apple orchard in Kansas now contains over 64,000 trees, and is said to be the largest single apple orchard in the world.

Postmaster H. W. Harris of Lytton Springs, twenty-five miles south of Austin, Texas, was shot and killed by Joe Halden, and of that place. Halden was arrested.

Admiral Dewey, Rear Admirals Coghlan and Entwistle and others celebrated the fourth anniversary of the battle of Manila bay at a banquet. It is reported that the royal family of Greece has been safely landed at Chalkis, Euboa island, thirty-five miles from Athens. The royal yacht Amphitrite has not yet been floated.

A cablegram received at the state department from Minister Conger states that there are serious disturbances in the southern portion of the province of Chi Li.

The Associated Press understands that J. Pierpont Morgan gets \$2,500,000 in stock of the shipping combine, in return for his services in organizing and financing it.

The bill for a commission to investigate the status of the colored race caused a warm discussion in the house committee on labor, but no action was taken on it.

Somewhere about a hundred members of congress are base ball cranks of deep or shallow dye and over half of them were at the opening game of the season in Washington.

The Neue Freie Presse of Vienna says that as the result of systematic persecution, 3,000 Jewish families, comprising 12,000 persons, will leave Romania for the United States in a few days.

Congressman J. J. Butler of Missouri is made the defendant in a suit for \$10,000 damages instituted in the district court at Washington by August Scholz, a waiter at a local hotel. He alleges assault.

A dispatch to the London Central News from Rome says Princess Beatrice Borbone, daughter of Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, attempted suicide by throwing herself into the Tiber, but was rescued.

Emperor William has ordered Director Fritz of the government shipyard at Kiel to proceed to the United States to study the methods of American shipyards, particularly as regards labor saving machinery.

At Youngstown, O., May 1, two thousand men employed in the building trades went on strike for an eight-hour day and increase of wages, all efforts to settle their differences with the contractors proving unavailing.

It is reported in Liverpool shipping circles that the British government has intimated its willingness to subsidize British shipping in the event of the Atlantic shipping combine proving really harmful to the mercantile marine of Great Britain.

The magnificent silver service made from silver coils taken from the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon, to be presented to Admiral Winfield Scott Schley by his friends in his own state and in Washington, has