

# The Columbus Journal.

VOLUME XXXII.—NUMBER 38.

COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1901.

WHOLE NUMBER 1,650.

## THE NEXT GREAT FAIR

Distinguished Men Break Ground for Louisiana Purchase Show.

## TURNING THE TRAWED OUT SOD

Governor of Four Louisiana States Present—Day Too Cold for the Celebrated Street Procession—Thousands Attend the Festival.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—The governors of four Louisiana purchase states—Mississippi, Nebraska, Arkansas and Missouri—several members of congress and world's fair national commissioners and other invited guests, among them General John C. Bates, commanding the Department of Missouri, and Colonel John D. G. Oglesby, representing Governor Yates of Illinois, were present and participated in the ceremonies attending the breaking of the ground today on the site of the world's fair in Forest park. The exercises at the park, where the thermometer registered around zero, consisted of an invocation by Rev. Dr. S. J. Nicolls, addresses by the chairman of the committee on credentials, Corwin H. Spencer, and President David R. Francis and the breaking of ground on the site of the educational building by the officials of the exposition company, municipal authorities and invited guests.

Three historic shovels were used in the ground breaking. The first was one of iron and oak, loaned by the Massachusetts state arsenal, Boston, where it had been placed in 1805 as a relic of early American workmanship. An exact reproduction of that shovel, a manufacture of the Louisiana purchase, made of ebony and steel, silver plated, was next put in use. A veritable relic, an old wooden shovel, thought to have been one of the tools employed by the 200 white miners from France and the 500 African slaves from San Domingo, brought over by Francis Bessant in 1718 to work in the St. Genevieve (Mo.) mines, was the third used. It was originally found in St. Francis county, this state, by F. J. Monell while sinking a shaft in the famous Flat river lead district and is now the property of the Peace-Edwards museum, Rhode Island, to which it was presented by a Mr. Hazard.

Speaking by Governor Francis, Congressman James A. Tawney of Minnesota and Governor Jefferson Davis of Arkansas, and music by "Seymour's famous sextet" was the program at the Coliseum, where several thousand people were present. A banquet at the Southern hotel in the evening completed the day's program.

At the appointed time directors and officers of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company, General John C. Bates, Major Henry K. Hunter, Fifteenth United States cavalry, and other army officers, governors of states and guests assembled at the St. Louis club. Carriages were taken and the party was driven to Forest park, where the ceremony of breaking ground was carried out. A huge fire had been built on the structural site of the educational building to soften the ground.

## HAY INTENDS TO HOLD POST

Secretary Makes Refutation of Past and Subsequent Rumors

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—In view of the repeated publications of late to the general effect that Secretary Hay is about to retire a statement is given with full authority touching this subject, substantially to the effect that Secretary Hay does not now contemplate retirement from the cabinet. This statement applies, not only to the present moment, but to that indefinite period fixed by the conclusion of the negotiations necessary to the construction of an isthmian canal. Also it is stated with equal positiveness that authority that President Roosevelt has in the strongest terms expressed to Secretary Hay his earnest desire that he shall remain in the cabinet, of which he forms one of the principal props. Thus, according to the statement, the secretary's inclination and the president's desire run together, and there is no foundation for the reports to the effect that Secretary Hay is to leave his post.

## Traction for Tokio.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—A contract amounting to \$750,000 has been placed in this city for the electrical equipment of the first electric traction system in Tokio, Japan. The line will cover the principal streets of Tokio and it is expected will be in operation early in 1903.

## Asks for Half a Million.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 21.—The McKinley Memorial association is receiving encouraging reports from all over the country. Half a million dollars is the sum fixed to be raised. An appropriation of the total sum has been made among the states of the union. The largest sum is asked of New York, \$150,000; Ohio's appropriation is \$60,000 and the other states proportionately less.

## Form Order of Louisiana.

DENVER, Dec. 21.—A new patriotic order, known as the American Order of Louisiana, was organized here. The prime object of the order is to aid in commemoration of the great events in the Louisiana purchase region. Dr. Parkhill of this city, who was an officer in the Spanish-American war, was elected president. The eligible list is not decided upon, but it is expected to include those prominent in development of the Louisiana purchase.

## SOD HOUSE PAYS BIG MONEY

Mr. Bower Tells of Her Big Triumph Over the Sod House.

OMAHA, Dec. 21.—Mrs. L. Bower, of sod house fame, the Nebraska woman who made such a success of selling Nebraska cooking in a Nebraska prairie home at the Pan-American exposition, is back to her native health. In an interview with the Bee she said: "This fall I had an opportunity to find out how valuable sod houses and the 160 acres of Nebraska land that surround them are. When my husband and I first settled in Nebraska with our two children we took a claim near Newport, in Rock county, and erected a little sod home. It was a comfortable home, too, and some of the happiest days of my life were spent there. We planned and improved the place, but were not contented and sold the little claim for \$300. My son has always wanted to own a place. This fall he tried to buy and the price is now \$6,000. That shows the increase there has been in the value of Nebraska land during the last twelve years, for it was just a dozen years ago that we left the little sod house."

"I have been at a loss frequently to explain why eastern people are so much interested in sod houses. I know why I have such a love for a home of Nebraska turf, but the hundreds of thousands of people who visited the Buffalo exposition seemed to be interested in my little house, tucked away in a space so small that it could hardly be seen. The size of my entire space was thirty-seven feet by seventy-five feet and the building covered almost every inch of it. It was all the room I could get.

"In that little house thirty-seven Nebraska men and women were employed during the entire summer and at times my employes numbered as high as eighty-six. Some idea of the great amount of Nebraska creamed chicken we sold can be gained from the fact that I paid nearly \$20,000 for the chickens we used. Some days we used forty dozens of chickens. Coffee was bought by us at the rate of 1,000 pounds a week. It was nothing uncommon to use 150 pounds of coffee per day. Two Omaha men were kept busy making coffee all the time during the exposition and sometimes there were as many as fourteen people drawing and serving coffee.

"There was nothing to be had in my house but the plain cooking that might be found in any Nebraska home. Creamed chicken, ginger bread, baked beans, brown bread and coffee were all that we served. At times the crowds were so dense in our little sod house that it seemed as though people must be trampled under foot. When I went to Buffalo I told Mr. Buchanan that it was my ambition to serve the best coffee on the grounds and to run my receipts up to \$1,000 a day. I accomplished both and have only pleasant recollections of the Pan-American."

## A REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATION

Letters Sent Out Suggesting Such an Organization.

LINCOLN, Dec. 21.—Deputy Labor Commissioner C. E. Watson has sent out letters suggesting the organization of a state association by real estate dealers. From many responses received it is apparent that the dealers in the state are ready to take up such an enterprise, the object in view being to encourage immigration to Nebraska. It is believed that a majority would prefer not to admit real estate dealers in the cities of Lincoln or Omaha, as such dealers are supposed to be interested more particularly in city property. Farm property is represented more generally by agents living outside the large cities.

The towns of York, Hastings, Grand Island and Columbus all have been mentioned as the probable place of the first meeting. If a meeting is called it will be held early in the new year. The object is to organize a state association, to promote immigration, discuss papers dealing with land values, average and the yield of crops and kindred topics.

A dealer in York county writes that he has secured good results by advertising Nebraska in reputable newspapers and farm journals in Iowa and Illinois.

Several farmers from Aledo, Ill., have already bought land in York county and it is reported that a party of fifty farmers from the same place will buy tickets for York county on March 1. He says the Illinois farmers who have been in Nebraska now realize that they can secure as much profit from Nebraska land as they can from Illinois land valued at \$50 and \$100 an acre.

## County School Superintendents.

LINCOLN, Dec. 21.—Superintendent Fowler has issued a call for a business meeting of county superintendents and superintendents-elect, to be held in the senate chamber beginning Tuesday afternoon, December 31. Mr. Fowler says: "We hope to have a very interesting and profitable meeting. Superintendents now in office should meet with us and give us the benefit of their experience, whether they remain in office or go out."

## Call Sanjour Patient a Thief.

HUMBOLDT, Neb., Dec. 21.—Dawson, a village to the east, has been having much trouble of late with small thieves and many business houses as well as private residences have suffered from the light fingered country. How officers claim to have discovered the main culprit in the person of a stranger who drifted into town recently, suffering from an attack of smallpox. It is thought he was assisted by some local talent.

## ROUSES MEAT PACKERS

Resist Government's Decision to Coax Microscopical Inspection.

## MORRIS SAYS IT MEANS NAVOC

He Declares that Germany Will Not Be a Friend of American Pork if the United States Stops the Microscopical Inspection.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—Chicago packers have received notice from D. E. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industries in Washington, to the effect that the microscopical inspection of meat will cease March 1, 1902. The announcement has aroused the packers and Nelson Morris said tonight that a meeting will probably be called in the near future to consider what will be done.

"Letters have been received by all the pork packers in Chicago," said Mr. Morris, "and it is my understanding that the inspection will be abandoned in all parts of the United States. 'It will work havoc with the packers. Germany will not receive a pound of American pork unless it bears the tag of the United States meat inspector. It will not receive pork in pieces that weigh less than nine pounds, and this is already a hardship to exporters of pork. Of course we will be shut out of the German market altogether if the inspection of pork is abolished. Other countries now admit our meat without the inspectors' tag, but they may cease to do so when the inspection is done away with and there is the chance of receiving poor pork from unscrupulous packers.

"I cannot see any reason why the microscopic inspection should be abolished. It does not cost very much and is of great benefit to every one concerned. I am sure there will be serious protests from the packers. I believe a meeting will be called to consider the question. The notice came as a shock to Chicago packers, all of whom had laughed at the previous rumors to the effect that the examination would be abolished."

## LOST TEN PER CENT OF CATTLE

Oklahoma Stockmen Suffer Heavily From Recent Cold.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Dec. 20.—As a result of the intense cold and storm stockmen figure a 10 per cent loss in cattle. This is true covering the two territories, the loss being greater on the western Oklahoma ranges and in the new country. The last two days have been cold, but accompanied by blizzards. This has given the stockmen opportunity to provide means to care for their cattle and to collect them on the ranges, where they had scattered, driven by the storm in seeking shelter. Plenty of provision will now be made, as all anticipate an extremely cold winter. In central and eastern Oklahoma the cattle are being collected at the cotton oil mills to fatten quickly and ship to market.

## Most All Speak Spanish.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 20.—The government has issued the long contemplated order that all railway employes in contact with the public shall be able to speak Spanish in such a manner as to be able to deal directly with the passengers and public in general. This order will principally affect Pullman company employes. It is claimed that many accidents of late have been due to the inability of trainmen to speak Spanish, causing a mistake of orders. The order takes effect New Year's day.

## Crisis on the Isthmus.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 20.—The Bulletin says: Rush orders have been received from Washington directing that the cruiser Philadelphia sail from here tomorrow with all speed for Panama. Affairs on the isthmus are approaching a crisis. Venezuela and Germany are arguing a point or two of diplomacy and there are other interesting matters of international interest on the southern coast.

## Faction for Mrs. McKinley.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Senator Hanna introduced a bill granting a pension of \$5,000 a year to Mrs. McKinley, widow of the late president.

## Panacote Expecting to Hear.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Lord Panacote, the British ambassador, is daily expecting from his government its approval and ratification of the Hay-Panacote treaty.

## To Prevent Rate Cutting.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—Presidents and executive officers met to plan a stop to the indiscriminate rate cutting that has been going on west of the Missouri river. It was deemed inadvisable to take any concerted action that might be construed as a violation of the anti-trust law, so each road pledged itself individually to strictly maintain tariff rates after January 1. Shipments have been notified that no more cut rate contracts will be made.

## Seeks Protection for Sugar.

SAN JUAN, P. R., Dec. 20.—The Chamber of Commerce of San Juan has asked the governor of the island of Porto Rico to cable to the authorities at Washington requesting congress, when dealing with the question of Cuban reciprocity, consider Porto Rico. The Chamber asks that Porto Rico sugar be protected against the introduction of Cuban sugar into the United States, that if bounty be paid for Porto Rican coffee.

## WILL TELL SCHLEY ABOUT IT

Long Will Inform Admiral When Camp

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The navy department has not answered in answer to the bill of exceptions announced yesterday to the bill of exceptions by Admiral Schley, but it is expected it will be delivered tomorrow. Captain Lemly and Solicitor Hanna having given a considerable portion of the day to the matter. The following letter was addressed to Admiral Schley today:

"Dear Sir: The department has received your communication of the 18th inst., wherein you request that if a protest is filed by Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson relative to the question of command of the American naval forces during the battle of Santiago, and credit for the victory was in that battle, you be accorded the opportunity to present, through your counsel, an argument against such protest.

"In reply you are informed that when such protest is received you will be advised of the department's conclusion. Yours respectfully,

"JOHN D. LONG,  
"Rear Admiral W. S. Schley."

## OPPOSE CHINESE EXCLUSION

Mass Meeting in Boston Addressed by Wm. Lloyd Garrison.

BOSTON, Dec. 20.—William Lloyd Garrison presided over a meeting in the Bromfield Street Methodist Episcopal church this evening, at which resolution were adopted against the re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion act. Besides Mr. Garrison, the speakers were Rev. J. M. Foster of Boston, Rev. M. R. Johnson of San Francisco, Yong Hai, a Chinese clergyman of this city; Rev. James A. Earle and Colonel Stephen W. Nickerson in the course of his address Mr. Garrison said:

"We are here tonight as American citizens to protest against America's injustice in dealing with a sister nation. We cannot forget that our ancestors themselves were immigrants with no prescriptive right to enter this country."

## WHAT INDIAN IS MADE FOR

Merely a Job to Pass Counterfeit on Poor.

FARGO, N. D., Dec. 20.—It is not a crime against the United States to pass a confederate bill on an unsuspecting Indian, according to the decision of Judge Amidon in the United States court here, in the Barrett case. Barrett was arrested for giving an Indian a \$5 confederate bill in a horse trade. It is alleged that he had violated section 5420 of the revised United States statutes, which makes it a crime to carry paper bills bearing a similitude to paper bills of legal currency. It was held that the offense is merely a cheat. Barrett was a Billings county cowboy and has been discharged from custody.

## A Paper Box Trust.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Representatives of about thirty of the paper box manufacturers of the country met here today for the purpose of forming a combine. It was stated after a secret meeting that satisfactory progress had been made, but no definite statement had been made as regards the capitalization of the concern. If the plan of consolidation is successful one of its features will be that none of its stock will be placed on the market for sale, but each manufacturer will subscribe to the working capital in proportion to the value of his plant.

## Will Abide by Arbitration.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Secretary Hay and Senator Zaidler, the Hawaiian minister, today signed the protocol providing for the submission to arbitration of the claim of the Salvador commercial company, otherwise known as El Triunfo, for damages sustained through the alleged appropriation by the government of Salvador of their concession rights. The claim amounts to about half a million dollars.

## Mercer Introduces a Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—In accordance with authority conferred by congress last year, the secretary of agriculture has had plans prepared for a handsome new building for the Department of Agriculture and today Representative Mercer of Nebraska introduced a bill appropriating \$2,000,000 for the proposed new structure.

## For Mines and Mining.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—Representative Wood of California today introduced a bill to establish a department of mines and mining.

## Has Confidence in Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Secretary Wilson today expressed confidence that congress would amend the threatened suspension on March 1 of the microscopical examination of American meats sent abroad by making that work in accordance with estimates he has submitted. Secretary Wilson says that he does not believe congress will permit any lapse in the inspection work for want of money.

## Mystery Still Unshaken.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 20.—The mystery of the death of James K. Hay, secretary of the Pacific Lumber company, whose body was found buried in a shallow trench in a field on the outskirts of the city, remains unsolved. No trace of the \$3,000 which Hay is said to have collected from Peter Mortenson, a contractor, from Monday, has been found. Mortenson, who was arrested yesterday on suspicion, still denies his guilt.

## IT PASSES THE HOUSE

Philippine Tariff Bill Has Majority of Thirty-Five Votes.

## LOUISIANA DEMOCRATS SUPPORT IT

On Republican Side Five Members Oppose the Measure—Dingley Votes on Goods Entering the United States From Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The bill to provide revenue temporarily for the Philippine islands passed the house today by a vote of 163 to 123. Five republicans—Messrs. Torrell of Massachusetts, Littlefield of Maine, Heatwole, Eddy and Stevens of Minnesota—voted with the democrats against the bill and three democrats—Messrs. Loubser, Davoy and Bressard of Louisiana—voted with the republicans for it. Mr. Meyer, a democrat of Louisiana, was paired in favor of the bill with Mr. Foster of Illinois, who voted against the Porto Rican bill last congress, voted for the Philippine measure today. Mr. Crumpacker of Indiana, who also voted against the Porto Rican bill, was absent.

The democrats were several times today taunted with their failure to present an alternative proposition for the pending measure, but just before the vote was taken for the passage of the bill the attitude of the minority was defined in a motion to recommit, offered by Mr. Richardson, the minority leader. It instructed the ways and means committee to report the bill back amended so as to reduce the customs and internal revenue laws of the United States to a revenue basis and to extend them to the Philippines until the latter, with the aid of the United States, should be able to set up a stable independent government.

This proposition did not command a republican vote and the three democrats above mentioned voted against it. Mr. Meyer was paired against it. The speakers today were: Messrs. Heppburn of Iowa and Dabell of Pennsylvania for the bill and Messrs. Henry of Texas, Williams of Missouri, McCall, republican of Massachusetts, Green of Pennsylvania and McEllan of New York against it.

The bill passed today imposes the Dingley rates on goods entering the United States from the Philippines and the rates established by the Philippine commission on goods entering the Philippines from the United States. It also provides for the collection of tonnage taxes on vessels plying between the United States and the Philippines and foreign vessels may ply between the ports until January 1, 1905. The duties and taxes collected shall go into the Philippine treasury.

## SCHLEY FILES BILL

Brooklyn's Commander Submits List of Exceptions to Finding.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Late yesterday Admiral Schley, through his counsel, filed with the secretary of the navy his bill of exceptions to the majority findings of the court of inquiry, and also a letter asking to be heard in connection with the objections to be filed by Attorneys for Admiral Sampson to the individual opinion of Admiral Dewey. This action was taken after Mr. Raynor, Mr. Teague and Captain Parker of counsel, had held a consultation throughout the day with their client.

Secretary Long, almost immediately after the receipt of the communication, called Judge Advocate Lemley and the solicitor for the department, Mr. Hanna, into conference. At its conclusion the secretary said that he had no statement to make regarding any action that he might take in the premises. He, however, indicated to Mr. Teague, through the judge advocate that he would not hear an oral argument by Mr. Raynor regarding Admiral Sampson's protest, but would receive a written protest.

## For Key Gate More Than.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 19.—Judge Rayner and Mr. Teague have gone to Baltimore and are engaged with the preparation of the statement of objections to the court findings, which Admiral Schley has been granted permission to file. This work is expected to occupy them several days. Senator McComas of Maryland called at the navy department today and had a long talk with Secretary Long before the latter departed for the cabinet meeting. The senator came to the department to secure an extension of the time allowed for the submission of the statement.

## Mrs. Nation at Hearings.

BEATRICE, Neb., Dec. 21.—Mrs. Carrie Nation lectured here, but her audience was quite small owing to the inclemency of the weather.

## Missouri Against Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Dec. 21.—Attorney General Prout has returned from Washington, where he appeared before the supreme court and asked that commissioners be appointed to take evidence in the suit of Missouri against Nebraska. The controversy arises over several acres of land cut off from Nebraska by a sudden freak of the Missouri river. The land and citizens are still considered Nebraska's, taxes being paid in Nebraska county.

## Fifth Member of Fair Commission.

LINCOLN, Dec. 21.—Gov. Savage has named H. S. White of North Platte as the fifth member of the commission which will arrange for a state exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase exposition in St. Louis in 1902. Other members are: G. W. Wattles and E. E. Bruce of Omaha, J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska City, and C. H. Rudge of Lincoln. All members accompanied Governor Savage to St. Louis.

## BONNESS MUST GO BACK

Governor Grants Request, but Chicagoans Still Battle.

OMAHA, Dec. 21.—Governor Savage granted the request of the governor of Illinois for the return to that state of Frederic Bonness, who was arrested in Omaha December 10, and was later released on bond.

Bonness is charged with deserting in Chicago his wife and four small children. Policeman Joseph T. Barry left the Windy City immediately upon his arrest, bringing with him the necessary papers. Bonness, through his attorneys, claims that he is not married to the woman. The officer who is after him says that the woman is the legal wife of the man and that when Bonness left Chicago he had in his possession \$1,400, leaving his wife penniless with a child but three weeks old and the three other children too small to care for themselves.

The fight made before the governor by Bonness' attorneys lasted for some time, and upon its conclusion the papers were signed for his return.

Immediately upon the receipt of the information in Omaha Bonness was re-arrested and his lawyers began habeas corpus proceedings and the argument will be heard before Judge Baker. Bonness is a meat cutter by trade and was employed while in Omaha by the Omaha Tea company.

## ADULTERATION MUST STOP

State Proposes to Enforce Pure Cider

Lincoln, Dec. 21.—Deputy Food Commissioner S. C. Bennett is preparing to prosecute manufacturers and dealers who sell vinegar that does not come up to the test required by the law or sold under a false name. The department has already analyzed many samples of alleged cider vinegar and found it to be a base imitation.

A distilled product, colored to resemble apple cider vinegar, is the most common of the adulterated article on the market. One of the surprises is that the state has bought "cider vinegar" for 3 cents a gallon, and upon investigation it proved to be below the test required by law and here no evidence of having been in the vicinity of an apple. Vinegar of this character has been shipped into Nebraska for 3 cents a gallon and retailed for 25 to forty cents a gallon as pure cider vinegar. One sample taken from a Lincoln store contained salicylic acid. This acid is used as preservative and according to law its use is made an offense punishable by a fine of not less than \$50.

## OF INTEREST TO TEACHERS

Teachers Attending Association Meeting Will Get Low Rates.

LINCOLN, Dec. 21.—For the information of teachers and others who wish to attend the forthcoming meeting of the Nebraska State Teachers' association, Superintendent Fowler publishes the following rate bulletin, which was received from the Western Passenger association:

"Rate of one fare for the round trip from points in Nebraska and the Black Hills district of South Dakota; excursion tickets to be sold from points in the territory mentioned from which the local one way rate to Lincoln is more than \$3 on December 30, 31 and January 1, and from points within the radius mentioned on December 31 and January 1, good to return until and including January 4, 1902. Tickets limited for going passage commencing date of sale and for continuous passage in each direction."

## Storage Made Good.

LINCOLN, Dec. 21.—The shortage of former Oil Inspector J. N. Gaffin was made good by the payment of \$22,263 to the state by the Fidelity and Deposit company of Baltimore. The settlement was brought about by the state board of compromise, of which the attorney general, state treasurer and state auditor are the members. A check for the amount was given to the auditor.

## Live Stock Steals II.

HARRISON, Neb., Dec. 21.—A blizzard set in Sunday evening and continued until Monday evening, piling up a foot of snow on the level and great heaps in railroad cuts and over the range. Cattle are in good condition, and it is thought will be able to tide over all right.

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## UNABLE TO STAND FOR MONTHS BECAUSE OF SPRAINED ANKLE.

Cured by St. Jacobs Oil.

(From the Cardiff Times.)  
"Among the thousands of voluntary endorsements of the great value of St. Jacobs Oil for sprains, stiffness and soreness, is that of Mrs. G. Thomas, 4 Albion street, Cardiff, Wales, who says: "It is with great pleasure that I add my willing testimony to the invaluable excellence of your celebrated St. Jacobs Oil, as experienced in my own case. I sprained both my ankles in walking down some steps so severely that I was unable to stand for several months. The pain I suffered was most severe and nothing that I used helped me until I applied St. Jacobs Oil, when it immediately became better daily, and in a short time I was able to go about my usual work as usual. I am now determined to advise all persons suffering from pains to use this wonderful remedy, which did so much for me."

Mrs. Thomas does not enlighten us as to what treatment she pursued during the months she was unable to stand, and during which time she was suffering so much, but we venture to suggest that had she called in any well-known medical man he would have at once prescribed St. Jacobs Oil, for it has conquered pain upwards of fifty years, and doctors know there is nothing so good. The proprietors of St. Jacobs Oil have been awarded twelve gold medals by different international exhibitions as the premier pain-killing remedy of the world. The committees who made the awards were in each instance composed largely of the most eminent medical men obtainable. Mrs. Thomas evidently did not know the high opinion in which St. Jacobs Oil is held by almost every progressive medical man.

Occasionally a small boy tries to keep clean so he won't have to be washed.

Some people spend a lot of time in regretting things that never happen.

## Quinine is Cheap in India.

Quinine is sold at every rural post-office in India at the rate of five grains for a cent, or 48 cents an ounce retail. In Bengal alone 1,460,000 five-grain packets are sold annually. The government used to import \$250,000 worth of quinine every year, but Lieutenant Colonel King, superintendent of the Royal botanic gardens in Calcutta, has introduced its cultivation in India, and there are now 4,000,000 trees in Bengal.

## ST. PAUL ROAD GETS BIG ENGINES.

Largest Ones Ever Built to Be Used in Fast Passenger Runs.

Larger Trucks and Quick Boats Are Expected to Be the Outcome.

Several of what are claimed to be the largest locomotives ever constructed were received by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road yesterday. In these days of large engines each fresh consignment received by a railroad during the past year or two has had the distinction of being the largest. While these monster locomotives have in a way been a surprise, those just received by the St. Paul road are remarkable in their dimensions. For example, the diameter of the driving wheels is eighty-four and one-fourth inches, or one-fourth of an inch over seven feet.

Following is a technical description of the new giants:

Diameter of driving wheels, 84 1/4 inches.  
Diameter of compound cylinders, 25 and 15 inches.  
Stroke of cylinders, 25 inches.  
Total length of engine, 63 feet 11 inches.  
Steam capacity of boiler, 290 pounds.  
Number of fires in boiler, 350.  
Heating surface, 3,215 square feet.  
Capacity of tender, 15,000 pounds of coal and 7,000 gallons of water.

## Thinks Fast Time Possible.

General Passenger Agent Miller of the St. Paul is enthusiastic over the new engines, alleging that they will tend to revolutionize schedules and power. He says they will be capable of hauling fourteen or fifteen heavily loaded coaches or sleepers sixty miles an hour. Grades will be little or no obstruction to the levitators.

## The locomotives will be put in service on the limited trains between Chicago and Milwaukee and between Chicago and Omaha.

Loves may not be blind at the start, but it is ever able to see its finish.

## INSIST ON GETTING IT.

Some grocers say they don't keep DeLancey Search. This is because they have a stock on hand of other brands containing only 10¢ in a package, which they won't be able to sell first, because DeLancey contains 16¢. For the same money, do you want 16¢ instead of 10¢ for the same money? Then buy DeLancey Search. Requires no cooking.

If you say you are good, ask your self if it is true.