Mrs. Kate Berg, Secretary Ladies' Auxiliary of Knights of Pythias, No. 58, Commercial Hotel, Minneapolis, Minn., After Five Years Suffering Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Whatever virtue there is in medicine seems to be concentrated in **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I suffered for five years with profuse and painful menstruation until I lost flesh and strength, and life had no charms for me.

Only three bottles of your Vegetable Compound cured me, I became regular, without any pains, and hardly know when I am sick.

Some of my friends who have used your Compound for uterine and ovarian troubles all have the same good word to say for it, and bless the day they first found it."—MRS. KATE BERG.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address Lynn, Mass.

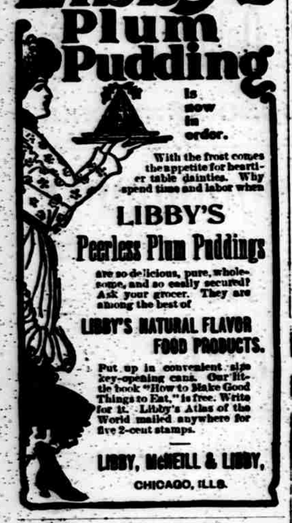
WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

outshoot all other black powder shells, because they are made better and loaded by exact machinery with the standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Try them and you will be convinced.

ALL ◆ REPUTABLE ◆ DEALERS ◆ KEEP ◆ THEM

Libby's Plum Pudding



is now in order.

With the frost comes the appetite for heartier table dainties. Why spend time and labor when

LIBBY'S Peerless Plum Puddings

are so delicious, pure, wholesome, and so easily secured? Ask your grocer. They are among the best of

LIBBY'S NATURAL FLAVOR FOOD PRODUCTS.

Put up in convenient size key-opening cans. Our little book "How to Make Good Things to Eat," is free. Write for it. Libby's Atlas of the World mailed anywhere for five 2-cent stamps.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY, CHICAGO, ILL.S.

WHAT IS A SLICKER?

IF IT BEARS THIS TRADE MARK

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

IT IS THE BEST WATERPROOF OILED COAT IN THE WORLD.

MADE FOR SERVICE IN THE ROUGHEST WEATHER

ON SALE EVERYWHERE. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES.

CATALOGUES FREE SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS.

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS. 48

Sawyer's Pommel Slickers

Warranted Waterproof.

Sawyer's Excelsior Brand Pommel Slickers offer complete protection to both rider and saddle. Made extra long and wide in the skirt, insuring a dry seat for rider. Easily converted into a walking coat. Every garment warranted waterproof. Look for trade-mark. If your dealer does not have Excelsior Brand, write for catalogue.

H. H. SAWYER & SON, Sole Mfrs., East Cambridge, Mass.

"All Wright, for more than Half a Century."

McMUNN'S ELIXIR OF OPIUM

Possesses all the sedative and anodyne qualities of Opium, but produces no sickness of the stomach. In acute nervous disorders it is an invaluable Remedy. Recommended by best Physicians.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILL CO., New York.

SHERIDAN COAL

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT

I CURE FITS FREE

A Positive Cure. Send for Treatise and Free Bottle of my Great Remedy. Give Express and Post Office address. DR. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. 3 yrs in civil war. 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

MARRIAGE AMERICAN LADY, educated, refined, early rich, wants good honest husband. Address Box B, 67 Harrison St., Chicago, Ill.

Sunbeams with every spoon, using Thompson's Eye Water

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

W. N. U.—OMAHA. No. 43—1901

Croquet is said to be a fine developer of the forearm.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.; Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

We have all met people who look as if they had accidentally been misplaced from a curio cabinet.

PUTMAN FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by druggists, 10c. per package.

If a hammock is hung, somebody will swing for it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

England now has seven admirals of the fleet and nine field marshals.

Hill Remembers His Old Friend.

James J. Hill recently stepped into a little tobacco shop kept by a German who had known him in the village days of St. Paul in 1860. "Hello, Joe," "how's business?" "Bat, ferry bat, "how's busniess?" "Bat, ferr ybat. I haf der chop, but vere is der beeples?" Mr. Hill glanced over the shop. There was no assistant tobacconist, whose discharge could be recommended. But. Mr. Hill asked for a blank check, and the following week the old tobacconist was besieged by "beeples" in a modern well-stocked shop in the principal retail thoroughfare.

Lucky School Ma'ams.

Catherine F. McMahon, a retired public school teacher of New York city, has received from the supreme court the writ she asked for, compelling the board of education to pay the pension of one-half of her salary which an act of 1900 gave her. This result wins the case for some forty other teachers, retired previous to 1894, when the pension law for thirty years' service in the public schools was passed.

Getting Ready to Wield the Scepter.

The young king of Spain, who is nearly 16 years of age, will begin preaently a series of visits to the courts of Europe and will make his debut in the world as a finishing touch to his royal education. Next May he ascends the throne. He has been carefully educated and knows English, French and German as well as Spanish.

Australia has more than 1,000 newspapers.

If everyone knew how good a remedy was Hamlin's Wizard Oil its sales would double in a day.

Airing your doubts in the pulpit is attempting to feed God's flock on fog.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

He who does the best he knows always has a duty in sight.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 14.—People who have headaches know what they are, and those who take Garfield Headache Powders know how completely and how quickly they can be cured. This remedy is peculiarly adapted to the needs of nervous women.

You can often help a nervous headache by combing the hair gently.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

How trivial everything in life seems when we stand face to face with death.

Don'ts for Women.

Don't keep the match box in a closet.

Don't fold unlaundered curtains.

Don't cool tomatoes in the ice box.

Don't buy "cheap" lines as they are the dearest.

Don't use "cheap" soap in the laundry as it costs the most.

Don't use a starch that will produce that harsh crackling effect, but go to your grocer and order Defiance Starch, 16 ounce package for 10 cents. Made by Magnetic Starch Co., Omaha, Neb.

A promise neglected is an untruth told. A promise kept is a debit discharged.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Over Supply.

From Farmers' Review: Sometimes we hear the remark that in a few years there will be an over supply of poultry and poultry products at the rate at which the poultry business is increasing. The item that the United States receives in imports, 15,000,000 dozen eggs yearly will hardly agree with the above. Not only are eggs imported, but pounds and pounds of dressed poultry. From this it would seem there is no danger of over production. We must remember that the population increases as fast or faster than the production of poultry increases, and every year sees a great increase in the consumption of poultry. Just as rapidly as we produce and furnish to consumers eggs and poultry in attractive and palatable shape the consumption will increase; also the price. Americans especially do not kick much on the price they pay for eatables if the eatables are good. The appetite for eggs and poultry is enlarging very rapidly, but to get good prices for them the eggs must be fresh and the poultry fat and healthy.

Use care in gathering and sending the eggs to market; do not send them with dirty shells. Lately much has been said and a little proven that eggs whose shells have been washed will decay sooner because the washing destroys the gloss of the shell which is a covering for the pores, somewhat preventing air entering. However this may be, a washed egg never looks as fresh and glossy as a clean unwashed egg. But we do not want to market dirty eggs; so what will we do? Furnish lots of nice clean nests and have clean litter around and in front of the nests so the hens may get some of the dirt off their feet before going on the nest. Perhaps in future years we will have the hens educated to wipe their feet on cloths hung in front of their nests.

Have your eggs clean and fresh, your fowls healthy and fat; then market them in attractive packages and coops. Wherever possible market direct to the consumer. Do not worry about the other fellows getting all the custom of your town. The chances are they are sitting and worrying for fear some one else will cut a figure in the case. Doing this will never get you a buyer. Get up and hustle; emulate your best layers in the hustling and hunting line. Be brisk. Take some of your clean, fresh eggs in a nice clean basket and a nice dressed fowl or two. Be sure they are fat and plump, and call on some one you think would like your wares. If the first house don't buy, try another; some one will want them. Then engage more for the days that you can deliver them handily.

Never market an egg or a fowl that is not of attractive appearance. Remember a pleased customer is the best advertisement, and act accordingly. It won't be long until you can market all the surplus at a fair profit. Do not charge an exorbitant price, but charge enough to make some profit. Do not bewail because you cannot raise prize winners, but make good customers by furnishing good products.—Emma Clearwaters.

Outbreak of Contagious Disease.

There is at all times the possibility that disease of a contagious character may break out among the animals of a district or of a particular farm and people should be ready to act in such emergencies. As it is, we find over and over again that disease strikes a district and comes as a complete surprise with people quite unprepared and uninformed as to what should be done in the premises. We have seen this lately in the experience with anthrax, which came like a bolt out of a clear sky to the dairy farmers around Palatine, Ill. Thousands of times during the past twenty years agricultural papers have published articles giving full descriptions of the symptoms of this fell disease and telling people what to do should a case occur. Despite this fact when anthrax came into the locality indicated the farmers did not recognize it and some lost their lives by skinning carcasses and so acquiring the dreadful poison of the disease. This was but one phase of the matter and a new one has to be reported. In the district where the first outbreak occurred the veterinarian promptly recognized the disease and very wisely proceeded to stay its further progress by vaccination with reliable vaccine and with such success that out of 2,200 cows vaccinated but two died, representing a mortality of one-tenth of one per cent. This was surely a fine showing for the reliable vaccine used and quite properly made farmers of a neighboring district anxious to have their cattle vaccinated also. The veterinarian of that district tried to procure the same make of vaccine used around Palatine, but failed, as the supply had been exhausted.

This being the case, he was led to employ another alleged vaccine put upon the market without proper experimental tests to prove its reliability and protective merits. The results were disastrous. From 10 to 100 per cent of the cattle inoculated with this crude vaccine died and the results are not yet complete, as remaining cows are sick and likely to die. The manufacturers of the fatal vaccine will, of course, have to pay every penny of loss and damages also as the results of this wholesale introduction of anthrax virus into the district may be serious for years to come. It should be remembered in this connection that the new vaccine was used prior to the appearance of a case of anthrax in the district where it was used (Barrington); that it was used entirely with the object of preventing an outbreak and that it was employed wholesale without first trying it upon a few test cows. After injecting some three hundred head the cattle first inoculated commenced to sicken and die. Then all became sick and deaths occurred on every farm where the stuff had been used. Despite this fact, the affected cattle were allowed to roam at will over the pastures, the dead were buried in shallow graves, people came and went at will among the affected animals. One can scarcely credit the absolute foolishness and foolhardiness of such procedure. It has been stated time and again that anthrax is communicable to man, that its spores live practically for ever, that they may be brought to the surface from graves of anthrax-dead animals by earth worms and spread upon the grass years after the burial for the sure infection of other animals pasturing about the graves. It has been advised hundreds of times that animals dead of anthrax should be burned or buried deeply in quick lime and that people should not skin the carcasses. It should be understood without telling that cattle showing symptoms of the disease should be isolated and kept from spreading the germs upon the pastures. And, lastly, can one imagine anything more foolish than the wholesale use of a vaccine that had apparently been put out by the makers as an experiment? A test should have been made by the attending veterinarian, who had, however, confidence in the manufacturers' good name and known reliability, so that he cannot be deservedly blamed in the matter. What shall we say of a firm that would offer for sale a virus that evidently contained the virus in virulent form so that it would give the disease to the inoculated animal instead of preventing it from contagion? The courts will answer that question; meanwhile readers of the Review should take this lesson to heart and know how to act should anthrax appear in their districts.

Sour Cream.

One of the factors that enters into the production of choice butter is uniformity in the quality of the cream that enters into it, yet many patrons of creameries seem oblivious of this fact, or, knowing it, shirk their individual responsibility. The Vermont Experiment Station has recently issued a bulletin calling attention to the loss suffered through the carelessness or indifference of some creamery partons where cream gathering is practiced, the patrons owning hand separators. Under such a system some dairy farmers will not take pains to keep the cream sweet until it is delivered to the collector claiming that its sweet or sour condition does not affect their individual pockets. The Vermont Experiment Station officers say:

"There is not only a chance that the sour cream may injure the entire lot of butter, but there is almost certain to be a direct financial loss to the dairyman in another way. It is difficult and almost impossible to sample sour cream accurately, and it is difficult for the creamery receiving it to test it properly. Gas bubbles and increased viscosity or gumminess are at the bottom of the trouble. The error of sampling and testing will nine times out of ten be in the direction of a low result. In other words the creamery patron who keeps and delivers his cream in a sweet condition will ordinarily get a higher test and a larger check than he who allows his cream to sour, even though both creams be really of exactly the same grade. The chances are always in favor of an inaccurate test. It is doubtful whether it is wise to urge a creamery to make any special efforts to test sour cream properly. It ought not in the first place to receive it, and, in the second place, if the patrons cannot see how much it is to their interests, as well as to the interests of the creamery, to keep the cream sweet, an indirect fine may be laid upon them in this way by giving them the low test which sour cream is likely to receive."

The writer visited the dairy department of the Vermont Station this summer. Butter was being made every other day from "separated" cream. There the old Cooley creamers, that had been used in the days when the gravity method was the only means of securing cream, were utilized to keep sweet the cream product of the off days when no butter was made. The Vermont Station evidently practices what it preaches and bases its opinions on actual results. The Station butter has a reputation and never lacks buyers at almost any high figure the consciences of the officials will permit them to charge for it.

Period of Fertility.

A correspondent of Farm-Poultry, writing to that paper says: I think you are responsible for saying in "Poultry Craft" "that you have known instances of hens laying fertile eggs eight days after male has been removed," and it is generally understood that eggs are usually fertile four days after removal of male; but, Mr. Editor, I am able to enclose you results of an experiment that I am now conducting which may interest you. The fifth day after males were removed I began saving five eggs from two pens, and on the tenth day I stopped, giving me six days' eggs. I stopped saving them because I was short for my customers, and because I thought at the time none could remain fertile for so long; but to my surprise the eggs laid ten days after cocks were removed proved fertile. Cocks were removed on night of July 13.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

	Fertile.	Clear.
July 18, 5 eggs	3	2
July 19, 5 eggs	5	—
July 20, 5 eggs	5	—
July 21, 4 eggs	4	—
July 22, 5 eggs	3	2
July 23, 4 eggs	3	1

WHITE WYANDOTTES.

	Fertile.	Clear.
July 18, 5 eggs	4	1
July 19, 5 eggs	4	1
July 20, 5 eggs	4	1
July 21, 6 eggs	2	4
July 22, 5 eggs	3	2
July 23, 6 eggs	3	*3

*One broken

Now this experiment has been carried on by myself, and I have used every precaution to get only correct results. I have now a pen of three R. I. Reds undergoing a similar experiment, and I will report later on. I tested a Plymouth Rock pullet early in the season, and she gave me a fertile egg on the fourth day after male was removed.

Samuel Cushman says: "One most important reason for non-success in poultry raising is that beginners have no real conception of the requirements of the work." That applies to the men that raise poultry on a commercial scale. Most of the readers of this department of the Farmers' Review are farmers who carry a stock of poultry as an adjunct to their other farming. While it is perhaps true that even our farmers do not have a full conception of the work necessary to manage a large flock, yet it is also true that such farmers are keeping poultry under conditions infinitely better than the men that make that their sole business. The poultry as an adjunct to the farm is easily and naturally handled and it requires only a fair amount of study of the subject to make a success of it. We realize the fact that as yet with many of our farmers the light is only now breaking as to better poultry methods, but we are sure that progress is being made.

One batch of impure milk delivered to a creamery or cheese factory will easily spoil the entire product for that day, and work a great injustice to the other patrons.

That the vine be bitter the grape may be sweet.

NOTHING EQUALS St. Jacob's Oil.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Cramp, Pleurisy, Lumbago, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Soreness, Bruises, Toothache, Headache, Backache, Sciatica, Pains in the Back, Pains in the Shoulders, Pains in the Limbs, and all bodily aches and pains, it acts like magic. Safe, sure and never failing.

Prejudice and self-sufficiency usually proceed from inexperience of the world and ignorance of mankind.

ARE YOUR CLOTHES FADED?

Use Red Cross Ball Blue and make them white again. Large 2 oz. package, 5 cents.

Virtue means to expose the scandals that point to your neighbor's immorality.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The average man makes too much difference twixt his politics and his religion.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 14.—The value of Garfield Tea, the herb medicine, is suggested by these facts: It is a specific for all diseases of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels; it purifies the blood and lays the foundation for health.

For tall, slender figures a twice-around sash of white chiffon or crepe de chine, deeply fringed at the ends, is still the prevailing feature of their evening gowns.

INSIST ON GETTING IT.

Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch because they have a stock in hand of 12 oz. brands, which they know cannot be sold to a customer who has once used the 16 oz. pkg. Defiance Starch for same money.

Fire Escape Instructions.

A descriptive article on Norway contains some striking instructions for the use of fire escapes taken from a local hotel, of which the following lines are part: "The plaited snotter should be found in every room. To increase the hurry, let down the body one by one until all shall be left. The cord should be put out the ground from the shoulder thereunder."

A Church Marriage Bureau.

The Rev. J. F. X. Coleman, pastor of St. John's Catholic church, at, Frederick, Md., announced to his congregation one Sunday night that he was going to inaugurate a matrimonial bureau in his church. "Think of it!" said Father Coleman, "a congregation like ours, with over 1,100 members, and you seldom hear of a marriage. There certainly is something wrong, and this is what I am going to endeavor to rectify. There is no reason for this state of affairs, as there is plenty of marriageable material right here, and even much past that age, and I am going to endeavor to utilize it to advantage or know the reason why."

The Newest in Life Saving Rafts.

The latest patent in life saving rafts, one just adopted by the United States navy, sees the old idea of the raft, "Your feet are always in the water, but you never sink," and goes it one better. Wile you are being saved on this raft you are to stand in the water up to your middle. It is thus in effect a big basket, with an exaggerated life preserver for its rim, the slat platform of the raft hanging to the inside of a big circular hollow frame by slack ropes. Men or horses can evidently be packed safely upon such a raft as thickly as folks can stand in a crowded street car in the "rush hours."

INSIST ON GETTING IT.

Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch. This is because they have a stock on hand of other brands containing only 12 oz. in a package, which they won't be able to sell first, because Defiance contains 16 oz. for the same money. Do you want 16 oz. instead of 12 oz. for same money? Then buy Defiance Starch. Requires no cooking.

How strange it is that even the most exquisite pleasure palls when it ceases to be a novelty.

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes use Red Cross Ball Blue. Large 2 oz. package, 5 cents.

Sometimes it is hard to tell a long-faced crank from a long-headed sage.

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN HAVING A LITTLE MONEY from $20 upward (invested without any effort on your part) earn for you a permanent cash income, bigger every week than a whole year's legal interest upon the same amount? If so, send your name and address.

No Speculation or Gambling Scheme but legitimate business. First-class references in any part of the United States. E. J. Arnold & Co., Benoist Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Wise men of ancient times were probably no wiser than other men, but they talked less.

DROPSY [illegible]

Sozodont Tooth Powder 25c

Good for Bad Teeth

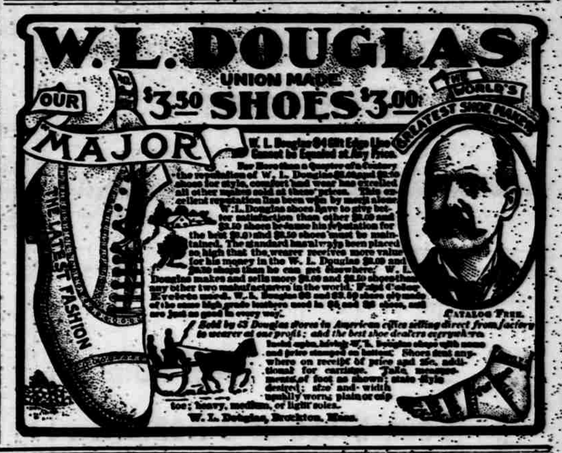
Not Bad for Good Teeth

Sozodont Liquid 25c. Large Liquid and Powder 75c. At all stores or by mail. Sample of the Liquid for the postage, 3c.

HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

W. L. DOUGLAS UNION MADE $3.50 SHOES $3.00

OUR MAJOR



W. L. Douglas $3.50 Shoe is the highest grade $3.50 shoe made. Cannot be equaled at any price.

The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has established them as the leading shoes in the world. Their extraordinary intrinsic value has been seen by many thousands who have worn W. L. Douglas shoes during the past year, who have found them to be equal in every respect to shoes elsewhere advertised at $5.00 and $4.00 a pair. We challenge the world to produce a $3.50 shoe equal to our $3.50 shoe for the price, because we have spent more money in advertising the merits of our $3.50 shoe than any other two manufacturers in the world. Read Defiance Everybody wears W. L. Douglas $3.50 and $3.00 shoes because they are the most perfect fitting, best in style, and give more satisfaction than other makes. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. Beware of fraud and imitations. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00 and $4.00 shoes