

Columbus Journal.
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WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1901.

Roosevelt shows excellent good judgment as president.

THE ANARCHISTS.

Charles Carah, jr., of Humboldt, Nebraska, had expressed approval of the shooting of President McKinley. Citizens gathered around his house in the darkness, called him out, closed around him, removed his clothes, doused him with warm water, and put feathers on his head. He was told to quit talking anarchy. Two fellows from the country came into North Bend the other day and expressed anarchistic sentiments both towards the dead president and towards President Roosevelt, one saying of the latter "Oh, I suppose he will do the same as McKinley, and if he does they ought to shoot the son of a bitch." Cries of "Lynch them" were soon heard, and ropes were immediately procured for the purpose, but the frightened anarchists jumped onto their horses and galloped out of town.

Frequenters of a saloon in Fremont were incited the other day when a fellow started to distribute copies of an anarchistic publication containing an offensive article relating to the assassination of President McKinley. One fellow knocked him down and others kicked him into the street.

At Spring Valley, Illinois, there are said to be about 500 anarchists, who encourage John Giesbelle, editor and proprietor of L'Aurore, to continue the publication of his anarchistic paper. Other people outside the anarchists, have notified him to remove his printing plant immediately, but he declares he will remain, and is preparing to issue his paper as usual. Following is a portion of an article in L'Aurore: "If President McKinley had remained McKinley he would have avoided Czolgosz's pistol. The news neither surprised us nor touched our grief, because such accidents are wanted by those they happen to. To the courageous and bold rebel of Buffalo, our salute."

The police at West Hoboken, N. J., claim to have discovered that Mrs. Brees, wife of King Humbert's slayer, is raising contributions for anti-anarchists, Brees' alleged accomplice, now under arrest in Italy; also Loner and Jeff, two anarchists in custody in Switzerland, and to help an anarchistic paper printed in Rome.

A telegram from Albuquerque, New Mexico, Sept. 25, says that Antonio Maggio had a preliminary trial at Silver City and was bound over to await the action of the United States grand jury at Los Cruces, October 9, under \$10,000 bonds. He could not furnish bail and was remanded to the custody of the marshal, who took him to Albuquerque for safe keeping. When put upon the stand Maggio denied making statements three months ago that President McKinley would be killed before Oct. 1, and that the person who was to kill him had been selected.

John Kars in the Chicago Inter-Ocean, suggests branding a large and forehead of every anarchist in the United States. His doctrine he states thus: "Wipe them out or brand them that they may be known."

In last Friday's World-Herald of Omaha, reproduced from the New York World, will be found a lengthy article by an ex-Chief of the United States secret service on how the anarchist assassin receives his education. Step by step—first persuasion, then force, steps of sedition, and finally the assassin chosen by lot. Incidentally the writer laid light upon the workings of the anarchist's mind, in this: "When a man starts reading their books he becomes a loafer, devoting his time to attending clandestine meetings, reading anarchistic newspapers and cultivating the notion that everything in the universe is wrong but himself. He becomes vain and thinks he is cut out for great things."

SATURDAY, in the island of Samar, near Balangiga, a disastrous fight between United States troops and insurgents took place, the latter attacking company C, Ninth infantry, only twenty-four of the company escaping, all the others were killed. The dispatch from Manila says that the company were at breakfast when attacked and made a determined resistance, but the overwhelming numbers of the insurgents compelled them to retreat. Samar is a country about as large as the state of Ohio, and the American forces of occupation number between 2,000 and 3,000.

At Butte, Nebraska, the other day E. L. Green was charged with cutting a pasture fence owned by John Aarhus. After being out a couple of hours the jury found him not guilty. Judge Harrington, however, before his discharge told him that the jury under the order done would have been justified in finding him guilty; that it was a serious matter for any one to take the law into his own hands; that laws were made to obey; that if he had been molested or his rights infringed upon he had his remedy; that no matter what his condition he would be protected in all his rights.

THE Chicago Chronicle recalls George Francis Train's abandonment of hand shaking, and his habit, adopted from the Chinese, of shaking his own hands before his friend, when he wished to be especially cordial. The Chronicle is a lengthy article pleading for a change of custom with reference to public men at least, who are constantly meeting and addressing crowds of people, who ought reasonably to be satisfied with seeing and hearing them, without submitting them to the inconvenience, labor and torture (not to say danger) of hand shaking.

THERE are now pending in the Senate seven reciprocity treaties, with France, Argentina, Ecuador, Nicaragua, San Domingo, the Danish West Indies, and the British West Indies. These treaties were made by the McKinley administration.

Inter-Ocean. They ought to be ratified, because they are in the interest of this country in the extension of our markets.

OF course every close student of public questions knows the difference between the doctrine of the anarchists and the doctrine of the socialists, but there is a misapprehension in this regard with many.

At a convention of socialists in Omaha the other day resolutions were adopted denouncing the pernicious doctrine of anarchy as favoring no government at all but the individual will and regarding organized government as its bitter enemy; for a just and perfectly organized government; condemning the murderous doctrine and actions of the anarchists, which have so recently caused the death of our president, and expressing deep sorrow to Mrs. McKinley.

THE Kearney Democrat, whose editor knows whereof he speaks, has the following good words for Judge Sedgwick: "The writer has known Judge Sedgwick for about twenty-two years and while we have always differed with him in politics, we have always regarded him as an ideal lawyer and a professionally clean, upright man. He is now one of the supreme court commissioners and other members of the court have told us that he was one of the most conscientious, hard working members of the court commission, and highly respected and admired for his great store of legal knowledge by his associates on the bench at this time."

As action to recover \$2,000 on a life certificate in the Woodmen order was recently decided in the district court at West Point. The defense claimed that the person whose life was covered by the certificate had committed suicide and that this violated the insurance. The court ruled that the fact of suicide would be sufficient to release the order from payment of the certificate, but the case went to the jury on a question of fact and it was decided that deceased had come to his death by the accidental discharge of a revolver. F. Dolzal and C. C. McNish represented the plaintiff.

REVEREND from the year's total of ship building show that for the last twelve months more tonnage was launched than in any year in previous history save two, there being more than 400,000 tons added to the American register. In addition, all the ship yard report orders sufficient to keep them busy for a year or more. Yards on the great lakes turned out more than half the total.

(Continued.)

Observations.

Although September is past and October at hand, and election only five weeks in the distance, yet we find that very little is said on either side by the press of the county, except what is said by way of praise by the partisan papers for their representative candidates.

Let me briefly review the positions of the democratic nominees as they appear to the writer.

John G. Beecher, the nominee for treasurer, was expected to receive the nomination as it is customary for the treasurer to hold two terms and I believe that it is as long as he could hold under existing laws. That he has made a fair officer I will not deny, but there is no reason why his opponent, Mr. Martyn, would not fill that office equally as well.

For county clerk the democratic have seen fit to nominate the smooth Walt Phillips. Is this the same G. W. Phillips who two years ago proclaimed in public and private, everywhere, that he would never again be a candidate for the office, if he could only pull through that time? It certainly is. Walt is by all odds the smoothest and craftiest among the democratic office-seekers of this county. Up to the day of the convention at Plattville I am informed, he was not a candidate for the office and did not want it. At the same time he laid his wires and set up his pins among his personal friends and fellow-schemers to spring his name on the convention, while he would remain absent, and carry his nomination through with a rush. Then, of course, he could not refuse. The scheme was well laid and worked to a dot. The friends of other candidates made no kick, as they desired to run in their pet in a similar manner. That was why there was so little opposition to his nomination. But while the scheme worked it was rather an unscrupulous method.

I have no personal ill-will against the candidate, and admit that his qualifications are good, but any one can see with half an eye the inconsistent statements and methods of the gentleman, and while it is true that he is fit for the office, will not all admit that he has held it long enough and that Capt. C. W. Jones can fill the position fully as well? I observe that John C. Byrnes, the populist, sails in the same boat with Phillips. In 1897 he declared emphatically that if he could only obtain one term he would be satisfied. Next, in 1899, he bids up the second time but announced to all that he would not appear again for a nomination. He is about as consistent as Phillips, having absented and worked all summer and fall for a re-nomination. Perhaps he, too, thinks that the office of sheriff cannot exist except under his supervision, but he may yet hear from his special friends in the north and west parts of the county, whom he visited a year or two since. George Brodfuehrer will poll most of the young vote of the county and may surprise Mr. Byrnes.

For county superintendent, Mr. Leary was another that was bitterly opposed (in 1897), to any man springing to office more than twice. Perhaps he, too, has changed his mind on this question. At all events, he deserves the nomination in compensation for all he has suffered from excessive hand-shaking the past three months. Scarcely an old lady could pass the sidewalks during that time that he did not entertain with a double twister, especially if she could speak German. Yes, he ought to have the nomination by all means, but the voter will pass over to another man.

For county judge, it seems, the democrats were courting defeat. They were of the opinion that "any old thing" was good enough for that office. They selected a man for that office that they would not vouch for as being fit for the office of justice of the peace. The same man that they put up and defeated in 1900. I am of opinion that Mr. Ratterman is honest and a good citizen, but not qualified for that important office, and the schemers only put him up with a view of drawing their cheques out of the fire by holding the people of the north part of the county together for their use.

What the voters are counted and W. A. Whistler elected. As the campaign progresses I may make further observations should any apparent changes in election matters appear to my view.

OBITUARY.

Things that Strike a Nebraskaan as Worthy of Mention.

E. H. Jenkins writes that the Boston & Albany railroad is a double track and the company sprinkle their roadway with kerosene to keep the dust down. When we struck Albany we were transferred the N. Y. Central & Hudson River road, which has four tracks from Albany to Buffalo, two for passenger trains and two for freight. The road runs all the way through in sight of the Erie canal and nearly all who interested me quite a little. The canal does a large traffic in grain and coal, and instead of the old tow-path mule for a propeller, most boats now have small engines of some kind. I think mostly steam.

The rapids of Niagara are simply grand, aside from the falls, and if H. E. Babcock had the right kind of a wheel in the river at the right place and could transmit the power thus gained to Plattville, he could pump the Loup river up onto the bluffs north of Columbus in short order. Still, I expect to live to see the day when the Loup will be running on top of the bluffs, from which all kinds of power can be derived, and in passing let me tell you about a power house we saw at Niagara. All visitors in going to the falls pass close to the electric power house near Niagara river, most of whom do not stop to see one of the grandest sights of the whole world. We had a guide to show us the workings of the largest electric power plant in the world, ten dynamos, each of which is fourteen feet in diameter, and each developing 5,000 horse power, or 50,000 horse power in all. We were let down 180 feet to the bottom of excavation, which was through solid rock, where each dynamo has twin water wheels, one horizontal, the other vertical. The wheels use water the same as the new U. S. engine (which are compound) use steam—twice. From the bottom we were elevated a floor at a time till we reached the top and were shown on different floors, the workings of the wonderful machinery. The company are building at present another house as large as the one they now have, and very large buildings are springing up around the power. I look for Niagara and Buffalo to grow together in the near future.

A letter mailed at Cadiz, Ohio, Sept. 25, is mainly filled with descriptions and personal concerning scenes and persons familiar to TURN JOURNAL folks, whose old home is now being visited by Mr. and Mrs. John George of Perry, Iowa, and formerly living here.

A jolly crowd of relatives, twenty in a four-horse hack driving over hills to grandfather's place, and spreading their spread under the apple trees, brings, in imagination, many of the scenes of former boyhood days to the view here. Uncle Martin Kennedy's oil well drilled to a depth of 1477 feet, then shot, belongs to the modern history of the locality. Cadiz is burning natural gas in nearly all houses and it is very cheap, in fact all roads in the country have their pipe lines.

Many of the old worn fences are about to tumble down and will be replaced by wire fences, which will make the farms look much better. In fact, timber here is getting too valuable to put into rails, hence the wire—Allen Steenson, formerly of Columbus, Nebraska, is now in the regular army, and stationed at Chicago.

Additional Local.

CHILD DROWNED.

Body Found in a Pond a Few Rods from its Home.

At about 9 o'clock Wednesday morning last, Mrs. Henry Kruse found the dead body of her infant son, two and a half years old, in the irrigation pond, on the place formerly owned by John Tannahill, near the southeast limits of the city.

The child's absence from the home premises (across the street west of the former Tannahill residence), was noticed about 5 o'clock Tuesday evening, and searching parties were organized, several going to the right place, but not seeing the body. The water is from six inches deep to the circumference to perhaps two feet at the middle of the pond.

Wednesday morning Sheriff Byrnes and Mayor Ragatz were notified, and a large searching force was about to be organized, when word was brought that the body had been found.

Elder H. J. Hudson of the Latter Day Saints church conducted the funeral services Thursday afternoon.

BURIAL.

A fire alarm was given at about 4 o'clock Monday morning, smoke issuing from the saloon across the street south from the Lindell hotel on Eleventh street, kept by Frank L. Bridell.

An explosion had preceded the fire alarm, and it was found that entrance had been first made into the yard through the gate on M street, a hole bored into the corner of the house and the gate fastened behind them from the inside; a hole about six inches square cut through the back door of the saloon, with a saw and knife, a cross-bar removed from the inside, and entrance forced.

The safe, about two feet wide and three feet high, stood near the east front window. A small hole was bored into

the door near the lock, and it is supposed that dynamite was put for blasting, as the door was forced open, one of the hinges being pushed out carrying with it a portion of the safe.

There was no money in the safe, but the burglars carried off the iron cash box.

The only thing missed was \$1.00 taken from the cash drawer behind the counter, certainly a slim draw for two or three men to spend so much time, and take so much pains, besides losing their sleep.

The only clue known is that a man was seen going west on Eleventh street early in the morning carrying a small box.

John Eason, who sleeps in the rear of his store adjoining the saloon on the east, says that he was waked up by the noise of the explosion five minutes before 5 o'clock.

The firemen were promptly on hand when the alarm called them at 4.

Resolutions of Sympathy.

The following resolutions were passed by Baker Post No. 9, G. A. R. Department of Nebraska:

Whereas, we have learned with deep regret our comrade and president, William McKinley, while mingling with the people has been stricken down by the hand of an assassin and caused our nation to mourn his untimely end, therefore be it

Resolved, By the comrades of Baker Post No. 9, G. A. R., that we deeply deplore the loss of our beloved president and true comrade, and extend to his beloved with the sympathy of this Post in the hour of her great affliction in the loss of a loving husband and a true christian, and one in whom the entire nation reposed love and confidence, and while we mingle our grief with the tears and anguish of his loved ones, yet we would commit them to our Heavenly Father for comfort in this their hour of trial, and be it further

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread on the records of Baker Post No. 9, G. A. R., and a copy sent to the bereaved wife.

D. N. MINER, Adjutant.
W. A. McALLISTER, Commander.
Columbus, Neb., Sept. 21, 1901.

Hagel's Bowling Alley.

Following are some of the high scores ending last Saturday:

Ten Pins—W. B. Henry 184; George Brodfuehrer 195; C. McGinnis 184 200; Fred Saffron 185; Paul Roth 201; T. E. M. Bolt 201.

Nine Pins—Dr. Geitzner 9; W. J. Wase (Cuba) 84.

Cocked Hat—Dr. Geitzner 39-41-44; Fred Huerzler 38-42.

Four Back—W. F. Schram 70-77; H. A. Graves 81.

The popular new games, Newport and Rubber Neck have been instituted, creating much interest by bowlers. Fine new balls have been added, and other improvements are constantly being made, and patrons are now making things very lively at this popular place of amusement.

Real Estate Transfers.

Becher, Hockenberger & Chambers, real estate agents, report the following real estate transfers filed in the office of the county clerk since our last report:

Geo W Cleveland et al to Bridget Farrell, lots 11 and 12 to 13, Gerard add, deed, \$1,000 00

C D Evans to Fred G Novell, lot 7 1/2, Evans add, wd., 75 00

P H O'Callaghan to D F Donaghue, s4 28-18-19, agreement 7800 00

F M Cookingham to First Nat Bank, Humphrey, pt lot 1 to 1 1/2, s4 28-18-19, 1000 00

C J Shinnel to John Hogland, s4 22-30-40, wd., 5550 00

Thomas Rals to H S Elliott, lots 5 and 6 1/2, Col, wd., 60 00

Henry Rodenhart to Willie F Rodenhart, s4 17-18-19, wd., 1 00

Henry Rodenhart to Ernest F Rodenhart, s4 24, s4 24, wd., 1 00

Henry Rodenhart to Ernest F Rodenhart, s4 24, s4 24, wd., 1 00

Total, \$15,478 00

Declines the Nomination.

Mr. M. K. Turner, Ed. Journal, Dear Sir and Friend:—Please state that while I fully appreciate the honor of being made the choice of the republican county convention for the office of county superintendent, obligations previously entered into make it impossible for me to accept. I have, therefore, informed the chairman of the central committee that I respectfully decline.

Respectfully,
R. M. CAMPBELL.

Yellowstone Park Closes Sept. 15.

Go now if you would see Yellowstone Park before the season closes. No better time of year than this. Everything is at its best—weather, roads and scenery.

It takes only about ten days to make the trip, and by going in August you can exchange the heat of a Nebraska summer for the cool, sweet air of the mountains.

Write to J. Francis, General Passenger Agent, Burlington Route, Omaha, Neb., for full information about the Park. It contains a large map of the Park, as well as a description of the principal points of interest.

Excursion rates daily—ask the ticket agent about them.

Choice Breed Shortorns.

Eighteen bulls for sale. I want you to see them, whether you wish to buy or not. It will do you good to look at them. They are for sale at prices guaranteed to be as low as in Iowa, at retail.

Personal Section.

Miss M. J. Murphy spent Sunday in Lincoln.

Martin Schils went Monday to Nance county for a visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Janing of Osceola visited over Sunday here with the Zinnacker family.

Presiding Elder Millard and wife visited the Eskine family Thursday, between trains.

Mrs. D. Schupbach and Mrs. John Graf visited the Horst families at Madison last week.

Mrs. von Bergen and her niece, Miss Alma Gertsch, visited over Sunday with friends north of the city.

J. W. Houlder, now of Rock Island, Ill., formerly Judge Sullivan's secretary, visited friends here over Sunday.

J. H. Linahan of Denver, on his way to St. Louis, stopped off here Monday to visit his brother, Dan. Linahan.

G. W. Clark of Humphrey was in the city Monday, visiting his friend, Rev. Munro, who is steadily improving.

Mrs. W. H. Randall started Sunday for Troy, New York, where she will make a five months' visit with brothers and sisters.

Lawrence Hohl went to Lincoln Monday morning. He will be in attendance at the State University during the winter.

Mrs. W. M. Marshall of Saginaw, Michigan, accompanied Mrs. J. J. Lloyd to Cedar Rapids where they are visiting relatives.

Mrs. Melburn of Arcadia, Neb., (who is sister of the governor in President Roosevelt's family), is visiting with Mrs. P. J. Hart.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Torrell expect to start east Thursday for a visit among relatives at Philadelphia, Cadiz, Ohio, and other points.

Mrs. John Stauffer returned last Tuesday from Ellensburg, Washington, where she had spent several months with her daughter, Mrs. O. Kohler.

Rev. D. T. Olcott and wife expect to start next Thursday for Smith county, Virginia, where they will spend the winter with Rev. Olcott's daughter.

Mrs. S. L. McCoy of Lincoln visited friends here a few days. She will go to Ohio, where she will spend the winter on account of poor health.

G. O. Burns of Holt county was here last week to attend the Boyd-Gotta wedding and also to visit his aunt, Mrs. Sarah Narver of Oregon who is here visiting relatives.

Miss Blanch Galbraith of Harlan, Iowa, arrived here Wednesday on a week's visit with her friend Miss Ethel Galley. The young ladies became friends while pursuing their musical studies.

Mrs. Otto Herman and daughter, Mrs. Mary Herman and children, Mrs. Gradoske and Mr. Gradoske all of Staplehurst spent from Saturday to Tuesday in the city, visiting their relative, E. W. Gradoske.

Mail Box Honesty.

"That naive trust in human honesty that one sees here is distinctly American," said an Englishman, pointing to a letter box. "I would like to see a continental business man lay packages and large envelopes on the top of the post boxes. They would be taken before the glue of the stamps was dry. There is another reason why we can't do that at home. Our dear old London fogs would wipe out the address in short order, and unless the collections were frequent the paper would be reduced to a pulp. A dry climate makes you Americans talk with a dreadful nasal accent, but it shows up your honesty."—New York Tribune.

A Trustful Man.

Miss Pfau (earnestly)—But if I had not all this money do you think you could still be happy with me? Mr. Seekor (startled, but equal to the emergency)—A—s—a—happy is not the word for it!—Brooklyn Life.

The oldest German coal mines were first worked in 1195. They are now Worms. England did not begin to mine its coal until the fourteenth century.

It cannot be too often repeated that it is not help, but obstacles, not facilities, but difficulties, that make men and bring final success.—Success.

There are no front yards or doorsteps in Havana. The doors and windows of the houses open directly upon the sidewalks.

D. ROSS CUNNINGHAM,
LATE OF THE
American Conservatory of Music,
CHICAGO.
Teacher of
PIANO, VOICE CULTURE,
ORGAN, ART OF SINGING.

Residence:
Home of Robt. Selley, Columbus, Neb.

J. M. CURTIS
Justice of the Peace.

Would respectfully solicit a share of your business.

OFFICE:
Over First National Bank, 1st door to the left. 1897

WHEN IN NEED OF

Briefs, Doggers, Sale bills, Envelopes, Catalogues, Hand bills, Statements, Note heads, Letter heads, Legal blanks, Visiting cards, Milk checks, Business cards, Dance invitations, Society invitations, Wedding invitations.

Or, in short, any kind of JOB PRINTING.

Call on or address, Journal, Columbus, Nebraska.

A California Opportunity.

September 19th to 27th, both dates inclusive, any Burlington Route ticket agent will sell you a round trip ticket to San Francisco at less than the regular one-way rate.

The occasion is the General Convention of the Episcopal Church, and the rate is open to the general public as well as to delegates to the convention.

No more delightful outing can be imagined. The trip is made at a time of year when traveling is a pleasure and the climate of California at its best.

The return limit—November 15, 1901, is an unusually long one for tickets sold at so low a rate. Stop-overs are allowed at pleasure, both going and returning, at and west of the first Colorado, Wyoming or Montana point en route. All in all, the opportunity is one which no man or woman who contemplates a visit to California can afford to overlook.

Folder giving details mailed on request. Burlington ticket agents are in a position to give any further information that may be desired.

J. FRANKLIN,
General Passenger Agent,
Omaha, Neb.

This Is Your Chance.

In order to introduce it into your home The Semi-Weekly State Journal will be mailed from now until January 1, 1902, for only twenty-five cents. This will give you a paper every Tuesday and Friday and will be almost as good as a daily. It will give you all the markets which just now is a valuable feature, worth to every farmer many times the cost of the paper. The Journal is printed at the state capital and is more of a state paper than any of its competitors.

It prints the news of the world fresh from special wires in its own office and prints it twice a week, while it is fresh and doesn't charge you any more for it than does the old-fashioned weekly. Send your quarter to The State Journal, Lincoln, Neb.

COLUMBUS MARKETS.

Wheat, old 55¢
" new 55¢
Corn, shelled—bushel 46¢
Oats, bushel 32¢
Rye—bushel 43¢
Hogs—cwt. 6 00¢ 6 35¢
Fat cattle—cwt. 3 00¢ 4 50¢
Potatoes—bushel 90¢ 1 00¢
Butter—lb. 12¢ 15¢
Eggs—dozen 13¢

Markets corrected every Tuesday afternoon.

TIME TABLE.

COLUMBUS, NEB.

Lincoln, Omaha, Chicago, St. Joseph, Kansas City, St. Louis and all points East and South.

Trains Depart.

No. 22 Passenger, daily except Sunday, 7:15 a. m.
No. 22 Accommodation, daily except Sunday, 7:30 a. m.

Trains Arrive.

No. 21 Passenger, daily except Sunday, 9:00 p. m.
No. 21 Accommodation, daily except Sunday, 9:15 p. m.

TIME TABLE U. P. R. R.

FAST ROUTE, MAIN LINE.

No. 84 Columbus Local, Lv. 6:30 a. m.
No. 84 Fast Mail, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 2, Atlantic Express, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 2, Overland Limited, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 4, Chicago Special, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 23, Freight, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 22, Freight, Lv. 7:15 p. m.

WEST ROUTE, MAIN LINE.

No. 1, Overland Limited, Lv. 6:30 a. m.
No. 1, Fast Mail, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 2, Pacific Express, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 2, Overland Limited, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 4, Chicago Special, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 23, Freight, Lv. 7:15 p. m.
No. 22, Freight, Lv. 7:15 p. m.

NORFOLK BRANCH.

Depart
No. 25, Passenger, 7:30 p. m.
No. 25, Mixed, 8:00 p. m.
Arrive
No. 24, Passenger, 10:30 a. m.
No. 24, Mixed, 11:00 a. m.

ALBION AND OGDEN BRANCH.

Depart
No. 40, Passenger, 7:30 p. m.
No. 40, Mixed, 8:00 p. m.
Arrive
No. 39, Passenger, 10:30 a. m.
No. 39, Mixed, 11:00 a. m.

CHICAGO!

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All Principal Eastern Cities.

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Union Pacific
and