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TO GET RID OF DOLE

Hawaiian Territorial Legislature Asks that Governor Be Removed.

A MEMORIAL TO THE PRESIDENT

A Problem That Will Face the Chief Executive on His Return—President Dole Is Denounced as Hostile to the Island's Best Interests.

HONOLULU, May 5.—(Via San Francisco May 11.)—The first territorial legislature of Hawaii came to an end the evening of April 30, according to Governor Dole, and on the next night according to the majority of both houses.

The legislature ended its existence at loggerheads with the governor all along the line, and without having passed a single one of the important measures to which the home rulers were committed, except the county government act, which the governor killed by a vest pocket veto.

The last act of the house the evening of April 30 was to pass a concurrent resolution containing a memorial to President McKinley asking for the removal of Governor Dole. He is charged with having hindered the work of the session by his hostility toward the legislature, withholding information and reports that were called for and refusing to co-operate with the lawmakers.

The president is asked in the resolution to use his influence in behalf of an extra session of the legislature to transact general legislation, which Dole refuses to grant.

The Hawaiians claim they have not had time in which to work out the plans of lawmaking they had formed in the thirty days of the regular session.

In conclusion the home rulers ask that Dole be removed, if the president sees no other way to bring about an extra session of the territorial legislature, declaring that the governor has acted in such a manner as to lose the confidence of a majority of the people of the territory, and charging that he has not dealt fairly with the home rule legislature.

The concurrent resolution passed through both houses by large majorities, all the native home rule members voting for it.

Governor Dole created a sensation in both houses by informing the committee sent to him to ask for an extra session that one of his reasons for not granting an extra session was that he had been reliably informed that bribery was taking place.

Both houses passed a resolution demanding proof. In reply the governor stated that general charges of bribery had been made in the local papers and on the floor of the senate, but had not been investigated, in spite of the appointment of committees to look into them, and that the matter was being investigated by the governor with a view to punishing the offenders if evidence against them could be obtained.

CAILLES CLOSELY CHASED.

Insurgent Leader Supposed to Have Gone Southward.

MANILA, May 11.—Cailles, the insurgent leader in Laguna province, is being closely chased. He is supposed to have gone southward of Laguna province and is not likely to surrender, fearing paying personal penalty for his numerous assassinations.

A hundred insurgents Tuesday evening attacked Paglibac, in Tayabas, which province was considered to be pacified. The insurgents were repulsed without loss.

A detachment of the Twenty-first infantry routed 150 rebels at Zurbano's camp, near Lucaban, and captured a large quantity of supplies.

There Will Be No Car Famine.

CHICAGO, May 11.—An understanding has been reached between the fruit shippers of southern California and the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific roads which will preclude another car famine during the fruit shipping season and insure quicker service. Although no contract has been entered into, the shippers have been assured that ample transportation facilities will be provided in the future for moving the orange and lemon crops. Ample car equipment is to be provided.

Uncle Sam Must Help Them.

FLORENCE, Ariz., May 11.—The Gila river, on the Sacaton reservation, has gone dry and no grain will be harvested by the Indians. Great destitution will ensue and government aid will be required to relieve the situation.

Lynched Him as a Warning.

WICHITA, Kan., May 11.—J. L. Chandler, an old resident farmer of Joland, Day county, O. T., was taken from his home last night, presumably by cattlemen, and lynched. There being no telegraph in that section of Oklahoma, the news of the lynching did not reach Woodward until tonight. For some time there has been trouble between the farmers and the cattlemen and many animals have been poisoned.

Trainmen Vote It Down.

MILWAUKEE, May 11.—The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen yesterday took up the proposd amendment to their constitution, which provided for a raising of the classes of insurance from $400, $800 and $1,200 to $500, and $1,500 respectively. The amendment was voted down and there will be no change for at last a year. L. S. Coffin of Illinois addressed the convention in the interests of a home for railroad men.

BUTTER MEN WILL FIGHT.

Nebraska Dealers Rally to Defend Dairy Interests.

OMAHA, May 13.—The Nebraska Butter and Egg Dealers' association and the State Dairymen's association, representing practically all of the dairy interests in the state, will give united support to State Food Commissioner Bassett in his efforts to enforce the law against the illegitimate sale of imitation butter and other imitation dairy products.

Twenty-five members of the Butter and Egg Dealers' association met in Omaha in response to an emergency call issued by the president and secretary of the organization, and with one voice they agreed to stand by Commissioner Bassett in any step he might take toward the protection of the dairy interests. Mr. Bassett was appointed food commissioner by Governor Savage and it is said he will take charge of his office in a few days. He will work under the law enacted by the legislature of 1897.

Morris Friend of Lincoln, representing the Beatrice Creamery company of that place, said to a reporter:

"There is no reason why the law against the sale of imitation butter cannot now be enforced. The legislature of 1897 did not make proper provision for its enforcement, but this year the lawmakers remedied the evil committed two years ago, and, so far as we know, the law will stand the test of any court in the land. The trouble for years was due to the failure of the legislature to make appropriations for the salary of the commissioner and his assistants.

"In brief, the state food law provides a penalty for selling colored imitations of butter. It will allow the sale of butterine, but only in its natural color. This places both butter and butterine on an equal footing. What the dairymen object to is the sale of butterine or other butter imitations that are colored to resemble in appearance the pure dairy product. It is this deceit that we want to stamp out, and we are of the opinion that we have the means at hand to do it with. The law also requires restaurants, hotels and other public eating houses that serve butter imitations to give notice of the fact by posting signs in a conspicuous place setting forth that butterine, or whatever the imitation may be called, is served in the place."

The State Dairymen's association will probably follow the example of the butter and egg dealers and hold a special meeting within the next few days with a similar purpose in view. The officers of that association have already signified their intention of standing back to back with the food commissioner in his effort to enforce the law, but it is proposed to make the influence of the organization still stronger by calling a special meeting for the purpose of taking united action.

The present indications point to a clash with the imitation butter manufacturers. They object most strenuously to the restriction against the use of coloring, and it is possible proceedings may be instituted in the courts to test the constitutionality of the act. Mr. Bassett, in his official capacity, will demand compliance with the law, and if any violators are caught they will be prosecuted. He will have the moral support of every butter and dairy man in the state, and they together feel they can wield a mighty influence.

Fifth Marriage at 87.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., May 13.—The marriage of B. S. Hayden of this city to Mrs. A. Shupp of Omaha at Chillicothe, Mo., was a surprise to all. This is the fifth marriage venture of the groom, who is 87 years of age, and the second venture of the bride, who is 62 years of age. Both have been residents of this city for many years and have been engaged to be married before. The groom is well-to-do, but not immensely wealthy as reported.

Bankers Elect Officers.

GRAND ISLAND, May 13.—The Nebraska Bankers' association in session here elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: C. F. Bentley of Grand Island, president; F. M. Penny of Wood River, vice president; W. H. McDonald of North Platte, secretary; Peter Mortensen of Ord, treasurer; F. M. Rublee of Broken Bow, member of executive council of state association.

Fine Residence Destroyed.

WAVERLY, May 13.—An $8,000 residence belonging to Miss Blanche Hines was destroyed by fire. The house had been closed preparatory to a summer trip. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Nebraska at Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Dr. R. M. Stone of Omaha, who arrived in Washington last night, called upon Commissioner Evans of the pension office, having one or two matters before the department in which veterans of the civil war are interested.

JohnMallalieu and wife of Kearney are in the city on a short visit. Mr. Mallalieu called on Director Merriam, having been superintendent of the census for the Sixth Nebraska district.

Funeral of Mrs. Green.

KEARNEY, Neb., May 13.—The funeral of Miss Bessie Greene, daughter of the late ongressman W. L. Greene, occurred from the family residence here, Rev. I. H. Wood officiating. The high school was dismissed at 10, she having been a member of the third-year class. There were many beautiful floral tributes and floral emblems from her schoolmates. Miss Greene was 18 years of age and very popular among acquaintances.

WALL STREET DEALING

Frantic Transactions Take Place on the Stock Exchange.

THE END IS NOT YET IN SIGHT

Leaders Confer on the Sentence of Shorts—Determine Upon the Conditions On Which They Are Willing to Settle—Morgan and Hill Are On Top.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Bitter stress developed in Wall street by the second hour of trade on the Stock Exchange today. The violence of the emotion had spent much of its force, at least for the time being, when the chairman's gavel fell, announcing the close of the day's proceedings. The casualties were great and the field of battle was strewn with the wounded, and maybe with the dying. But of actual fatalities none were recorded of importance during the day. During the height of the panic rumors of insolvencies were handed about more quickly than they could be reported. But no confirmation could be had of the intimations of financial wreck. Those against whom the rumors pointed refused even to show any sign of distress and professed themselves ready to meet all obligations. In more than one instance the answer to these rumors was for a representative of the house to go upon the Stock Exchange and place loans to a large amount, as indicating the abundance of resources at hand.

But notwithstanding these and similar devices for keeping up credit and confidence, the fact was obvious from the crash of values on the exchange that credits and borrowing power were shrinking at too prodigious rate not to leave the mind of the whole financial world in a condition of intense strain. But the indications at the close of the day were strong that the principal damage had been wrought upon the speculative class or upon holders of securities on margin, for whatever purpose. The banks have been so well protected by recent extensions of the margins exacted in the market value of collateral over the amount of loans placed that they had little to fear short of an absolute wiping out of market values. The shrinkage of collateral made it necessary for the banks in many cases to exact additional collateral during the day and this added much to the distress for a time.

But late in the dealings the principal banks in the financial district agreed to form a pool and raise a fund to loan, putting the money rate down to 6 per cent on the Stock Exchange. The bid for money had been run up to 60 per cent and was threatening to keep alive the panic. The dozen banks quickly came to an agreement to raise $16,000,000, with implied willingness to advance the sum if necessary.

There were heavy loans placed also by individual banks, ranging in some cases to $25,000,000 and $30,000,000. Through the early part of the day bankers exacted the market rate for loans. But with the growing need to suppress the panic they offered the rate down to 6 per cent. Old customers of the banks were not charged over 6 per cent at any time, but when outsiders came in asking for new loans, the law of supply and demand was allowed to run its course.

The state of excitement was very apparent all through the financial district during the period of the panic, but there were few sensational scenes. Now and then a white-faced woman would appear from a cab outside a broker's office and would be driven off in a fainting condition over receiving a message from the interior. Wherever any near approach could be made to a ticker or to a board on which quotations were posted, there were great throngs of excited speculators scrambling for a view of the course of the market. But the real stress of the occasion came upon the men who were shut up in either their private offices or those of brokers, or who were struggling and fighting on the floor of the exchange.

Oldest Harvard Man Dies.

WASHINGTON, D. C. May 10.—Former Judge John J. Hayden of Indiana died here, aged 82 years. Judge Hayden was active in early Indiana republican politics but has been in the government service at Washington for some years. He was said to be the oldest living graduate of Harvard university.

The Peoria & Springfield railroad company was incorporated at Springfield, Ill.

Mileage Plan Divides Them.

CHICAGO, May 10.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Western Passenger association, held here, a fight developed over the attempt which is being made to get all the lines west of the river to adopt a uniform interchangeable mileage book. At present the Rock Island and Missouri Pacific have an interchangeable book, but the other lines were for some reason averse to adopting it.

Makes the Copper Man Wait.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Arguments in the action of Calvin O. Geer and others to restrain the Amalgamated Copper company from absorbing the Boston and Montana and Butte and Boston Mining companies was heard in Jersey City before Vice Chancellor Pitney in chambers today. The application for the injunction was made on the ground that the prices it was proposed to pay for the Boston and Montana and Butte were excessive.

CLAIM CRISIS IS PASSED.

Industrial Leader Asserts that Financial Storm Has Spent Its Fury.

NEW YORK, May 10.—A banker who participated in the movement to relieve the market this evening made this statement to the Associated Press:

"We loaned $1,000,000 in the market after 10 o'clock today, some of it as low as 6 per cent, and feel that the crisis is over. I do not believe that a single large loan will go down. There have been tremendous losses. Thousands of accounts, representing millions of dollars, are wiped out. But the banks are firm and the large operators are, I think, capable of caring for themselves. You see, they have been taking large profits and are capable of standing up. At present prices I feel that stocks are a good investment and look for heavy buying orders. A good day and the market will be steady again. The banks acted together today, but there was no consonance of agreement about it. We placed about $16,000,000 in the aggregate and the moral effect was good. Wall street could not stand many days like this, but as it is the storm is weathered and the situation will improve from the opening tomorrow."

An industrial leader made this statement to the Associated Press:

"I believe the worst of the storm is over. They have been conferences of importance among the larger financiers and it has been decided that every man of standing in the street shall be protected. I had thought there would be failures, but there are influences strong enough to avert at work and I am no sure they will succeed. I look for buying orders and a rally in the market. There will also be peace among the interests now at war."

ARMOUR GETS SIOUX CITY PLANT.

Acquires International Packing Company's Property.

SIOUX CITY, May 10.—It became known here today that Armour & Co. of Chicago have purchase the old International Packing plant and will operate it. The plant was built by the Silberhorns at a cost of $400,000. It covers five acres of ground. The capacity of the plant is 500 cattle, 3,250 hogs and 1,000 sheep.

In 1899 the plant was acquired by the International Packing company, which operated it until the reorganization of the company when the Sioux City Provision company took charge a few weeks ago.

Sioux City people are rejoicing because of the fact that a rivalry for business is expected to spring up between the Armour plant and the Cudahy concern now in operation here.

GETS THE HARVARD DEGREE.

McKinley to Be Made a Doctor of Laws at June Commencement.

BOSTON, May 10.—The board of overseers of Harvard university at the regular meeting here today voted to grant the degree of doctor of laws to President McKinley. The degree will be conferred at the commencement in June.

President Solomon Lincoln of the board announced the action after the meeting, but he declined to state how the vote stood. From another source it was learned that it was 26 to 3. The meeting was prolonged from 11 o'clock until 2. The intense interest in the question to be acted upon was evinced by the large attendance, only seven of the twenty-nine members of the board being absent.

England Takes Census.

LONDON, May 10.—According to the returns of this year's census the total population in England and Wales is 32,325,716. This is an increase over the population of 1891 of 3,523,191, or, in other words, an increase of 12.15 per cent in the last ten years. The increase in the decade between 1881 and 1891 was 11.65 per cent.

According to the census forty-eight counties show increases while fourteen show decreases.

To Have a Street Fair.

WYMORE, Neb., May 10.—The business men's association has decided to hold a street fair the coming September and the following committee has been named to arrange the preliminary work: R. P. Boyle, J. A. Reuling, T. P. Hargrave and J. R. Dodds. The fair will last for a week and every day will be a special day, including a firemen's tournament, corn carnival, flower parade, etc. Several thousand dollars have been guaranteed for amusements.

To Protect Western Roads.

NEW YORK, May 10.—A conference was held in Kuhn, Loeb & Co.'s office between Jacob H. Schiff, E. H. Harriman and George J. Gould. No official statement could be obtained, but it was reported that a settlement of the railroad differences in the west had been arranged and that assurance would be given to the Rock Island, St. Paul and Union Pacific companies that their interests would be protected in an alliance.

Not Guilty of Robbery.

DENISON, Ia., May 10.—The argument in the case of the state of Iowa against Jackson and Stoval, charged with the Manila express robbery, occupied two full days, after which the jury returned to the jury room. After an absence of two hours from the court room the jury returned the following verdict: "We, the jury, find the defendants not guilty." The defendants were released from jail.

MAY BLOCK BIG DEAL

Tumultuous Proceedings on Wall Street Affect Burlington Movement.

UNION PACIFIC PROTECTING ITSELF

Purchase of Northern Pacific Shares is to Prevent Rival's Benefiting—Kuhn Loeb May now Assent to Triangular Arrangement With the Northerners.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The Evening Post, in discussing the Northern Pacific situation, says: Kuhn, Loeb & Co., it was creditably stated today, have acquired sufficient Northern Pacific stock to prevent, if they desire, the approval of the Burlington purchase by Northern Pacific shareholders. Their purchases for the most part have been made within a week. Some compromise will be made, as the parties in conflict are so important, and Union Pacific interests, which the management of that property felt were threatened by the aggressive policy of the Northern Pacific, will be protected by agreement or by Mr. Harriman and perhaps other Union Pacific directors going into the Northern Pacific board.

These are matters which necessarily are still unsettled, but Kuhn, Loeb & Co. now have virtually the power to determine whether the Northern Pacific will secure the Burlington, and whether assurances given that their Union Pacific interests will be fully protected. It appears that they would not push their advantage so far as to stop the merger proposed by Mr. Hill.

Dealing with the relations of things in the turmoil of Wall street the financial writer of the Evening Post, in a news leader in its edition this evening, says: The fundamental fact in the Northern Pacific situation was that the Burlington deal is placed in jeopardy, as matters stand at present. Union Pacific interests, who were alarmed at the danger of their property, lying in the control of the Burlington by the northern transcontinental line, have bought the ratification of the Burlington purchase by the Northern Pacific shareholders unless some agreement is made with them which will protect their interests sufficently.

The corner in the shares was unprecedented. That development resulted, it is said, from Mr. Keene's clever appreciation of the situation in the stock, the legitimate demand for which had heavily reduced the floating supply. The corner is a secondary aspect, though the more spectacular one to the public, in a movement of far-reaching consequences, possibly putting a stop to the plans for the greatest of railroad mergers, upsetting President Hill's audacious plan to have the Northern Pacific control Burlington's operations.

The policy of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. has been essentially one of self-protection, and being now in a dominant position where the "balance of power" in the western railway situation, so rudely disturbed by Mr. Hill's Burlington deal, has been restored, they will content themselves. Rather than create lasting hostilities among the great western railroads which would follow the abandonment of the Burlington deal, there probably will be made a triangular arrangement, with the Union Pacific sharing the control as well as the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern, under a modification of the burden of the guaranty.

DUE TO CORNER ON CORN.

That Is Why Starch Mills Are to Be Closed Indefinitely.

NEW YORK, May 9.—William F. Piel, Jr., president of the National Starch Manufacturing company, when seen at his residence in Brooklyn tonight, said that it was true that the company had ordered all its factories closed. He said that it was done on account of the present corner in corn at Chicago. Mr. Piel said the company did not care to purchase corn while the corner is on, but would wait until the market became stable. He said it was simply a case of business protection, and that he thought the shut downs would not last for any great period of time.

Treasury Buying Bonds.

WASHINGTON, May 9—The secretary of the treasury today bought $89,000 short term 4 per cent bonds at 113.64.

Secretary Gage late this afternoon purchased $75,000 short term 4 per cent bonds at 113.65.

He also purchased $30,000 short term 4 per cent bonds at 113.65.

Deere of Moline is Slated.

CHICAGO, May 9.—W. H. Printon, president of the Peru Plow and Wheel works of Peru, Ill., said: "The plow combine is likely to be merged into a great trust of all the implement makers of the United States. Ninety per cent of them are now represented in a conference at New York. The capital of the new trust will be as much as $50,000,000 and may amount to $75,000,000. Charles H. Deere will be made president."

Revise Laws of the Order.

COLUMBUS, O., May 9.—The committee appointed by the Sovereign Camp, Woodmen of the World, to revise the laws of the order, today decided to eliminate from the constitution all the sections relating to the care of the sick and insane. Under the sections there was a great deal of imposition on the Sovereign Camp and some radical changes were deemed necessary. New sections will be drafted to cover these subjects.

WILL FIGHT OSTEOPATHY LAWS.

Nebraska State Medical Society Determines to Test Its Validity.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 11.—The Nebraska State Medical society, comprising the state organization of allopathic physicians, in convention decided to fight the osteopathy law enacted by the last legislature through the courts in a determined attempt to render it inoperative. The sum of $200 was appropriated for that purpose out of the treasury of the society.

The law which is to be attacked is that legalizing the practice of the healing science of osteopathy within the state.

Before adjourning the society elected the following officers to serve for the ensuing years: President, Dr. W. B. Ely, Ainsworth; first vice president, Dr. A. B. Anderson, Pawnee City; second vice president, Dr. Schuard; recording secretary, Dr. A. D. Wilkinson, Lincoln; corresponding secretary, Dr. H. W. Orr, Lincoln; treasurer, Dr. J. L. Greene, Lincoln.

DROWNS ON HORSEBACK.

Charles Robinson's Steed Sinks Under Him in Logan Creek.

PENDER, Neb., May 11.—A young man named Charles Robinson, who had been employed by Charles G. Frey, five miles west of Pender, was drowned in Logan creek. He was driving some cattle across the creek. The creek being high on account of recent heavy rains, caused the cattle to scatter and he undertook to swim his horse around them, when he got into deep water and the horse could not keep up and sank. He clung to the horse until he came up a second time and then tried to reach shore but was to oexhausted to make it, and went down. His body was found, down the stream, forty rods from where he was last seen.

Goes to Instruct Filipinos.

HUMBOLDT, Neb., May 11.—Prof. Ned C. Abbott of the city school is receiving the congratulation of friends over his selection as one of the teachers to instruct the native Filipinos in the rudiments of civilization, according to the ideas of Uncle Sam. The professor has just received a commission and notification of his appointment under Fred R. Atkinson, superintendent of the educational work in the Philippines to this position, which he holds for three years at an annual salary of $1,000. Transportation is furnished from here to Manila, and Professor Abbott will doubtless leave in June or as soon thereafter as directed by the authorities at Washington.

Adjourns and No Decisions.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 11.—The supreme court adjourned without handing down any decisions. A great number of opinions were prepared by the commission, it is known, and turned over to the court for approval, but owing to the absence of Judge Sullivan on account of sickness, the filing of opinions was deferred until the last sitting in May. The court failed to pass on the motion of Attorney General Prout to dismiss the suit of the state against the Rock Island railroad for over $250,000 damages for violations of the maximum rate law.

An Old man's Crime.

COLUMBUS, Neb., May 11.—Sheriff Byrnes took John Burnell to the state penitentiary. Burnell was convicted of statutory rape in February and sentenced early in March by Judge Hollenbuck to four and one-half years' imprisonment, but the old man, a Grand Army veteran of fifty-six years, became seriously ill of pneumonia a few days after sentence was passed upon him and was kept at St. Mary's hospital, not being considered able until this week to make the trip to Lincoln.

Nine Years for Assault.

NIOBRARA, Neb., May 11.—Sheriff A. W. Crandall and Deputy John Conway left for Lincoln, taking with them Evert Buchanan, who was sentenced for assault with intent to commit rape upon the person of a child of a well to do farmer living near Bloomfield and also for Kearney to deliver to the reform school Charles Smart, who was sentenced there for placing railroad ties across the track near Wausa.

Best Crop in Good Shape.

FREMONT, Neb., May 11.—The Standard Cattle company has its large acreage of beets nearly all in and a good part of them cultivated. The beets are in good shape and the stand even.

Grand Army Officers.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., May 11.—C. F. Steel of Fairbury was elected senior vice commander and R. S. Wilcox of Omaha department commander of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Bartender Drops Dead.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., May 11.—Walter Johnson, bartender in Henry Waltermath's saloon, fell backward as he was drawing a glass of beer and died in a few minutes. His death is attributed to heart failure.

They Burn the Mortgage.

TABLE ROCK, Neb., May 11.—Services were held Sunday evening in the Christian church, both Rev. E. S. Chamberlain of Johnson and Rev. C. P. Evans of Arapahoe, a former pastor, being present, and preaching. This church has been in debt a few hundred dollars until quite recently, but having paid off the mortgage, and being out of debt, a part of the services consisted in burning the mortgage, in the presence of a crowded house.

One Wife and Three Husbands.

Lizzie Anderson, of Erie, Pa., aged 37, was married three times, and yet was not legally separated from any of her husbands. Death brought them together, and they shook hands silently over her coffin. She met and married Jesse Samson when but a young girl, but eloped with Moses Armstrong. Soon afterward she left him and was wedded to Noah Anderson. The husbands were sworn enemies and never spoke. No legal proceedings were taken and the matter never got into the courts. Then she got sick and was thought to be dying. She rallied, but again had a relapse. She died last week. Then it was that the three men met at her coffin. Samson stretched out his hand slowly, and they all forgave.

A Cartoon Saved His Life.

Several weeks ago an abcess developed in the stomach of William Thorpe, a resident of Quantico, Md. The growth so weakened him that physicians feared to use the knife and patient was slowly dying. A few days ago he saw a Philadelphia paper in which there was a cartoon making fun of Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania. Thorpe laughed and immediately a stream of blood gushed from his mouth. The doctor happened to call just then, and after examining Thorpe, declared that the abcess had broken and that the patient would now get well.

A DOCTOR THIS TIME.

Portland, May 6th.—Dr. E. A. Rose, a practising physician, formerly of Yates Center, Kans., was on what everyone supposed was his death bed. He had Diabetes, and six of his brother doctors were in attendance and consultation at his bedside They had done everything that medical skill could suggest to save his life, but they were at last reluctantly forced to tell him that he must prepare for death.

His aunt had been summoned to his dying bedside. After the doctors had given her nephew up, she insisted that as a last resort, he be given a treatment of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

From the very first dose, the tide turned in his favor. His life was saved, and he is hale and hearty today.

This case and its cure has amazed the physicians, and is the sensation of the hour. It is interesting to note that while many others are being cured this great discovery in medicine, the physicians themselves are among the first to benefit, and that while the simpler and more prevalent forms, such as Rheumatism, Sciatica, Bladder and Urinary Trouble and Female Weakness disappear before it, the more malignant forms, such as Bright's Disease, Diabetes and Dropsy, which have always been regarded as incurable, are yielding just as easily.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are fast superceding all other treatment for Kidney Disease, and as nearly all human sickness and suffering has its origin in the Kidneys, the use of this wonderful medicine is becoming almost universal.

The Lily's "Dream."

Mrs. Langtry's English house in Chelsea is described as "a dream of beauty." The flooring of the drawing room has been taken up and replaced by white marble, and everything is done on the same splendid scale. The furniture and decorations are said to have cost more than $10,000.

COME AND GO

In many forms

Rheumatism
Neuralgia
Lumbago
Sciatica

make up a large part of human suffering. They come suddenly, but they go promptly by the use of

St. Jacobs Oil

which is a certain sure cure.

One Sack Washburn Gold Medal Flour for 57 cents,

when taken with, and as part of the following list. Order as bargain No. 777.

Send no money, SIMPLY ORDER THESE GOODS, and we will pack and ship to you at once. When they arrive, if you do not find them equal to goods that your merchant sells for at least $5.65, return the goods to us. If, however, you do find these goods that we offer you, worth $7.77, and equal to goods that your merchant asks you $5.65 for, pay your freight agent or your banker $7.77 and the freight charges and the goods are yours. No such bargain has ever been offered by any one, but we are bound to introduce our groceries in every place in the United States, and this price cannot help but do it.

	Merchants' Price.	Our Price.
1 Sack of Washburn's Best Gold Medal Flour	$1.25	$ .57
5 lbs. Tea, any kind, English Breakfast, Basket Fired Gun Powder or Young Hyson	2.00	1.00
27 lbs. Good Roasted Coffee	3.00	1.50
20 lb. Box Crackers, Soda, Butter or Oyster	1.00	.49
10 lbs. Pure Rice	1.00	.45
10 lbs. Fancy Prunes	1.00	.45
1 lb. Pure Ground Pepper	.40	.20
1 5-oz. Bottle of triple strength Extract of Vanilla	.70	.35
1 2-oz. Bottle of Triple Strength Extract of Lemon	.35	.15
1 lb. Good Stick Candy	.25	.13
1 lb. Assorted Bon Bons	.25	.11
3 lbs. Assorted Nuts	.75	.30
1 Box of 25 Good Cigars	1.25	.50
	$15.45	$7.77

This lot of over $15.00 worth of goods for $7.77, but bear in mind that we do not make any charges in this assortment.

32 page grocery list mailed free; a postal card will bring it. Mention this paper, or, will send one free with the above assortment if asked for.

T. M. Roberts' Supply House,
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SEND US YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS and upon receipt of same I will send you a proposition whereby you will be liberally paid for a few minutes of your time; no canvassing, as I have nothing to sell. It costs you absolutely nothing. Write to-day.

W. C. KLEINE,
3100 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

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