STILL MORE DEMOCRATS, POPULISTS AND SILVER

GENERAL BUCKNER **DECLARES FOR McKINLEY**

John M. Palmer's Running Mate Favors Republicans

General Simon B. Buckner, of Kentucky, who, in 1896, was the candidate for Vice President on the National Democratic ticket, has returned from a trip abroad. He said:

"The advices that I have received from Kentucky make me believe that the McKinley Electors will receive a majority of the votes cast in that State.

"The real, simon-pure Democrats of Kentucky, have no sympathy with either Bryanism or Goebelism. Bryan, in his trip through Kentucky, identified himself with Goebelism and drove away from his support the real Democracy of the State. The candidacy of Mr. Bryan on the Kansas City platform is in oppo-sition to the principles of true Democracy, and his election would be a menace to civil liberty. I am not going to take the stump for anybody, but I shall do what I can to secure the re-election of Mr. McKinley.

"The Goebel law is a remarkable measure. While the vote for Governor in many precincts was thrown out, it was allowed to stand as far as it related to members of the Legislature. The latter elected J. C. S. Blackburn to the United States Senate, but I can not conceive that that body will seat him. I think that I am not exaggerating when I say that at the election in which Mr. Goebel was a candidate for Governor 20 per cent of the honest vote of the State was thrown out and nullified to permit the issuing of a certificate to him. A similar state of facts would prevail this year but for the fact that Congress can take a hand in investigating the returns. Goebelism means that it matters not how the people may vote, so long as Goebelites can do the counting. The Republicans might carry every county in the State but one, and then the State Election Commissioners could, with only that one county, legally declare the Electoral vote for Bryan. Whether the Goebelites would dare to do this remains to be seen, as their action would be subject to review by Congress."

Elton T. Ransom, formerly Democratic Assemblyman, Ransomville, N. timore, Md.: "I would not vote for dent McKinley's course and cannot see is even more dangerous than the platwhere he has failed in duty as an form he is on. I am against any man able chief magistrate, and a patriot of now and for all time who attempts to lofty ideals. If conducting a success- cheapen the price of the dollar we have ful war against Spain, freeing and pro- now. Don't talk about Bryan to me." viding for the education of the Cubans, supporting the honor of our flag and protecting our citizens wherever lo- an army 60,000 strong outside the city cated, is imperialism, then I am an of Manila and starting a war with our

J.: "Mr. Bryan's election would, with- never having been occupied by the out question, alarm the entire business Filipinos. I do not believe in saying world, and we know by sad experience to our soldiers over there that they are the distressing and fearful conse- fighting for a wrong cause. I am an quences of such alarm."

of Frank Blair, Democratic candidate President of the National Farmers' Alfor the Vice-Presidency in 1868: "What liance: Prosperity. I most wish to see now is that Mr. Lowell Rondebush, Clermont County. Bryan shall be so overwhelmingly de- O., state lecturer at Farmers' Instishall be forever banished from the William F. Cody, better known as of every good citizen to aid in bring- a life-long Democrat. terdemalion as he who now assumes to him in 1900." lead the Democratic party."

question to my mind that the Repub- feat this ticket by voting for McKinlican party is the only one that fully ley. knows how to conduct the affairs of Delancey Nicoll, New York: "I canthe country for its real prosperity. Act- not vote for such a dishonest financial ing under that belief, I have identified policy as the platform advocates." myself with the McKinley and Roosevelt League, and will devote the very little time that I can get away from my vention made a fatal mistake in keepbusiness to progressing the fight ing alive a dead issue. I cannot supagainst Bryanism."

George Sommerville, prominent farmer, Greenville, Ill.: "I am satisthe past four years than I did under Cleveland's administration, and I believe the country is more prosperous than when under a Democratic administration. While I was not particularly in favor of taking the Philippine This year I am for McKinley for all I Islands, they have become our property; our flag waves over them and I am in favor of keeping it there."

Edward C. King, Democratic candidate for Congress in 1896 and formerly City show that the Democratic party prosecuting attorney, residence, Lincoln, Ill.: Afraid of free silver.

P. H. Carlin, Brooklyn, N. Y., leading builder and contractor: "The election of Mr Bryan would be a lament- William L Turner. 22 able mistake. If I did not sincerely believe this I would not turn my back upon the political teachings of my life. A series of disasters would follow his velt." election to power. All confidence abroad in our financial stability would be destroyed, whether free silver could be at once adopted or not. Gold would be hoarded by the banks for self-protection, law or no law."

Stephen A. Foley, life-long Democrat, and formerly county judge, Lincoln, Ill., believes in expansion, in continuing the present prosperity and

balks at free silver. General William Crooks, formerly colonel Sixth Minnesota Volunteers, St. Paul, Minn.: "In my opinion the administration of Mr. McKinley, in dealing with the questions that have arisen and have been most serious and difficult, has been honest, patriotic and national, and the American people will not forsake him while he is engaged in doing their will and upholding bravely, as he has, the honor of the

nation at home and abroad." Oscar Straus, Minister to Turkey, New York: "I am called a gold Democrat because I am opposed to a dishonest dollar. I opposed Bryan in 1896, and I will oppose him again."

LEADING GERMAN DAILY HAS LEFT W. J. BRYAN

The New York Staats Zeitung, that some time ago supported Bryan on the question of imperialism, has deserted his banner, and come out squarely for Mc-Kinley. The cut is the severest Bryanism has yet received in the East. The Staats Zeitung admits that the current is strongly against Bryan, and says there is nothing in the Bryan cry of imperialism and militarism. It is against him on the money ques-. tion. The Staats Zeitung is one of the most powerful German papers in the country.

Ex-Mayor Robert C. Davidson, Bal-Y.: "I have carefully watched Presi- Bryan on a gold platform. I think he

Hon. J. N. Perrin, Illinois: "The Filipinos had no business congregating soldiers after we had taken the city Samuel J. Macdonald, Newark, N. from the Spaniards, that same city expansionist."

John L. Blair, St. Louis, Mo., son H. L. Loucks, South Dakota, once

Democratic party. I think it the duty "Buffalo Bill," North Platte, Neb. Been ing about this result, to the end that | Everett P. Wheeler, New York: "I no party will ever hereafter insult the do not see how any Democrat who

intelligence and self-respect of the peo- voted against Bryan in 1896 can conple by putting at its head such a tat- scientiously and consistently vote for Alexander E. Orr, New York: "I

August Kreamer, manufacturer, will not vote for Bryan. I hope every-Brooklyn, N. Y.: "There can be no body will do all that can be done to de-

Ex-Controller Theodore W. Myers, New York: "The Kansas City conport by action or vote the free coinage of silver. I am one of a large fied with President McKinley's admin- are wondering why in the name of istration; I have made more money in common sense their party does not want their help and votes."

Francis H. Ruhe, New York: "I never voted the Republican ticket in my life, and four years ago was out and out for the gold standard ticket. am worth."

William J. Curtis, member of the national Democratic committee, New York: "The platform adopted and the candidates nominated at Kansas under its present management no longer presents any attractions to the men who have always believed in sound

William L. Turner, 22 William street, New York: "I don't think Bryan has the slightest chance of election. I shall vote for McKinley and Roose-

Charles D. Ingersoll, 170 Broadway, New York: "Even as it was in 1896, so it is in 1900. I cannot stand Bryan and debased money; I certainly shall not vote for him."

John D. Crimmins, New York: "Bryanism and Populism have dictated the ticket and the platform for the Democratic party. By adopting the 16 to 1 plank the convention has virtually defeated its own ticket and elected Mc-Kinley and Roosevelt. In my opinion Bryan will receive a worse defeat than he received four years ago."

George M. Feimlin, farmer, Grand Island, Neb.: "I was born and reared in Germany. I know what militarism is and when a Democratic politician tells me that I must be afraid of militarism I tell you he is either totally ignorant of what militarism is or he is totally dishonest in attempting to make me believe something which he cannot believe himself. The little fragment of an army this country has neither endangers the republic nor can cause the fine increase in the price of my farm products. I am going to vote for McKinley and I'd like to see the man that can stop me."

M. D. Walker, public administrator, Holt County, Mo.

Captain James Rice, ex-Secretary of State Colorado, Cleveland, Ohio.

William J. McCarter, Philadelphia. representing Hughes & Bradley, neck-"Like thousands of others, I knew less about free silver than I cared to acknowledge, but I took Bryan's word for it. This year McKinley will receive my support. Why? The reasons for my change in sentiment are palpable. Everywhere I travel Bryan's platitudes are made more gro-tesque by the growing prosperity of penters' and the New York City Carthe country. Mac is good enough for penters' unions for ten years: "Bryan of the Iron Molders' Conference, me this year, and that is just the way | will not get my vote this year. He New York: "Prosperity." hundreds of other traveling men feel. got it in 1896, but he won't get it in A. Fling, merchant, Stanberry, Mo.:
This talk of an 'ominous silence' is 1900. Why? Well, because he isn't "No Bryanism, even if I am a Dem-

THERE IS NO DOUBT ABOUT MR. CLEVELAND'S POSITION

There is no longer any uncertainty about where Grover Cleveland stands in this campaign. The former President of the

United States is against Bryan-ism and against Bryan.

John S. Green of Louisville wrote to the former President inquiring if he has changed his views on the financial question cago business men on April 13, 1895. as expressed in his letter to Chi-

Mr. Cleveland's reply to Mr. Green is as follows:

"Buzzard's Bay, Oct. 7, 1900. John S. Green, Esq. Dear Sir: I have received your letter, inclosing a copy of my letter written more than five years ago to the business men of Chicago. I had not seen it in a long time, but it seems to me I could not state the case better at this time if I should try. I have not changed my opinion as therein expressed in the least. Yours truly,

"Grover Cleveland." The letter was written five years ago to William T. Baker, George N. Smith, John O. Roche, T. W. Harvey, David Kelly and Harry S. Robbins, in response to an invitation to visit Chicago in the interest of sound money. Some of the striking extracts are:

"If the sound money sentiment abroad in the land is to save us from mischief and disaster it

bined and made immediately ac-

"An insidious attempt is made to create a prejudice against the advocates of a safe and sound currency by the insinuation, more or less directly made, that they belong to financial and business classes, and are therefore not only out of sympathy with the common people of the land, but for selfish and wicked purposes are willing to sacrifice the inter-

ests of those outside their circle. "It is a time for the American people to reason together as mem-bers of a great nation which can promise them a continuance of protection and safety only so long as its solvency is unsuspected, its honor unsullied and the soundness of its money unquestioned.

"The discredit or depreciation in the financial centers of any form of money in the hands of the people is a signal of immediate loss everywhere.

"If reckless discontent and wild experiment should sweep our currency from its safe support, the most defenseless of all who suffer in that time of distress and national discredit will be the poor, as they reckon the loss in their scanty support, and the laborer or workingman as he sees the money he has received from his toil shrink and shrivel in his hard when he tenders it for the might be crystallized and com- necessaries of the humble home."

The Democratic Honest Money League of America,

SO BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Sile Byrne, Grandel

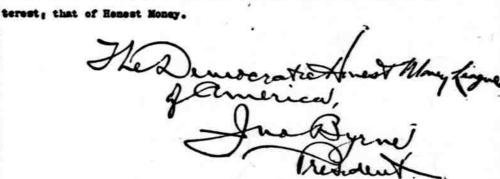
This league was organized in 1896 to oppose the election of Will a iam J. Bryan upon a platform demanding the free coinage of silver at the ratio of sixteen to one.

In the present campaign Mr. Bryan is again the candidate and free silver again the real issue,

We declare in: favor of the existing gold standard and the election of the candidates pledged to its maintenance.

We oppose the free coinage of silver at the ratio of sixteen to one and the election of William J. Bryan, and pledge our most enrest efforts to their defeat.

We call on all Democrats who held their country's honor and welfare above party loyalty to unite with us in this final effort to eradicate Bryanism and secure repose and safety to the Nation. Gold Bemocrats elected Er. Mckinley: Gold Democrats, if they would secure the fruits of the victory of 1896, must re-elect him, and in the same in-



PROMINENT GERMAN

HOPES FOR BRYAN'S DEFEAT

merchant, who in previous campaigns has been recognized as the exponent of the views of a large number of citizens of German descent and who up to the disruption of the Democratic party by Bryan was a prominent gold Democrat and a contributor to the literature for former campaigns, has announced that his views regarding the fitness of the two presidential candidates have in no wise changed from those he entertained in 1896.

"Although a gold Democrat then," said Mr. Windmuller, "I voted for Mr. McKinley, believing mat to vote for third party candidates was to throw away a vote. I can say now that I have never been sorry for making the choice I did then. I believe now as I did then that Bryan's election would be a national calamity and that all taose who really care for the country's welfare have nothing else to do but to support Mr. McKinley. All other questions are of minor importance beside that

Louis Windmuller, the New York of the currency, and the Democratic managers may boast all they want to, but the fact is that a vast majority of the German-born voters regard this question as the paramount one, beside which 'imperialism,' so-called, cuts no figure. The trust question is hardly worth talking about for the reason that both parties have concluded that trusts are bad things. I regard Mr. Schurz as deluded respecting the Philippines. The Philippine question is so much on his mind that it has precluded him from looking impartially at the situation in its entirety. His judgment, in fact, seems to have been completely overclouded by it.

"I consider Mr. Bryan a dangerous man for the reason that he seeks to arouse class hatred and panders to socialistic and populistic tendencies. He should not be elected, and it is the duty of every business man, every working man and of all who love their country to see that he is defeated."

F. S. Andrews, proprietor Phoenix M. Sievers, traveling man, Milwau-Inn. Findlay, Ohio. "I consider myself kee, Wis.: "The acts of a lot of hooda Democrat. I am going to vote for lums in Victor, Colo., are repeated in McKinley. As a business man this ad- Chicago against Mr. Roosevelt and ministration suits me. The Philippines undoubtedly caused by that unclean do not worry me in the least."

long Democrat, and twice mayor of respect away from such company. For the city: "McKinley's administration this reason I refuse to vote the Lamhas convinced me that the Republican ocratic ticket." party is the party of business and

Eugene V. Brewster, Brooklyn, N. Y.: "There are twenty-five reasons why Mr. Bryan should not be elected. The chief one is that he has behind him a disorganized mass of men with conflicting theories, and if elected, the appointment of many thousand of ofconfusion worse than confounded."

Thomas H. McCracken, business reption of the treaty." resentative of the Progressive consistent, that's all."

sheet known as the Chicago American, Joseph Bear, of Frostburg, Md., life- must turn every man with any self-

Dr. J. H. Woodward, Seward, Neb.: 'I voted for Bryan in 1896. I believe that he and his con-fusion parties have practically admitted that silver is to be relegated to the rear. On the question of the Philippines I am with the Republican party and President McKinley, from first to last. Mr. Bryan resigned his colonelcy to urge ficials out of such a mass would mean his Democratic friends in the United States senate to vote for the ratifica-

William A. Perrine, representative

ocrat."

BRYAN'S DEFEAT WILL PRESERVE NATIONAL HONOR

Edward S. Bragg, soldier, statesman and life-long Democrat, came out squarely for President McKinley in a speech at the Pabst Theater, Milwaukee, on October 11th. He did more. He exhorted the Gold Democrats, at whose solicitation he publicly made known his views, to do likewise as a step essential to the preservation of national honor. General Bragg said, among

other things: "The heart of this great people has always beat loyal to the government when the war trump sounded, and has never tolerated. and will never tolerate, encouragement to a public enemy, while he is robbing, fighting, slaying the brave men, your sons and brothers, whom the government has sent forth to do its mission, whether that enemy be an Englishman or Mexican, a Spaniard or a Filipino.

"The result of '96 is as a thricetold tale. Wisconsin, never lacking in its duty where State or National honor is concerned, set the badger stamp of condemna-tion on Mr. Bryan's 16 to 1, indorsed by over 100,000 plurality. Are you ashamed of this record, and would you undo it? No, my fellow badgers, we will stand to our guns in the second battle as we did in the first.

"He who knows Mr. Bryan knows that he has never abandoned 16 to 1. The carrying into effect of his financial theories is the great purpose of his life. He is honest, if not prac-

tical, and he has never said, and he never will say, he has aban-doned it. He would not abandon

it at Kansas City.
"I have said Mr. Bryan is an honest, if not a practical, man.
What he says he believes he can
do, and will never falter in his

attempt to do it. "He is a dreamy idealist. He talks and acts and believes, if he were President, by a wave of his magic wand, as 'twere, he can make a desert blossom; that he can do away with want and misery, and make all his subjects prosperous and happy. In other words, that he is possessed of the mysterious power that can make the world an Utopia, if you give him a chance.

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"Such a man is a delightful companion, an estimable member of society, but a wild bull in a china shop would not be more dangerous to the safety of the crockery than such would be to the safety of the State, if entrusted with the management of affairs.

"The country is prosperous; money is plenty and good; interest has dropped to 5 per cent; the market of our abundant crops has furnished the money to discharge old mortgages and build new homes; labor finds employment in our State, and the laborer fixes the wages. Why should you desire a change, unless it be for the better? And that better state you cannot hope to find in the balloon of the idealist, Bryan."

General Horatio C. King, New York, run mad. I am amazed that any por- believe." cratic party."

John Kuykendall, Denver, Colo.: 'The people of this country almost present prospering conditions and unanimously urged the President to will vote for McKinley and to support engage in the recent war. I am an his policy of expansion." American and I do not see how I can honorably do anything but sustain the "For the country to turn aside from President."

merly Democratic member of the leg- and slough of cheap money would only islature, has declared a nomination be equaled in supreme folly by the from the Democrats for clerk of the act of the owners of a great steamship district court saying: "It is for the line to seek in bedlam for one of its greatest good of the country that inmates to command its largest and President McKinley be re-elected. The best vessel on a voyage across the country has prospered. I am not in sea." sympathy with the position taken by the Democratic party on the question a lifelong Democrat, who served in of expansion. Both of the parties are the Confederate army throughout the sincere in the statements that under war, and who was chosen a delegate certain conditions combinations of to the National Democratic Convencapital should be subjected to legisla- tion at Chicago in 1896 by the Marytive control."

ty. N. D.: "Wrote a letter to the Fargo with all the ills which that involves. Forum, challenging a statement that And yet he talks of the Republican farm loans could be secured at 6 per party placing the dollar ahead of the cent, and agreed to vote for McKinley man, as if every living Democrat, if it was true. The challenge was Bryan included, does not think as promptly taken by Banker Ed Pierce much of a dollar as every living Reand Colonel Morton of Fargo."

years local agent of the American Ex- Richard J. Gittings, of Baltimore, Md., press Company, Pana, Ill.: "Prosper- who was a prominent and lifelong

Winchester, Ind: "Times are good any change apparently a change for enough for me and want them to con- the better, so much the more ought he tinue so, I am making good money and to be turned down in 1900, when the am satisfied."

Elmer Thomas, Lynn, Ind., timber pled prosperity." buyer: "I worked several years ago at Charles S. Wiley, one of the leading the business of buying timber, and attorneys of Coles County, Ill., and could barely make a living, but after heretofore a prominent Democrat, has McKinley was elected President and announced that henceforth he will business began to get better, my sal- support the Republican ticket. He ary was gradually increased, and now was a candidate for Secretary of State I am making plenty of money. Since on the gold Democratic ticket in 1896. McKinley's election I have bought a He opposes both free silver and antigood piece of property and have it expansion. paid for and money in the bank. Mc- Thomas J. Powers, member Co. B. Kinley is good enough for me and I 44th Indiana, during the Civil War, propose to vote for him."

ocrat, and his three sons, Stanberry, and cannot tolerate Mr. Bryan's atti-Mo.: "Not one of Bryan's 1896 proph- tude in reference to the Philippines. esies have come true."

"Father of the Minnesota Democracy: "Why should I support what four years of prosperity and I propose they call a Democratic ticket. There to do all I can to continue it. I canis not a Democrat upon it. I am for not risk and Bryan prosperity in progression and prosperity, and I am mine." satisfied with the present national ad- S. R. Moore, a lifelong Democrat, ministration. Bryan offers us nothing Kankakee, Ill. that he was not proclaiming in 1896. He presents no new arguments. He is tearing down instead of building up. I supported Bryan four years ago, but I am glad he was not elected. I shall do some hard work for McKinley and the Republican state ticket, for I do not want this country to get into the hands of knockers."

Col. C. H. Murray, Elkhart, Ind., a prominent Grand Army man: "I am a believer in himetallism, but Bryan is demagogue and is utterly lacking in the essential qualities of statesmanship. The 'anti-imperialist issue' is

the veriest rqt." Nelson J. Paimer, prominent Democratic leader, Fredonia, N. Y.: "Prosperity."

James A. Curtiss, a prominent Meriformer law partner of David B. Hill: den, Conn., Democrat, and former "Four years ago, with a large num- member of the Meriden board of pubber of Democrats throughout the coun- lic works, is out for McKinley and has try, I revolted from the platform for-joined the Commercial and Industrial mulated at Chicago. I had a fond hope League. He says: "I am afraid of that possibly they might come back Bryan on the money question. The to reason and true Democracy, but the silver idea may be all right fifty years reiteration of the same sentiments at from now, but I den't expect to be Kansas City, the re-affirmation of the here then. I believe it is for my best same doctrines, the addition of a worse interest from the money standpoint one, that is, to haul down the Amer- to have no change at present in the ican flag in the Philippines, has con-financial policy of the government, vinced me that Bryanism is Populism and I am going to vote as I honestly

tion of my fellow Democrats of the old Dr. Wm. T. Walls, Madison, Ind.: period should, for the sake of this "We have risen to a position which bugaboo of imperialism, undertake to ranks with the best governments on all prophecies by such men as William Jennings Bryan. I am proud of the

Capt. F. M. Grant, Canton, Ill.: the broad open highway of a solid and W. H. Kelley, Cheyenne, Wyo., for- stable currency to traverse the bog

Randolph Barton, of Baltimore, Md., land Democratic State Convention: Henry Garvin of Kever, Wells coun- "Bryan represents a debased currency publican does. I want none of him." Charles Meteer, for twenty-seven D. Sterett Gittings, son of the late Democrat, for many years State's At-Adam Schauss, head of the Adam torney for Baltimore county and one Schauss Manufacturing Co., Toledo, of the Presidential electors for Tilden O., who supported Bryan four years and Hendricks, will vote for McKinago: "Bryan stands for the re-open-ley and Roosevelt. He says: "I oping of the disturbing money question. posed Mr. Bryan in 1896, and I am The crp of imperialism finds no echo. opposed to him in 1900. If Mr. Bryan It is too silly a dodge to catch the peo- and the Chicago platform were bad in ple with. To make us Germans believe 1896, Mr. Bryan and the hyphenated that we stand in danger of militarism Chicago-Kapsas City platform are requires better proof than Mr. Bryan's doubly bad in 1900. If Mr. Bryan was repudiated in 1896, when the depres-Charles O. Summers, blacksmith, sion in all kinds of business endered country is enjoying an era of unexam-

Warsaw, Ind .: "I fought four years for Isson G. Gillett, an old-time Dem- the preservation of the American flag I have also observed that Mr. Bryan's Michael Doran, of St. Paul, the predictions have not been fulfilled." Silas Stoner, Warsaw, Ind.: "I've had

GERMAN PAPER LEAVES BRYAN

The German Tribune, of Leavenworth, Kansas, the only German paper published in that State, has left Bryan's standard. The reasons for the change are that the Tribune believes in prosperity and sound money, and false. The Tribune supported Bryan four years ago. It has a circulation of 13,000 weekly-all over the State, and 5,000 daily in Leavenworth.