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LI SHOWS HIS TEETH

Chinese Viceroy Makes Diplomatic, but Threatening Answer to Hay.

REPLY NOT REGARDED AS FINAL

Dispatch from Goodnow Indicates Imperial Sanction of Outrages—Resistance Being Encountered by Foreign Scouts Indicates Strong Opposition.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The State department makes public the following telegrams received yesterday, August 3, from the consul general at Shanghai and the consul at Che Foo:

"SHANGHAI, Aug. 3.—Secretary of State, Washington: Americans left Chun King yesterday. Li told French consul today no messages will be delivered ministers because foreigners advancing on Pekin. Two pro-foreign members of the tsung li yamen beheaded 27th for urging preservation ministers by Li Ping Han, now commanding troops Pekin. He ordered Pao Ting massacre. GOODNOW."

"CHE FOO, Afternoon, Aug. 2.—Secretary of State, Washington: Just received telegram from governor of Shan Tung, requesting me to transmit to you the following: 'Have just received telegram, dated July 30, tsung li yamen, stating various ministers, the German legation, and others (foreigners) all well; not in distress. Provisions were repeatedly sent. Relations most friendly. Now conferring as to proper measures to protect various ministers to Tien Tsin for temporary shelter, which conference will soon be ended.

"'YUAN, Governor.'"

"FOWLER."

Li Hung Chang's answer to Secretary Hay's peremptory demand of August 1, to be put in communication with the foreign ministers at Pekin, is evasive and not final and leaves the matter open to diplomacy. But Li's action, as reported by Consul General Goodnow, are undoubtedly sinister and will amount to a rejection of the proposition. Mr. Goodnow's dispatch contains some further information bearing on the question of responsibility for Pekin conditions, in the statement that the commander of the Chinese troops, by inference answerable to the Chinese government, ordered the Pao Ting massacre. It is learned here that Li Ping Hong, the commander referred to, is a civil official and well known to all the Chinese officials abroad as one of the most rabid anti-foreign leaders in China. He is a close friend of Prince Tuan, and the association of these two in Pekin affairs, with power enough behind them to cause the ignominious death of two high officials, is regarded here as a bad sign.

Simultaneously with Mr. Goodnow's dispatch came a characteristically diplomatic message from Yuan Shih kai, the governor of Shan Tung, repeating the story of two days ago that the Chinese government was arranging to deliver the ministers in safety at Tien Tsin. No effort is made to reconcile that statement with Earl Li's refusal to allow communication with the ministers.

General Chaffee's message as to the unexpected resistance of Chinese reconnaissance is regarded by military men here as forecasting a greater degree of resistance to military movements than had been expected and they are now satisfied that Chinese troops will furnish material for at least one severe battle before the way is clear to Pekin.

The Navy department today issued an order for the co-operation of its officers abroad with the officers of the army in landing and transporting troops destined for Chinese service. This revives the situation that existed in Cuba when Shafter's army was landed largely through the efforts of the navy.

CONGER MESSAGE WAS DATED.

July 17 Was the Time of Sending the First Message.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The state department has received a cablegram from Consul Fowler at Che Foo, which says that he has obtained the copy of the cipher dispatch from Minister Conger which was sent through Minister Wu to the department here. The dispatch is dated July 17 and signed by Conger. Consul Fowler has no doubt as to its genuineness.

Wu Calls to Secure News.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The absence of the Chinese minister from the state department yesterday, despite the fact that it was diplomatic day, taken in conjunction with the exceeding sharp note of Secretary Hay, was the subject of speculation. Minister Wu explained his absence on the ground that he had no news to communicate and his appearance at the department this morning was awaited with considerable interest. The minister came in the course of the morning, imperturbable as usual. He announced that he had absolutely no news from China.

Queen Also to Be Killed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Information from Rome is printed here to the effect that Antonio Lana, arrested as an accomplice of Bresci, has confessed, affirming that a plot existed involving the simultaneous assassination of King Humbert and Queen Margherita.

Transport Indiana for China.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The adjutant general received a cable message from General MacArthur at Manila today saying he had arranged for the transport Indiana to meet the transport Sumner at Nagasaki and take its men and supplies at once to Taku. The Sumner left San Francisco on July 14 with General Barry and part of the Fifteenth infantry. General Barry is ordered to report to General Chaffee for temporary service with the troops in China. The Sumner is due at Nagasaki in about two weeks.

Officer Shoots an Insane Man.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 4.—Gus Eddinger, a butcher, suddenly became insane at the Four Courts today and made an assault with a table leg on the deputy marshals who had him in custody. After knocking down several persons, Eddinger broke away, followed by a crowd. He refused to halt and defied the officers, when Deputy Charles Dy fatally shot him in the back. Ever since he achieved notoriety three years ago by participating in a bloody prize fight with Gus Fredericks, Eddinger's mind has been affected.

OMINOUSLY CLOSE TO WAR.

Reply of Secretary Hay to Hsu Li is Taken to Indicate a Crisis.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Secretary Hay's reply to Li Hung Chang has closed the negotiations with China unless the old viceroy is able to secure the full acceptance of our terms relative to the foreign ministers and that at once. No orders, therefore, looking to the relaxation of the preparations for the advance on Pekin have gone out from Washington, for, as the situation is described by one of the leading officials here, "there will be no bargaining on our part in advance of the concession by the Chinese authorities of full and free communication with the foreign ministers."

There is, moreover, a note ominously close to actual war in Secretary Hay's declaration that the conduct of the Chinese government is "unfriendly." That kind of language is extreme in diplomacy and it is only a narrow step between it and formal war.

The impression prevails here that the Chinese government, if it is now absolutely bereft of power to act in defiance of the Boxers, will accept the terms of the United States government and some such action is looked for very soon. Possibly a battle, not more, it is believed, than one at most, will be required to bring the imperial government to the point of acceptance, though in that case it is questionable whether the original conditions would be regarded as still open to acceptance.

ATTEMPT TO STOP ADVANCE.

Li Hung Chang Wants to Stay March of International Column.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—The French consul general at Shanghai telegraphs as follows: Li Hung Chang has stated to the United States consul that the ministers will be put in communication with their respective governments if the allies arrest their march on Pekin. Chang is yet unable to secure a reply to the message, in his care, to M. Pinchon (the French minister in Pekin), as the tsung li yamen will not consent to the forwarding of cipher messages for the ministers.

KILLING OFF MISSIONARIES.

Reported Murder of Fifty of Them in the Province of Shan Si.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The Chinese Inland mission received the following cablegram from Rev. F. W. Stevenson today:

"SHANGHAI, July 31.—Probably Misses King, Burton and Rasmussen and Mrs. Cunnells have been murdered at Ho Shan, province of Shan Si. There is a local rebellion in the Ning Po district and the worst is apprehended for all the workers, who are two married couples and four single women."

Schley Just Escaped.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 3.—Admiral Schley has advised the Navy department that he narrowly missed being quarantined, with his squadron, for a period of twenty-eight days, in the harbor of Montevideo. The South Atlantic squadron had touched in at Rio on its way south, and although there was not even a suspicious case aboard, the port authorities at Montevideo declared that the warships should go to quarantine for nearly a month. Admiral Schley protested, and putting himself in communication with United States Minister Finch, managed to go free after a three days' detention in quarantine.

Admiral Seymour Goes to Nankin.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 3.—Admiral Seymour, on board the British dispatch boat Alacrity, started for Nankin today to consult with Liu-Kun-Yi, viceroy of Nankin. Admiral Seymour wired the viceroy of his intended visit and Liu-Kun-Yi replied: "I am unwell and cannot see you." Admiral Seymour insisted upon making the visit and the viceroy responded by wire: "I am instructing a war ship to proceed down the river to escort the Alacrity to Nankin in case of misunderstanding in passing the forts."

United States Will Investigate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The possible connection between Bresci, the Italian murderer of King Humbert, and the New Jersey group of anarchists, has moved this government to take measures to investigate the anarchist situation in and around New York. Just what steps have been taken is not made public.

Going to the North Pole.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.—Captain Banendahl of the imperial navy will start for the north pole in a fortnight. He will sail directly into the pack ice regions north of Spitzbergen and then eastward to the open sea, when he believes that he can reach the pole. He will take three years' provisions.

Col. Cochran to China.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Colonel P. C. Pope, now attached to the marine barracks, Brooklyn has been ordered to succeed Colonel H. C. Cochran as commander of the marines at the Boston navy yard. Colonel Cochran has been ordered to China to take command of the marine forces there.

Afraid to Visit London.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The shah's visit to England has been virtually abandoned, according to the Times, on account of the attempt to assassinate him in Paris.

Young King at His Father's Bier.

MONZA, Aug. 3.—King Victor Emanuel III upon arriving here met his mother, Queen Margherita, at the castle. She fell into his arms weeping. The king knelt before the body of his father and repeatedly kissed and embraced his mother. Afterward for an hour he, his mother and his wife prayed in the death chamber.

Subsequently the king received the members of the cabinet. All the ministers except those of war and justice, who are in Rome, took the oath of allegiance.

Boers Give Up Machadorp.

LOURENZO MARQUEZ, Aug. 2.—The Boers have evacuated Machadorp, and, it is reported, are preparing to to retreat to Lydenburg, to which place they have completed telegraphic communication.

Will Be Shot for Murder.

FARMINGTON, Utah, Aug. 2.—Judge Rolapp today sentenced Jack Haworth to be shot on Friday, September 14, for the murder of Night Watchman Sandall. The murder was committed last year and Haworth was captured in Oregon and brought back for trial.

SHARP WORDS TO CHINA

The United States Will Not Stand Temporizing on Her Part.

HAY REPLIES VIGOROUSLY TO LI

Attitude of Government at Pekin Characterized as Unfriendly—Conger's Freedom is First Condition—Washington Not Asking for Favors.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The state department has made public the following correspondence between Li Hung Chang and the department regarding the abandonment of the campaign in Pekin:

"In reply to a suggestion of Li Hung Chang that the ministers might be sent under safe escort to Tien Tsin provided the powers would engage not to march on Pekin, the secretary of state replied on the 30th of July:

"This government will not enter into any arrangement regarding disposition or treatment of legations without first having free communication with Minister Conger. Responsibility for their protection rests upon Chinese government. Power to deliver at Tien Tsin presupposes power to protect and to open communication. This is insisted on."

This message was delivered by Mr. Goodnow on the 31st to Viceroy Li, who then inquired whether, "if free communication were established between ministers and their governments, it could be arranged that the powers should not advance on Pekin pending negotiations."

To this inquiry the following reply was sent on the 1st of August:

"Goodnow, Consul General, Shanghai: I do not think it expedient to submit the proposition of Earl Li to the other powers. Free communication with our representatives in Pekin is demanded as a matter of absolute right and not as a favor. Since the Chinese government admits that it possesses the power to give communication it puts itself in an unfriendly attitude by denying it. No negotiations seem advisable until the Chinese government shall have put the diplomatic representatives of the powers in full and free communication with their respective governments and removed all danger to their lives and liberty. We would urge Earl Li earnestly to advise the imperial authorities of China to place themselves in friendly communication and co-operation with the relief expedition. They are assuming a heavy responsibility in acting otherwise.

HAY."

"You will communicate this information to the minister of foreign affairs."

This dispatch was sent to all American ambassadors and ministers abroad.

The special cabinet meeting lasted about two and a half hours. There were present besides the president, Secretary Hay, Secretary Root, Secretary Gage and Postmaster General Smith. The discussion was confined almost exclusively to the Chinese situation. All the details of the situation since the president went to Canton two weeks ago were carefully gone over and a general exchange of views was had. The definite information of the safety of the legationers at Pekin and the hope for their final rescue were considered the best features of the situation.

The administration desires an immediate movement on Pekin, if it can be inaugurated without too much danger, and while no news has come from General Chaffee that the forward movement has begun such news is hourly expected.

JAPAN DOES NOT FAVOR WAR.

Hopes to Have China for an Ally in Contest With Russia.

VICTORAI, B. C., Aug. 3.—The Tokio correspondent of the Japan Herald in a lengthy article says: "In spite of exultant articles in the foreign press exhorting Japan to heroic endeavors, it does not enter the China campaign with pride. The nation at large condemns it. Japan, it is alleged, has been dragged into it."

The correspondent prophesies war with Russia over settling up accounts in China and says China would throw in its lot with Japan against Russia.

Bad Elk Dies in Jail.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Aug. 3.—John Bad Elk, a Sioux Indian murderer, who has been in jail here since April of last year, died in the county jail today of consumption. In March, 1899, on the Pine Ridge reservation, Bad Elk shot and killed John Kills Back, one of a party of three Indian policemen who were striving to effect his arrest. He was tried a month later in the United States court here and convicted of murder and was sentenced to be hanged June 16 of last year. He was granted a new trial, soon to take place.

Quintavilla Has a Wife in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Nocola Quintavelli, companion of Bresci when he sailed to kill the king of Italy and now under arrest charged with complicity in the assassination, left behind a wife 26 years of age.

She is Mrs. Jennie Quintavelli, who lives with her sister, Mrs. Robert Auld, on One Hundred and Ninth street. She works in a cigar factory. Mrs. Quintavelli had no knowledge that her husband was an anarchist until she read that he had been arrested.

The Letter Found on the Assassin.

MILAN, Aug. 3.—(New York World Cablegram.)—The chief of police informs me that the lady's letter found on Bresci is signed Sofia and is not from New York, but from Buenos Ayres, where a considerable Italian anarchist colony has settled. The police here are busily arresting all anarchists and vague rumors are heard that a conspiracy has been discovered, but the procedure looks more like activity inspired by a desire to satisfy public sentiment.

Ruler of Russia Next Victim.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—According to a dispatch to the New York Journal, Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, said to his warden today:

"It will be the czar's turn next."

The police have found evidence that Bresci acted in collusion with others and numerous arrests have been made. Bresci's brother, a shoe dealer, another kinsman named Maroun and several anarchists have been arrested at Prato. Natale Pennazzini, who was arrested at Ancona, admits traveling with Bresci from Milan to Monza.

WAR ON THE GRASSHOPPERS.

Fund Raised at McCook for the Distribution of Poison.

M'COOK, Neb., Aug. 4.—A meeting of farmers and business men was held here to consider ways of handling the grasshopper question. It was finally decided to raise a fund among the business men and purchase poison to be furnished free to farmers who will agree to use it and report. The following formula is furnished with directions to each farmer:

Paris green, one pound; arsenic, one-quarter pound; sugar, one pound; salt, one pound; boiling water, one gallon. Mix. Boil thirty minutes, then while still boiling, add ten gallons of cold water and to this solution add bran until suitable for scattering.

Drive through cornfields on every twelfth row, dropping from half tablespoonful to a tablespoonful every twenty feet.

Distribute along fences, tree rows, etc., amongst alfalfa, put on bare ground as much as possible.

Don't put out too close to where chickens run at large.

Census Work is Finished.

KENESAW, Neb., Aug. 4.—Supervisor Evans closed up the work of the census in the Fifth district yesterday, and shipped his last blanks to Washington. Some few inquiries are bound to come in, but the business is practically ended, and the office which has been maintained here during the season will no longer be kept open.

The supervisor does not give out the exact figures showing the population of the district, but from what has been dropped, it is thought that the figures will not be far from what was shown in the 1890 census. In the extreme western counties, where there was a boom about twelve years ago, there is a considerable falling off, while some of the eastern counties show gains.

Feeder Cattle Prices High.

SOUTH OMAHA, Aug. 4.—For the seven months ending July 31, 424,286 head of cattle were marketed at South Omaha, as compared with 357,473 head during the same period of time in 1899. This is an increase in receipts of cattle of 66,813 head. With such an excellent start officers of the Stock Yards company predict that the calendar year will show the heaviest increase of cattle in the history of the yards. Range cattle will soon commence to move rapidly and South Omaha will certainly receive its share. At present this is considered the best feeder market in the country and ranchmen in the west and northwest are aware of the fact.

Small Grain a Poor Crop.

BERTRAND, Neb., Aug. 4.—The crop report is not very encouraging here, especially the small grain. Spring wheat is threshing out an average of about ten bushels to the acre. Oats is thin, rye making the best yield, about ten to fifteen bushels. Corn looks well, it being helped out by the late rains, but will have to have a good rain inside of a week to make anything. Early corn is gone, but late corn stands a chance to make a fair crop.

Head Crushed by Fly Wheel.

YORK, Neb., Aug. 4.—The sixteen-year-old son of William Otto, a well known grain dealer of Charleston, this county, fell into the fly wheel of the engine at the elevator and his head is so badly crushed that it is not thought he can live. The boy was found at 6 o'clock, when the elevator hands closed down for the day. It is not known how long he was in the wheel.

Dr. Andrews Returns.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 1.—Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews, chancellor-elect of the state university, reached Lincoln yesterday from Chicago and joined his wife and son. Dr. Andrews will take charge of the university today. His inauguration will be combined with the university opening address, which he will deliver September 22, in it outlining his policy.

Soldiers Homeward Bound.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Aug. 4.—Eli Bussler of this city has received a letter stating that his brothers, Albert and Edward, young Searles and several others, who became members of the Thirty-ninth Nebraska regiment and went to the Philippines, have been invalided home, after having been confined in the hospital in Manila for some time.

Violation of Game Laws.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Aug. 4.—Sheriff Keliher is keeping a sharp lookout for persons suspected of shooting prairie chickens and other birds out of season. There has been a good deal of hunting going on in this part of the state, but so far no one has been caught with any game in his possession since the recent executive notice was promulgated.

Kick of Horse May Cause Death.

ALBION, Neb., Aug. 4.—A ten-year-old son of George Whitacker was kicked in the head by a horse and is now lying in a critical condition with a fracture of the skull. It appears the boy was driving the horse from the cornfield, where it had strayed, and running up behind struck the animal, which resulted in his injury.

Veterans' Reunion.

FORT CALHOUN, Neb., Aug. 4.—The twenty-third annual reunion of the Washington County Veteran association will be held August 21, 22 and 23. The committee having the program in charge promises a rare treat in speeches, sports and outdoor games.

Newton Buckley Passes.

STROMSBURG, Neb., Aug. 4.—Newton E. Buckley of this place, who went to West Point as alternate-at-large to stand examination for admission to the military academy wires his mother that he has passed the examination and received the appointment. The mother of the young man, Mrs. Lillie C. Buckley, is the postmistress here.

Mr. Barnum Discharged.

COLUMBUS, Neb., Aug. 4.—Hon. Guy C. Barnum, who was before the commissioners of insanity on complaint of his son, was discharged.

Wants to Be Regimental Band.

MADISON, Neb., Aug. 4.—The Madison band is an applicant for the honor of being the First Nebraska regimental band. Colonel Killian came here and heard the band give a concert at G. A. R. hall. A number of military pieces and marches were played and the colonel in addressing the band said he was well pleased with the music rendered. Other bands after the honors are McCook, Beatrice and Columbus. The colonel expects to decide which band will have the honor of following the regiment in the course of a week or so.

THE SITUATION IN PEKIN

Hostilities Have Ceased, but the Foreigners Remain Vigilant.

TREACHERY OF CHINESE IS FEARED

Dr. George E. Morrison Cables to London Times Situation in Capital—Barricades About Besieged Legations Are Being Made Stronger.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Dr. George Ernest Morrison, the Pekin correspondent of the Times, has been heard from direct. The Times prints the following dispatch from him, dated July 21:

"There has been a cessation of hostilities here (Pekin) since July 18, but for fear of treachery there has been no relaxation of vigilance. The Chinese soldiers continue to strengthen the barricades around the besieged area and also the batteries on top of the imperial city wall, but in the meantime they have discontinued firing, probably because they are short of ammunition.

"The main bodies of the imperial soldiers have left Pekin in order to meet the relief forces. Supplies are beginning to come in and the condition of the besieged is improving. The wounded are doing well. Our hospital arrangments are admirable and 150 cases have passed through the hospital.

"The tsung li yamen forwarded to Sir Claude MacDonald a copy of a dispatch telegraphed by the emperor to Queen Victoria, attributing deeds of violence to bandits and requesting her majesty's assistance to extricate the Chinese government from its difficulties. The queen's reply is not stated, but the Chinese minister at Washington telegraphs that the United States government would gladly assist the Chinese authorities.

"This dispatch to the queen was sent to the tsung li yamen by the grand council on July 3, yet the day before an imperial edict had been issued calling on the boxers to continue to render loyal and patriotic services in exterminating the Christians. The edict also commanded viceroys and governors to expel all missionaries from China and to arrest all Christians and compel them to renounce all their faith. Other decrees applauding the Boxers speak approvingly of their burning out and slaying converts. Their leaders are stated in a decree to be princes and ministers.

"On July 18 another decree made a complete volte face due to the victories of the foreign troops at Tien Tsin. In this decree, for the first time and one month after the occurrence, an allusion was made to the death of Baron von Ketteler, the German minister, which was attributed to the action of local brigands, although there is no doubt that it was premeditated and that the assassination was committed by an imperial officer, as the survivor, Herr Cordes, can testify.

"The force besieging the legation consists of the imperial troops under General Tung Lu and General Tung Fuh Siang, whose gallantry is applauded in imperial decrees, although it has consisted in bombarding for one month defenseless women and children cooped up in the legation and expanding bullets. The Chinese throughout, with characteristic treachery, posted proclamations assuring us of protection and the same night they made a general attack in the hope of surprising us.

"The wounded number 138, including the American surgeon, Lippitt, severely wounded, and Captain Myers, who is doing well. Seven Americans have been killed.

"The ministers and members of the legations and their families are in good health. The general health of the community is excellent and we are contentedly awaiting relief."

HEAD SET FOR PEKIN.

Allies Begin Advance in Direction of Chinese Capital City.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 2.—M. Favreau, minister of foreign affairs has received the following dispatch, dated Shanghai, August 1, from M. de Cartier de Marchienne, secretary of the Belgian legation, now acting as charge d'affaires of Belgium at Shanghai:

"The allies are marching on Pekin. They are eighteen miles from Tien Tsin and should reach Pekin in eight days.

"All the Europeans have taken refuge in the inner rectorale of the imperial city."

LONDON, Aug. 2.—"The allies began the advance from Tien Tsin this morning," announces an agency bulletin, dated at Shanghai at 11:10 a. m. today.

The Belgian government has received news that the allies have already marched eight miles in the direction of Pekin.

It is assumed that the Americans, British and Japanese are taking part in this forward movement, whether other nationalities are or not. An advance base will probably be established twenty or thirty miles nearer Pekin and supplies will be assembled preparatory to a direct stroke at the capital.

Statement of Coinage.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The monthly statement of the director of the mint shows the total coinage at the mints during July, 1900, to have been $8,404,427, as follows: Gold, $6,540,000; silver, $1,827,827; minor coins, $36,600.

American Forces Are Ready.

TIEN TSIN, Thursday, July 26, via Che Foo, July 30, and Shanghai, Aug. 2.—The American commander received orders from Washington not to delay the advance on Pekin. He was also informed that heavy reinforcements are enroute.

Great activity is noticeable at Japanese headquarters. Transport preparations are being hurried. It is extremely unlikely that either the Japanese or the British intend to be left behind the Americans, though the British preparations are a long way from completeness.

Crop Conditions in the West.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The Corn Belt, the official paper of the Burlington road, makes this summary of crop conditions in the west:

Nebraska—Corn has generally been put in a fair condition by the late rains and small grain generally has done well.

Iowa—Corn is mostly in excellent condition. Small grains generally are in excellent condition.

Kansas—Corn is reported in excellent condition in early all parts of the state. Small grains have also done very well.

YOUNG KING REACHES ITALY.

Leaves for Monza, Where His Father's Body Still Lies.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—A special from Rome says King Victor Emmanuel III arrived at Brindisi today unexpectedly. The dispatch adds that the young queen fainted when she was informed of the assassination of King Humbert. The king and queen started for Monza immediately after reaching Brindisi.

ROME, Aug. 1.—In the absence of the new king the ministry has issued in his name a manifesto to the nation as follows:

"King Victor Emmanuel III, in ascending the throne has to perform the painful duty of announcing to the country the awful calamity which has violently cut short the valuable life of King Humbert.

"The nation, wounded in its sincere affection for the august dead and in a sincere feeling of devotion and adhesion to the dynasty, while execrating the cruel crime, will be plunged into profound grief for the venerated memory of a good, brave and magnanimous king, the pride of his people and the worthy perpetuator of the traditions of the house of Savoy, by rallying with unshakable loyalty around his august successor. Italians will prove by their deeds that their institutions do not die."

The king is expected to arrive at Reggi Di Calabria tomorrow. He received the first news of the assassination of his father by semaphor.

The police are pushing inquiries in all directions, but the information with regard to the assassin, Bresci, is not yet very definite. It appears that when he was searching for lodgings on Friday at Monza he was accompanied by a young man, whom the police are now seeking. The pistol the assassin used was a new and superior weapon marked "Massachusetts."

Remey Confirms the Story.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The following dispatch from Admiral Remey was received by the navy department this morning:

"CHE FOO, Aug. 1.—Taku, July 23.—Japanese military attache, Pekin, letter July 22, reports legation besieged since June 13. Continually attacked from June 20 until July 17. Attack then ceased and Chinese soldiers apparently diminishing. Sixty Europeans killed. Telegrams from governor of Shan Tung addressed to consular body, Che Foo, says: 'Imperial edict states that various ministers except German are well and provisions have been supplied.'

Queen Stays by the Bier.

MONZA, Aug. 1.—The body of King Humbert, dressed in black, lies today on the bed ordinarily used by him. Around the massive candelabra holding burning tapers at the foot and head are flowers placed by Queen Margherita, who passed the long hours of the night in prayer by the bed in which the body lies. Father Bignami, the court chaplain, is in immediate charge of the bier. The cardinal archbishop of Milan has ordered a requiem mass to all the churches in his diocese.

Enormous numbers of telegrams of regret and condolence continue to arrive.

Less Than One Thousand.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—A dispatch received at the war office today from Lord Roberts materially modifies yesterday's statement of the surrender of 5,000 rebels under General Prinsloo. It now appears that Generals Prinsloo, Villiers and Crowther surrendered with 986 men, 1,432 horses, 965 rifles and a Krupp nine-pounder.

Some of the leaders in more distant parts of the hills hesitate to come in on the plea that they are independent of General Prinsloo. Lord Roberts has directed General Hunter to resume hostilities forthwith.

New Hats for the Guard.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 1.—General Barry received word that his requisition for campaign hats and hat cards for the Nebraska national guard has been honored, and the goods sent from St. Louis. The entire guard, consequently, will be equipped with these hats and dark blue flannel shirts for the coming encampment. The encampment will be of all the state militia companies, including two regiments of infantry, a troop of cavalry and a battery of artillery.

English Ready to Move.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—In the House of Commons today the parliamentary secretary for the foreign office, William St. John Broderick, announced the receipt of a dispatch from General Sir Alfred Gaselee, commanding the British forces in China, stating that he contemplated an immediate advance on Pekin and that he hoped to have the co-operation of the allied forces.

Call for Cuban Election.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The war department has issued an order for a general election to be held in Cuba on the third Saturday in September to elect delegates to a convention to be held in Havana on the first Monday of November. This convention is to frame and adopt a constitution for the people of Cuba.

Fears Felt for Iowans.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Aug. 1.—The people of this city are anxiously awaiting news from Pao Ting Fu, where Dr. and Mrs. Rensellaer Hodge are among the missionaries who are supposed to have been massacred by the Boxers.

Charges Against Police.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 1.—The special committee of the police board appointed to investigate the conduct of the police officers in the arrest of Charles, the negro murderer, and who, if they had arrested him, would probably have prevented the riots in New Orleans, has recommended that charges of cowardice be brought against Sergeant Lincoln, Corporal Trenchard and Officers Cantrell, Pincon and Perazier, and of deserting his post against Detective Woodworth in the affair of Friday, when Sergeant Portuus and Officer Lally were killed.

Going to Utah and Wyoming.

SAN FRANCISCO, Ca., Aug. 1.—The home battalion of the Twenty-third infantry, which returned from the Philippines on the Warren, has received orders to garrison army posts in Utah and Wyoming. Lieutenant Colonel Richard I. Eskridge will go to Fort Douglas, Utah, with companies I and L, and company M will go to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.

Two more troops of cavalry came in today and went into camp at the Presidio to await transportation to China. They were troops B and G of the Third cavalry, from Fort Meyer. Two troops of the Ninth arrived last night.

CONGER IS ALL RIGHT

Reassuring Message is Received from the American Minister.

ALL WELL AT PEKIN SINCE JULY 16

Attack on Legation Ceased Two Weeks Ago by Agreement — Provisions on Hand Sufficient to Last for Several Weeks.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The war department last evening received two cablegrams from China. They are as follows:

"CHE FOO (undated).—General Corbin, Washingtin: Tien Tsin 27.—Message just received from Conger says:

"'Since 16th by agreement no firing. Have provisions several weeks; little ammunition. All safe, well.

"I (Daggett) report allied forces soon advance. Practically no looting by Americans; no unnecessary killing. Iidia arrived 26th. Order MacCann, Sladen, both Allens, Mitchell, Bryce join regiment here.

"DAGGETT."

The second read:

"CHEE FOO.—Corbin, Washington: Tien Tsin 27th.—Flintshire arrived 27th. Two hundred and fifty-seven Ninth infantry sick; two doctors, 100 hospital corps men, twenty signal men needed. Unavoidable delay in loading transports. Foreign troops arriving.

"DAGGETT."

The official confirmation of the news that Minister Conger is safe and well, coupled with the statement that he has provisions for several weeks and that the firing on the legation has ceased, was welcome intelligence, though not unexpected, in view of recent news. The information from Colonel Daggett was promptly telegraphed to President McKinley at Canton, who has been advised of the receipt of messages always as soon as they reach here.

The last message which came from Minister Conger was that which was obtained through the intermediary of Mr. Wu and was supposed to be dated the 18th, since which time nothing had come since June 12, almost two months.

It is expected now that all the energies of the government as well as those of other nations, will be concentrated for an advance on Pekin. Several of the reports which have come from China seem to indicate that this will occur very soon. Some of the dispatches place the date as early as yesterday. The officials here, however, do not look for so early an advance if the allied commanders adhere to their original estimate of 80,000 men as necessary for the campaign, as the latest reports here do not show half that number on the ground. Still other reports indicating the possibility of the advance being made by the British and American armies have come and the American officers commanding in China have a free hand in any military movements.

The proportion of men of the Ninth infantry reported by Colonel Daggett as sick is considered an alarming and unfortunate feature of the situation. Of course they are unable to account for it, but agree that it may delay any immediate movement forward. The delays in unloading the transports also are discouraging and vexatious. Surgeon General Sternberg already had given notice that 100 contract surgeons are wanted for service in the east, but it will be some time before they can be on the ground ready for active work.

Fears Not Now Laid Aside.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Doubt has given way to a feeling akin to certainty that the legationers at Pekin and the foreigners who managed to reach the Chinese capital just in the nick of time were not only alive on July 26, but in all probability are still alive and likely to remain so until they are released from their state of siege. The officials here feel certain that the attack by the Chinese on the legations will not be renewed and that all people therein will be saved.

Will Call Extra Session.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Aug. 1.—Governor Beckham has decided to call an extra session of the legislature at some date between August 15 and September 1, to amend the Goebel election law. It is understood that a bill has already been prepared for non-partisan election commissions in each of the counties to report to a non-partisan state commission of two representatives of each party on the state commission and on each county board.

Many Perish in Eruption.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 31.—Particulars of the eruption of Mount Azuma in Japan on July 17 have been received in Oriental papers. So far as known 250 persons were killed and many hundreds were injured.

India Wants a Loan.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Consul Fee at Bombay has advised the state department that the government of India desires to contract a 3½ per cent loan to the amount of $10,000,000.

Cable Working to Che Foo.

NEW YORK, July 31.—The cable companies send out the following notice: "We are advised that communication between Shanghai and Che Foo is restored."

Union Pacific Dividend.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—The directors of the Union Pacific Railroad company today declared a semi-annual dividend on the common stock of 2 per cent. The last dividend was a semi-annual one of 1½ per cent.

Ready to Go After Others.

MONZA, Aug. 1.—Bresi maintains an air of utmost cynicism. The assassin of King Humbert, in the course of his examination, declared himself to be a revolutionary anarchist and said he was ready to resume operations if he were released.

Sir Robert Hart is Safe.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Important additional confirmation of the safety of the legation was received in London by Mr. Duncan Campbell, representative in Europe of the Chinese customs service, from the commissioner of customs at Che Foo in the shape of a Pekin dispatch, not dated, but believed to have been written July 31 signed by both Sir Robert Hart, inspector general of customs, and Mr. Robert Bredon, deputy inspector general, to the following effect: "Staff and family still safe."

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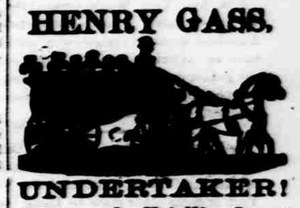

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