

The English people, along with the queen evidently, are sick of the Boer war.

Boer-English War.
Monday morning's dailies, under date of the 26th, said that the British dead left on the battlefield the day before numbered 1,500. It is believed at London that (this includes the wounded). The Boers also claim that 150 of the English troops surrendered at Spionkop.

From London, January 28, Gen. Buller's dispatch to the war office states that Spionkop was abandoned for lack of water, inability to bring artillery there, and the heavy Boer fire.

Gen. Buller, in a dispatch dated the 27th, gives details of withdrawal of force to the south of the Tugela.

He says it was done without the loss of a man or a pound of stores, and adds this remarkable paragraph:

"The fact that the force could withdraw from actual touch—in some cases the lines were less than 1,000 yards apart—with the enemy in the manner it did is I think sufficient evidence of the morale of the troops, and that we were permitted to withdraw our cumbersome ordnance and mule transports across the river, eighty-five yards broad, with twenty-foot banks and a very swift current un molested is I think proof that the enemy has been taught to respect our soldiers' fighting powers."

We see no good reason why the postal service of country, taken as a unit, could not be made self-sustaining, at least, or bring in something of a revenue. There has for years been great necessity for reform in the line of what are called public documents. Millions of dollars could be saved by justly decreasing the number of things printed by the government, and the price paid for their transmission. It is very safe to say that not ten thousandth part of the books and pamphlets printed in read, and why should the unprofitable and unfair custom be kept up? There are other ways of economy in public service than by abolishing what is useful, at the call of those who would enjoy a monopoly in consequence. Let the government be called upon to exercise only such functions as cannot be performed by the individual, and that without fear or favor. Everything should be done in the interest of the public welfare.

The conscience of the nation is revolted, at its heart, by the life of the most eminent citizens; those who are called to do the business of the nation in various lines will do well if they comply strictly with the statutes which prescribe the functions and the limits of their official life.

SENATOR STEWART of Nevada, although what is called a silverite, is not opposed to the government, whether or no. The other day, when one of the senators was talking about the "unauthorized war," Senator Stewart said:

"The legislation increasing the regular army to 65,000 and authorizing a volunteer force of 25,000 men and three regiments to be organized in the Philippines was for the express purpose of prosecuting the war and of suppressing the insurrection in the islands. The war under the authority of Congress has been carried on for about eleven months, until it is too late to inquire how the United States became involved in it. If the inquiry had been made in February last it might have been pertinent, but now, after my country has been engaged in war under the authority of the legislative and executive branches of this government, and after thousands of precious lives have been sacrificed and millions expended under the authority of the war-making power, it is my country's war, and the origin or motive of the war cannot be questioned. The lives sacrificed and the money expended in a war authorized by Congress should preclude any effort on part of patriotic citizens to prove that the war was wicked in its origin."

The London Daily Mail says: "The richest and what was hitherto considered the most powerful nation in the world stands today in the humiliating position of seeing its armies beaten back with heavy losses at the hands of two small states. Our ambassadors abroad suffer ignominy, knowing that Dr. Leyds has during the past week been receiving at semi-official entertainments not only in Paris, but in Berlin. One would have thought that Dr. Leyds' reception by foreign governments was already sufficiently suggestive. One would have thought the time had come when some attempt should be made to mobilize the fleet and the remaining land forces in order that the world may know that, while bearing our sufferings calmly, we have no intention of subsiding into a second or a third-rate power by allowing foreign intervention of any kind."

Mrs. HENRY C. MORSE, wife of the president of the Crescent iron works of Springfield, Missouri, has written a novel, the purpose of which is to check harmful gossip. The pledge taken by each member is that no evil word shall ever be spoken of any woman. The society starts out with a large membership. There will be no dues and no formal proceedings at any of the meetings. If they are reasonably successful in this first venture, it is intended that men shall, after a while, be included in the list? Or, is it supposed to be an utter possibility to prevent evil words being spoken of any man? Will not this organization suggest a counter one by the men, in which no evil word is ever to be spoken of any man? Why not? But why limit the evil word, and why not of any man or woman?

The tendency of the times is to use the post office and the freight train for the carrying of packages, rather than the express service, because of the enormity of prices of the latter. When flour is very high in price, people will use more corn meal, potatoes, etc., and thus endeavor to make the situation, kind of self-adjusting.

It is now proposed by fair-minded men that the representation in congress, hereafter, be based upon the number of votes recorded in each state, instead of on the total population. This would compel the states to allow the colored man to vote, or cut the representation from such states to about half what it now is.

EVIDENCE on the school board case at Omaha goes to show that too much care cannot be exercised by the people in the selection of public officials, and also that simply houses are not free from influences that are inimical to the public welfare. If members of a school board should not be bribed, neither should agents of a supply house be bribed. "It takes two to make a bargain."

insurance business, after the dissolution of Becher & Compton.

Died, Dec. 16, of scarlet rash, William Henry, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Thomas, aged 1 year.

Marshall Smith moved his stock of groceries into his new brick store building on Thirteenth street.

Died, Dec. 13, Bart S. Hunt. Funeral services conducted by Rev. Samuel Goodale at the Episcopal church.

James Yaglin, the first convict from Butler county, was sentenced to the penitentiary four years for horse stealing.

John Strasser of Jackson informed the editor that ninety car loads of wheat had been shipped from that station that fall.

Mr. Ernst, father of Jacob, John and Wm. Ernst, died at his residence in Switzerland, Nov. 1, 1877, aged 77 years.

Leander Gerrard completed some improvements to his dwelling on Nebraska Avenue, giving more room and a neater appearance.

In those days Hugh Hughes was a carpenter, joiner and contractor; John Huber was mail carrier between Columbus and Albion.

In a program for the Red Ribbon club, Mabel Stearns and Fred Reed were billed for recitations, Frank Fields for music, and Charles Brindley for a speech.

Stock hogs were in demand, because farmers wanted to utilize their large corn crops. Corn was 20 cents a bushel, and fat hogs \$3.00 to \$3.25 a hundred.

H. P. Handy, a well-known bridge builder who resided for some years at Grand Island, was killed near Longmont, Colorado, being run over by the car.

The freight rate on carloads of 20,000 lbs., from Columbus to Chicago, was, on wheat, rye, barley and fax seed, 42 cents per hundred; on corn and oats 37 cents.

Married, Feb. 6, 1878, at the residence of John Saerider, the home of the bride, by Rev. H. N. Cook, John C. Truelove and Miss Susan Saerider, both of Monroe.

Married, Monday, Jan. 7, 1878, at the residence of the bride's parents in Stearns precinct, by Rev. Father Smith, Daniel Kavanagh and Miss Bride Gooden.

Mrs. E. V. Clark, formerly of Columbus, then of Grand Island, died Jan. 21, from the effects of a fall lamp, setting fire to her clothing, enveloping her in the flames.

Wednesday, December 12, 1877, there was a hundred thousand hogs in the stock yards at Chicago, more than were known to be in any market in the world in a single day.

Married, at Lorain, Ohio, November 19, 1877, Lou G. Tyrrel of Madison, Neb., and Emma Handall. An accompanying note said: "Old Crusty has surrendered unconditionally."

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James Hallows and family, and Mrs. Ann Preston and sons started for Utah, December 10. Widow Preston was the mother of the first white boy born in Genoa, in July, 1857.

At a special session of District court Judge J. W. Savage presided, and the main business of the term was to hear arguments in the case of school district No. 3 vs. Pat Murray.

The indomitable Petroleum V. Nasby, financier, was writing his inimitable articles and making a heavy drive with silver and gold into money.

Honor and justice, reason and equity, go a great way in procuring prosperity for those who use them; and, in case of failure, they secure the best retreat and the most honorable consolation.

Alfred Stenger, John Barrow and John McPherson started Dec. 3 for the Beaver valley on a hunting expedition, expecting to strike a herd of elk between the Beaver and the North Loup.

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George P. Shatawell, as director of Dist. No. 34, advertised for bids and proposals for doing the carpenter work on a school house, the bids to be received at the store of L. E. Kahne in Jackson.

Musical sounds were transmitted by the telephone from Chicago to Columbus, Ohio, a circuit of 375 miles. The sounds were audible to the audience, but the particular tune could not be recognized.

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A torrent, reaching from mountain to mountain in the valley of the South branch of the Potomac river was, in place, seventy feet deep, and the destruction of property in Hardy county, W. Va., alone amounted to \$400,000.

The secret of P. T. Barnum's world-wide reputation seemed to be contained in a statement he had just made that he didn't care what the papers said about him, provided they said something. But then, it might well be added, he knew the rest.

G. A. R. Post No. 9, Department of Nebraska, had a public installation of officers, and in the list of names we find John Hammond, J. N. Lawson, A. M. Jennings, A. McKelvey, F. P. Burgess, Gus Lockyer, J. W. Early, E. L. Barrett, B. E. Rogers, W. J. Collins, D. N. Miner.

Carl Reinke, Jacob Ernst, George Barney and R. Kummer, jr., returned from Chicago, after striking a low market for their cattle and hogs. Mr. Barney said his cattle were in excellent order and were sold for shipment to New York, yet he would have made money by feeding a month longer.

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D. Anderson bought the "best" hog of the season, balancing the scales at 680 pounds, of J. Earle.

The whistler at Loveland & Ellis's mill competed with the Monastery bells to note the time of day.

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Do You Want a Calendar?

The biggest—and best—calendar ever issued by any American railroad is now being distributed by the Burlington Route.

It has twelve sheets, one for each month of the year. On each sheet is a striking illustration of some feature of the Burlington's service or of the territory reached by its lines—the government fast mail running at full speed; a tourist car on its way to California; engine 1591, the largest passenger engine in the world; a library car; a compartment sleeper; the Burlington station at Omaha; a dining car; a monster freight train; Estes Park, Colo.; the plunge bath at Hot Springs, S. D.; Yellowstone Falls, etc.

The drawings from which the pictures were made are by Louis Brannhold, of Chicago, and cost several hundred dollars.

The size of the calendar is 22x28. The dates are in big type which can be read at a distance of 50 feet. For business offices the Burlington calendar is simply invaluable.

Purchased in large quantities, the calendars cost the Burlington Route 27 cents apiece. With postage, packing, etc., they represent an investment of about 35 cents. Our price is 25 cents—10 cents less than cost. Write for one; stamps will do. If it is not satisfactory, send it back and your money will be promptly refunded. J. FRANCIS, General Passenger Agent, Omaha, Neb. 7-mar-21

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

The Way to go to California is in a tourist sleeper, personally conducted, via the Burlington Route. You don't change cars. You make fast time. You see the finest scenery on the globe.

Your car is not so expensively furnished as a palace sleeper, but it is just as clean, just as comfortable, just as good to ride in—and nearly \$30.00 cheaper. It has wide vestibules; Pullman gear; high back seats; a uniformed Pullman porter; clean bedding; spacious toilet rooms; tables and a heating range. Being strongly and heavily built, it rides smoothly, is warm in winter and cool in summer.

In charge of each excursion party is an experienced excursion conductor who accompanies it right through to Los Angeles.

Cars leave Omaha, St. Joseph, Lincoln and Hastings every Thursday, arriving San Francisco following Sunday, Los Angeles Monday. Only three days from the Missouri river to the Pacific Coast, including a stop-over of 1½ hours at Denver and 2½ hours at Salt Lake City—two of the most interesting cities on the continent.

For folder giving full information, call at any Burlington Route ticket office, or write to Gen'l. Passenger Agent, Omaha, Neb.

CASTORIA
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Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Some Special Rates Via the Union Pacific R. R. Co.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 12-14, fare and one-third for the round trip.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 19-23, one fare for the round trip.

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 21-23, fare and one-fifth for the round trip.

For dates of sale, limits, etc., call on W. H. BENHAM, Agent.

THE JOURNAL for JOB PRINTING

Of All Kinds.

To Chicago and the East.

Passengers going east for business, will naturally gravitate to Chicago as the great commercial center. Passengers re-visiting friends or relatives in the eastern states always desire to "take in" Chicago on route. All classes of passengers will find that the "Short Line" of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, via Omaha and Council Bluffs, affords excellent facilities to reach their destinations in a manner that will be sure to give the utmost satisfaction.

A reference to the time tables will indicate the route to be chosen, and, by asking any principal agent west of the Missouri river for a ticket over the Chicago, Council Bluffs & Omaha Short Line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, you will be cheerfully furnished with the proper passport via Omaha and Chicago. Please note that all of the "Short Line" trains arrive in Chicago in ample time to connect with the express trains of all the great through car lines to the principal eastern cities.

For additional particulars, time tables, maps, etc., please call on or address F. A. Nash, General Agent, Omaha, Neb.

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IF YOU ARE GOING TO THE PACIFIC COAST

Don't complete arrangements until you have secured information regarding the personally conducted excursions.

UNION PACIFIC OVERLAND
WORLD'S PICTORIAL LINE

These excursions leave Omaha every Friday, in elegantly upholstered Ordinary Sleeping Cars, illuminated by Patent Light, Heated by Steam. Baggage checked through to destination.

Prompt and satisfactory service. Many hours quicker time than any other line.

For time tables, folders, illustrated books, pamphlets descriptive of the territory traversed, call on

W. H. BENHAM, Agent. 31-Jan-30-30

Real Estate Transfers.

Becher, Jaggi & Co., real estate agents, report the following real estate transfers filed in the office of the county clerk for the week ending January 27, 1900.

Anna R. Wilkinson to Israel Glick, lots 3 and 4 blk 127, Columbus, Mo., \$75 25
Valentine H. Weaver to John Stank, lot 2 blk 128, Columbus, Mo., 125 00
Michael Dooly to George Schindler, lot 2 and part of lot 12, 12-23-24, Mo., 500 00
John Constable to E. F. Prince, lots 2 and 4 blk 4, Platte Center, Mo., 100 00
E. F. Prince to Geo. F. Peak, same lots, 100 00
John Constable to Martin Blodorn, lots 5 and 6 blk 4, Platte Center, Mo., 200 00
E. F. Prince to John Constable, lots 7 and 8 blk 4, Platte Center, Mo., 200 00
State of Nebraska to Henry Meeting, lot 2 and 2nd sec., 28-29-24, Mo., 100 00
P. E. McKillop to W. M. Coudon, part sec. 24, 28-29-24, Mo., 300 00
Joe Wambolt to R. J. Gardner, lots 1-18-14, Mo., 300 00
G. W. Phillips et al to W. J. Winston, lots 7, 8, 9, blk 4, Phillips addition to Columbus, Mo., 375 00
G. W. Phillips et al to R. L. Conant, lot 8 blk 4, Phillips add. to Columbus, Mo., 110 00
Union Land Co. to J. C. Smith, part sec. 24, 28-29-24, Mo., 350 00
1 and 2 blk 1, Burrows, Mo., 100 00
Jacob Runyan to Sophie Korus, same, 250 00
Anna Blodorn to John Kotlar, part sec. 24, 28-29-24, Mo., 100 00

Stations transfers, total..... \$16,367 25

The funeral service of Gen. T. H. Stanton, known as the fighting paymaster, was held at the family residence in Omaha last Thursday morning. Rev. Mackay read the first part of the Episcopal service, and Rev. N. M. Mann delivered an eulogy, speaking of Gen. Stanton's great kindness of heart, and his literary tendencies. The burial was to be at Arlington National cemetery at Washington.

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OTTO MILLER, the young farmer who disappeared a week ago from his place near Holstein, this state, has undoubtedly been murdered. Indications are that Miller was assaulted just as he was about to open the door to put his team into the stable; that his body was carried from there to a cave, and afterwards to the sand hills, on the Platte river, where it was disposed of.

NOTICE OF REFEREE'S SALE.
(W. T. THOMPSON, ATT'Y.)

WHEREAS, on the 1st day of December, 1899, in an action of partition in the district court of Merrick county, Nebraska, pending wherein Samuel Mark Yeoman was plaintiff and Charles Washington Yeoman, Mary Ann, wife of Mattie Floss Buchanan, Harriet A. Yeoman, Mark Yeoman, Jr., Wellington Yeoman, Mark Yeoman, Nellie Yeoman and George Washington Yeoman, Jr., were defendants, and decree was entered that the plaintiff, Samuel Mark Yeoman, was the owner in fee simple of an undivided one-third of the following described real estate, to-wit: The north half of the northwest quarter of section 24, township 23 N., range 21 W., in the county of Nebraska, and other lands and that the defendant, Charles Washington Yeoman, was the owner in fee simple of an undivided one-third of said premises, and that the defendant, Mattie Floss Buchanan, Harriet A. Yeoman, Mark Yeoman, Jr., Wellington Yeoman, Mary Ann, Nellie Yeoman and George Washington Yeoman, Jr., were each the owner in fee simple of an undivided one-twenty-first part of said premises, and whereas, said decrees and whereas, said decrees were confirmed in said parties in said real estate by said court as aforesaid and said real estate was ordered to be sold and the undersigned were appointed by the court as referees to make partition thereof, and whereas, on the 15th day of December, 1899, said referees made their report as aforesaid and the effect that partition of said real estate could not be made without great detriment and loss to the said owners and recommended to said court that said real estate be sold and the proceeds of said sale divided, and whereas, on the 15th day of December, 1899, the report of said referees was in all respects confirmed by said court and the undersigned referees proceeded to sell said real estate, as upon execution, at the front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, for one-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from date of sale, with approved security, said deferred payments to bear 7 per centum per annum.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said and decrees, the undersigned referees will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 12th day of February, 1900, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, said real estate in separate parcels or in such parts as to the said referees may appear to be for the best interests of the said parties, and the undersigned referees will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 12th day of February, 1900, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, said real estate in separate parcels or in such parts as to the said referees may appear to be for the best interests of the said parties, and the undersigned referees will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 12th day of February, 1900, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, said real estate in separate parcels or in such parts as to the said referees may appear to be for the best interests of the said parties, and the undersigned referees will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 12th day of February, 1900, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, said real estate in separate parcels or in such parts as to the said referees may appear to be for the best interests of the said parties, and the undersigned referees will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 12th day of February, 1900, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, said real estate in separate parcels or in such parts as to the said referees may appear to be for the best interests of the said parties, and the undersigned referees will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 12th day of February, 1900, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, said real estate in separate parcels or in such parts as to the said referees may appear to be for the best interests of the said parties, and the undersigned referees will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 12th day of February, 1900, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, said real estate in separate parcels or in such parts as to the said referees may appear to be for the best interests of the said parties, and the undersigned referees will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in Columbus, Platte county, Nebraska, on the 12th day of February, 190