LAW AND ORDER REIGNS

Cleveland is Again Assuming Its Old Appearance.

CARS AGAIN WELL PATRONIZED.

Plans are Not Interfered With-City Executive and Adjutant General of Over Action of the Troops.

CLEVELAND, O., July 29.-Law and order are triumphing and the city is of the reciprocity negotiations and at beginning to resume its old time appearance. Yesterday the street cars proposition from the French authorities that the minimum tariff would ing the busy hours of the morning and be granted on the entire list of Amer-

Mayor Farley is well pleased with the situation, but he has not relaxed his vigilance and will not until the last vestige of disoredr is wiped away. The mayor and Adjutant General Axline are at present involved in a controversy over what the troops shall do and what they shall not do. The adjutant general is of the opinion that the duty of the National Guard is merely to put down rioting and not to do police duty. Whatever the duty of the National Guard may be Mayor Farley holds that the troops are here under his authority, and they will remain here until he feels that they can be dispensed with. As the responsibility of preserving

order in the city rests on the shoulders of the mayor he says he proposed to see that his plans are not interfered with. He declares he is to be the judge as to whether troops are not wanted. There have been several outbreaks between Mayor Farley and Adtutant General Axline within the last few days over this question. Today the mayor refused to discuss the difficulty, saying that it was not a time to stir up any discord.

"I will merely relterate my state ment of last night," said the mayor. This is a time for every man to mind

council will endeavor to reconsider the resolution of Thursday night are to the golf links and try the game. prevalent. The mayor feels that he has the situation well under hand and he fears any action of the council will sage of condolence sent the day precause agitation which will simply prolong the trouble. After the breaches have been healed and quiet has been absolutely restored the mayor would not object to any kind of an investigation by the council, but he declares the members are treading on dangerous ground, when they undertake to reopen the discussion.

The mayor takes but little interest in the talk of boycotting the merchants. He believes that just as soon as quiet is restored and the fever is gone all such talk will cease. A boycott, he feels, is against natural laws, that a man will not pay 6 cents for an article that can be purchased for 5, and a man will not walk a mile to make a purchase when he can get what he wants at a quarter of a mile. It is said at the city hall that there are quite a number of the recent street car employes who would go back to work if permitted, but they are prevented by threats from some of the more radical strikers.

The Big Consolidated officials stated that cars were being operated on every line in the system of fourteen in all. Even on the Union street line, which runs through a district thickly populated with iron workers and where i has generally believed trouble would inevitably come when an attempt was made by the company to resume operation, cars were running on schedule time this morning without any trou-

It is stated that the detective who have been hunting for the miscreants who placed nitro-glycerine on the tracks and blew up a Euclid avenue car last Sunday night, have finallly secured some strong evidence bearing on the case and will make at least two arrests. A reward of \$2,000 will be paid by the Big Consolidated on the arrest and conviction of the guilty

ALL WANT TO BE FRIENDLY.

All Nations Eager to Be at Poace With Uncle Sam.

NEW YORK, July 29.-Archbishop freland talked to reporters last night at the Fifth Avenue hotel. He spoke of his sojourn abroad and of the condition of affairs as he found them, but declined to make any expression of his opinion on either religious or political matters. He spent three months in Rome and three months in France, Belgium, England and Ireland.

"In all the countries I visited." Archbishop Ireland said, "I found a strong desire for friendly relations with the United States. France is vieing with England in trying to cultivate our friendship. The United States is admittedly the favorite nation in the matter of the forthcoming exposition. We have been allotted much more space than we were entitled to. While I was in Paris the question of the reciprocity treaty was discussed. All France was intersely interested and hoped favorable terms for both would be arrived at, not from selfish motives entirely, but because they wanted to be able to accept a pier and 100 per cent more intelligent. policy agreeable to the United States. | Their surroundings are better, their "In England there is no idea of an absolute direct political alliance with this country. They want friendship and cannot get too much of it."

Mississippi River Commission. WASHINGTON, July 29.-The annual report of the Mississippi river commission has been received lev General Wilson, chief of engineers. It says that there has been expended on the river for the year ending June 30, 1899, \$1,075,000 and allotments for 1899 amounting to \$1,250,000 have been made. During the year the United States has built 7,686,758 cubic yards of levees, and state and local authorities 3,136,541 yards. It is not expected that the work of state and local authorities will be continued to any great extent hereafter.

More Marines for Manila. WASHINGTON, July 29 .- The navy department has ordered a battalion of marines, 358 in all, to proceed to Manila and take station at the Cavite navy yard to reinforce the small contingent now there. The War department will furnish transportation for the marines, carrying them on steamers leaving San Francisco on August 8 and 15.

An able man shows his spirit by gentle words and resolute actions. He is neither hot nor timid.-Chester-

RIGHT ABOUT, FACE.

Former French Premier Changes Fron

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.—The semi-oficial statement in Paris that American leather does not get the minimum rate under the new reciprocity treaty, although M. Meline's cabinet offered this rate to American k .. ther, caused considerable comment in official circles here. It is one of the recorded facts of the recent negotiations that M. Meline, who is now attacking the new treaty, offered far greater concessions on American goods than the present ministry permitted to be inserted in the treaty as finally formed. M. Meline was at the head of the ministry during the early stages that time Premier Kasson received a

until two weeks ago, although a new ministry had come into power. The present ministry decided, however, that the original offer of the Meline cabinet had gone too far as i as a result a new proposition was advanced two weeks ago to omit from the minimum list a large number of agricultural products, such as leather, horses, cattle. butter, produced largely in France. In the final draft twentyfour of these exceptions are made, largely in the interest of French agricultural products, so that the instrument is much more considerate of French interests than it would have been had it been framed under the original proposition of M. Meline, who is now at the head of the opposition to the treaty.

ican goods sent to France. This prop-

osition of the Meline cabinet stood

THE PRESIDENT ENJOYING REST.

Out Evrly for a Stroll-Mrs. McKinley

Growing Bett. A. PLATTSBURGH, N. Y., July 29.-The president was out for a stroll early yesterday, accompanied by his niece, Miss Duncan, and Private Secretary case they held to the resolve to be Cortelyou. Mrs. McKinley rested well | mustered cut here instead of at home. better than she has for several days. Rumors to the effect that the city | The president has been invited to try his hand at golf and he may go down

Yesterday the president received the following dispatch in reply to his mes-"SAN DOMINGO, via Hayti, July 27.

1899.—To His Excellency, the President of the United States, William Mc-Kinley, Hotel Champlain, N. Y.: In the name of the Dominican republic and in my own, I hurry to present to your excellency the testimony of our most fervent gratitude for your condolences on account of the death of President Heureaux. "W. FIGUERO."

MAY BE A GENERAL WALKOUT.

Organized Labor Active and Employer

Indifferent. CHICAGO, July 29.-Officials of organized labor in this city state that the brickmakers' strike is likely to precipitate a general walkout in the city. Committees from the Brickmakers' alliance invaded buildings in various stages of construction and where non-union brick were being used ordered the union men to cease work. The brickmakers demand not only an increase in wages, but the recognition of the Brickmakers' union. The employers against whom the movement is directed preserve a stolid front of indifference. What success the strikers will have in their efforts to call out other branches of the building trades will not be determined until the various unions have held meetings to consider the matter.

THEY MUST VACCINATE.

posed to the Method. LONDON, July 29.-An interesting case, the outcome of the anti-vaccination crusade, was opened in the court of the Queen's Bench today, when the Leicester guardians, consisting of thirty-five gentlemen and five ladies, appeared to show cause why a mandamus should not be issued to compel the appointment of a vaccination officer. The guardians were elected under a pledge to resist compulsory vaccination. During the journey of the guardians to London crowds of sympathizers met them at various stages and loudly cheered them. Upon their arrival at London they were met by huge crowds, who cheered the "Leicester martyrs," and accompanied them in procession. The court mandamused the guardians.

THE POOR ARE EVERYWHERE.

In America They Are Happier and Be ter Off Than Abroad. NEW YORK, July 29.-Among the passengers who arrived yesterday per steamer Brittanic from Liverpool and

Queenstown was Archbishop Ireland. The archbishop, who is greatly interested in labor matters, said: "The contest between the masses this country and the masses in the old world in and out of the church more remarkable now than ever, 1 think. The American poor are hapchances are better. Where there is one case of misery there are hundreds abroad, and by abroad I mean

England as well as the continent." TOO MANY WANT COMMISSIONS.

Raising Troops in Cuba. NEW YORK, July 29.—A special to the Times from Washington says: The suggestion heard at the war department that it would be a wise thing to raise some troops in Cuba to relieve the American troops now on duty there and to provide them with American officers in part does not meet with the most cordial support from men who are acquainted with the conditions that would have to be met. Later, it is admitted, when fewer of the Cubans aspire to at once be colonels, such a program may be advisable.

Rigid Bealth Rules in Force. FRANKFORT, Ky., July 29.-The council held a special session today. and upon recommendation of the health board again issued orders closing all churches and prohibiting pub-lic gatherings indefinitely. A former liams. proclamation of this kind was rescinded last week previous to the populist state convention. It is now reinstated on account of the appearance no more women and children shall be will dedicate the monument on Sepof many new cases of smallpox.

Transport Hancock, With Nebraska's First, Anxiously Looked For.

WILL PROBABLY ARRIVE SUNDAY

Pay Car May Be Attached to the Train that Brings the Regiment Home-Muster Out May Be in San Francisco-Praise for the Soldiers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29.-Yesterday was spent by the anxious people of the Nebraska contingent here in awaiting the signal that the Hancock was entering the harbor, but up to 6 o'clock, which is 8 in Nebraska, no news had been heard and it was certain that should the ship come in after that time of day no one would be allowed to board it until morning, as the quarantine and custom house officers would not perform their duties until after sunrise tomorrow. There is, however, good reason for

thinking that the ship will not be sighted before Sunday afternoon or Monday, but these calculations are based on the supposition that the Hancock will not attempt to make its customary speed or cannot do so on account of the fonlness of its bottom. The Hancock left Japan for this city on July 14. It was to come direct. Sixteen days would be the average time for a vessel like the Hancock, which would make it due here on Sunday. Loss of speed would bring the trip up

to about Monday. Judge Ryan, Mr. Whedon and the Bee correspondent made a visit to General Shafter and received some information regarding the matter of paying off the troops. General Shafter said there would be about \$133 due each one of the enlisted men here in He said they would be given the chance to vote again on the matter. The question of the place of musterout of the volunteers was one which was causing the government much embarrassment, the states all being anxious to have the men mustered out at home and the Oregon people having asked that their troops be allowed to retain their arms until they reached home, even though mustered out here. The idea was to have them go home with their guns, take part in the home demonstration and then turn in the property. General Shafter had just received today a letter from the war department showing the impossibility of granting the request of the Oregon people, but the troops of that state are

to take another vote on the question of location for muster-out. General Shafter said he had receeived authority to attach a pay car on the train that would take the Nebraska boys home, so that they might be paid off after they left this city. The amount they received would be the same as if they had received it here. None of the men could be compelled to follow this course, however, and the idea could not be adopted unless all or a large majority of the men agreed to it. In any event the men would each be paid \$133 on their arrival in port here.

There is much interest in the ques tion here and the sentiment among the large business men, city officials and the best people generally is that the volunteers ought not to be mustered out here. Their reason for this is that if the men are paid off here a large part of the money will be spent in a dissolute way, without helping legitimate business, and a large number of the men, after getting rid of their money, will remain here on the coast and by increasing the number of laborers here cause a reduction in wages that is not desirable. The leaders of the labor organizations also take this view of the case and would like to see the men go to their own states to be mustered out.

General Shafter bestowed much praise on the Nebraska troops and said it was a pity that a regiment with such a glorious record could not go home intact, but he had no idea that the men would vote to be mustered out in Nebraska, on account of the difference in the amount of pay each would

THE FIGHT AT CALAMBA.

the First Official Report Received From Gen. O is

WASHINGTON, July 29 .- The war lepartment received its first official report of the capture of Calambia in the following cablegram from General

Hall, with 1.000 men, captured Calambia, an important strategic position on Laguna de Bay, yesterday, driving out 300 insurgents. Command composed of portions of Fourth cavalry. Twenty-first infantry. Washington volunteers, transported in launches and cascoes, gunboats accompanying. Casualties:

Private Charles Gleesupp, Fourth, and Private McDuffy, Company H, Twenty-first, killed: Corporal Thomas Totten, Company G. Fourth, mortally wounded: Privates Michael Sheridan. Herbert Tracy, Napoleon White, Company K, Twenty-first, seriously woundd: Privates Hinds and Plummer Company G. and Sanson, Company C. Fourth; Phillips, Company H; Christie and Hollister, Company D, and Ashland, Company I, Twenty-first, slight-

ly wounded. Insurgent casualties unknown. Forty Spanish prisoners released. Spanish gunboat in good condition, long sought for in bay, captured. This town was the direct objective of Lawton when he captured Santa Cruz and launches in April, but unable to reach the town by boats on account of shoal water.

Anthracite Coal Advances. NEW YORK, July 29.-The antracite companies announce that all orders for coal at prices prior to July 1 not filled on July 31 will be cancelled and the advance of 25 cents per ton will then go into general effect.

Death on the Gallows. ST. LOUIS, July 29.-A dispatch from Fort Worth, Tex., to the Post-Dispatch says: James M. Garlington. alias Darlington, was hanged there at 1:40 p. m. Garlington was the leader of the band who on the night of July 21. 1898, robbed a Santa Fe railroad train near Saginaw and killed Fire-

General Shafter, acting on the advice of General Otis, has decided that allowed to go to Manila.

Hon. W. J. Bryan had three meetings at Greenfield, Ind., on the 28th. Rural free delivery service will be established at Labell, Mo., on Aug. 1.

American commissioners to the Samos conference sailed for the United States July 16.

The Petit Journal says that Captain Dreyfus is ill with fever, and that his condition is serious. Senator J. B. Foraker's mother died on the 28th at Hillsboro, O., after an

illness of three months. The interior department has decide upon October 15 next as the date of sale of the lands in the north half of section 15 in the Cass Lake reserve. Thomas J. Fitzmorris of Omaha was elected president of the Society of Building and Loan Associations

their meeting at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

The quartermaster at Chickamauga

park started a shipment of 482 horses.

and mules for the army in the Philippines, via San Francisco, in compliance with an order from the war depart-Mrs. Emeline M. Ludington of Chicago, wife of ex-Governor Harrison Ludington of Wisconsin, has brought

suit in the United States court against James E. Patton of Milwaukee for Ten men were badly injured and a large number of others were bruised and cut in a collision between a work

train on the Cleveland & Pittsburg railroad and a shifting engine near Mingo Junction. A. Finley, third officer of the steamship Garronne, now being fitted up for a transport, has received word from England that through the death of his father he is heir to an estate amount-

ing to nearly \$4,000,000. Tourists discovered Mme. Morel and her daughter at the bottom of a ravine near Sermatt, Switzerland. Evidently they had rolled a distance of 1,200 feet. Mme. Morel was dead, her skull having been fractured. Her daughter was badly injured and delirious.

John Myers, Charles James and Joseph Bryan, were hanged in the jail yard at Baltimore, the first three named for assaulting little Annie Bailey, and Bryan for the murder of Mary Pack, a woman with whom he had lived.

Ex-Congressman W. F. Piper is lying dangerously ill at the Palace hotel in San Francisco of a complication of diseases and his recovery is not expected. He is about 65 years old and is reputed to be worth \$3,000,000. His only relatives are nephews and nieces, living in eastern states. All the convalescent volunteers a

the general military hospital in San Francisco will be held there until the regiments are mustered out. It is stated that among 760 patients at the Presidio there are only three cases of typhoid fever and that there is little danger of its becoming epidemic. The London morning Post's Paris

correspondent says: "It is stated from Rennes that Major Carriere has completed his indictment, which formally concludes that Dreyfus is guilty. Major Carriere, who is the government commissary in the court-martial, will demand the confirmation of the first The surveyors of customs at San

Francisco and Omaha have been notifled that an order has been issued by the treasury department directing the immediate transportation of the Filipino exhibit from San Francisco to Omaha, in bond, and upon their arrival in Omaha they will be inspected by the customs officials.

The final session of the convention f the Southern Industrial league was held at Atlanta on the 27th. By resolution the convention pledged itself to secure state and municipal legislation looking toward the exemption from taxation for a limited time all manufacturing enterprises to be located within the states represented in the eague.

The schooner Maid of Orleans has arrived at San Francisco, sixteen days from Nyak bay, Alaska, with 8,000 cases of salmon, the first of the season's catch. On July 4, while at Kodiak, it saw the steamer George Elder, with the Herriman expedition, composed mostly of eastern scientists, on board. All of the party were well. The Elder was just about to start for a cruise in Bering sea.

A Belleville, Ill., dispatch says: The Right Rev. John J. Janssen of this place, bishop of the Belleville diocese, is about to excommunicate all the members of St. Patrick's parish in East St. Louis. It is expected that next Sunday notice of such action will be promulgated. It will be the first instance in the history of the Roman Catholic church in this country of the

excommunication of an entire parish. The party of scientists who went to Alaska a month ago as guests of E. H. Harriman of New York are meeting with unqualified success. They made several important discoveries. Among these is an immense bay extending inland over twenty miles. At the upper end of the bay they have discovered a great glacier, inferior only to Muir glacier in size. This bay was named Unknown bay. Four other new glaciers which have never before been seen by white men were found at the head of Disenchantment bay.

The grand jury at Fort Smith, Ark. has returned fourteen indictments against both the Western Coal & Mining company and the Central Coal & Coke company for violation of the screen law, passed by the last legisla-

James Jeffries, the pugilist, sailed for Southampton on the Fuerst Bismarck. He was accompanied by his brother John and Ross O'Neil. Governor Wolcott has nominated Judge Oliver Wendell Holmes to succeed the late Walbridge A. Field as chief justice of the supreme court of

A Havana dispatch says that Chief of Police Gallo of Guanajay has captured Enrique Riviers, the ringleader of the banditti engaged in the recent safe robbery at Mariel. Riviera was taken in a ruined building near Guana-

A complication of strike and race troubles is threatening between native and Indian coolie laborers in Jamaica. At a meeting of the shareholders of the Southern Pacific company there was an affirmative vote upon the proposition to increase the company's capital stock from \$150,000,000 to \$200,-

The Wilder monument in Chickamauga park has been completed, and the Wilder Brigade association, composed of old federal soldiers in Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, tember 20.

Father of the Assassin of Heureaux Put to Death in 1884.

PRESIDENT KILLED FOR THIS ACT

Men Who Commit the Crime Make Their Escape Gen. Gomez & Candidate for Executive.

of the murder of President Heureaux of San Domingo received here are to the effect that he was assassinated as he was about to leave on horseback for Santiago de las Caballeros. The assassin, Ramon Caceros, surrounded by several accomplices, approached the president as he was talking with some friends and fired twice with a revolver. The first bullet struck the president in the left side and penetrated the heart, causing instant death. The second bullet killed an old man who was standing near the president. The assassin and his accomplices then fled to avoid the shots fired at them by the president's friends. It is not known whether any of them were

The body of the president was taken the palace of the governor of Moca. President Heureaux's death has caused a panic. It is said that one Juan Isidoro Jimines, who took part in the attempted insurrection of June, 1898, is a candidate for the presidency. It is reported that General Maximo Gomez, formerly president of the Cuban insurrectionists, who is a native of San Domingo, also aspires to the

The father of Caceros, the assassin; was put to death by order of President Heureaux in 1884.

Official confirmation of President Heureaux's death was communicated to the president at Lake Champlain by the state department and the following what disposition shall be made of LAKE CHAMPLAIN, (via Washington), July 27.-His excellency Wenaslao de Figuero, President of the Dominion Republic, Santo Domingo: In the name of the American people and in my own I offer to your excellency and the Dominion nation most sincere condolence by reason of the death of President Heureaux.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY. Wenaslao is the officer next in line to President Heureaux and succeeds to the office of president.

FORT DE FRANCE, July 28.-A financial crisis having arisen in San Domingo and an insurrection being feared owing to the number of malcontents. President Heureaux went to the north and west of the island to prepare for all eventualities. He was about to leave Moca for Santiago de das Caberallas when he was killed. Booted and spurred, ready to mount his horse, he sat under the gallery of of a house in the Rue Colon talking with two friends at 4:30 in the afternoon, when an old man approached to ask for alms. Just as the president gave the old man some money, Caceros, the assassin, rushed forward quickly and fired twice from his revolver. One bullet struck the heart of the president, killing him instantly, and the other killed the old man by his side.

The crime was committed so rapidly that the friends of the president were not able to interfere in time to prevent it, but they fired a number of shots at Caceros, who ran away, accompanied by several persons. The assassin's party returned the fire of the president's friends and Caceros escaped. wounded or not. The authorities immediately sent troops to pursue him.

It is not known whether he was The body of President Heureaux was taken to the house of the governor of Moca. The news of the president's death spread rapidly and caused much emotion among the inhabitants of the islands. It is believed by many that the murder was the result of a political

THE ANTI-TRUST LAW.

The State of Minnesota May Undertake

to Enforce It. ST. PAUL, Minn., July 23.—The state of Minnesota may undertake to enforce the anti-trust law that recently went into effect. A conference with that end in view was held in Attorney General Douglass' office late this afternoon. There were present Congressman Towney, who drew up the original bill, Representative Dwinnell, who worked for the passage of the measure in the house and is interested in the case as an attorney; W. S. Edgar of the Northwestern Miller, who has the information regarding the organization of the milling trust in Minneapolis, and Attorney General Douglas, upon whom will devolve the duty of beginning the prosecution. The object of for bringing the action against the milling trust, and it is expected that this will be done within a few days No final decision was reached today, much time being given to the consideration of the anti-trust law, the provisions of which, according to some of those present, had no bearing on the case under consideration.

Aeronaut Descends Into Lake. HILLSDALE, Mich., July 28.-Bert Kimball, an aeronaut of North Adams, Mich., was drowned yesterday at Bawbee's park. His parachute dropped in the middle of Bawbee's lake.

A Big Mortgage Filed. SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 28 .- A first mortgage given by the American Writing Paper company to the Old Colony Trust company as trustee for the bondholders, was filed in the registry of deeds office in this city yesterday, together with the warranty deeds of the real estate of the different mills in the country transferred to the American Writing Paper company. The mortgage is for \$17,000,000 and internal revenue stamps to the amount of \$8,500 have been placed upon it and cancelled.

New Quarters for Officers. CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 28.-Work was commenced at Fort Russell yes-President of Mexico Coming. terday on the construction of new quarters for officers. The quarters will be built of brick and stone and will contain all the conveniences of modern houses. The wooden buildings replaced by the new quarters will be sold at auction tomorrow. A private telegram from Victoria

says: Hon. Joseph Martin, attorney general, has resigned both his office and seat in parliament, as a result of a government caucus.

THE ALASKA BOUNDARY DISPUTE. Fromlet Laurier Interviewed Megarding

the Situation. NEW YORK, July 28.—A special to the Herald from Ottawa says: Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, stated to the Herald in explanation of

the contention of Canada in the Alaskan boundary question: "As a member of the commission

and participant in the negotiations." he said, "I am not at liberty to give to the public any more than I have the Presidency-President McKinley done already on information bearing Wires Condolences to the Acting Chief on the difference between us and the United States. I think I can say this much in explanation, however: Practically the whole dispute now is circumscribable to the establishment of CAPE HAYTIEN, July 28.—Details the boundary line in the region of of that place. Lynn canal. The public is aware that the Canadian contention is that the line crosses the Lynn canal near its entrance, whereas the American contention is that the line goes around

the Lynn canal, leaving the entire canal in American territory. "If the contention were reduced to the exact location of the line, I think the solution might prove to be of comparative ease. But the Americans have establishments at Skagway and Taiya. In our view, the Americans at that point are on British territory, but we have to recognize the fact that they are there all the same.

"At one time we thought we could have made the compromise and arranged that boundary by conventional agreement and mutual concessions. I am betraying no secret when I say that the commission could not agree on such a compromise. Therefore, as we cannot agree among ourselves, we must ask the assistance of friendly arbitrators. The points to be submitted to the arbitrators might be the following: "1. Which is the right interpretation

of the treaty in regard to the location of the boundary line on the Lynn canal? Is it the Canadian or the American contention?

"2. In the event of arbitrators declaring that the Canadian contention is the right one, then the subsidiary consideration would have to be decided, Taiya and Skagway, which are Amer-

PREPARE FOR DEWEY'S COMING.

A Grand Display of Fireworks in Greate New York. NEW YORK, July 28.—The commit-

tee on plan and scope of the Dewey reception committee held a meeting yesterday. It was decided to have a display of fireworks in all of the five boroughs at points to be designated, with an electrical display for three nights at the New York and Brocklyn city halls.

A report having gone out that newspaper men from other cities would be treated as guests of the city, the committee made a report to the effect that while newspaper men would be treated with every courtesy, that would not mean that the city would assume their hotel bills or other personal expenses. Replies from fourteen governors accepting the invitation to take part in the parade were received.

THE RAIN QUITE GENERAL.

All the Cerenis Said to Be in Excellent Condition. LINCOLN, July 28 .-- From reports eceived at the Nebraska weather station it appears that the rain yesterday was quite general all over Nebraska. The rainfall was greater around Broken Bow than in the eastern por-

tion of the state. As the reports received today include only the rainfall up to 7 a. m., it is quite probable that it was much heaver than reported in many instances. n the eastern portion the heaviest rain ell after 7 o'clock.

Section Director Loveland reports the rainfall for the season slightly beow normal, but the crops all over the state are in an excellent condition and so far as known no damage has resulted from lack of rain.

SAUSAGEMAKER LUETGERT DEAD.

Found in His Cell in the Prison Where He Was Confined. JOLIET, Ill., July 28.—Adolph L Luetgert, the wealthy Chicago sausage maker who was serving a life sentence in the penitentiary here for the murder of his wife, was found dead in his cell yesterday. The authorities were unable to ascertain the cause of his death and an inquest will be held to

determine whether he killed himself or died of heart disease. The trial of Luetgert in Chicago attracted wide attention and was one of the most sensational in the history of the state. Luetgert was charged with having murdered his wife in the basement of his factory and cooking the body in a vat. The prosecution had but a few small bones and two rings as evidence that its theory was corthe conference was to prepare the way rect, but secured conviction and a life

> The Case of the Bikers BARBOURSVILLE, Ky., July 28 .-The cases of the Bakers were called and many witnesses were present. The attorneys for the defense reported Baker sick and unable to be present. The court then postponed the case and witnesses were discharged. Baker will have to be rearrested and the witnesses resummoned before the case can be tried. The case in which James and Wiley Baker are charged with the the murder of Birch Storr was called.

Story Officially Denied. FRANKFORI, Ky., July 28.-The story that Governor Bradley promised representative of Attorney General Taylor, republican candidate for governor, to call an extra session of the legislature to repeal the Goebel election law is officially denied.

Census ol Porto Rico. WASHINGTON, July 28.—It is expected that a census of Porto Rico will be taken about the same time a census of Cuba is made. The basis may be a very complete census taken by the Spanish government about a year before the war, which the United States authorities have found very reliable.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.-Mayor Ashbrigg sent a formal invitation to republic of Mexico, to pay a visit to Philadelphia, in accordance with the invitation received several days ago from the citizens' committee of Chicago. President Diaz is expected to participate in the ceremonies of Chicago day in that city on October 9.

Much of the happiness of home centers in the refrigerator these days.

LINCOLN, July 29.—The total amount of claims filed against the appropriation for bounty for wild animals is now \$35,308. The appropriation is \$45,000. The total amount of claims filed against the \$12,000 appropriation is \$12,802.

Paster Tenders Resignation RISING CITY, Neb., July 29.-Rev. Nelson, who has been pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran church of this place for the past year, will terminate his pastorship on the 30th inst., and remove to Atchison, Kas., to become financial secretary of Maitland college

Protests Against Creamery. TABLE ROCK, Neb., July 29 .- W. S. Pierce, representing the State Life Insurance company of Indianapolis, was in town, but wrote no policies here. He wrote two at Pawnee City, one at DuBois, but when he was informed of the protests filed at Lincoln against his company he left at once, driving to Humboldt, where, it is said, he also wrote a policy.

Farmer Boys Throw Stones. FORT DODGE, July 29.—Detective Welch of the Illinois Central has succeeded in finding out the identity of the men who threw the stones at the gravel train at Pomeroy, one of which hit Conductor Stack and will cause the loss of his eye. The men were farmer boys who had been attending a neighboring dance and who threw at the train without any intention of hitting anyone. They were arrested and dismissed.

Roberts Held for Trial. ALBION, Neb., July 29.- The examination of Julius Roberts, charged with criminal assault on Nancy Jehnson, a girl 15 years of age, was had before the county judge today. Roberts was bound over to the district court under a \$1,500 bond.

At Petersburg, July 25, William Jones struck Charles Conroy with a knife. Jones then inflicted a serious wound in Conroy's abdomen, also using a knife. Jones is in jail and Conroy lies at the point of death. Both are peddlers.

Full Copper Metallic Circuit. PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., July 29 .-Papers were filed here incorporating a new company to be known as the Western Independent Long Distance Telephone company. Its capital stock of \$100,000 is divided into \$100 shares and the indebtedness of this company is not to exceed \$20,000. The incorporators are Charles C. Parmelee, Tom E. Parmelee, T. H. Pollock and T. H. Ewing. The principal business of the company will be to construct and operate a full copper metallic circuit to all of the larger towns in the state.

Corn Will Be Short

NORTH LOUP, Neb., July 29.-Cen tral Nebraska is again called on to stand the loss of at least half the nor-

mal crop of corn through dry weather. Rain came recently, but too late to save the full crop, many fields having already been burned up. Nearly the whole of Valley county and part of Custer are reported as being the worse for want of rain. The wheat harvest is well under way and, although this crop is somewhat shortened from ack of rain, there will be an immense amount of wheat for shipping and the quantity promises to be above the

German Farmer Kills Himself. FREDERIKA, July 29.—John Kruse, a German farmer living two and threefourths miles east of Frederika, committed suicide. No reason has been given as the cause for the act, as he was always considered of sound mind, and without family relations that would in any way seem to cause despondency. He arose as usual that morning. After doing the chores, he returned to the house and washed himself. Without saying anything le immediately went back to the barn, sat down in one corner and with a double-barreled shotgun blew off the top

Inspect the State Farm. CRETE, Neb., July 29.-The agricultural farm section of the State University arranged for a special railroad rate of one fare for the round trip to enable farmers of the state to call on them, that they might see what was being made of the public moneys. Quite a large number of farmers and farmers' wives availed themselves of the opportunity and were shown over the farm. The agricultural department was of special interest, giving a view of the different lines of experiments conducted and their success or failure, and some idea of the lesson drawn from them.

of his head.

Charged With Rate-Cutting. SIOUX CITY, July 29.-A storm cloud has appeared in the local passenger sky which has attracted the attention of the Western Passenger association. J. A. Shepard, secretary of the association is here and a special secret meeting of the agents here was held. While the meeting was secret it is understood to have been very interesting. It is said the Chicago, Mil- UNDERTAKER! waukee & St. Paul company preferred a charge of rate cutting against the Northwestern, alleging that H. C. Cheney, general agent, has permitted the sale of Chicago tickets at less than the authorized rate.

Heavy Yield of Cereals. CREIGHTON, Neb., July 29.-The farmers are now beginning to cut their wheat and oats and if the present dry, hot weather continues these crops will all have to be cut with a few days. Rye and barley are cut and much is in the stack. The farmers report a good prospect for a heavy yield in all kinds of small grain and also that the quality will be of the very best. Corn still looks well, but is needing rain badly, and a few dry, hot winds, such as we had yesterday, will very materially lessen the yield of corn in this section.

West Point Jottings. WEST POINT, Neb., July 29.-Rev. A. B. Leitzell of Murfreesboro, Ill., who had been called to the pastorate General Porfirio Diaz, president of the of the Grace Lutheran church of this city, has declined the call The wheat harvest is rapidly being accomplished. The yield is above the average. Some oats have been cut, which average well. Ten days will see all the small grain in the county in

> shock. Rev. F. W. Leavitt of this county was ordained as a minister of the gospel in the Congregational church.

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