THE NEW LAWS OF NEBRASKA

A Digest of Bills Put Through at the Recent Session of the Legislature.

LABORS OF LAW MAKERS SET FORTH,

Election, School, Judicial and Other Enactments With Which All May Become Familiar by Giving Due Attention to What Appears in These Columns.

Senate file 135, by Holbrook of Dodge, to amend section 38, chapter 43, com-piled statutes of 1897, so as to piace country churches and contents, country school houses ad contents in the list f property that may be insured by muof property that may be insured by mutual fire insurance companies.
House roll 255, by Olmstead.
Section I. Any number of persons not less than one hundred, residing in this state who are owners of hogs of not less than \$10,000 in value pay associate themselves together for the purpose of mutual insurance against loss of hogs by leath from disease.

Sec. 2. All persons who take insurance in such company shall sign an application obligating themselves to pay an assessments made for expenses or for losses sustained by a member thereof while they continue members of such Sec. 3. A reserve fund of 10 per cent ton the amount collected, at the time of issuing every policy, shall be set aside, to be used as follows:

Whenever the cash in hands of this company, not including the reserve fund, shall be found insufficient to pay all the claims that may accrue before the next assessment, then such deficiency may be taken from the reserve fund. Such diminution of the reserve fund shall be provided, That the reserve fund shall not exceed \$4 per \$1,000 of the amount of in-

Sections 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 provide for ficers, the engagement of agents and the formation of by-laws.

Section 9 provides that members may be sued on failing to pay assessments.

Sec. 18. Such company may issue policies to indemnify its members against loss caused by death from disease in hos Sec. II. Lorses shall become due payable in sixty days after their ad-justment. Said adjustment shall be made within ninety days after loss has Sec. 13. In the event of a dispute be-tween the company and a member there-of respecting an adjustment of a loss matter may be at the request of the impany or the member submitted to bitrators, one of whom is to be select

ber. In case such arbitrators are unable to agree they shall select a disinterested party to act with them, and the Sections 14, 15, 16 and 17 provide cor cancellations of policies; that the comstatement; for an examination when in force below \$10,000, such company shall

Sec. 18. The fees for examining the rticles of incorporation and the by-laws of such company by the auditor shall be \$10. For examination of annual report and issuing certificate to company \$1. and for issuing agents' certificates 50 Emergency clause. Approved April 1. SCHOOL LAWS. Senate file 41, by Currie of Custer: To

schools of non-resident pupils, and to amend section 3 of subdivision 6, sections 2 and 7 of subdivision 14, and 2 of subdi-vision 17, chapter 29 17, chapter 29, compiled statutes Section 1. That all regularly organized public high schools shall hereafter be pen to attendance by any person of chool age residing outside of the district, resident of the state, whose edu-cation cannot profitably be carried further in the public school of the district of his residence; provided, such pupil must have a certificate, signed by the county superintendent, that said pupil has completed the common school co prescribed by the state superintende for work below the high school; pro-vided, further, such non-resident pupils shall be subject in all respects to the which govern resident pupils attending such high school, and attend the nearest high school of approved grade, or any high school ofapproved grade in the county of their residence; provided, fur-ther, when any high school shall be unable to furnish accommogations to nonresidents without constructing or renting additions buildings, the board of ed-

Section 2. The state superintendent of public instruction shall determine annually what high schools in this state meet the requirements of the proceedng section. Section 1. The school board of each school district of this state whose high school is attended by pupils under the provisions of this act shall, at the close f each school year, report to the county board of each county in which such pu-pils are resident, the number of pupils attending such high school from said county and the length of time of attendance of each pupil in weeks as herein-after specified, and said county board shall, at the first regular meeting after the filing of such report, allow said dis-trict the sum of 75 cents for each pupil reported for each week during any part of which said pupil shall have been in of which said pupil shall have been in attendance, and order a warrant drawn on the general fund of said county in favor of said school board for such sum. Section 1. The expenses contemplated by provision of this act shall be paid from the general fund in each county and the county board of any county may annually include in their estimates a sufficient tax to meet the purposes of this act, not to exceed one mill on the dollar of assessed valuation of said county for the preceding year, to be lev-led and collected in the manner provided by law for the levy and collection of ther taxes. Sections 5, 6, 7, and 8 of the bill amend sections 3 of subdivision 6 of chapter 79, statutes of 1897, and section 2 of sububdivision 14 of chapter 3, to conform

lected.

Section 1. That all funds collected under the provisions of chapter 60 of the laws of 18%, which may now be in, or which may hereafter come into the treasury of any county, shall be transferred by the county board to the free high school fund of such county. House roll 189, by Zellers.

Section 1. That section 11 of subdivision 2, chapter 79 of the compiled statutes of Nebraska for 1897 be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: The legal voters at any annual meeting shall determine by vote the num-ber of mills on the dollar of the as-sessed vauation which shall be levied sessed vauation which shall be levied for all purposes—except for the payment of bonded indebtedness—which number shall not exceed twenty-five mills in any year; provided, that in districts having four children of school age, or less, the levy shall not exceed the sum of four hundred dollars (200) in any one year; and the districts having more than four children of school age, the levy shall not exceed the sum of fifty dollars (\$50) per child in addition to the above. The tax so voted shall be reported by the district board to the county clerk and shall be levied by the county board and collected as other taxes. Emergency clause. Approved March 31. Approved March 31.

S. F. 131, by Van Dusen of Dougles: To amend section 4, subdivision 2, chapter 75, and sections 7, 8 and 13 of subdivision 14 of chapter 79, statutes of 1857.

Section 1. Amend section 4 of subdivision 2, chapter 79, relating to qualifications of school electors, to read as follows: Every persons, male or female, who has resided in the district forty days and is twenty-one years old and who owns real property or personal property that was assessed in the district in his or her name at the last annual assessment, or who has children of school age residing in the district, shall be entitled to vote at any district meeting of school alection held in any district, village or

city. Provided, That all electors at school elections held in cities where reg-istration of voters is required shall com-ply with the provisions of such registra-tion law before they shall be entitled to vote. Sec. Amends section 7, subdivision 14, chapter 79, as follows: That the board

chapter 79 be amended so as to make elect officers and may elect a secretary either from their own number or outside, and his salary shall not exceed \$720 per annum. They may elect at a regular meeting a superintendent of public instruction and they may enter into contract with him for a term not to exceed three years. The election of officers, superintendent and teachers, shall be by ballicity to be a superintendent and teachers, shall be by ballicity to the superintendent and teachers. the county, in such sum fixed by the board of education, which bond shall be paid by the school district.
Senate file 8, by Farrel of Merrick: It shall be the duty of school district boards to provide on every school house site, and keep in good repair and in clean and healthful condition, at least two separate wafer closets or priving located on the school district boards of valuation of the grand assessment roll of the state, which tax shall be evaluated on the year 1899 and annually there after. All moneys accruing to this fund after hereby appropriate to this fund these portions of the site farthest from the main entrance to the school liouse,

good repair and healthful conditions, the foregoing condition of this act shall not To pre ide for the registration, leasing, selling, and general management of the educational lands of Nebraska; to provide for the collection of rental, interest and principal payments thereon, and for the distribution of the funds arising therefrom; and to repeal chapters 89, compiled satutes of 1897. The law, as it stands today, is re-pealed and this bill is to take its place. This act contains the general features and dead matter therein, and provides for leasing the unleased lands (about 800,00 acres) at what they are worth to sale contracts may pay all or part of tle the interest account on a basis fair alike to themselves and the state; pro-vides a manner for listing for taxation, in the various counties, all of the edu-cational lands which have been deeded and which may hereafter be deeded, which will doubtless result in adding much land to the tax lists, which now escapes on account of state deeds not lands and buildings in regard to collecting payments of interest and rental witnin a reasonable time and simplifies the disposition of improvements on forfeited land, which will aid in more readily re-leasing such land and will discourage the practice of allowing rental to become deinquent.

Holders of lease contracts who had expected some time to buy the land but iid not do so before the same was withdrawn from sale are given the opportun-ity at the expiration of said leases to renew the same without thus protecting them in whatever im-

provements have been or may be made and keeping the patrimony of the school manner-in the land itself, which yields as safe as any bond. The privilege of renewing old leases in section 16 of the bill under consideration obviates the desirability for further sioner of public lands and buildings auctions, at the county seats, at which he shall offer the vacant school land for lease at an annual rental of 6 per cent of the appraised value. If, after using due diligence, he is unable to lease the land at that rate, he may offer it at a lower valuation and lease the tract at an annual rental of 6 per cent upon the highest offered valuation. Committee substitute for house roll parent or guardian, to neglect or refuse to cause any person, who are under their control as children or wards, to attend and comply with the rules of some one or more public, private or parochial school or schools, for a term of twelve weeks or more, during each successive year from the time said children or wards are eight years old, until they are fourteen years old, unless they may be prevented by iiiness, poverty, inability or by reason of already being proficient from attending case they shall be excused by the supchildren or wards may live at the time private or parochial school or schools Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the sec-retary of the board of education, or the director of each school district, to fur-nish to the superintendents of all public, ginning of the first term of school each hildren residing within the district, who are between eight and fourteen years of

for the year, which report shall contain names of all chidren between eight and fourteen years of age who have at-tended said school and how long they have attended. Immediately upon the receipt of this report, the secretary of the board of education or the director shall board of education or the director shall give written notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of such child or children that the attendance of such child or children that the attended said school and how long they have attended. Immediately upon the receipt of this report, the secretary of the board of education or the direcshall give written notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of such child or children that the attendance of such or children that the attendance of such child is required at some public, private child or children that the attendance of such child is required at some public, private child is required at some public, private children that the attendance of such child or children that the attendance of such children that the

fines. licenses and other sources; they shall report during the month of Jantisary to the city council time wimble of the same in the sounce time wimble of the desired during the month of Jantisary to the city council time wimble of the desired during the month of Jantisary to the desired during the month of Jantisary to the desired during the month of Jantisary to be levied the desired during the month of Jantisary to be levied to the desired during the month of Jantisary to be levied to the desired during the month of Jantisary to be levied to the desired the month of Jantisary to the desired the first the desired the same in the level the same is hereby repeated the month of Jantisary to the desired the first the desired

STATE UNIVERSITY.

House roll 171, by Clark.

To amend section 5,224, the same being statutes of Nebraska, 1897 istate university) and to repeal said original section; and to repal section 5,25, being section 20 of chapter 87 of the compiled statutes aforesaid; also to repeal sections 5,231, 5,231a, 5,231b, 5,231c, 5,231d, 5,231e, 5,231f, 5,231g, 5,231h, the same being sections 25, 25a, 25b, 25c, 25d, 25e, 25f, 25g, and 25d, of chapter 87 of the compiled statutes of Nebraska 1897.

The several funds for the support of The several funds for the support of the university shall be constituted and States experiment station fund. county all moneys derived as principal from the sale of lands donated to the state by the United States to establish and endow a university and in the second

except the income from donations made for particular purpose Emergency clause. Approved February 15. CITIES AND TOWNS.

ings and permanent improvements and the same may be applied by the board of regents to any and all university needs.

Senate file No. 127, by Talbot of Lancaster, to amend subdivision 6, of section 67; sections 69, 79, 71, 78, 50 and 74, of article 1, chapter 13a, compiled statutes of 1897, "Cities of the First Class," known as the Lincoln charter.
Subdivision 6, section 67, chapter 13a, of the statutes of 1897, is amended so as to permit the city council to contract for sidewalk building as occasion requires, instead of by the year.

Section 69 is amended so as to permit
the owners of a plurality of abutting feet to determine on paving material. The same section is amended so as to authorize the city council to issue bonds to pay the cost of paving intersections. Authority to have grading and paving done by days' work is stricken from section 70, leaving it to be done by contract. The same change is made in sec-tion 71, relating to the paving or repaving of intersections.
Section 74, relating to special assessany sums that may have been paid on Section 78 is amended so as to require street railway companies to lay center bearing or T rails instead of strap or aster, to amend sections 110 and 111 of Chapter 13, statutes of 1897. Section 110. It shall be unlawful for any elective or appointive, except the chief and members of the fire department and po-licemen, upon its cars free or for a smaller charge than it charges other patrons. Section III. It shall be unlawful for and members of the fire department and rollicemen to accept or use any free pass from a street railway company. Senate file No. 120, y Spohn of Nuckolls, to authorize and empower cities of the second class and cities having not more donation or appropriation and control to call elections and submit propositions to the electors of such cities for the issuance of such bonds, and to repeal sections 143a and 143b, of chapter 14, article 1, of the compiled statutes of Netraska of 1897, and all acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act. purchase or appropriation and to improve and control such land for parks. The city or at any election called for that

or within one mile thereof by donation jurisdiction of the mayor, city council and police power therof shall extend over he same by virtue of this act. Section 2. The mayor and council shall have power to borrow money and pledge the property and credit of the city upon its negotiable bonds or otherwise to an amount not exceeding in the aggregate \$10,000 for the purpose of purchasing and improving land for parks and public grounds as in this act contemplated, authority therefor having first been ob-tained by a majority vote of the qualified electors of the city voting on such ques-tion at any general city election of such for the submission of propositions to aid in the construction of railroads and other aforesaid. Senate file No. 20, by Holbrook of Dodge for an act empowering the corclass, villages and counties to take up and pay off valid outstanding bonds, by the issue and sale, or by the issue and exchange therefor, of bonds bearing an

equal or lower rate of interest, and pre-scribing the procedure in that behalf and repealing sections 14la to 14lh, both in-clusive, of article 1, chapter 18, of com-piled statutes of Nebraska 1897, and secage, and to require a report from the superintendent of all public, private or parochial schools in cities or the teacher in other districts at least fourteen weeks before the close of the last term of school and board of trustees of any village, and and board of trustees of any village, and the county board of any county, which has valid interest-bearing bonds, may take up the same and pay off such bonds by the issue and sale, or the issue and exchange therefor, of the bonds of such city, village or county, which bonds so to be issued shall not exceed the amount lawfully owing upon the bonds sought to be taken up, and shall bear interest not greater in rate than that of the bonds so sought to be taken up, and said interest shall in no event exceed 6 per cent per annum.

Section 60. On the first Tuesday 62 April of each year an election shall be held in each city and village, governed by this chapter, for officers as in this chapter provided, all of which officers except councilmen and trustees shall the elected and qualified, at which election the qualified voters of each city may cast their ballots between the hours of 1 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m.

Embergency clause. Approved April 4. House roll No. 22, by Nesbit, to any old sections 14, 15 and 16, chapter 6, compiled statutes, relating to internal improvements. Permits cities of the second class to issue bonds for improvements of

Emergency clause. Approved April 4.
House roll No. 621, by Detweiler, amends section 76, chapter 78, compiled statutes, relative to disposition of road taxes and road fund. Provides that the half of the county road fund which under the former law in metropolitan cities and cities of the first class was at the disposal of the city council for road purposes shall go "to the council of said cities to be used under the direction and control of the board of park commissioners of such cities in the construction and improvement of roadways in the sysand improvement of roadways in the sys-tem of parks, parkways and boulevaris of such cities."

Emergency clause. Approved April 2. AGRICULTURE. section 1, article 2, chapter 2, compiled statutes, and permanently locates the state fair at Lincoln. The board of public lands and buildings is authorized to select a site for the fair within a radius of three miles from the state capitel building and to purchase a site provided that the same shall not cost to exceed it for a clear and sufficient title. Emergency clause. Approved March 26. House roll No. 297, by Pollard. Amends section 10, chapter 2, compiled statutes, and repeals section previously existing. The sum of two thousand five hundred dollars shall be paid out of the general fund annually for the use and benefit of the state horticultural society, one thousand dollars of said amount to be used in the payment of premiums awarded by such board in the various branches of horticulture and the remaining fifteen of horticulture and the various branches of horticulture and the remaining fifteen hundred dollars to be used in the aid and support of such horticultural society in such manner and for such purposes as the society may direct.

House roll No. 84, by Elwood. Repeals sectious 10 and 11, chapter 2, article 4, compiled statutes, relating to payment by county of a bounty on the cultivation of timber and making it the duty of assessors to report the condition of timber planted to receive the bounty. Emergency clause. Approved March 22.

gency clause. Approved March 22.
House roll No. 153, by Jansen. To repeal chapter 33 of the compiled statutes of 1897, relating to the destruction of FOOD COMMISSION.

House roll No. 421, by Jansen.
There is created a food commission.
The governor is made the food commissioner and he shall have the power to salary of fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum, together with his expenses actually and necessarily incurred. He shall be a person of recognized standing, experience, ability and knowledge in and concerning dairy and other food products. He shall put up a \$3,000 bond and he may employ a clerk at a salary of not over \$10 per month.

The food commission shall be charged with the enforcement of all acts concerning butter, cheese, "immitation outter," "imitation cheese," milk and cream, vinegar, cider, and all laws concerning dairy products, cider or vinegar or any imitation or adulteration thereof. The food commissioner shall have control over the subject of testing milk and cream of the subject of testing milk and cream on the farm, in the factory, skimming station milk or cream depot, milk or cream wagon, or any other place where mik or cream is bought or sold, and may make such regulations concerning the subject of testing milk and cream as he may deem reasonable and just, and shall have power to establish a minimum standard of butterfat in milk and the standard of t nave power to establish a minim::n standard of butterfat in milk and cream. The law provides for reports from man-ufacturers and at length defines who are wholesalers and who are retailers. Per-mits to do business in certain lines are necessary for which the following fees are allowed and made mandatory, includ-ing services of inspection.

ing services of inspection.

From each manufacturer of "imitation butter" or "imitation cheese," \$100; from each wholesaler in "imitation butter" or "imitation cheese," \$25; from each manufacturer or wholesale dealer in so-cailed "grain" vinegar "winegar" vinegar." 'grain" vinegar, "wine" vinegar or "fruit" vinegar, \$50; from each manu-facturer or wholesale dealer in cider, \$15; from each manufacturer or wholesale dealer in cider vinegar, \$15; frcm each creamery, \$10; from each cheese factory, \$10; from each skimming station, \$1; from each manufacturer of "ladle" butter, \$1..., and from each wholesale dealer in butter

The amount paid out shall in no case exceed the amount received as provided in the act, \$5,000 per annum being appro-

House roll No. 155, by Wilcox, Amends sections 19 and 24, chapter 33a, article 5, compiled statutes, and repealing same law as before existing. same law as before existing.

The law relating to government of irtigation districts is changed in section one to permit an assessment by irrigation. tion boards for a bond fund. A pro-vision is inserted that bond interest coupons and district warrants may be paid on irrigation district taxes. The loard in addition to powers under the present law is empowered to levy an nd for the paymenut of salaries of offiand for the paymenut of salaries of offi-cers and general expenses which assess-ment shall be called the general fund. Section 2 provides that the cost and expense of purchasing and acquiring property and constructing works may, besides being paid out of the construc-tion fund, be paid by district bonds pro-vided for in section one of the bill.

STATE AND STATE OFFICERS. House roll 431, by Harthorn. Amends section 3, article 13, chapter 83, com-piled statutes. Provides in addition to provisions before in the law that "the officers of the bank seeking to qualify as a depository ((of state runds) shail be ineligible to sign the bond provided for under this section." The rate of interest required from the state deposi-tories on state money is changed from 3 per cent to 2 per cent and the form of the bond set out is altered according-

rate of interest on state warrants from 5 to 4 per cent and provides: "No bonds hereinafter issued by any county, city, township, precinct or echool district, shall draw interest at a rate ex-ceeding 6 per cent per annum." This receeding 6 per cent per annum." This reduces the rate of interest to 6 per cent duces the rate of interest to 6 per cent from 7 per cent.

Senate file 50, by Allen of Furnas: That all monies remaining in the hands of the state treasurer, at the date of the passage of this act beloging to the following funds: Penitentiary fund, normal building fund, state bond fund, capitol building fund, reform school building fund, live stock indemnity fund, state relief fund, conscience fund, interest charged county treasurer's fund, shall be transferred to the general fund, and all monies coming into these funds hereafter, from back taxes, shall be credited direct to the general fund. Provided, if there should be any warrants, which have been overlooked and not presented for payment and

district clerk shall pay such excess into the treasury of the county in which he holds office. Provided also that the clerk of the district court of each county shall on the first Tuesday of January, April. July, and October of each year make a report to the board of county commissioners under oath showing the different items of fees received, from whom, at what time and for what service and the total afrount of fees received by such office since the last report, and also the amount received for the current year. compensation not to exceed one-half that allowed his principal; and such other assistants at such a compensation and for such a time as aforesaid board may allow, and that none of said clerks, deputies or assistants shall receive any other

nmend section 16, chapter 28, statutes of 1897, relating to fees of county surveyors, by adding: That in counties having a population of more than 100,000, such surveyor shall receive a salary of \$2,000 a year, and in counties having more than 50,000 and less than 100,000 inhabitants

50,000 and less than 100,000 inbabitants such surveyor shall receive \$1,500 a year, and that all fees received by said surveyor shall be turned over to the county treasurer monthly.

8. F. 257, by Holbrook, of Douglas: To amend section 88, chapter 78, statutes of 1897, as follows:

For the purpose of building or keeping in repair such bridge of bridges, it shall be lawful for the county boards of such adjoining counties to enter into adjoining counties to enter into contract; and such contracts may be enforced by law or equity, against them jointly, the same as if entered into by individuals, and they may be proceeded against jointly by parties interested in such bridge or bridges, for any neglect of duty in reference to such bridge or bridges or for any damages. neglect of duty in reference to such bridge or bridges, or for any damages growing out of such neglect; provided. That if either of such counties shall refuse to enter into contracts to carry out the provision of this section, for the repair of any such bridge it shall be lawful for the other of said counties to enter into such contract for all needful repairs, and recover by suit from the counpairs, and recover by suit from the county so in default such proportion of the cost of making such repairs as it ought amount so expended.

House roll 517, by Myers. Defines the boundary of Sarpy county, Repeals section 63, chapter 17, article 1, compiled statutes, as before existing.

CORPORATIONS. House roll 210, by Burnam. Repeals sections 145 to 148, chapter 16, compiled statutes, as before existing and re-enacts the building and loan association law.

The law brings in its scope all corporations raising money to be loaned among its members; prevents one member from holding more than \$5,000 stock; prevents one member from voting more than \$5,one includes from voting more than 20,000 in proxies; provides for a reserve fund, for a bid premium or otherwise at the option of the association; limits the amount that may be loaned on real estate and extends the time associations may carry real estate from three to five years; provides for the liqu'dation and reorganization of associations not in goo condition, avoiding the necessity of re-ceiverships; providing for at least an-nual dividends; providing a systematic keeping of the records; giving the state-banking board wider powers in connec-tion with such associations.

Two Men Burned to Death. Broken Bow dispatch: A prairie fire

which started in the sand hills has been raging northwest and west of town today. With the heavy wind it traveled very rapidly, consuming everything in its path. Tom Morrisey of Eureka Valley was caught while trying to remove his horses from the stable and consumed with them.

John Koch, who lives sixteen miles west of here, started to return to his house from some haystacks which he had been trying to save and was burned to death.

IN GENERAL.

Secretary Wilson is determined to discover if a human being can live comfortably in the coldest portion of be kept at a high standard. Alaska, and has sent there to experiment in gardening Professor C. C. Gorgensen, a Dane, who is an expert in northeren agriculture, and who will start a station at Sitka.

Ex-Secretary Sherman says that his brother, the general, once replied thus to a compliment on the honors fallen to the family: "Yes, John has done well. I do not complain of fortune. But the biggest and best of the Shermans was my brother Jim. If he had lived the rest of us would have been thrown in the shade."

Officials of the New Orleans public works department invited Mrs. Waring, widow of Colonel Waring, to address them on the subject of street cleaning. Mrs Waring took g: at interest in her husband's work when he was street commissioner of New Y. L. and was thus able to give her hearers a most interesting talk.

A high school teacher the other day put this question to his class in physics; "Given two jars charged with gases, one with nitrogen and one with carbon dioxide, how may the gases be discriminated?" Here is one of the written replies handed in: "Get a man and let him take a deep breath of both The nitrogen won't hurt him, but when he gets the carbon dioxide he'll die. That's the way to tell."

Mrs. Diedamia Allen, of Keene, N. H., is one of the few surviving pensioners of the war of 1812, being a widow of Captain Daniel Allen, who served in that war. She is ninety-one years old, Emergency clause. Approved April 4.
House roll 55, by Prince. Amends section 10, chapter 44, compiled statutes and repeals sections so amended. Reduces in a remarkble degree. She is a narely-one years old, and, although she has been blind for a few days. Then she would return to latest details of last night's torne do shown dead nas and arrange for the future. As to the in a remarkble degree. She is a narely-one years old, and, although she has been blind for a few days. Then she would return to latest details of last night's torne do shown dead nas and arrange for the future. As to the latest details of last night's torne do shown dead nas and arrange for the future, she said she had no definite tive of Westmoreland Twelve children were born to her, of whom two died in infancy and six are living.

member of the Wisconsin Supreme Court a young lawyer who was arguing his first case began: "Ancient history teaches us --- " The judge looking up from the printed brief, remarked: "Young man, just pass over the ancient and medieval periods and begin with the modern era." The young lawyer was put out for the

ent, guardian or custodian of such child or children that the attendance of such child is required at some public, private days such careful quardian or custodian of such child does not comply with the provisions of this act, then the secretary of the board of education shall make or custodian of such children of such child does not comply with the provisions of this act, then the secretary of the board of education shall make or custodian of such children of such children of such children of the provisions of the such many point one or more true. The provisions of the provisions o

at Washington.

in the opinion of army and navy officials. A telegram received from General Otis announced that Aguinaldo had taken what is regarded as the first step toward surrendering, namely, requesting a cessation of hostilities. Secretary Alger said, as the department closed, that, while it could not be said felt confident that the end of the insurrection was near. To his mind there would be a repetition of the negotiations which were had before Santiago. The secretary left Washington tonight for a ten days' trip in the west, and it gave him great satisfac-

tion to leave affairs in such promising Everybody is praising the volunteers, a marked change in the sentiment expressed a few days ago, when it was understood that the same men were pleading to be brought home. Colonel Funston came in for the most commendation, even the regular officers taking note with admiration of the fact that his achievements were all strictly within the line of plans laid down for him by his superior officer, General Wheaton,

General Corbin said that every volunteer who participated in the fighting in the Philippines since peace was declared should have a medal of honor. the ordinary duty of a soldier. It is expected that tomorrow there

will be further negotiations with the insurgent representatives. While the hope is expressed that our commission will not hold out for terms so severe as to lead to a renewal of the fighting or the withdrawal of the insurgents to another stronghold further north, it is realized that Otis must exercise care to make sure they do not in bad faith take advantage of the opportunity afforded by a suspension of hostilities to secure whatever of benefit to themselves may come from the rapidly approaching rainy season. Campaigning on the part of the Americans will be almost impossible at that time. However, it is believed that Aguinaldo is now really in earnest and that his sole effort is to shift responsibility for the surrender to the Filipino con-

supplies and troops to the Philippines. sympathy with Germany. Transports are about to sail from San Francisco and a considerable number of troops are under orders to proceed

it improbable that the Iowa will be affairs in China, however, the American fleet on the Asiatic station will

CANTON, O., April 29.-The jury in the George case brought in a verdict of not guilty. Mrs. George entered the court room at 10:35. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. St. Clair and Mrs. Milligan, a friend.

Before the verdict was read the court cautioned the audience that there must be no demonstration. In spite of that there were loud cheers as the clerk read the verdict of "not guilty." A score of women rushed to Mrs. George and shook her hand. Congratulations

ury box, took each juryman by the hand and gave them a word and a nod of thanks. Then the court said she was discharged and released the jury. ing that time twenty-two ballots were

phases. After the jury reported, it previously announced. was said that the first or preliminary ballot showed four jurymen favoring a verdict of guilty in the first degree and eight jurymen for a verdict of not guilty and acquittal. The last ballot was a unanimous vote of the twelve men of not guilty. A number of congratulatory telegrams were delivered to her. To a re-

porter of the Associated Press she said she would go to her old home in Hannoverton tomorrow and visit her mother, Mrs. Lucinda Ehrhart, for a future she said sae had no dennite plans as yet. She has been invited to go to the seaside on an extended vacacation during the summer, and she When the late Judge Pinney was a would probably accept the invitation.

> President Thanks the Soldiers PHILADELPHIA. April 29.-Immeately upon receiving from Washington the dispatch of General Otis, President McKinley sent the following message of congratulation and thanks to the soldiers in the Philippines: "PHILADELPINA. April 28.-To gents of suspension of hostilities most "WILLIAM M'KINLEY."

Iwenty Killed at Newton. CHILLICOTHE, Mo., April 29.-reports from Newton in Sullivan county, of the late Stephen J. Field, formerly which was visited by last night's tor- associate justice of the United States nado, are that twenty persons are thought to have been killed and be- It is dated May 25, 1897. Mrs. Field, tween thirty and forty injured, some widow of the testator, and Sarah Conof them, it is believed, fatally,

Losses in the Philippine WSHINGTON, April 29.-A statement prepared by the war department shows that 198 were killed in the Philippines from February 4 to April 28, in the front row passes around the and 1,111 wounded; total 1,303.

A PEACEFUL OUTLOOK.

WASHINGTON, April 29.-General Otis telegraphen the war department this morning that the commanding general of the insurgents has received from the insurgent government directions to suspend hostilities pending negotiations for the termination of the war and the insuprgent staff officers

The text of General Otis' dispatch

are now on the way to Manila for that

MANILA, April 29.-Adjutant General, Washington: After taking Calumpit, MacArthur's division crossed the Rio Grande river in the face of WASHINGTON, April 29.-The end great obstacles, driving the concentrated forces of the enemy back on the railroad two miles. MacArthur reports that passage of the river was a remarkable military achievement, the success of which was due to the daring skill and determination of Colonel Funston, under the discriminating control of General Wheston. Casualties slight, number not yet ascer-

This morning chief of staff from commanding general of insurgent forces entered our lines to express admiration of the wonderful feat of the American army in forcing the passage of the river, which was thought imsurgent commanding general has received from insurgent government directions to suspend hostilities pending negotiations for the termination of the war. Staff officer with party is now Lawton's forces well in hand in vicinity of Angat, east of Calumpit, where morrow. Yesterday morning force of 1,500 insurgents attacked troops at Taguig; driven back by Washington regiment. Our loss two killed, twelve

The dispatch from General Otis was immediately telegraphed to President McKinley at Philadelphia. The officials of the war department all believe that the hostilities are about conclud-

MANILA, April 29.—The Filipino edvances for peace have been fruitless. Colonel Manuel Argulese and Lieutenant Jose Bernal, who came into Generwere entitled to withdraw from the truce, told General Otis that they were service, but they had remained volun- representatives of General Luna, who tarily, performing more than was re- had been requested by Aguinaldo to quired of them, which was more than ask General Otis for a cessation of hostilities in order to allow time for the summoning of the Filipino congress, which body would decide whether the people wanted peace.

General Otis replied that he did not recognize the existence of a Filipino

Commercial Ties That Bind. LONDON, April 29.-Robert P. Porter, who was the principal guest of the White Friar's club tenight, respond-Brotherhood." dwelt upon the ever-increasing commercial ties binding the United States to Great Britain, ties which he said would be still further America's new dependencies would be The State of Rebraska, patterned after England's open-door. In the course of his remarks Mr. Porter said that during his recent visit to Germany he had tried to make it understood that Germany would profit Adjutant General Corbin says the as well as England, by manufacturing Filipino peace overtures will not bring America raw materials. In this conabout any change of plan in this nection he observed that despite recent country as to forwarding of ships, events the United States was in close

Nebraska Cause of It All. ST. LOUIS, April 29.—According to the best information the storm which It is said at the navy department caused so much loss of life and dethat the developments of the day make struction of property in northern Missouri originated in Nebraska. Its sent to Manila, according to the origi- course was southwest, through western nal program. In view of the state of lowa to the Missouri state line, thence through Harrison, Grundy, Sullivan, Linn, Macon, Shelby and Marion, north and west through Lewis, Knox, Adair, Sullivan and Putnam counties. When the storm retraced its course it was almost parallel with the other track traversed, and it was then that Kirksvillle and Newtown were struck. As far as known Kirksville, Newtown and Lancaster. Mo., are the only towns that felt the full force of the

An Official List.

WASHINGOTN, April 29.—An official list of the different departments of \$1.50 a Year, the army under the war department has been issued. It shows no changes, were also extended to her attorneys. save those recently made in Cuba. Tex-Mrs. George worked her way to the as is not established as a separate department, but remains in the department of the gulf, with headquarters at Atlanta, under command of Colonel R.

Frank, First artillery. The depart-The jury was out just twenty-three | ments of California and the Columbia hours and forty-five minutes, and dur- are under General Shafter; the Colorado and Missouri, General Henry C. cast. h einterval between these bal- Merriam; Dakota, General Wade; the lots was spent in reviewing the testi- east, General Merrit. The commanders mony and discussing its various of the departments are the same as

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Secretary Hay this afternoon was totified by the French ambassador that Spain would accept, through him, the \$20,000,000 to be paid under the treaty of peace for the Philippines. The payment will be made to the ambassador as soon as the president returns.

KIRKSVILLE, Mo., April 29.-T . latest details of last night's tornedo tification of twenty-four more bodies. As the night advanced the number of injured was also considerably increas-Days must pass before a complete list

of casualties can be secured and before the real extent of the damage to property can be known.

Work on Burlington Extension. CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 29.-A special to the Cheyenne Tribune from Wheatland states that 600 teams are Otis, Manila: Your message announc- at work in western Nebraska on the ing the achievements of Macarthur's Burlington's Wyoming extension. The division and the proposal by the insur- grade will be completed from Alliance, Neb., to Fort Laramie, Wyo., within gratifying. Convey to officers and men four weeks. Burlington right of way heartfelt congratulations and gratitude | men have purchased the right of way for their signal gallantry and triumph. for the new road to a point fifteen miles west of Fort Laramie.

Field's Estate Disposed Of

WASHINGTON, April 29 - The will supreme court, was filed for probate dit Smith, and sister-in-law. are named as executors. Justice Field's estate and most of his personal property are bequeathed to Mrs. Field.

The theater patron who buys a seat

THE OLD RELIABLE

BELLO STEAMSHIP TICKETS

all Fereign Countries

BUYS GOOD NOTES

LEANDER GERRARD, Pres't.

R. H. HENRY, Vice Pres's. M. BRUGGER Cashing

The Golumbus Journal

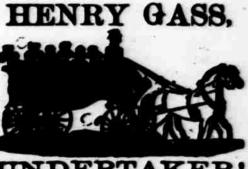
best interests of

The United States

REST OF MANKIND

If Paid in Advance.

But our limit of usefulness is not circumseribed by dollars and cents.



UNDERTAKER Coffins : and : Motallie : Cases ! Bearing of all hinds of Uphal COLUMBUS, FEBRUSEA

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