

NEBRASKA.

The Polk county fair was a success in all particulars. It was held at the fair grounds and was well attended. The exhibits were of a high order and the entertainment was of a high order. The fair was a success in all particulars.

WOODFORD HAS RESIGNED.

Will Not Return to Spain When Peace Is Declared.

PREFERS TO STAY AT HOME.

Private Business Requires His Presence in America—President McKinley May Have Some Trouble in Finding a Suitable Man for the Place.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—It is announced that General Stewart L. Woodford will not return to Spain as the minister of the United States. The cause of his resignation cannot be stated with definiteness. It is said that the Spanish diplomat felt that the hard work at Madrid is now ended; that considerable time will elapse before diplomatic relations are re-established, and that his private interests demand that he should stay at home to attend to them. The President has not yet accepted the resignation of General Woodford, but there is no doubt that he will take such action. In view of the fact that the President has not yet accepted General Woodford's resignation it can be stated that he has given no consideration to the question of the successor. It is recalled that before General Woodford was sent to Spain the President experienced considerable difficulty in obtaining a satisfactory person to accept the post. Several public men were sounded, but none was willing to sacrifice himself until General Woodford was approached. It is expected that equally as great difficulty will be found in obtaining a man to succeed General Woodford.

SHE IS A HONOLULU QUEEN.

Edna Whitney's Hawaiian Successor Makes a Favorable Impression.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 27.—Miss Anna Ross of Hilo, Hawaiian islands, now here on her way to Topaka, Kan., where she is to reign as queen of the carnival, has created a decidedly favorable impression. She is typical of her race, her mother being a native Hawaiian of the full blood. Her father is a German. Like most of the part Hawaiians she resembles her mother. She is a decidedly handsome girl, tall and large, with a skin between cream and olive and black curling hair. She has already been measured for her state robes, an order which will start for Topaka, Kan. She is only 19 years old and has never before been outside of her native island.

TO WORK FOR GOOD ROADS.

Delegates Appointed to Represent Missouri at the Omaha Convention.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 24.—Governor Stephens has appointed delegates to represent Missouri at the National road parliament which convenes at the Trans-Mississippi exposition in Omaha October 1. The object of this meeting, said the governor, "is to awaken and promote a general interest in the improvement of public roads, discuss the best methods of building and maintaining them and to promote good roads legislation."

DOORS VS. DREAMERS.

HAVANA, Sept. 24.—La Lucha, in an editorial yesterday, treating upon the question of the future of Cuba, concluded by saying: "The only difficulties which stand in the way of the Americans is that they occupy themselves with material interests and the organization of public work, while we write verses on liberty and sonnets to the moon as a solution of our very terrestrial problem. We are supporters of the doors and not of the dreamers, while they are staunch dependents upon reality and earthly things."

TO ACT AGAINST ANARCHISTS.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Mail says that all the powers, including Great Britain, have assented to Italy's proposals looking to common action against anarchists. It is understood that the measure to be adopted will be extremely severe. A mere avowal of anarchistic views will constitute a criminal offense.

CRUIZERS WILL CARRY PASSENGERS AGAIN.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The International Navigation company has announced the resuming of its regular weekly mail and passenger service between New York and Southampton by the steamer Louisiana. The New York and Paris, auxiliary cruisers during the war. The first steamer to resume the route will be the St. Louis, to sail from New York on October 12.

WANT IN THE CUBAN ARMY.

HAVANA, Sept. 24.—Reports from all points of the island, besides confirming the statements regarding want and destitution existing among the Cuban soldiers, say the health in their camps is very bad and that dysentery and malaria are decimating the forces. Official returns as to the mortality in the Santa Clara province during the month of July show 2,993 deaths, of which 113 resulted from smallpox.

ANOTHER TRANSPORT FROM PONCE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The United States transport Seneca from Ponce, September 17, arrived in quarantine at 6:40 this morning. She has on board 117 members of the Illinois signal corps, bound for Washington barracks, and 90 troops and government employees for this city.

REGULATIONS AT WOOD CITY.

WOOD CITY, Mo., Sept. 24.—Many complaints are being made in this vicinity of spurious silver dollars, of the coinage of 1888, being put in circulation. The counterfeit is a good one, in well executed and has a good ring. In color, however, it is a little darker than the genuine and somewhat lighter in weight.

WON BY JOE PATCHEX.

READVILLE, MASS., Sept. 24.—Barling Star Pointer, the two fastest harness horses in the world, Joe Patchex and John R. Gentry, had a match race at the Readville track yesterday and the Star Pointer won in two straight heats.

FRANCE IN THE SOUDAN.

The Prince of Orleans Also Enters the Discussion.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—Prince Henri d'Orleans flings himself into the Sudanian breach this morning. The prince says: "We have just received, almost simultaneously, the news of the taking of Khartoum by the English and of the arrival of Captain Marchand at Fashoda. The second piece of news demonstrates the impossibility of the first. While two years ago the march of Marchand was known in England and seemed to be regarded as of little importance, at a line stroke the face of affairs in the valley of the Nile is changed. The English are confronted with an accomplished fact. It is necessary that it should remain so. The question is about to be transferred from the burning grounds of Africa to a ground, not less burning, diplomacy. Prince Henri maintains that under such circumstances France which has undertaken no engagements respecting the Sudan and which arrived first on the Nile, with Marchand, has incontestable rights superior to those of England.

EVACUATION MUST BEGIN.

Cuba Commissioners Get a Note Ordering an End to All Delay.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—A very peremptory message of instruction has been sent to the Cuban military commission and by them made the basis of a note to the Spanish commissioners. The authorities in Washington will not make public the terms of the note, but its general tenor is that the United States will not be satisfied with any further delay in the evacuation of Cuba. It is to the effect that the terms of the protocol called for the immediate evacuation of Cuba and that Spanish sovereignty must be relinquished. The American commissioners have been informed that the evacuation of Cuba cannot be delayed.

BETTER NAVY RIFLES.

Twelve-Inch Guns for New Ships to Be Superior to the Present Guns.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The navy department has recently placed orders for forgings for naval rifles of calibers from four to twelve inches to supply the new battleships and in a short time the navy yard factory will begin to turn out ordnance embodying radical changes in construction and much more powerful than guns of the same caliber now afloat on our ships. The new gun will send its projectiles at the enormous velocity of 4,000 feet per second, which is about 50 per cent greater than the velocity of the present thirteen-inch shell.

GREEN PRAISES VOLUNTEERS.

At Manila the Citizens Soldiers Fought Like Regulars.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—Speaking of the conduct of the soldiers during the battle, General Green, who returned from Manila yesterday, said the volunteers fought and acted like regulars and that he was proud of them. After the first of the volunteers were as cool as could be and prepared for anything. The fire of the Americans was particularly deadly at all times.

ABERDEEN WORE THE STARS AND STRIPES.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 24.—At the conclusion of the exercises at the Ottawa exhibition yesterday, Lord Aberdeen made a tour of the grounds. A young woman in attendance at one of the exhibits asked Lord Aberdeen's permission to pin a small surculet of the Stars and Stripes on his coat lapel. The request was granted and Lord Aberdeen wore "Old Glory" for the rest of the afternoon.

MORE BLOTTING AT GALVESTON.

GALVESTON, Texas, Sept. 24.—The Malloy steamship line labor troubles broke out afresh here last night by the striking negro longshoremen, masked and armed with pistols, making an attack upon the great wharf. The police repelled the attack with pistols. One of the attacking negroes was killed, and one of the negroes employed on the wharf got a scalp wound.

FOURTH POOL NEXT.

MONONGAHELA CITY, Sept. 24.—Having scored a victory in the third pool, the miners will now turn their attention to the mines in the fourth pool, where the Chicago agreement is being violated. The contest will be opened in a few days, and the officials say it will be waged vigorously until every operator is paying the district rate.

BODY THAT OF EDNA GILL.

BIRMINGHAM, Conn., Sept. 24.—An inquest held this afternoon by Orator Doten, it was fully established by relatives of Miss Emma Gill of South Mill pond September 15 was hers. Her father and three brothers fully identified the remains.

SCOTTISH ELITE MASON ADJOURS.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 24.—The supreme lodge of Scottish Rite Masons adjourned yesterday afternoon, to meet in Philadelphia the third week in September, 1899.

NO CHILE-ARGENTINE WAR.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—A dispatch has been received here from General Roca, president-elect of Argentina, saying there will be no war between that country and Chile.

ER-SHAW'S IN REVENUE.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., Sept. 24.—Yesterday was the opening of the ex-slaves' reunion in this city. This is the first event of this kind here.

DODGE A FIRST ELECTMENT.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 24.—Fred R. Dodge was today promoted by the governor or to be first lieutenant of Company I, Twentieth Kansas.

JEFFERSON WANTS TO BORROW MONEY.

YONONAH, Sept. 24.—It is understood the Japanese government has decided to negotiate for a foreign loan of \$50,000,000.

FRANCE'S BIG WHEAT CROP.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—The French wheat crop is estimated at 113,000,000 hectoliters, the largest since 1874, when the yield was 126,000,000.

FILIPINOS TO THE POWERS.

Ask Recognition of the Insurgent Government.

AGUINALDO MAKES APPEAL.

The United States Is Not Mentioned—Powers "Designated by Providence to Protect the Weak"—Think They Have a Strong-Enough Government.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—A Manila letter to the Chicago Tribune, dated August 20, Aguineldo and his chiefs have made a plea to the powers for recognition of belligerency and independence. Aguineldo, his agent, who was a passenger on the steamer China, is on his way to Europe to submit the question to the powers. He calls back to the attention of the powers the fact that the United States is not mentioned in the powers' designation by Providence to protect the weak. Think they have a strong-Enough Government.

REORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY.

General Miles Has Devised Upon the Duty to Be Assigned Each Regiment.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—Major General Miles, commanding the army, has completed his plan for the reorganization of the volunteer forces into corps, divisions and brigades. This plan has been submitted to the war department for approval. The plan provides for a reorganization of the volunteer force which has not been ordered mustered out, and designates an area of occupation for Cuba; provides for the organization of the army into corps, divisions and brigades.

INDIANS AT THE EXPOSITION.

Graphic Account of the Sham Battle in Which They Engaged.

Not less than 10,000 people witnessed the sham battle between the Indians yesterday afternoon, says the Omaha Bee, and when it was over and the dead and wounded carried away it was pronounced a great success. It was fought along substantial lines and the lines as some of the others that have been put on, and was carried out in every detail. The great fight of the afternoon was staged by Captain Lester marching all of his Indians up in front of the reviewing stand. The first detachment was composed of the interpreters, who were dressed in their own Indian dress, and the second was composed of the Sioux warriors, dressed in their own Indian dress. The Sioux warriors were dressed in their own Indian dress, and the interpreters were dressed in their own Indian dress. The Sioux warriors were dressed in their own Indian dress, and the interpreters were dressed in their own Indian dress.

TO BE REGARDED AS CHECKS.

Bank Depositors' Receipts for Money Drawn Must Pay Stamp Tax.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The commissioner of internal revenue has rendered a decision which he has held that a depositor's receipt is subject to a stamp tax as a bank check. The commissioner says: "The war revenue act imposes a tax upon bank checks, drafts, certificates of deposit or orders for the payment of any sum of money, and thereby intends to include all legitimate ways in which money can be withdrawn from a commercial bank. The use of a receipt, while in terms not forbidden, is, presumptively so, and any attempt to evade the tax by such a receipt is a manifest attempt to evade the tax, which can only be prevented by taxing the receipt as a check."

WANT TO SHIFT THE BURDEN.

Retail Druggists Object to Paying the Tax on Salves.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—Retail druggists of this city have issued calls to the retail drug trade all over the country for the formation of a national organization to ease off the burden of the war tax imposed upon retailers by the manufacturers. Retailers claim that they cannot shift the burden of the tax, which can only be prevented by taxing the receipt as a check.

FUNSTON FOR A BRIGADIER.

General Miller Favors the Kansas Colonel's Promotion.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—Colonel Funston may soon be a brigadier general. Another general officer is needed for the Philippine expedition and General Miller, who has received orders from Washington to command the expedition, will apply for assignment of another brigadier to accompany him and favors Funston's promotion. There is little doubt that Miller will be made general. Funston's military record, which would greatly increase Funston's chances. General Miller's command is essentially a division, consisting as it does of four full regiments and three broken ones. Officers of the Kansas, Iowa and Tennessee regiments held meetings last night and voted unanimously to telegraph the senators and representatives of their respective states to urge the President to promote Miller.

CHINA'S EMPEROR NEEDS HELP.

Calls His Aunt, the Empress Dowager, to His Assistance.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The Chinese minister, Mr. Wu Ting Fang, received a cable dispatch to-day from the Chinese foreign office at Peking giving the text of the edict issued by the Emperor yesterday, in which, owing to the critical condition of the affairs of the empire, he calls back to the emperor's favor, and commands to her hands the direction of the affairs of the empire. The edict, freely translated from the cipher cable, is as follows: "Now that China is disturbed and sheered that all business shall be left to her, the emperor, agitated from mourning to fight for the welfare of all affairs and fearful of errors may occur, observing from the beginning the reign of Tung Chi that the empress dowager had twice given the emperor a model of a ruler, and so now, considering the important interests of the empire, have begged the empress Dowager to give to the emperor the benefit of her ripe experience and her instruction. The dowager empress has been pleased to accede to the request. Therefore it is to be the good fortune of the whole empire that this auspicious event is brought about."

AGUINALDO'S FOLLOWERS SPLIT BY SCHEME OF THE SPANISH.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—A dispatch to the New York Herald from Manila says: "The schemes of the Spanish clerical party have divided the Filipinos almost beyond the hope of reconciliation. On Sunday, when the archbishop of Manila went to Gaco to administer the rite of confirmation, a party of rebels attempted to kidnap the prelate. The success of the plot was only prevented by the interference of the Spanish soldiers, who were stationed there. The purpose of the kidnapers was to take the archbishop to Malolos, where Aguineldo is holding four Spanish priests as prisoners. "Seven Filipinos were detected yesterday at Santa Ana with money received from Spanish priests. They were arrested on a direct order from Aguineldo, despite the protest of Pio Pilar, the commander-in-chief of the district. They will be shot to-morrow."

GOVERNMENT WAR BALLOON.

Three members of the United States Volunteer Signal Corps of whom about one-half were engaged in the operations at Santiago, there are four other large balloons, each with a capacity of 21,000 cubic feet, sufficient to carry three or four persons, and a score of smaller balloons, each in the charge of the balloons and the half dozen carloads of apparatus accompanying them are Captain A. Warren Tacey and a detachment of twenty-

PIESTS DIVIDE THE NATION.

Aguineldo's Followers Split by Scheme of the Spanish.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—A dispatch to the New York Herald from Manila says: "The schemes of the Spanish clerical party have divided the Filipinos almost beyond the hope of reconciliation. On Sunday, when the archbishop of Manila went to Gaco to administer the rite of confirmation, a party of rebels attempted to kidnap the prelate. The success of the plot was only prevented by the interference of the Spanish soldiers, who were stationed there. The purpose of the kidnapers was to take the archbishop to Malolos, where Aguineldo is holding four Spanish priests as prisoners. "Seven Filipinos were detected yesterday at Santa Ana with money received from Spanish priests. They were arrested on a direct order from Aguineldo, despite the protest of Pio Pilar, the commander-in-chief of the district. They will be shot to-morrow."

REORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY.

General Miles Has Devised Upon the Duty to Be Assigned Each Regiment.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—Major General Miles, commanding the army, has completed his plan for the reorganization of the volunteer forces into corps, divisions and brigades. This plan has been submitted to the war department for approval. The plan provides for a reorganization of the volunteer force which has not been ordered mustered out, and designates an area of occupation for Cuba; provides for the organization of the army into corps, divisions and brigades.

INDIANS AT THE EXPOSITION.

Graphic Account of the Sham Battle in Which They Engaged.

Not less than 10,000 people witnessed the sham battle between the Indians yesterday afternoon, says the Omaha Bee, and when it was over and the dead and wounded carried away it was pronounced a great success. It was fought along substantial lines and the lines as some of the others that have been put on, and was carried out in every detail. The great fight of the afternoon was staged by Captain Lester marching all of his Indians up in front of the reviewing stand. The first detachment was composed of the interpreters, who were dressed in their own Indian dress, and the second was composed of the Sioux warriors, dressed in their own Indian dress. The Sioux warriors were dressed in their own Indian dress, and the interpreters were dressed in their own Indian dress.

TO BE REGARDED AS CHECKS.

Bank Depositors' Receipts for Money Drawn Must Pay Stamp Tax.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The commissioner of internal revenue has rendered a decision which he has held that a depositor's receipt is subject to a stamp tax as a bank check. The commissioner says: "The war revenue act imposes a tax upon bank checks, drafts, certificates of deposit or orders for the payment of any sum of money, and thereby intends to include all legitimate ways in which money can be withdrawn from a commercial bank. The use of a receipt, while in terms not forbidden, is, presumptively so, and any attempt to evade the tax by such a receipt is a manifest attempt to evade the tax, which can only be prevented by taxing the receipt as a check."

WANT TO SHIFT THE BURDEN.

Retail Druggists Object to Paying the Tax on Salves.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—Retail druggists of this city have issued calls to the retail drug trade all over the country for the formation of a national organization to ease off the burden of the war tax imposed upon retailers by the manufacturers. Retailers claim that they cannot shift the burden of the tax, which can only be prevented by taxing the receipt as a check.

FUNSTON FOR A BRIGADIER.

General Miller Favors the Kansas Colonel's Promotion.

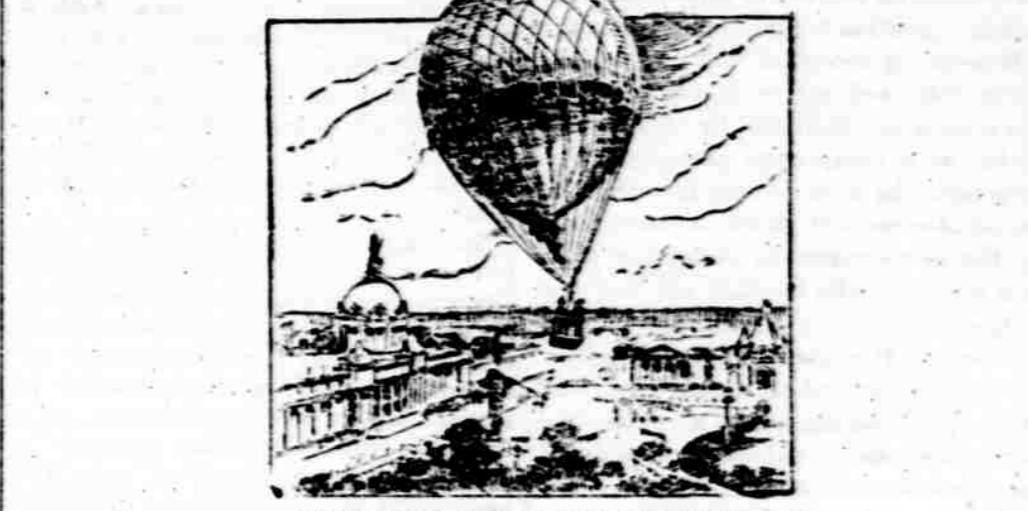
SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—Colonel Funston may soon be a brigadier general. Another general officer is needed for the Philippine expedition and General Miller, who has received orders from Washington to command the expedition, will apply for assignment of another brigadier to accompany him and favors Funston's promotion. There is little doubt that Miller will be made general. Funston's military record, which would greatly increase Funston's chances. General Miller's command is essentially a division, consisting as it does of four full regiments and three broken ones. Officers of the Kansas, Iowa and Tennessee regiments held meetings last night and voted unanimously to telegraph the senators and representatives of their respective states to urge the President to promote Miller.

Government War Balloons.

Daily Ascensions at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition Grounds.

Among the many interesting features of the United States government's exhibit at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha, none is attracting greater attention than the war balloons. Besides the monster captive balloon which was used by the American forces at Santiago, there are four other large balloons, each with a capacity of 21,000 cubic feet, sufficient to carry three or four persons, and a score of smaller balloons, each in the charge of the balloons and the half dozen carloads of apparatus accompanying them are Captain A. Warren Tacey and a detachment of twenty-

an excellent view of the exposition grounds, the cities of Omaha and Council Bluffs and the surrounding country is obtained. A building forty feet square on the ground and fifty feet high has been erected on the north tract to house the balloons overnight. Its cost in the neighborhood of \$30 to inflate, and it is cheaper therefore to retain the gas from day to day than to generate fresh gas every day. In order that the gas may not be allowed to escape it is necessary to protect the balloon from the weather, for the varnished silk of which it is made, is very delicate and when a little rain gets to it, it is ruined.



GOVERNMENT WAR BALLOON.

Three members of the United States Volunteer Signal Corps of whom about one-half were engaged in the operations at Santiago, there are four other large balloons, each with a capacity of 21,000 cubic feet, sufficient to carry three or four persons, and a score of smaller balloons, each in the charge of the balloons and the half dozen carloads of apparatus accompanying them are Captain A. Warren Tacey and a detachment of twenty-

The big balloon used at Santiago is an object of intense popular interest. One or other of the balloons makes several ascensions daily from the exposition grounds. These balloons, as stated above, have a capacity of 21,000 cubic feet of gas. This is sufficient to raise about 1,500 pounds. The balloon itself, with the car and ropes and cable, weighs in the neighborhood of 1,200 pounds. Each balloon can carry four persons of average weight.

The balloons are equipped with complete telegraphic and telephonic apparatus, communication with the ground is obtained by means of insulated wire which is attached to the ascenders. Captain Yancey has with him at Omaha two coils of this wire, each 2,500 feet long. The wire is five-eighths of an inch in diameter, and consists of twelve strands of copper. It is used for the double purpose of holding the balloon and of establishing telegraphic or telephonic communication with the ground. The wire is wound on a reel, connected with brass bushing and so arranged that the communication is not interrupted as the balloon ascends. The wire is attached to a reel, connected with brass bushing and so arranged that the communication is not interrupted as the balloon ascends. The wire is attached to a reel, connected with brass bushing and so arranged that the communication is not interrupted as the balloon ascends.

In addition to the quarter of a hundred balloons, large and small, Captain Yancey has with him at Omaha two stationary generators and one portable field generator and portable boiler, two gasometers, one of which was made in Omaha, and 250 tubes, each of which will hold about 150 cubic feet of gas compound. Of almost equal interest with the balloon ascensions are the daily exhibitions of visual signaling which are given by Captain Yancey's men. Every member of the United States Signal Corps is an expert signaller either with the telegraph or the heliograph or with the flags. The flag signaling, or wigwagging, as it is termed, is very interesting to watch. The signaller is provided with small colored flags with which they do their talking. A dip to the right or the left or some combination of such movements represents each letter of the alphabet in accordance with what is known as the Myer code. The two sounds of men are separated by the reason at sufficient distance to prevent any optical communication, but near enough for the public to watch both operators at the same time. The exhibitions with the heliograph or signaling by means of sun flashes, are also of great interest. It is interesting to note that both the wigwagging, or the heliograph system of signaling were derived from the Indians.

INDIANS AT THE EXPOSITION.

Graphic Account of the Sham Battle in Which They Engaged.

Not less than 10,000 people witnessed the sham battle between the Indians yesterday afternoon, says the Omaha Bee, and when it was over and the dead and wounded carried away it was pronounced a great success. It was fought along substantial lines and the lines as some of the others that have been put on, and was carried out in every detail. The great fight of the afternoon was staged by Captain Lester marching all of his Indians up in front of the reviewing stand. The first detachment was composed of the interpreters, who were dressed in their own Indian dress, and the second was composed of the Sioux warriors, dressed in their own Indian dress. The Sioux warriors were dressed in their own Indian dress, and the interpreters were dressed in their own Indian dress.

TO BE REGARDED AS CHECKS.

Bank Depositors' Receipts for Money Drawn Must Pay Stamp Tax.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The commissioner of internal revenue has rendered a decision which he has held that a depositor's receipt is subject to a stamp tax as a bank check. The commissioner says: "The war revenue act imposes a tax upon bank checks, drafts, certificates of deposit or orders for the payment of any sum of money, and thereby intends to include all legitimate ways in which money can be withdrawn from a commercial bank. The use of a receipt, while in terms not forbidden, is, presumptively so, and any attempt to evade the tax by such a receipt is a manifest attempt to evade the tax, which can only be prevented by taxing the receipt as a check."

WANT TO SHIFT THE BURDEN.

Retail Druggists Object to Paying the Tax on Salves.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—Retail druggists of this city have issued calls to the retail drug trade all over the country for the formation of a national organization to ease off the burden of the war tax imposed upon retailers by the manufacturers. Retailers claim that they cannot shift the burden of the tax, which can only be prevented by taxing the receipt as a check.

FUNSTON FOR A BRIGADIER.

General Miller Favors the Kansas Colonel's Promotion.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—Colonel Funston may soon be a brigadier general. Another general officer is needed for the Philippine expedition and General Miller, who has received orders from Washington to command the expedition, will apply for assignment of another brigadier to accompany him and favors Funston's promotion. There is little doubt that Miller will be made general. Funston's military record, which would greatly increase Funston's chances. General Miller's command is essentially a division, consisting as it does of four full regiments and three broken ones. Officers of the Kansas, Iowa and Tennessee regiments held meetings last night and voted unanimously to telegraph the senators and representatives of their respective states to urge the President to promote Miller.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

Columbus State Bank

(Oldest Bank in the State.)

Pays Interest on Time Deposits

AND

Makes Loans on Real Estate

DEPOSITS GREAT DRAUGHTS ON

Omaha, Chicago, New York and all Foreign Countries.

SELLS STEAMSHIP TICKETS.

BUYS GOOD NOTES

And helps its customers when they need help

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

LEADER HENRY, Pres't.

R. H. GERRY, Vice Pres't.

M. BRUGGER, Cashier

JOHN STAUFFER, Wm. BUCKER

COMMERCIAL BANK

OF COLUMBUS, NEB.

HAS AN

Authorized Capital of - \$500,000

Paid in Capital, - - - 90,000

OFFICERS:

C. H. SHELDON, Pres't.

H. P. H. OHLBORN, Vice Pres't.

DANIEL SCHUBERT, Cashier

FRANK ROBERT, Asst. Cash.

JOHN WELCH, J. A. McALLISTER, G. W. GIBBY, FRANK ROBERT, Asst. Cash.

STOCKHOLDERS:

ARTHUR BROWN, HENRY WELCH, DANIEL SCHUBERT, JOHN WELCH, FRANK ROBERT, H. M. WINDSOR.

Bank of deposit; interest allowed on time deposits; buy and sell exchange on United States and foreign; and buy and sell all securities. We shall be pleased to receive your business.

THE COLUMBUS JOURNAL

A weekly newspaper devoted to the best interests of COLUMBUS

THE COUNTY OF PLATTE,

The State of Nebraska

THE UNITED STATES

AND THE REST OF MANKIND

The unit of measure with us is