Columbus Journal.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1898.

Entered at the Postoffice, Columbus, Nebr., as second-class mail matter.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

M. K. TURNER & CO.,

Columbus, Nebr.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, by mail, postage prepaid.....$1.50
Six months.....75
Three months.....40

It is said that Mr. Poynter of Boone is anxious to secure the nomination for congress to succeed Maxwell.

The total number of saloon licenses issued in 1897, in Omaha, was 199. The total number, so far, in 1898, is 239.

It is thought that Nebraska products can reach the world's market via Port Arthur, at about half the present rate.

A thousand young Chippewa Indians in the Lake Superior region are ready to enlist against Spain, if war is declared.

It is high time that the federal government was doing something with the murderers of its postmaster at Lake City, South Carolina.

Your Uncle Samuel has an available cash balance of some $224,000,000, and a gold reserve of $168,000,000,—not particular about the odd hundreds of thousands.

The Exposition members were decidedly surprised the other day when informed that there had been expended for the educational department to date $5,809.40.

The Merchants' National bank of Omaha has brought suit against the administrators of the estate of A. S. Paddock, deceased, to recover on a note for $11,789.

The United States is committed to intervention in Cuba, if after a reasonable time, the autonomists plan shall fail, and the plan has failed beyond question. —St. Joseph News.

Men and munitions of war are being transported to the sea coast, orders are being placed for enormous quantities of war supplies, and our war vessels are being so manipulated that they will be ready for service at any moment.

It must be gratifying to even citizens of foreign countries who have learned to the United States to see that our congress stands as a unit in the present crisis, and shows evidence of the same strength of character that served liberty well in the war of the Revolution and the Rebellion.

The old single turret monitors of the rebellion were pulled out of their bed of mud Wednesday, at League island, near Philadelphia, where they have been embedded for years. The Manhattan and Mohopec, two of the largest, are 212 feet long and 60 feet wide. They are still good as harbor defenders.

Our Minister Woodford at Madrid pronounces it an utter impossibility for Spain to secure funds with which to engage in hostilities against the United States. Sagasta, he says, will make every effort to preserve peace. But the overthrow of the Sagasta ministry is not unlikely, and the succeeding ministry would be pledged to war to avoid revolution.

Of course the entire country is lavish in its praise of our Gen. Lee at Havana, as it should be. The David City News makes a suggestion worthy of considering, which is that in case of trouble with Spain, Gen. Lee be given a few regiments of Virginians and let him attach himself to the army of Gomez. The News is confident that even the Spaniards could learn some lessons from Lee.

Robbers' Roost, near the corner of Colorado, Utah and Wyoming, has been so pestered with outlaws that the governors have concluded to appoint five men each, $100 a month, fully equipped and armed, to ride through the country, empowered to arrest members of the gang which has been terrorizing the settlers. The flying squadron will be empowered to swear in deputies whenever needed.

Saturday, Robert Parsley, a school boy at Chadron, this state, whose mother is a Spaniard, took the part of Spain in a dispute to the extent of saying that if the Spaniards had blown up the Maine he was glad of it. His American school mates gave him a severe beating, dragged him with a handkerchief about his neck to a nearby post, and if he had not been rescued by some of the older boys, would have fared badly.

Property is the fruit of labor. Property is desirable, is a positive good in the world. That some should be rich shows that others may become rich, and hence is encouragement to industry and enterprise. Let no man who is homeless pull down the house of another, but let him work diligently and build one for himself, thus, by example, assuring that his own shall be safe from violence when it is built.—Abraham Lincoln.

It is evident that congress is as one with the country in the desire to give the president cordial support in whatever action he may take for the maintance of honorable peace or the prosecution of necessary war. There appears to be but one party. This is right. It is a matter of patriotic pride and satisfaction to observe how the mere apprehension of possible hostilities has compacted and solidified public sentiment.—Philadelphia Record.

Gen. W. S. Rosecrans died Friday morning at 7 o'clock at his home near Redondo, California, about twelve miles from Los Angeles. He was born in Delaware county, Ohio, September 6, 1819. He was appointed to West Point Military Academy in 1837, and graduated in 1842. At the beginning of the War of the Rebellion he was a private citizen. He was commissioned colonel of the Twenty-third Ohio regiment and within three days was commissioned brigadier general. He served his country well on many a field of battle. After the war he was minister to Mexico, and served four years in congress from California. Three children survive him.

A great nation in these modern times is something more than an aggregation of selfish interests, looking only to its interior prosperity. Its first duty is, of course, to its own people, but its humanity is not to stop at its own door any more than is that of a Christian householder.—Walter Wellman.

ONE YEAR OF McKINLEY.

High Compliment from an Independent Democratic Newspaper.

The year between March 4, 1897, and March 4, 1898, reveals William McKinley as a patriotic American, a cautious but firm executive, a conciliatory but self-respecting politician in his relations with congress, a pronounced but unfactional republican in his relations with his party, a consistent protectionist in his economic convictions, a courageous friend of civil service reform and of currency reform and an official who, knowing war as a soldier and loving peace as a citizen, cultivates the things which make for peace in the spirit and attitude of our government, while not unmindful of that duty of readiness for war which emergencies, neither of our creation nor of our choosing, have forced upon the national attention. The president is quite as large a man as his eulogists have maintained. He is a far better man than his opponents represent. He is a much abler man than mugwump criticism, with the intolerance of half estimate and the pur-blindness of half lights, can conceive any one to be but themselves. The events of the first year of his administration have been so testing and so revealing that the character of the administration for the ensuing three years has been antecedently fixed. The events of those years cannot, of course, be foretold, but the spirit in which the president will address himself to them has already been determined, and his moral and substantial support by the people, whether through one party or the other or by both, can be reasonably regarded as probable.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Many of us have seen hundreds of people struggling in the toils of bad habits of various kinds and degrees, and whole populations of people up in arms against every phase of the alcoholic drink habit. And there is not much wonder that such has been the case, seeing the subtlety of the habit and the hold that it seems to have upon its devotees, but alcoholic drinks are only one of the many species of stimulants in these modern times. There is opium and chloral, and now come recent cases of the cocaine habit that make the list of man's mortal foes simply appalling. Fifteen years ago Dr. Velli was a prominent and wealthy physician of Louisville, Kentucky. He spoke thirteen languages and lived in luxury. He contracted the cocaine habit and soon he and his family became helpless victims. His wife died two years ago, his family has been practically destitute for three years, and recently he died, a victim to the habit. The Good Book is right in saying that he who controls his spirit is greater than he who takes a city. And it is a just, reasonable, safe principle of action to lay down that a man should have and should exercise the full use of all his faculties in his human living. There is no necessity for his being domineered by forces at enmity with himself. Man is master if he only wills.

There is before congress an "Anti-Scalping Bill," which contemplates the "abolition of traffic by irresponsible and unauthorized persons, in railroad and steamboat tickets, and confines such transactions to the duly constituted agents of the transportation companies, and obligates all common carriers to promptly and equitably redeem passage tickets when for any reason unused in whole or in part. The ticket scalper's office makes a convenient market for lost, stolen or fraudulent tickets, and worse yet, and we believe that this is where the main trouble comes in, it forms a temptation to railway employes to cheat the company they are supposed to serve. The business of the scalper compels the railways to be on the lookout always, and thus meritorious applications for concessions are doubtless declined by railways when, if it were not for the dirty work of scalpers, there would be a juster feeling between the general, traveling public and the railway companies, and there would at least be favorable excursion rates, on occasion. If congress can do away with the irresponsible scalper, and thus bring about a general, reduction of legitimate fare, the entire country will approve of their action.

We give the following paragraph of news, dated at Garing, Nebraska, March 10, just as we find it, for just what it may seem to be worth: "More than twenty placer mining location certificates were filed in the office of the county clerk of Scott's Bluff county Monday, nearly as many more Tuesday, and the indications now are that today will make a bigger record, for there were numerous parties out prospecting with shovel and pan. The city and the surrounding country is in a fever of gold excitement, arising from the authenticated evidence that the "breaks" along the edge of the second bottom table land are a vast and profitable source of gold. The matter has been in process of investigation for some time, and the select few were waiting anxiously to be convinced by the final assay certificates that they were not being duped by a fake."

Colonel Parker, who has been to Cuba to look over the situation, says that in the city of Matanzas alone, 55,000 had died from starvation during the last year, and that 5,600 had died during February. Their party in which were ladies were just about to enter a hotel one day. A group of Spanish officers were standing at the door. As the Americans passed, one of the officers said in Spanish: "I should like to have an order to kill these people." Every American in Cuba now is watched as though he were a criminal. The Spaniards hate us and do not hesitate to say so. Everyone in Havana now knows that the Maine was blown up. Spaniards no longer deny it. They do not seem to be very sad over it, either." Mr. Parker says if we don't have war he will be surprised.

SECURE BRAZIL SHIPS

Two Fine Cruisers Purchased by Uncle Sam.

SPANISH OFFICIALS HEADED OFF

American Flag Will Be Hoisted Over the New Ships Within a Week—Dangerous Deficiency in the Engineer Branch of the Navy—Senator Proctor's Visit to White House Excites Great Interest.

Washington, March 15.—A week's negotiations closed Monday by the triumphant purchase by the navy department in London of the two fine cruisers built and building at Elswock for the Brazilian government. Possibly the officials took more pleasure in closing up the business in this manner because of the knowledge that the Spanish agents had been striving to secure these very ships, to whom, it is said, they would be of much greater value in case of trouble than to the United States. The next question is how to get the ships home and that has not yet been settled, according to the secretary of the navy. The United States flag will be hoisted over the new ships within a week, probably, and just as soon as the crew can be put aboard the Amazonas, she will start for the United States. The other vessel will follow at the earliest possible moment. The terms of sale are secret.

One of Ships Complete.

The ability of the two Brazilian ships was first brought to the attention of the navy department by Mr. Laine, agent of the Maxim-Nordfeld company, who was authorized to dispose of these ships and two others in course of construction in France. Mr. Laine said today that the two ships purchased would be a most desirable acquisition to the American navy as they were the latest and best products of the famous Armstrong yards. One of the ships is complete in every respect, has her coal supply and ammunition on board and steam can be raised at any time. There will be no trouble in bringing this ship across, as an adequate force from the local yards can be secured for the service. It is said the coal and ammunition on board passed with the sale to the United States. The ammunition is not all of the kind in use by the United States navy, so that the supply of ammunition is a necessary adjunct to the new ships. The other ship has been launched, but it will take some time to make her ready for sea.

Mr. Laine believes there will be no difficulty in bringing her over immediately if it is desired to make the move without delay, as the hull of the ship is so well along that she could be towed and her own sail power utilized for the trip across.

Shortage in Engineers.

A dangerous deficiency in the engineer branch of the navy has been brought to light strikingly in the fact that it is scarcely possible to secure a staff of engineer officers to bring back to the United States any of the ships purchased abroad. This state of affairs has been brought to the attention of the house naval committee, but so far, it is feared, without meeting that degree of success which it was hoped for in the shape of an amendment increasing the number of engineer officers in the service.

Senator Proctor visited the White house and uptown departments and his calls excited a good deal of interest. He spent half an hour first with Secretary Alger, explaining, it is believed, the military situation in Cuba and afterward had a conference with Judge Day, assistant secretary of state. Then he went to the White house and was closeted with the president for two hours and a quarter. When he emerged from the room he courteously declined to speak regarding the nature of the information he had communicated to the president.

N. F. Palmer, representing the Quintard iron works of New York, which built the engines of the Maine, was at the navy department in consultation with the officials respecting the conversion of vessels of the merchant marine into war craft. While not a shipbuilding firm, the Quintard works have done a great deal of work on the engines and interiors of ships, which is just the class of work required in the case of the auxiliary cruisers.

Missouri Valley Doctors.

Red Oak, Ia., March 15.—The Missouri Valley Medical society will hold its semi-annual meeting in this city next Thursday. There will be three sessions and in the evening there will be a banquet, in which the women will join. The association has a membership in the states bordering on the Missouri river and numbering about 400, including some of the most prominent physi cians in the west.

Snow Storm in Nebraska.

Gordon, Neb., March 15.—A snow storm, driven by a fierce northwest wind, has been raging since noon yesterday. This will be very destructive to stock interests, thin range cattle and cows with young calves being in most danger. The snow is very damp and the wind penetrating. Up to this time cattle have come through the winter in remarkably fine condition.

Wreck on Gulf Road.

Plattsburg, Mo., March 15.—A freight train on the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf went through a trestle near Trimbell this evening, the engine and 18 cars went down. Engineer C. D. Pierce of Kansas City was killed outright, Brakeman Coull was probably fatally injured and Fireman Cahill had an arm broken.

Big Cattle Sale.

Kansas City, March 15.—A deal was made here today by which Matt Murphy of the Murphy Cattle company of St. Paul, purchased from Ryan Bros. of Leavenworth, their entire herd of cattle now on the ranges of eastern Montana. The herd numbers between 12,000 and 15,000 head, and the purchase price is said to be $30 per head.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS

James S. Fowler, formerly one of the largest grain dealers in the west, died March 14, at St Marys hospital, Milwaukee, aged 68. He retired from business several years.

John Shore, once one of the most famous detectives in Europe, is dead in London. He was connected with the London police force for 39 years, and was for many years at the head of the criminal investigation department of the new Scotland Yards. In 1890 he became the European correspondent of the Pinkerton agency.

MRS. THURSTON IS DEAD

Announcement Received by Consul General Lee.

DIES ON YACHT IN SAGUA HARBOR

Wife of the Nebraska Senator Suddenly Expires—News Comes Unexpectedly, as the Stricken Woman Was In Good Health—Mrs. Gallinger Tells of Strange Premonition—Sketch of Mrs. Thurston.

Havana, March 15.—Consul General Lee received the following telegram yesterday afternoon from Mr. Walter B. Barker, United States consul at Sagua La Grande: "The wife of Senator Thurston died on the Anita today. Shall give every attention and wire you from Bearea."

Meager advices say Mrs. Thurston died of apoplexy about 8 o'clock Monday morning when the yacht was in sight of port. The Anita left Matanzas Sunday night with all the party except Congressmen Smith and Cummings, who went by rail to Sagua. The passage from Havana to Matanzas was very rough and that to Sagua even worse. It is thought that this, together with the rough passage down the coast, may have hastened the end, but nothing definite is known here as to the circumstances of Mrs. Thurston's death, or as to the time and place of the funeral.

Had a Strange Premonition.

Washington, March 15.—Senator and Mrs. Thurston were members of a congressional party which left Fort Monroe March 2 for a trip to Cuba on the yacht Anita. The party had a stormy night off Hatteras and put into Charleston. The trip was continued after a few days' rest. The Anita first touched Cuba at Havana and afterward went to Matanzas and Sagua La Grande. The brief announcement of Mrs. Thurston's death was quite unsatisfactory to her many acquaintances in this city and every effort was made to secure details, as the demise was most unexpected. Mrs. Thurston was in excellent health when she left the city, having taken an active part in the annual convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution, which met here the week before her departure.

Mrs. Thurston before her marriage was Miss Martha Poland, a niece of Luke Poland of Vermont, prominent years ago in the house of representatives. Mr. and Mrs. Thurston celebrated their silver wedding last fall at Omaha.

Mrs. Senator Gallinger, who was one of the party which left here for Cuba, but who abandonded the trip when the yacht had reached Charleston, was greatly shocked at the announcement of the death. When Mrs. Galliuger left Charleston Mrs. Thurston was in perfect health and had best withstood the storm off Hatteras, being the only one who was not made sick. She confided to Mrs. Gallinger a strange presentment, saying she had written to her son, now at Harvard, certain desires to be carried out in case of accident, and added: "I do not expect to return alive."

Little was thought of the remark, and Mrs. Thurston did not explain whether she feared natural death, or some accident to the vessel.

Sketch of Mrs. Thurston's Life.

Omaha, March 15.—Mrs. John M. Thurston was the daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Luther Poland, her maiden name being Martha L. Poland. She was a niece of Luke P. Poland, one of Vermont's greatest characters and statesmen, who was chief justice of the state and United States senator and representative for many years. She was born in Vermont about 50 years ago, being a little younger than her husband. About 28 years ago she came to Omaha with her parents and made this city her residence since. Colonel Poland died about a year ago. Mrs. Poland is living and is now at the Thurston home in this city.

Senator Thurston, who was at that time a rising lawyer, and Miss Poland were married in this city on Christmas day, 1872. The silver anniversary of this wedding was celebrated on Christmas day in this city by a large reception attended by hundreds of friends, not only from this state, but from states in all the western part of the country. As a result of that union three children are now living. The oldest, a son, Clarence, is 17 years of age and is attending Harvard college. The other children are girls, Grace and Gene, respectively 14 and 12 years of age. They are in the city under the care of Mrs. Poland. Three sons have died.

McKinley Cables Condolence.

Washington, March 15.—President McKinley, on hearing of Mrs. Thurston's death, sent a cablegram to Senator Thurston expressing deep sympathy for the sudden bereavement.

Submarine Boat Tested.

New York, March 15.—The submarine torpedo boat, Holland, left her dock at Port Amboy today and made a run out into the bay. She was gone about half an hour and, according to Mr. Holland, behaved splendidly. No attempt was made to dive. When the Holland returned to dock a number of men began the work of putting in her pig iron ballast. When this work is completed it will bring the boat down to a normal water line.

Miners' Defense Fund Defeated.

Columbus, O., March 15.—The proposition for the establishment of a defense fund for the United Mine Workers of America has been lost by a vote of the members of the organization. Some time ago a special committee submitted a plan for a defense fund and it was then sent out in circular form for a vote of the members.

To Reproduce Famous Mansion.

Little Rock, Ark., March 15.—At a meeting of the board of Omaha exposition commissioners it was decided to reproduce the famous Albert Pike mansion of this city as a state building at the exposition. Colonel R. W. Richardson of Omaha, exposition commissioner, attended the meeting.

Kansas City Against Omaha.

Kansas City, March 15.—The newspapers of Kansas City and the Commercial club are engaged in an active effort to secure the removal of the headquarters of the department of the Platte from Omaha to Kansas City, and are declaring that success is in sight. It is maintained that the order changing the name of the department of the Platte to department of the Missouri is the forerunner of the relocation of headquarters.

Many Desire to Enlist.

Boston, March 15.—The receiving ship Wabash was crowded today with applicants who desired to enlist. Up to 3 o'clock this afternoon not less than 200 had taken the examination, but out of this number not more than a dozen passed.

Americans Take Gold Loan.

City of Mexico, March 15.—It is reported that Chicago bankers have taken the state of Jalisco gold loan, 30 years, 6 per cent.

MORE TROOPS ARRIVE

Eighteen Hundred Spaniards Unloaded at Havana.

VIZCAYA GETTING READY FOR SEA

One Report Says She Is Bound for Mexico and Another for the Port of New York—President McKinley's Policy as to Spain Outlined—Will Demand $10,000,000 Indemnity for Loss of Maine.

(Copyright, 1898, by New York Journal.)

Havana (via Key West), March 15.—The Montzerrat, a big freighter turned transport, brought 1,800 fresh troops from Spain to Havana today, most of them being green peasant boys, to whom the oncoming rainy season will almost certainly prove fatal. The Montzerrat was greeted with the whistles of all the Spanish ships in the harbor and the wild cheering of the crowds on shore.

The Vizcaya is coaling up and there is much speculation touching her destination, as one report says she is bound for Mexico and another for the port of New York. Definite information can be obtained neither at the palace nor on the ship herself. The Spanish colony in Mexico, it is said, is anxious to consult with some one directly representing the home government and has asked for the presence of the Vizcaya.

M'KINLEY'S POLICY AS TO SPAIN.

Will Demand $10,000,000 Indemnity for Loss of Maine.

St. Paul, March 15.—The Globe's Washington special says: The president and his cabinet know unofficially the result of the Maine inquiry. They are prepared to act. They have canvassed the course of events, so far as they can foresee them, and have formulated a policy to meet the emergency. Along its lines the administration expects to move unless it is swept off its feet by a wave of popular dissatisfaction. The Globe's special correspondent is able to present the forecast of events as viewed by the president and his cabinet. It can be outlined thus:

1. The board of inquiry will report this week that the explosion was external.

2. The president will immediately through Minister Woodford demand from Spain an indemnification of $10,000,000.

3. Spain is expected to reply expressing her willingness to pay if she is responsible, but maintaining that her own investigation shows that the explosion was internal and purely accidental. She will, therefore, suggest reference to an international board of arbitration.

4. In such an event the administration would be disposed to comply with the suggestion unless there is an emeute in Havana or an irresistible demand for war sweeps through congress.

England Has Made No Offer.

London, March 15.—In the house of commons today Mr. Curzon, replying to Michael Davitt, anti-Parnellite, who asked the government whether Great Britain had offered to lend men-of-war to the United States in the event of a conflict between the United States and a European power, said the government had not made such an offer. Answering a series of questions which Mr. Davitt put with the view of eliciting whether there have been any negotiations for an alliance between Great Britain and the United States or whether Great Britain had offered to mediate in the Cuban crisis, Mr. Curzon said the questions were of such a nature that it was inexpedient to reply to them.

Keeping an Eye on Spanish Warships.

London, March 15.—A special dispatch from Cadiz, Spain, announces that the Spanish squadron has sailed from that port. It is understood the Spanish warships are going to Porto Rico, where it will await the orders of Captain General Blanco. Enthusiastic crowds gathered there to bid farewell to the Spanish war vessels.

The departure of the United States warships Helena and Bancroft from Lisbon may possibly be connected with the seemingly simultaneous departure of the Spanish squadron from Cadiz, which is situated on the southwestern coast of Spain. Rumors have had it that the Bancroft and Helena might follow the Spanish ships across to Atlantic.

Italian Warship Expected.

Havana, March 15.—Arrangements are in progress to discontinue a number of the relief stations in Havana, which are open only at certain hours, and to establish instead one large central station, which will be open for relief at hours of the day, with four suburban stations. Rumors are in circulation here to the effect that Italian warships are to arrive at this port and it is further reported that the United States government will send either the battleship Iowa or Indiana to this harbor to stay two or three hours. No cause is assigned for the latter story, nor can the report be confirmed officially.

Causes Sensation In Madrid.

Madrid, March 15.—A great sensation has been caused here by an official dispatch from Havana, saying that the insurgent leaders Cayito Alvarez and Nunez have been killed by other insurgents while the former were on their way to tender their submission to the Spaniards. Official circles here claim that the action of Cayito and his companions is proof that an important section of insurgents is anxious to accept the "legal regime."

Anti-American Sentiment Growing.

Havana, March 15.—The feeling here is uneasy. The air is heavy with vague rumors and every one prays for a quick finish of the American inquiry court's labor. The anti-American sentiment is growing day by day. Scurrilous pamphlets increase. The censor is unable to prevent veiled threats and abuses of Americans daily.

Want McKinley to Come.

Sioux City, March 15.—Sioux City is making a decided effort to secure the presence of President McKinley at the state encampment of the department of the Iowa Grand Army of the Republic, to be held here in June.

NATIONAL CAPITAL GOSSIP.

Public Land Commission.

Washington, March 15.—Representative Newlands of Nevada introduced a bill creating a public land commission to consist of the commissioner of the general land office, the director of the geological survey and three other persons whose appointments are made subject to confirmation by the senate. Its duties are to construct a contoured topographical map of public land areas, finding the water supply of each basin and incidental data, control the cutting of timber in each basin, regulate the occupation and utilization of public lands and in general protect the forests, woodlands grazing lands and waters.

Advices From Spanish Sources.

Washington, March 15.—The Spanish minister, Senor Polo y Bernabe, received a number of dispatches today from the minister of state at Madrid and from Captain General Blanco. Those from General Blanco were reassuring in tone and stated that the situation in Havana and throughout the island was quiet and satisfactory. The minister of state cabled, saying in substance: "The uprising in the Philippines is so insignificant that it will be ended by the time you receive this."

Cruiser Brooklyn Arrives.

Washington, March 15.—The big armored cruiser Brooklyn arrived at Fortress Monroe this morning direct from LaGuayra, Venezuela. She has made a fine run up and, it is expected, will await at Hampton Roads the arrival of the Minneapolis and Columbia, which are just fitting out at Philadelphia. This force will form an excellent nucleus for the projected "flying squadron," in case the department decides to form one.

Eight New Revenue Cutters.

Washington, March 15.—During its session of three hours Monday the senate passed a considerable number of bills from the general calendar, among the number being one authorizing the construction of eight new revenue cutters not exceeding in aggregate cost the sum of $1,225,000. The national quarantine bill was made the regular order of business and will be taken up probably on Wednesday.

Ship to Be Named Nebraska.

Washington, March 15.—If there is no unexpected hitch in the appropriation for additional battleships Nebraska will have one of the new vessels named for her, and in event of failure in this direction one of the Brazilian ships just purchased will be so named.

Foraker's Arid Land Bill.

Washington, March 15.—Senator Foraker has introduced a bill providing for the awarding of public lands to individuals or corporations who may provide for their reclamation by irrigation, not more than 100,000 acres to be patented to any one company or person.

To Prevent Desecration of Flag.

Washington, March 15.—Representative Henderson of Iowa has introduced a bill to prevent the use of the United States flag as a business advertisement, or the use of any government publications as advertising mediums.

Quarantine Proclamation.

Austin, Tex., March 15.—Governor Culberson issued a general quarantine proclamation going into effect April 1 and applying on all coast points and along the Rio Grande. The quarantine is against yellow fever, smallpox and cholera. The governor takes occasion in this proclamation to urge upon all cities and towns in the state to exercise the greatest dilligence in cleaning up and avoiding any introduction of yellow fever into their midst.

THE NEWSBOY'S DREAM.

It Was His Idea of What Would Be Absolutely Ideal Conditions.

The American newsboy can almost be said to have created a genus for himself. If he has any, he has certainly created it, for of all the inhabitants of this planet there is none who is so absolutely independent, so thoroughly confident of his own exertions. He has a self importance, derived from his ability to support or partially support himself, which places him high above the rank of the ordinary gamin, and he generally possesses what is far more important in any community—ready money. He is the capitalist of our junior civilization, the Count Esterhazy of newsboys' alley. He can play craps for money when other boys are constrained to pursue this delectable amusement with only the milder if more intellectual pleasure of studying the fluctuations of fortune, or, at most, hazarding cigarette pictures.

He may swear a little more than is necessary, but in general is not half bad. His train of thought is usually healthy and vigorous and has a robustness born of the outer air in which he spends so much of his time. Physically he is agile and almost tireless. While apparently reckless in most things, he is, on the whole, careful of his health—he is scarcely ever known to smoke a whole cigarette at a time. His intellect is as keen as a razor. He keeps it continually honed on the strop of experience. Everything carries for him a lesson. From the sale of the largest Sunday paper to that of the most unpretentious weekly there is nothing he does not profit by.

He is a born statist, a self educated strategist. He has the nice art of going far enough and yet never overstepping himself. On the eve of such an occasion he will vociferate, "All about the election," but don't ever expect of whom until you buy the paper. Pleasure and other things occupy a fair proportion of his time, but with him the distribution of news is always uppermost. It even permeates his sleeping hours. One of them was heard to remark between sales to another a day or so ago, "Say, Jim, I had de finest dream I ever had las' night."

"Was it about angels?" inquired Jim.

"Naw," was the contemptuous response. "I dreampt dat der was a awful smashup, six fires, four double murders an tree suicides, all in one day."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Where Princes Are Sacred.

When a young prince of Japan wishes to learn the mysteries of chirography, young maidens bring paper, others make the ink and prepare the paint brush. The master expresses admiration by gesture and face, for no words must be spoken by him to the prince, his mouth even being bandaged that his breath may not blow upon the face of the prince. The teacher must move about in the quietest manner and give commendation only.

How Dead Soldiers Look.

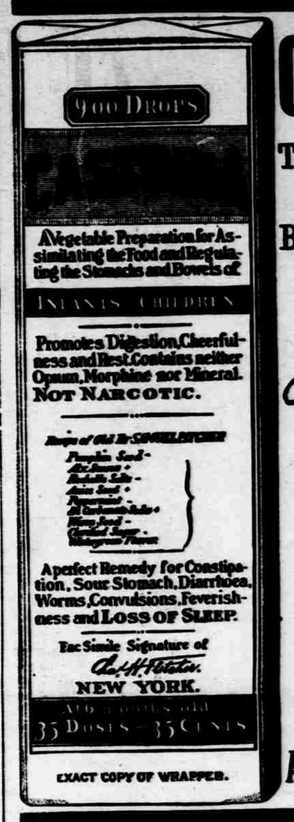
A British army surgeon is authority for the statement that the cause of death is clearly shown in the expression of the face of a corpse on the field of battle. He states that those who have been killed by sword thrusts have a look of repose, while those killed by bullets usually have pain of an intense nature clearly depicted.

George Muller of Bristol, England, died last week, but it will be a long time before the world will let his name die out of history. Among philanthropists, he was one of the most remarkable. He maintained an orphans' home and from the first conducted it on the plan of taking all the wants of the home to the Lord in prayer. He came to be known as an intelligent, conscientious, earnest man devoted to the best interests of the youth in his charge, and money in abundance came to him from people that never knew individually; his influence has been wide-spread, deep and lasting, and he deserves to rank with the world's greatest and best workers in this line of endeavor.

The warships Amazonas and Admiral Breu have been bought by the government from Brazil.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CASTORIA
THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT
Bears the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on every wrapper.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Always Bought,
Bears the Fac-simile Signature
—OF—
Chas. H. Fletcher
ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE.
THE KIND
YOU HAVE
ALWAYS BOUGHT.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

BECHER, JÆGGI & CO.,
Farm Loans, Real Estate
And Insurance.
COLUMBUS, - NEBRASKA.

THE WORLD'S BEST BOW

And the world's most friendly people are always ready for the well dressed man. There's no mistake about this. Energy may miss its mark, Truth may go a-begging. Virtue itself may be neglect. But there is always a welcome and measure of success for good clothes. If you wish to test this but of philosophy, just order one of the elegant suits of
M. BORN & CO.
THE GREAT
Chicago Merchant Tailors
Whose productions are noted everywhere for choice material, neat fit and finish, and perfect up-to-date style. A "BORN" suit of clothes is a passport to the World's Fair!
A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.
300 Selected Patterns to order from.
CALL ON H. A. SCOTT.

THE NEW WAY.

Women used to think "female diseases" could only be treated after "local examinations" by physicians. Dread of such treatment kept thousands of modest women silent about their suffering. The introduction of Wine of Cardui has now demonstrated that nine-tenths of all the cases of menstrual disorders do not require a physician's attention at all. The simple, pure
McELREE'S Wine of Cardui
taken in the privacy of a woman's own home insures quick relief and speedy cure. Women need not hesitate now. Wine of Cardui requires no humiliating examinations for its adoption. It cures any disease that comes under the head of "female troubles"—disordered menses, falling of the womb, "whites," change of life. It makes women beautiful by making them well. It keeps them young by keeping them healthy. $1.00 at the drug store.
For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.
W. I. ADDISON, M.D., Cary, Miss., says: "I use Wine of Cardui extensively in my practice and find it a most excellent preparation for female troubles."

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

M. C. CASSIN,
—PROPRIETOR OF THE—
Omaha Meat Market
Fresh and Salt Meats.
Game and Fish in Season.
Highest market prices paid for Hides and Tallow.
THIRTEENTH ST.,
COLUMBUS, - - NEBRASKA
25aprtf

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

—The Journal is prepared to furnish in the very latest styles, stationer's goods for balls, parties, entertainments, school exhibitions, concerts, graduating exercises, and the thousand other occasions for which fine stationery and nice printing are in demand. We furnish everything in our line at reasonable prices, and strictly in line with the order. tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned banks of Columbus, Nebraska, finding that it is not possible to profitably employ so large a capital, have decided to reduce their capital stock as follows:
The Columbus State Bank to $50,000.00.
The First National Bank to $50,000.00.
The Commercial Bank to $50,000.00.

The Columbus State Bank,
By Leander Gerrard, Pres't.
The First National Bank,
By A. Anderson, Pres't.
The Commercial Bank,
By C. H. Sheldon, Pres't.
16feb5

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Came to my premises in Grand Prairie township, in Platte county, Nebraska, on or about the 20th day of January, 1898,

A BROWN HEIFERT,

with a white spot on forehead, about two years old. The owner can come, prove property, pay charges and take it.

Henry Neemeyer.
February 16, 1898. 16mar5p

NOTICE OF THE REDUCTION OF CAPITAL STOCK.

At a regular meeting of the stockholders of the Columbus State Bank it was duly ordered by said stockholders that the paid-up capital stock of said Bank should be reduced from eighty-three thousand dollars to fifty thousand dollars. In accordance with such order, notice is hereby given that the paid-up capital stock of said Columbus State Bank will, on the seventeenth day of March, 1898, be reduced to fifty thousand dollars.

Dated, February 14, 1898.
Leander Gerrard, President,
M. Bruggeer, Cashier.
16feb5

NOTICE OF THE REDUCTION OF CAPITAL STOCK.

Notice is hereby given that, at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Commercial Bank of Columbus, Nebraska, held on the 8th day of February, 1898, it was ordered by a unanimous vote of said stockholders that the capital stock of said Bank be reduced from $90,000.00 to $50,000.00, said reduction to take effect on March 17, 1898.

C. H. Sheldon, President,
Daniel Scheer, Cashier.
16feb5

UNDERTAKING!

We Carry Coffins, Caskets and Metallic Caskets at as low prices as any one.
DO EMBALMING
HAVE THE BEST HEARSE IN THE COUNTRY.
FRED. W. HERRICK.

W. A. McAllister. W. M. Cornelius
McALLISTER & CORNELIUS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBUS, - - NEBRASKA.
31jantf

WOOSLEY & STIRES,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Southwest corner Eleventh and North Streets
4july-y COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA.