

# Fresh Evidences of This Come from Every Part of the Country.

Democratic and Republican Journals Vie with Each Other in Assurances of Returning Prosperity.

A Most Gratifying Collection of Hopeful Expressions Gathered from Various Reliable Sources.

No publication within the last few | ity: and it is helpful to confidence to have weeks has attracted more attention official reassurance that tariff tinkering than that furnished the readers of this is not to be the last of administrative expaper early last month, showing a pedients, for the removal of business dismarked improvement in business conditions throughout the country. This was evidenced by a collection of statements on this subject from scores of expanding; bank clearings are increasing, newspapers of all political parties, and and the transportation companies are from all parts of the country. The evidence of general and widespread improvement was soplainly shown by this and so much a subject of gratification that we present herewith another installment of expressions of this character, gathered from all sections and shrinkages; the storekeepers' shelves, as from papers of all political shades of a rule, hold no unwieldy accumulations of opinion:

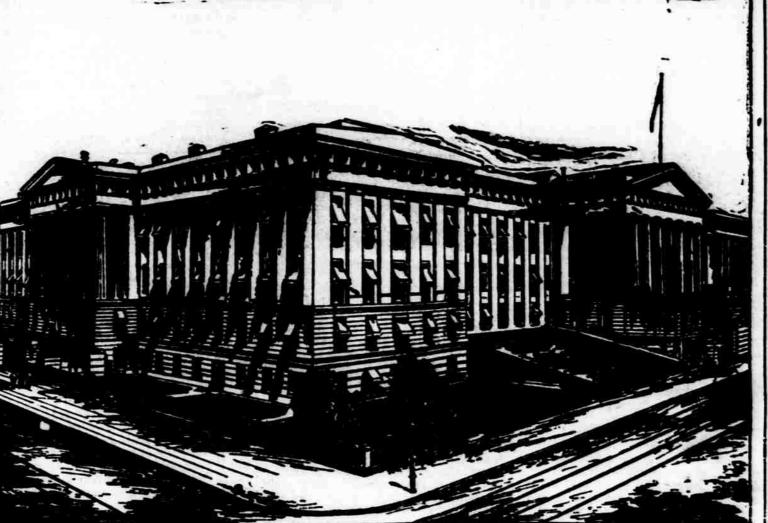
The Prospect Brightens. Either because the business men have taken heart from the comforting assurances of Secretary Gage and the reasonable certainty that a new tariff law will be in force within a few weeks, or because better times had to come in the natural order of things, there is a definite and unquestionable improvement in the business situation. There are so many indications of this in so many quarters that it is idle to deny that a change for the better is taking place. There are industries which have not revived as yet, but their turn will come. There are some which always lag behind in the proces sion.-Chicago Tribune (Rep.).

trust and depression. There are other grounds for commercial cheerfulness, Business failures are lessening in number and importance. Commercial loans are earning more money. The end of tariff uncertainty is drawing near; the important crops all over the country give promise of abundant harvests; productive costs in the great industries have been crowded to the apparent minimum; there is less reason to fear further important price stocks, and labor is becoming more generally employed. These are favorable conditions for a sustained revival of business.-Philadelphia Record (Dem.).

#### **Retter Times in the West.**

Mr. E. V. Smalley of St. Paul writes to the New York Evening Post the results of his observations on a recent trip of a month from Chicago to Portland, Oregon. He stopped at various points on the way, thus gaining opportunities to gather reliable information concerning the business conditions, and his conclusion is that trade is everywhere improving-not much, but to an appreciable extent. The railroads, he says, report a net gain in receipts from freight, but none worth mentioning as yet from passenger earnings. Bank deposits are increasing and collections are easier. People are paying a little on their old debts carried along from

That business is getting better is evi- boom times, and there has been a great



## THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

THE Interior Department Building, a view of which is presented herewith, is one of the interesting and always sought after sights in Washington. In it is located the Patent Office, containing the models which the Government required for years should be furnished with applications for patents. The accumulations of these interesting and in many cases curious models for proposed machines form one of the most unique museums of museum-clied Washington, for no city in the country has so great a number of museums as the capital of the nation.

The Interior Department Building is a large white marble structure, covering two entire squares, extending from Seventh to Ninth streets and from F to G streets. While in its construction little attempt at ornamentation was made, its plain and severely classical exterior always attracts the attention of those who are so fortunate as to have the opportunity of studying its architectural lines. Within it is a busy place. Its main floor is occupied, first, by the office of the Secretary of the Interior, Hon. Cornelius N. Bliss, and adjoining this the offices of the assistant secretaries and others of the Secretary's personal staff. The northern front is occupied by the officials of the Patent Office, and at the northwest corner is the office of the Commissioner of Patents, Hon. Benjamin Butterworth. Stretching down the western end of the building are the offices of the Division of Public Lands, and in the southeast corner are the rooms of the Commis-sioner of the General Land Office, Hon. Binger Herrman, formerly member of Congress from Oregon. These are always busy rooms, for there is from morning till night a flow of members of Congress, attorneys and others passing in and out, interesting themselves in matters pertaining to land claims and the distribution of public lands to those who are establishing homes in various parts of the country. Upon the floor above is the model room of the Patent Office, which is always the subject of much interest. The Pension Bureau, which is a part of the Interior Department, occupies, as is well known, a building erected exclusively for its use, which is located only a couple of squares away from the Interior Department, and connected by telephone and other conveniences, making it practicable for the officers of the Interior Department to speak with their subordinates at the Pension Office at any time they may choose.

are now being distributed through the if his friends, through a concerted movement, were to make a point of telling him country to those on whose orders they every time they met him how sick he looked. The imagination is a powerful motor. When everybody one meets talks of hard times, a tinge of melancholy is created which overspreads the whole community. This cloud can be dissipated by cheerful talk and by considering the really favorable factors of the situation .- Minneapolis Tribune (Rep.).

were originally engaged .- New York Commercial Bulletin (Dem.). 3.44 Basis for Confidence. The general symptoms developed in Wall street during the past week have been the most hopeful features witnessed for many months past. Without any spe-

a new tariff law, but because the natural forces which control trade are moving in that direction. There is everywhere a disposition to hold on to property in place of the inclination prevalent for several years past to sell. The shrewdest money makers in the country are seeking investments. They are not liquidating. Enforced sales are at an end. Here and there, in spots, business records are ahead of any previous reports for years past. Bank

deposits are increasing because the net

profits of trade and industry are growing

Improved Condition of Trade.

There is no doubt of a change for the

feet within a few days. Three other large a, ranging from 10,000,000 to 12, 000,000 feet each, have also recently been ted. Prices are now firm, in strang contrast to the demoralization that prerailfd a few weeks ago.-Chicago Times Herald (Ind.).

#### Reviving Trade.

The change which has come over the face of things in the business world is unmistakable. The confidence for which everybody has been looking is here. It may lose its sharp edge by some unforeseen event, but it is hardly to be expected that any serious check will now occur. It seems to be taken for granted that there will be a tariff law on the statute book within a few weeks. Perhaps a month is too short a time to give the slowgoing legislators of the Senate. The assurance in regard to the tariff is the most potent influence in giving more confidence, but the good effects of Secretary Gage's speeches have by no means worn off, either in the United States or abroad. Satisfactory crop reports, increased railroad earnings and the statement of bank clearings, which, considering the fact that one day of last week was a holiday, is favorable, are among the subsidiary infuences that are making for faith in the future.-Buffalo Express.

#### Prosperity at HanL

The time has come when to carp and cavil at the slowness with which prosperity is returning to this country, after the depression of the past three years, has lack of truth added to that mean malce which can rejoice in misfortune. Prosperity is coming, and the slowness of its approach only means its sureness and its stability. There are signs on every hand that President McKinley was right when he said that the country is going not backward, but forward, and that the steady hands and hearts of the American people are strengthened and encouraged by the immediate prospect of a revival of wholesome and profitable activity in ail branches of labor, trade and business. The taunt of Populist Bryan that others beside himself regret his rejection at the polls is as untrue as it is unpatriotic .-New York Mail and Express (Rep.).

### Improving Steadly.

Secretary Gage's conviction of the improvement in business, expressed to the Maryland bankers in Cumberland, has had a good influence, and has strengthened the growing feeling that a slow but permanent improvement is spreading over the country. His repetition at Cumberland of his statement the week before in Cincinnati, that the administration was determined to secure a comprehensive and permanent rectification of the currency. and that he had assurances from members of Congress that at the next session a bill to that effect would be passed, has had a very decided influence in improving the general tone and increasing confidence .-New York Journal of Commerce (Dem.).

"There has been a decided improvement." writes a Washington correspondent, "in the financial situation since I was last in New York. All classes in the industrial and commercial world feel encouraged over the outlook and expectancy has replaced the approhension that had become the habitual condition of the public mind for the last three years. The people you meet in the banks downtown and visitors from other parts of the country who gossip in the hotel rotundas all tell the story that, while the era of prosperity has not yet begun, the signs of its approach appear in every direction, the most important being an almost universal confidence that it is almost here. Thereis confidence in the President, confidence that Congress will dispose of the tariff bill speedily and that the rates in the new schedules will be conservative yet ample for the needs of the Government." Dun's reports are encouraging to a degree; Bradstreet's are less pessimistic and decidedly more favorable, and the crop reports are unusually encouraging.-Grand Rapids Herald (Rep.).

dent from many signs. The financial rewhich indicate this. The reports of railroads show increased earnings over those of the same period last year. Another significant and hopeful sign is the fact that the money now in circulation in this country is \$138,149,612 more than the circulation one year ago, the total amount in circulation last Saturday being \$1,-659,733,895. The absence of speculative interest is not an unmixed evil. It indicates that what improvement is taking place in business is healthful.-Atlanta Journal (Dem.).

Good Signs.

#### Eloa but Fure.

A slow but steady gain in business with an advance in prices, an increase in the number of hands employed and growth of new orders, and an increase in the amount of work done are pointed out by "Dun's Review" in its last issue as a renewed evidence that business is improving. A study of the newspaper sentiment of the country as expressed in the publications of all sentiments shows a concurrence in the belief thus expressed that there is a marked and general improvement in the busipess situation.

Silverites Are Dumb. "Prices cannot rise so long as the gold standard obtains." That was the assertion made with endless persistence by the silver standard orators and newspapers last year. The basal proposition of Mr. Bryan was that commodities could not reach higher values save through the free coinage of silver. What do we now see? Wheat has advanced, in the face of reports indicating a tremendous yield this summer. In the grazing regions sheep have nearly doubled in price since last year. Wool has gone up fifty per cent. The cattle market is good. In the general market there is an upward movement. The impossible has happened, then. What do the free coinage advocates say about the condition that now confronts them? Precisely what anyone would expect them to say-nothing .-- Cincinnati Times-

### Faith In Looking Un.

Star (Rep.).

conditions are gradually shaping themselves about the same as they were in 1879, just previous to a remarkable advance in business prosperity. This view may be of the roseate order, but it is based on facts and figures which the able reporter thinks justify it. It seems almost incredible that the volume of business is now larger than it was in 1892-the year | entirely on the general prosperity of the of greatest prosperity-yet such is the verdict of Dun & Co. But the volume of profits is much smaller, making the volume of prosperity correspondingly less. A very large share of the present volume of business is the importation of foreign goods under free trade and low tariff schedules. This harms rather than helps American enterprises and the labor therein employed, or which ought to be therein employed. We may do a tremendous business in flooding our markets with foreign goods to the exclusion of the products of our own labor, but there is no prosperity to our country in that kind of business. Last month's record of business failures is decidedly encouraging. showing, as it does, a large decrease in comparison with previous and corresponding months.-Detroit Journal (Rep.).

### Signs of Cheer.

stronger. There are many reasons for ple, everywhere, would imitate the cheerefulness. Not the least important re-

deal of liquidation from foreclosure. All views and commercial agencies publish the solid industries are doing fairly well. reports from all parts of the country Prices are low and profits small, but the close economies practiced enable projectors to come out a little ahead.

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Improved Trade Conditions. The mercantile reports for the past week leave no room for doubting the fact that signs of marked improvement in business conditions are discernible on every hand. The unexpected progress made by the tariff bill in the Senate, with the prospect of an adjournment of Congress some time in July, together with the optimistic speeches of Secretary Gage, in which he gave the country assurance of ultimate relief from certain admitted defects in our financial system, have all combined to make the trade record of the week a most satisfactory one. That the hopeful and encouraging utterances of the President and his Secretary of the Treasury had a marked influence on trade conditions was evidenced by the increased foreign demand for American securities.-Chicago Times-Herald (Ind.).

#### Business Situation Better.

There is no longer room for question on the proposition that conditions in the world of business have improved. While there may still be found isolated cases where the return of commercial activity has not yet broken up the long spell of stagnation, such cases by their rarity are but the exception to prove the rule. Better, perhaps, than the actual improvement, which can be reduced to figures by comparison with the past, is the general belief that business has not only improved, but that the improvement is bound to continue. President McKinley and Secretary Gage touched the keynote of this sentiment in their recent notable utterances. The far-reaching effect of these speeches became evident when advices began pouring in from abroad to the effect that American securities were in strong demand. Foreign capital, keenly anxious for the right moment to arrive, has seized the opportunity and in a measure led the way to a practical demonstration of revived confidence. The enhanced value of ali securities quoted on the Stock Exchange is but a barometrical indication of this According to Dun & Co., the business altered condition. Reports as shown by railroad earnings still bear witness to the growing increase of trade. Individual lines of business, too, almost without er- | ally gained, month by month, until sudception, acknowledge the same state of affairs. Not only is this manifest in the larger manufacturing industries, such as clothing, hardware and boots and shoes,

but the more limited branches dependent commercial world report a gratifying increase in the volume of basiness on which estimates are asked. - Chicago Post (Ind.).

A Good Example for the People. Among the solid facts on which expectations may be based are the flattering crop prospect. President Hill of the Great Northern is quoted as predicting that the wheat fields contributory to his lines will furnish 90,000.000 bushels of grain this season for transperiation, and the managers of other lines contribute equally favorable information. The jobbers say that the supply of manufactured goods which may be counted among the necessaries of life is generally exhausted throughout the country, and that the people must buy and the mills must resume operation to meet the demand, which will bring into circulation the millions of do. lars that have been Loerded through the The business sentiment is undoubtedly hard times. It would be well if all peotic tone of

The Brightening Outlook.

Democrat and anti-protectionist though vance in prices. Also, it is a notable he is, Senator Gorman is too good a poli- symptom that several persons of emitician and too shrewd a business man to nence and directly in touch with the farmmaintain a hopeless resistance to the Re | ing interest and the larger industries have publican tariff bill. There is new hope in simultaneously expressed their views on this for every legitimate branch of busi- | the business outlock in unexpectedly hopeness. It means that it will not be neces ful terms. Mr. Thomson, president of the sary to wait until autumn to get a taste Pennsylvania Railroad; Mr. Gould of the of better times. It means that the new Missouri Pacific, Mr. Chauncey M. Detariff will have a longer period in which pew and Mr. C. P. Huntington, who are to work out its results and vindicate itself among the foremost representatives of the before being put to the test of a congres- railroad interest in different sections of sional election. This prospect that the the country, have uniformly expressed new tariff will go into effect with the fiscal i sanguine expectations as to the general year is a bad thing for Bryanism, but it outcome of the harvest and the prospects is a good thing for the merchant, the man- of business at large. Similar estimates of | ufacturer, the farmer and the wage earn- the drift of the crops and of business have er.-Boston Journal (Rep.).

#### Unmistakable Signs.

There are unmistakable signs of a return of prosperity in the iron and steel the best source of knowledge as to condi-manufacturing centers of the country, in tions and movements, constitute a basis the opinion of the Cieveland Leader. All for confidence which cannot be disregarded .- Weekly Financial Review. around Pittsburg there has been a resumption of work in most of the mills and factories, and the same reports come from the industrial cities of eastern Ohio and western Penns; ivania. There was a revival just after the election in November, due in the main to a restoration of confidence, but the people were not fully prepared for a complete return to comme cial and industrial activity. They had felt the effects of the depression too long to recover from it suddenly, and it was not ment follows that "thus far but one of the to be expected that building enterprises, important issues of the campaign is nearwhich are the surest revivers of business, ing settlement and hardly any improvewould be undertaken at the beginning of ment of the wretched times is manifest." winter. With the opening of spring it will Mr. Wanamaker draws erroneous conclube different, however. Big projects which sions. No man in the country who was have been delayed by the panic will now | at all conversant with the trend of busibe pushed as soon as the weather permits and before the first of April there is cergood times could be made to come instanttain to be a distinct improvement in comaneously. But what did take place immercial and industrial conditions. mediately on the election of Mr. McKin-

#### Every Line Is Improving.

One of the commercial agencies calls | workingmen to the avenues of labor and markable similarity between the course of prices now and in the earlier months of only awaits the passage of the tariff bill to 1879, "when the most wonderful advance settle down to a development of the manuin production and prices ever known in this or any other country was close at hand." In that year consumption gradadenly the demand outran the supply. The iron industry is expanding its production and is setting larger orders. The prices received are not high. Neither are the wages which are paid. But there is employment for men who were idle last year. The manufacturers of woolen goods have increasing orders. Reports come from all parts of the country that the retail distribution of products is unusually large and increasing. At this moment the volume of business transacted is larger than in the prosperous year 1892. Before many weeks have elapsed the volume will be very much larger.-Chicago Tribune

#### Most Gratifying Change.

(Rep.).

The most gratifying change appearing in financial circles is the evidence of increasing commercial demand for lospa The bank statement showed an increase in the loan item of \$4,409,909, and It is be Neved that most of this was made up of promise that demand will continue to inmercantile discounts. the inquiry for which last week was reported by the dustry in the State has found it necesbanks as larger than for several months sary to increase the number of operatives. previous. This must reflect larger luginess, but as yet the new discounting is done more largely for concerns handling than for manufactureers desiring

cial stimulus or speculative effort, there has been a marked revival of buying operations and, with few exceptions, an ad-

and not because people are pulling idle money out of hiding places and putting it in banks.-Kansas City Star (Ind.). better; pessimists may doubt and partisans may swear, but the first wave of the returning tide of prosperity is seen and felt. The failures durin ; May, 1897, were less in number than in any one of the twenty-one months immediately preceding it; the cash responsibilities of the firms and persons failing were less than in any month since September, 1894. The volume of business-meaning the weight in tons or measurement by yards-of been made by Mr. Andrew Carnegie, Hon. goods sold in May, 1897, was equal to Roswell P. Flower and Mr. Hill, presithat in the phenomenal year 1892. But dent of the Great Northern. Such a body the volume in cash was far less; we still of opinion, coming from men possessing are in the era of ruinously low pricesthat paradise of "cheap commodities for the workmen" to which the Democrats in-

vited us to enter, and into which, unfortunately, we did enter. And because the prices of things that are sold are low the wages of those that make them are low. Improvement Will Surely Continue. But there are not nearly so many idle men Some stress is laid on Former Postin May, 1897, as in May, 1896. More master General John Wanamaker's statemills and factories are in operation now ment that "the country is not prosperous," than then. The demand for labor inand that "since the outset of the last prescreases perceptibly .- Chicago Inter Ocean idential campaign the party press and po-(Rep.). litical leaders generally fixed the November election of 1896 as the date of the be-Steady Gain in Businces. gianing of good times." And the state-

### The gain in business continues, not

without fluctuations, and at the best moderate, but yet distinct. It is still in quantities rather than prices, although in some branches an advance in prices appears, but on the whole the number of hands emplowed, the volume of new orders and the amount of work done, are slowly inness affairs thought for a moment that creasing. Prospects of good crops of wheat and corn help; growing demand from dealers, whose stocks gradually gaining consumption depiete also helps, ley was the immediate restoration of conand in the money and exchange market fidence and the return of vast numbers of large buying of American securities has attention to the fact that there is a re | trade. Gradualiy, but surely, business an influence. Money coming hither from has been growing better, and the country the West even as late as June 10. with great crops near at hand, indicates a healthy condition at the West. Indications of the volume of business are seen | all uncertainties as to the future tariff facturing resources of the country, which in clearing house exchanges, which for will stimulate other business.-Buffalo the week exceed the last year's 8.7 per cent, and in railroad earnings, which amount in the United States alone to \$34,708,987 on roads reported by Dun's Review for May, 3.3 per cent larger than last year, and .3 per cent larger than in ditions in the three principal cities have 1892 .- Washington Post (Dem.).

#### Nearly Up to the Standard.

The volume of actual transactions is not in value a tenth smaller than it was in the years of the greatest prosperity ever attained in the United States, sichnigh the volume of payments now represents a much lower range of prices. This decrease, whether a little more or less, is greatly to be regretted, but it is not St. Paul and Minneapolis have gone, it is paralysis. Whatever else may be with reason said of the difficuities in the way of industrial recovery, it cannot be said terial increase is not only encouraging as that business is paralyzed when the earnshowing an increased demand for mane- | ings of all railroads reported for May are only 2.5 per cent smaller than in the same month of 1892 .- New York Tribune (Rep.).

### Lumber Men Euconraget.

In the opinion of the lumber men, their market is gradually and steadily getting around to the point where profits can once more be expected. Sales are increasing at a rate which, though not rapid, is

#### 113 Prosperity Is at Hand.

Everything that is apparent points to a rapid revival of prosperity this fall. We are promised abundant harvests, with better prices than for many years. If the farmers get good prices for large crops it will make a demand upon our manufacturers for their products. The wheels of industry will revolve once more. There will be work for the unemployed, and we shall have that satisfactory condition for which we have yearned so long. We are not pessimists. We are exceedingly hopeful of the future. The upsech of President McKinley at the banquet Wednesday night was worthy the man and the occasion. Prosperity is at hand.-Philadelphia Inquirer (Rep.).

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South Feels the Improvement. While the general business situation is somewhat hampered by the uncertainty attaching to the tariff bill, there are not wanting signs that a gradual improvement in trade is in progress. It is true that there is no disposition to be enterprising, nor to put out new lines, until duties are removed; but, in spite of this, there is a fair movement for actual consumption in nearly all branches of industry. With a favorable crop outlook, there is every reason to expect a good trade in the entire county tributary to this section, especially as country merchants and farmers are already in a fairly prosperous condition. The merchants here have taken advantage of the recent dullness to carefully study the problems which have hitherto militated against trade, and it is believed that many of the most serious difficulties have been overcome. Of course, some months must yet clapse before the crops are ready for market: but the mere prospect of good crops is ordinarile sufficient to create coafidence and set the wheels of comperce in motion. It is therefore, confidently beijeved that an improvement in business will be noted from now on .- New Orleans Picayune (Dem.).

#### Large Haniling of Goods.

Bank cienrings last week were light, but little over \$100,000 in the Chronicie's table, in which one day is estimated. But the increase over the corresponding week of the previous year was to less than 17 per cent, and is comparison with earlier and more prosperous years it must be remembered that there has been such a decline in prices that identical formes would There is not a progressive business man nevertheless encouraging. Heavy dealers indicate a very large gain in quantities.

long waiting has quietly been rising, in spite of assertions to the contrary. The investizations of the bureau, complete only for Duluth, show that in that city there is a net increase of 27 per cent in the number of employee over the number employed at practically the same time last year. So far as the investigations in stated the percentage of increase will be fully as great as in Duluth. Such a mafactured articles, but it is an indication of an increased demand for products of ali kinds, and more important still, a certain crease. Almost every manufacturing in-

Encouraging Revelations.

bor of this State as to the industrial con-

resulted in some very encouraging revels.

tions. It appears that the tide of pros-

perity for which every one has been so

The investigations of the Bureau of La

News (Ind.).

### Every Man Fecla It,

-St. Paul Pioneer Press (Rep.).

to make up new stock. Much of this mer- in Kansas City who does not feel more now see in the situation sufficient to jus. The truth is that in volume of merchancent happening has been the assurance of and the members of his administration. cantile demand for money comes from the cheerful over present conditions and fu- tity them in laying in liberal stocks, and dise bandled the amount of blainess done Secretary Gage that the Federal adminis- Let them withdraw their gaze from the tration would not forget the "mandate of dark and gloomy aspect upon which it has country in the shape of notes of business ture prospects than he has fe't for many very large transfers to them have recent. now does not compare unfavorably with the people, whose voice in behalf of hon- dwelt for several years past and indituate concerns with the endorsement of interior years. The great majority recognize that ly been made at leading mill points. To a the annount done to good years, but at est money and sound finance rang out houd and clear in November last." Cur-rency Reform is vital to business secur-rency Reform is vital to business secur-any man in good health might be made ill New York has been carrying, but which laster part of the promise of sided another purchase of 22,000,000 Chromicle (Dem).