file No. 144. Senator Talbot's bill authorizing county judges to designate a county clerk to sign and issue writs and to grant and issue marriage licenses, was read a third time and passed. Senate file No. 264. Senator Murphy's pure food bill, was read a third time and passed. The governor informed the senate that he had signed house roll No. 185, a bill to authorize the officials of Buffalo county to issue warrants to pay for the killing of squirrels and other obnoxious anima's. Also that he had signed house roll No. 144, a bill to protect wild game. Senate file No. 165, Senator Gondring's bill for protecting wild game, was read the third time. The president of the senate signed house roll No. 162, the Eastern Star bill, and house roll No. 163, the Fort Randall land bill. House roll No. 257 was reported correctly engressed. Senate file No. 207, by Tathot, a bill for an act defining fraternal Leneficiary societies, orders or associations, and regulating the same, and to repeal an act entitled "An act to exempt certain secret societies and associations from the recurrence of the order. to exempt certain secret societies and assoc powers and obligations of such societies and associations, and to provide penalties for the violation thereof," approved March 20, 1897, was read a third time and, pending the vote. Senator Talbot moved a call of the house. Upon raising the call, the absentees being called, the bill passed with the emergency

SENATE. - The senate on the 30th spent another day in routine work. When the senate was ready for work it started off by advancing house roll No. 209 to third reading. House rolls Nos. 304, 313, 311, 301, 320 and 220 were reported from standing committees to which they had been referred and placed on general file. The bills have already passed the house and are for the purpose of amending the code of civil procedure. Three bills were read the third time and passed, as fol-lows: House roll No. 20), a pro forma bill directing the state treasurer to pay over to the board of regents of the university of Ne-braska the biennial accumulation of the braska the biennial accumulation of the Morrill fund set apart by congress for the benefit of colleges of agriculture and mechanic arts. House roll No. 217, by Mr. Gaffin. money or means to influence or control elec-tions. This bill, which now goes to the gov-ernor for his approval, is designed to prevent the influence of corporations in state, county or municipal elections and is drastic in its provisions. The governor's private secretary was received. He announced that the chief rolls Nos. 679, 462 and 455, and senate file No. 287. House roll No. 140 was then taken up for arrived recess was taken until 2 o'clock.
After recess the consideration of the bill was After recess the consideration of the bill was resumed. It was recommended for passage. The anti-pass bill was taken up. It is as follows: That hereafter it shall be unlawful for any railroad company to give a pass or carry free any passenger in the state of Nebraska, and it is hereby declared unlawful for for any person to accept a pass from any railroad company in the state of Nebraska; provided, that nothing in this act shall be onstrued to prohibit any common carrier

construed to prohibit any common carrier from giving free transportation to its own officers or employes, or to prevent the officers of any railroad company or companies from exchanging passes or tickets with other railroad commanies for their officers and employes. There was a long debate, at the close of which it was recommended that the bill pass. Mr. Graham then moved that senate file No. 25 he made a special order for to morrow at to clock. The bill provides for a reduction of railroad passenger rates to 2 cents per mile. The motion was tost. Adjourned.

SENATE—The senate on the 31st made an carnest effort to clear away the large accumulation of business on the general file. The day was commanced with the usual attempt to advance favorite bills for immediate consideration. Metiann moved that senate file No. 25 he made a special order for tomorrow morning at 16 o'clock. The motion was tabled. Senate file No. 61, is a bill designed to place the industrial mome for fallen women at Milford under the control of the board of public lands and buildings, with the appointment of the officers and report the bill provides for the state. There was considerable discussion on the bill, at the confects and employees of the institution vested in the governor of the state. There was considerable discussion on the bill, at the confects and employees of the institution vested in the governor of the state. There was considerable discussion on the bill, at the committee rise and report the bill provides that any number of persons, not least the confects and employees of the institution vested in the governor of the state. There was considerable discussion on the bill, at the confects and employees of the institution vested in the governor of the state. There was considerable discussion of the individual protection against hail. The bill also provides for the character and manner of conducting such companies. Standing the state, who does not be provided to the conducting schools after the provides to the provides that also made ing. The three bills taken together, place the appointments of the superintendents of the industrial schools at Geneva and Kearney and the institute for the feeble minded at Beatrice in the hands of the governor. The motion was agreed to and the senate took the usual midday recess. After recess Mr. Howell then moved that senate file No. 38t, introduced by Messrs. Ransom, Howell and Jeffcoat at the request of the governor, for "an act to validate renewal bonds issued by cities of the metropolitan class," be advanced to third reading. The matter went over one day. The senate The matter went over one day. The senate then went into committee of the whole to finish consideration of the bills bunched toether by the action of the body in the morn gether by the action of the body in the morning session. Mr. Ritchie resumed the chair and the first bill taken up was senate fice No. 236. The bill is entitled "an act to extend and regulate the liability of employes to make compensation for personal injuries received by their employes in their service, and to prevent the making or enforcement of contracts or agreements limiting or impair-ing such liability." It strikes at the volunteer relief departments organized by railroad companies doing business in the state. The bill was recommended for passage. Senate files Nos. 29, 270 and 271 were placed on third reading and passed. They provide that the governor shall appoint the superintendents of the institute for the feeble minded at Beatrice, the industrial school for boys at Kearney and the industrial school for girls at Geneva. At present these officers are ap-pointed by the board of public rands and

SENATE. The forenoon session of the senate on the 1st was put in passing bills, most gauntlet of the house. Some quick work will be necessary to secure action in the lower legislative branch as adjournment is near at hand. The anti-pass bill, which has been reserved for final action until the classing days of the session, was brought or the session. ing days of the session, was brought up for third reading, but was sent back to the com-mittee for amendment. The senate refused to concur in the house amendments to the bill abolishing deficiency judgments. The house insisted upon a clause providing that the new law shall not apply to existing contracts. The senate rejects the imprision that the new law shall not apply to existing contracts. The senate rejects the provision. The bill taxing the carnings of express, telephone and telegraph companies passed by a vote of 17 to 2. Senate file No. 35, providing for the taxation of telephone companies proposes a tax of one-half of 1 per cent on gross earnings of all such companies. The bill was passed by a vote of 17 to 5. Senate file No. 358, taxing the telegraph companies 1 per cent on gross earnings, was passed by a vote of 17 to 5. The anti-corporation bills having been disposed of, the next taken up was senate file No. 28, introduced by Mr. Mutz of Keya Paha, providing a systematic Mutzof Keya Paha, providing a systematic method for making road overseers remethod for making road overseers' returns to the county treasurer. It was passed by the requisite majority. House roll No. 196, appropriating \$20,000 for a new dormitory building at the state normal school at Peru, was passed without the emergency clause. House amendments to the deficiency judgment bill were not concurred in No further proceedings with reference to the bill were taken and unless a conference committee is asked for the measure will have falled to become a law. Mr. Talbot moved that the senate go into committee of the whole to take up the consideration of house roll No. 128, the bill appropriating \$20,000 for the erection of a wing of a building on the University campus, said building to become a part of the permanent improvements of the college of agriculture and mechanic arts. A number of amendments offered were rejected, and the bill was finally recommended to pass as it came from the house.

House—In the house on the 20th, when Horse.-In the house on the 30th. when

bills for third reading were taken up. house roll No. 611, the concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of a commission to inquire into and report on the building of a north and south railroad was passed. House roll No. 53l, providing for the investigation of the state offices, was recommitted. Another bill covering the same subject was passed. House roll No. 20, providing for the consolidation into one fund of all the money collected from the students of the state university, was passed. House roll No. 42, was passed. This bill provides that a receiver may be appointed by the supreme court, or by the judge of either in the following cases: First—In an action by a vendor to vacate a fraudulent purchase of property, or by a creditor to subject any property or fund to his claim, or between partners or others jointly owning or interested in any property or fund, on the application of any party to the suit, when the property or fund is in danger of being lost, removed or magnifily injured. Second—In an action for the foreclosure of a mortgage, when the mortgaged property is in danger of being lost, removed or materially injured; or is probably insufficient to discharge the mortgage debt: provided that no receiver shall be appointed under this second clause where the property is occupied as a homostest. Third—After viding for the appointment of a comm

BILLS BEING RUSHED.

ONLY A SHORT TIME IN WHICH TO WORK.

Department of the decree or judgment or dispose of the property according to the decree or judgment or do preserve it during the pendency of all appeals fourth—In all cases provided for by special statutes. Fifth—In all cases passed. House roll No. 5th, sportiding for or an appropriation of \$14,000 to defray the expenses of investigating the executive offices of the state for the state institutions, was passed. House roll No. 5th, sportiding for commissioning graduate differs of Danies colleged of cadeta: was passed. Sens, the fifth of the state institutions, was passed. When the providing that the manufacture of Collection of Providing that the manufacture of the Sensor of Danies colleged of cadeta: was passed. House roll No. 5th he lill to provide the collection of provided the passed of the passed in the providing that the manufacture of the providing that the manufacture was passed. House roll No. 5th he lill to provide the collection of provided the passed in the provided to the provided to the passed. House roll No. 5th he lill to provide the collection of the passed in the provided to the passed in the provi

sion on the 31st Mr. Yelser moved that the rules be amended wherein a 1 wo-thirds vote is necessary to action and that fifty-one rutes be declared sufficient. The motion did not prevail. Standing committees reported a languagement of hills to the general file, and others for indefinite postponement. The with the recommendation that they be ensure committees reported a number of bills grossed for third reading. Bills on third reading were taken up and placed on passage. Senate file No. 108. Beal's deficiency judgment bill passed. House roll No. 257, by Gaffin, to prohibit corporations from contributing money to campaign funds, had been amended by the senate, and the house concurred in- the amendments. House roll No. 428, extending the powers of the state board of transportation, received 65 votes, with 23 against it, and failed to pass with the emergency clause. Senate file No. 78, allowing pupils to attend school in a nearer district, and previding that they shall thereafter be enumerated in the district nearest ther residence was passed by a vote of 72 to 1. Senate file No. 145, requiring raliroads to mow their right-of-way twice a year, between the 15th day of July and the 15th of August of each year, was passed. The deficiency judgment bill as passed by the house is as follows: Sec. 1. That sections numbered 847 and 849 of the code of civil procedure of the state of Nebraska be and the same are hereby repealed. Sec. 2. That section numbered 848 of the code of civil procedure of the state of Nebraska which reads as follows: "After such petition shall be filed, while the same is pending, and after a decree rendered thereon, no proceedings whatever shall be had at law for the recovery of the debt secured by the mortgage or any part thereof, unless authorized by the court: "shall be amended to read as follows: "After such petition shall be filed, while the same is pending, and after a decree rendered thereon no proceedings whatever shall be had at law for the recovery of the debt secured by the mortgage or any part. Providing that nothing in this act sha rules be amended wherein a two-thirds vote is necessary to action and that fifty-one

1st was to advance senate file No. 40 to third as the date on which this bill should ing. It is the bill to authorize the orga ization of mutual insurance companies. An attempt made to advance house roll No. contended that it was retroactive and, 333, the bill to enable colleges, universities and normal schools to grant state certificates and normal schools to grant state certificates did not prevail. Under regular order of business bills on third reading were taken up. Senate file No. 187, to provide for a system of uniform vouchers for the disbursement of state funds was passed by a vote of 78 to 0. Senate file No. 11, setting apart 240 acres of land in Lancaster county for the use of the hospital for the insanc, was passed by a vote of 77 to 0. House roll No. 42, a bill to enable irrigation districts that have no outstanding indebtedness to discontinue their organization, was passed by a vote of 77 to 1. House roll No. 224, appropriating \$25,000 to build an

MISSISSIPPI FLOODS.

Crevasso After Crevasse in the Levees Thousands Homeless

GREENVILLE, Miss., March 31.-It is estimated that 3,000 families have been driven from their homes by floods from crevasses in the levees about here and in Arkansas and the worst is yet to come. No lives have been lost, but there were many narrow escapes. Hundreds of animals have perished and thousands of people are destitute. States at Rome, Italy. Ten thousand men are at work along the levees, but they are not successful in their labors, as many breaks show. Greenville, Rosedale, Stoneville, Arcola, and in fact all the delta towns south of Rosedale to Vicksburg will undoubtedly be under water soon. The greatest excitement prevails all along the line. The Greeenville levees are still holding, but are getting mushy. Thousands of men line the

Greenville lies in the cepter of a crescent, surrounded on two sides by the river and is twelve feet below the level of the embankments. Should the huge ridge give way here the loss of life and property will be enormous. The levee at Mounds landing, twenty miles north of here, has broken. It is said that this break will fill Greenville

PLEA FOR BALD KNOBBERS.

Trial Judge Hubbard Asks the Govern to Pardon Two Convicts. SPRINGPIELD, Mo., March 3! .- W. D. bers, has written to Governor Stephens | ment for the summer.

miles north of here, which cost Ben Brewer and Lon Gunning their lives, both being liverally torn to pieces. They were miners, and while thawing out a box of dynamite it exploded,

widow and several enildren. A Beary Brewery Tax in Louisville. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Apr il 1.—To NEWTON. Kan., April 2.—As the re-avoid a threatened beer war, at the suggestion of the local brewers, all a gasoline lamp, Mrs. Ada Myers was breweries and brewery agents will be fatally burned at her home in this city taxed \$1,500 each annually. By this means it is hoped to drive out the branches of St. Louis, Milwaukee and burned that amputation may be neces-

other outside breweries. Fruittees Kentucky Ballots. FRANKPORT, Ky., March 31 .- On the FRANKFORT, Ky., March 31.—On the sixth joint ballot Hunter received 60 commissioners of this city has been

which its provisions shall go into effect, should be in the bill when it is finally enacted and should be held to

be legal by the courts. The Republican victory was com-plete. They presented an unbroken front to the opposition. All the rumors that dissatisfaction with particular schedules of the bill might lead come of them to break over the party traces proved absolutely unfounded. On the other hand, five Democrats, one more than was anticipated, braved the party whip and gave the bill the approval of their votes. These five Democrats are interested particularly in the sugar schedule. Three came from Louisiana and two from Texas. One Populist, Mr. Howard of Alabama, voted for the bill. Twenty-one other members of what is denominated "the opposition," consisting of Populists, fusionists and silverites, declined to record themselves either for or against the measure.

The vote on the final passage of the bill stood: Ayes, 205; nays, 122; present and not voting, 21; a majority

Speaker Reed added to the dramatic nature of the climax of this ten days struggle in the House by directing the clerk to call his name at the end of the roll call, recording his vote for the

House. The first work of the house on the After the amendment fixing to-day the protests of the Democrats, who therefore, unconstitutional three hours were taken up with short speeches but only two pages were read, leaving 140 unconsidered in committee of the whole. The motion to recommit with instructions to amend the bill so as to suspend the duties on articles controlled by the trusts, upon which they based the principal hope of breaking through the Republican ranks, failed of its purpose. Every Republican voted against it. There was a great demonstration on the floor and in the galleries when the bill was finally declared passed.

The vote on the amendment fixing April 1 as the date on which the bil was to go into effect was taken and it was adopted, 150 to 120. The bill was then passed. Fire Democrats-Messrs. Meyer, Broussard and Davey, of Louisiana, and Kleburg and Slayden, of Texas, voted with the

majority. One of the features of the closing hour of the debate was a brief speech by Mr. White, Republican, of North Carolina, the only colored man in the house, in commendation of the bill. In the name of 9,000,000 of his race. 90 per cent of whom were laborers, he ndorsed the bill.

Nominations to the Senate. WASHINGTON, April 2.- The presi dent to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Andrew D. White of New York, to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Germany. William F. Draper of Massachusetts

to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Italy. Chandler Hale of Maine, to be secre tary of the embassy of the United Samuel L. Gracey of Massachusetts

to be consul at Fu Chan, China, Anson Burlingame Johnson of Colorado, to be consul at Amboy instead of Fu Chan. China, as originally ga Benjamin Butterworth of Ohio, to

be commissioner of patents. Oliver L. Spaulding of Michigan and William B. Howell of New Jersey, to be assistant secretaries of the treas-Captain Robert Craig of the signal corps, to be major.

TO ADVANCE POOL CASE.

The Federal Supreme Court Urged to Hear the Joint Traffic Case Soon. WASHINGTON, April 2.-In the United States supreme court this morning Solicitor General Conrad, acting for the government, entered a motion to advance on the docket the suit against the Joint Traffic associa-

tion, comprising the principal trunk lines of the country. James Carter appeared for the traffic association. He announced concurrence in the motion to advance, saying that his clients were very anxious to Hubbard, who tried the Bald Knob- have the case heard before adjourn-

chief justice that the motion would be taken under advisement.

A Bowling Green Bank Closed. BOWLING GREEN, Mo., April 2. - State Bank Inspector Austin has closed the Citizens' bank of this place. It is solvent, and will probably be opened for, business within sixty days. The cause of the trouble is that owing to the hard times it is impossible to collect.

Joarnal and Advertiser Unite. NEW YORK, April 2.- The New York Journal and the New York Advertiser have cor-olidated under the name the New York Journal and Advertiser. abandoned the United Press and will' with the above result. Each leaves a hereafter ed Press. hereafter be a member of the Associat-

Fatal Lamp Explosion.

Fred Grant Called to Was NEW YORK, April 2 .- Colonel Fred D. votes, Blackburn 43, Davie 12, Boyle 7, Stone 1. Necessary to choice, 63. Four ballots were taken without change. BODIES RECOVERED.

Twenty-Three Thee For Found in th

Chandler Rules. CHANDLER, Okla., April 2.-Tweaty three dead bodies have so far been recovered from what was before Tuesday night a prosperous town, and scores of injured are under the care of physicians, who have come here from all parts of Oklahoma. The property losses are estimated at \$500,000.

Very little search of the ruins has yet been made, and it is feared that the death rate will be considerably increased. Court had opened Tuesday morning, and there were many strangers in attendance at the time, and it is impossible to ascertain whether all of these escaped.

The tornado did its terrible work in less than ten minutes. Only Hoffman & Charles' store and Schlazel's saloon in the four blocks of the business nee tion were left intact, and a few dan caped destruction.

been destroyed by the storm, worked all Tuesday night until he literally fell from exhaustion. Many of the in-Most of the houses in Chandler were

Dr. Wolcott, one of whose eyes had

frame and were crushed like egg shells. All persons who succeeded in reaching storm caves were not hurt. Judge Dale and his court assistants from Guthrie barely saved themselves by running into a cave just as the houses began to fall.

The tornado had scarcely passed before flames caused by overturned stoves began to break out in several places and these aided greatly to the horror of the situation and probably caused a number of deaths.

Great alarm is felt for other interior parts of Oklahoma. Chandler is fortyfive miles from Guthrie, with which is connected by telephone, the wires of which went down Tuesday night. It is known that the tornado passed up the Kickapoo valley and many houses were destroyed there, but as far as is known no lives were lost. There is no reliable trace of the tornado north of Chandler.

CRETES BOMBARDED.

Driven From Their Position by the Foreign Warships-Resisted Desperately.

CANEA, Crete, April 2.- The insurgents, by a bold stroke, occupied the hill on the south side of Suda bay last evening. They were promptly shelled by the British, Russian and Austrian warships. At daybreak the firing was resumed and the Cretans were driven from their positions. As soon as the firing ceased they made another attempt to recover the ground and the warships promptly resumed the firing, which was very heavy for several hours. During the cannonade three Turks were killed and five wounded.

When the Cretans began the attack Colonel Bor proposed to the admirals that they should land a mixed force of 500 men to drive the insurgents from the position that they accupied behind a strong wall along a ravine.
The Austrian and French admirals were opposed to taking the offensive and they decided to confine their ac tion to bombarding. By 8 o'clock in the morning the engagement was in full blast. The Turkish guns in Fort Iszelin could take only a small part in the firing, as most of them were directed seaward, but a Turkish frigate shelled the insurgents freely, though with little effect.

An hour later the foreign men of war signaled their intention to bombard. The Groziastichy fired first, then H. M. S. Ardent and finally the Austrian gunboat Tiger. Each vessel fired in its turn, aiming chiefly at the Greek flag which was hoisted above the stone wall. The Ardent ceased firing by 9:30, but the Groziastichy, ranging close in shore, by degrees pounded down the wall, yard by yard, every shot telling. In spite of the heavy cannonade the Cretans held their ground stoutly.

NOMINATIONS READY.

The President Expected to Soon Fi

Places of Various Kinds. WASHINGTON, April 2.- A large number of nominations are said to have been decided upon and the President is expected to break his record within the next few days in the matter of appointments. The consular positions, it is stated,

will not be taken up fore more than a month. Probably a third of the visiting office seekers at the national capital are applicants for positions in the consular service, and a large propor tion of the visits of Senators and Representatives to the White house, which take up so much of the President's time, are made to urge the claims of constituents or friends for appointments abroad.

Senate Confirms Them All. WASHINGTON, April 2.- The Senate. n executive session, confirmed the folowing nominations: Joseph L. Bristow of Kansas to be fourth assistant postmaster general; Henry Clay Evans of Tennessee to be commis pensions: Thomas Ryan of Topeka, Kaa., to be first assistant secretary of the interior: Frank W. Palmer of Illinois to be public printer.

A Village Destroyed. GUTHRIE, Okla., April 2. - A messen ger from southwest of Chandler says that many farm houses were demolished there, a number of people in-

lage of Parkland is reported completely destroyed, with many injured. The Northwest Blizzard. ONAHA, Neb., April 2,-The, severe snowstorm, accompanied by high wind, amounting, in fact, to a veritable blizzard, that has been raging in Western Nebraska, Kansas, Wyoming and Colorado since yesterday noon has had the effect of completely stopping all traffic in that see tion of the country of three Omaha

railroads-the Burlington, the Union Pacific and the Rock Island. In addition the great quantity of rain that has fallen in Eastern Nebraska during the past forty-eight hours has swollen the streams and seriously increased the danger of a disastrous flood. Lee Has Not Been Recalled. WASHINGTON, April 2.-It is said at the State department that no successor has been selected to take General Lee's

> in the status of the consul general. Will Try to Run the Blockade. LARNICA, Island of Cypress, April 2.
>
> The Greek steamer Elene has embarked a number of Cypress volunteers and circek reserves for the island of Crete. She will try to run the block-ade of that island.

place as consul general at Havana:

hat he has not been cabled a leave of

absence to take effect on April 15, and finally that there has been no change GRK OF A TORNADO.

FEARFUL LOSS OF LIFE IN OKLAHOMA.

Town of Chard or Completely Wiped Dand Number More then fig-A Right of Indescribable that Territory.

remes Okla, April 1.-A tor o swept through the very center ople, about 6 o'clock last night, using the deaths of at least 30 and sibly 50 people. and injuries to set 125 others, wrecking the best siness houses and generally laying

waste the place.

The broke out in various places in the broke out in various places in the wind were burned to ashes before the succeeding heavy rainfall quenched the flames. Twenty-three dead bodies had been

recovered from the debris this mornjured were not cared for until yester- it is feared that the death list will aggregate fifty, while at least a dozen of the injured will undoubtedly succumb. In one wrecked building five injured people were burned to death, and at another place the charred bodies of three children were recovered. Twenty-Three Bodles Found.

The dead so far as known now are: MR. AND MRS. JOHN WOODMAN. MRS. HENRY MITCHELL. MRS. THOMAS SMITH. ATTORNEY JOHN DAWSON of Lincoln ich., burned to death.

F. DEMOFF. EMMA DRESSENGER. D. C. JOHNSON AND WIFE. MRS. PHILIP JOHNSON AND CHILD The wife of DR. LEE. . A. W. KELLER AND WIFE. UNK NOWN WOMAN AND BABY. FIVE UNKNOWN CHILDREN. JAMES WOODYARD AND WIFE of Eldo-

ado, Kan., who were visiting in Chandler.

Peggie Johnson. Mrs Emery Foster and baby. Mrs Frank McCall. Maggie Reaves Mrs. Cullum.

The following are fatally injured:

Jennie Woodworth The little daughter of James Woodvard. Among the injured are: Deputy Marshal John McCartney. The Ulam sisters Clerk of Court F. A. Niblack and father. George Herring. The son of James Woodyard.

A Night of Deep Misery. Only two buildings in the town were not damaged-the Mitchell hotel and the Rock Island store. Fully threefourths of the structures were destroved, causing losses placed at hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The night in Chandler was one of indescribable terror. With many of its inhabitants dead or dying, and the remainder too badly injured or unable from fright or because of the darkness to render assistance no order prevailed. Rain poured down in a torrent. The injured in many cases unavailingly cried for help and lay in the wrecks of their homes till daylight made it possible for them to help themselves, or when aid from surrounding

towns arrived. The fires in many of the wrecks burned themselves out, and several were still smouldering when morning broke. The heavy rain, however, quenched many of the fires.

No Warning to the People.

The tornado struck Chandler without warning about o o'clock last evening, and its work of carnage began before the inhabitants realized what was upon them, and hardly any means of escape was left-open. Tearing through the business district, stores were hurled right and left, lifted high into the air and tossed in every direction. The court house, in which Chief Justice Dale was holding court, was taken off its foundation and the building nearly crushed. Passing on into the residence district, the wind swept away dwelling after dwelling, and rushing into the open country finally spent itself.

The trail the storm left was one of wreck and ruin most complete. Houses rested on their tops and streets were made unrecognizable by having been piled high with debris. Then came the fires from overturned stoves, and finally the downpour of rain.

With the first realization of their predicament over, the uninjured and able bodied found themselves from fright and confusion well nigh as helpless to render aid as their more unfortunate neighbors. Finally when an effort to send for outside aid was made, it was found that all communication with the outside world nad been cut off, the telephone office being among the buildings destroyed. It was several hours before communication with Guthrie was secured. A brief idea of the nature of the devastation wrought, together with an appeal for aid, had been sent the neighboring city, when the wire snapped and Chandler was again cut off. In the meantime, however, a train bearing physicians and others left for the scene. The wire came up later and further appeals for aid met prompt response and additional recruiting vana, has been notified by cable that needle. It appeared to come fro parties were sent out as the extent of the damage became known.

NEELY IN CONTROL.

The Leavenworth Standard Changes Hands in Very Short Order.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., April 1 .-Charles E. Lobdell of Lane county, at noon to-day closed the deal with Mrs. Sarah B Lynch, postmaster, for her one-half interest in the Evening Standard, and a few minutes later sold out to United States Marshal S. Neely, who already owned a one-sixth interest. This gives Dr. Neely a controlling interest, and hereafter he will direct the policy of the Standard, which will remain Democratic.

Young Refuses to Be Ousted. FULTON, Mo., April 1.-Dr. D. H. Young, a member of the board of managers of the state insane asylum at this city, is much opposed to the ap-pointment of Dr. Combs as superin-tendent of the asylum. For this reason Governor Stephens has asked Dr. Young to resign, but the doctor refuses to do so.

Chicago Tanners Strike. CICAGO, April 1.-Fifteen hundred men employed by the different tanneries in the city went on a strike yesterday for an eight-hour day.

DISASTER IN SIGHT.

lages Vador Water

GREENVILLE, Miss., April 1 .- The re now four breaks on the Mis front, hourly pouring their devastating torrents into this fertile valley, and the entire Yasso-Mississippi delta from Australia landing south to Vicks-burg will be overflowed. Places maver affected in former years will be under water in two days.

Thousands of live stock are drowning, and in some instances the feeing people have close calls for their lives. Thousands of flood bound people were caught between the three Beliver Thousands of flood bound people were caught between the three Beliver county breaks, and no communication can be had with them. Refugees coming into the city from the country this side of the Mound break report many families in peril on the other side of the crevance, as there is only meen miles of accustry between them and the crevane, as there is only more miles of country between these start Stead's, and it is next to impossible for

families will be homeless. Every lake and stream is filled with bodies of same thing. drowned animals, many thousands of horses, mules and cattle having been swept away.

"It is a popular thing to say out west," he continued, "that the saving banks of Connecticut are bursting with NATCHEZ, Miss., April 1.-The

critical time with the levees in this locality is now coming rapidly. For the last two weeks the water has been r sing steadily at the rate of half a foot daily, until the stage now is 46.55, two and one-half feet above the danger ine. The water is over the banks all along the Louisiana front and is coming up high against the levees.

WASHINGTON, A pril 1.—The President has signed the Senate joint resolution making an appropriation of \$250,000 immediately available for the protection of life and property from the floods in the Mississippi river.

TREATY VOTES.

Foraker and Hoar Restrictions Adopted Chi'ton's and Morgan's Rejected.

WASHINGTON, April 1 .- At the beginning of the executive session of the senate to-day Mr. Hoars a to the arbitration treaty, intended to meet the objections urged in the recent debate against the agreement, was adopted.

The Chilton amendment was laid on the table, and an amendment by Senator Morgan to the arbitration treaty, providing that all disputes subject to the treaty should be settled by diplomatic negotiations instead of by conrention, was defeated.

The Senate adopted an amendment, offered by Mr. Foraker, providing for separate tribunal for each case which might arise under the treaty. Inder the amendment a tribunal cannot be continuous.

PERU DEFIES UNCLE SAM.

and for the Release of an Am can Sallor Positively Refused. LIMA. Peru, April 1.- The issue raised between Peru and the United States with respect to the imprisonment of Ramsey, the American sailor. is becoming a serious matter. The Peruvian government refuses to accede to the demand of United States Minister McKenzie to set Ramsay at berty immediately.

To Go Into Effect at Onca. WASHINGTON, April 1.-Chairmat Dingley and his colleagues of the ways and means committee will attempt to have the duties imposed by the new tariff bill go into effect before the bill becomes a law. This novel and much discussed policy was definitely resolved upon at a meeting of the Republican members of the committee held last night. The committee instructed Mr. Grosvenor to offer the amendment today in the House. It was adopted by a vote of 150 to 120.

The Next Ambassadors. WASHINGTON, April 1.- The belief s expressed that the President desires o send the nominations of the ambassadors to Germany and Italy to the Senate at the same time. Ex-Representative Draper of Massachusetts. who is believed to have been decided upon for Italy, was at the White house in conference with the President, presumably about this matter, and it is supposed his nomination and that of Andrew D. White will go to the Senate presently.

Gen. Smith to Be Transferred. WASHINGTON, April 1 .- Gen. Smith, governor of the Soldiers' Home at Leavenworth, Kan., is to be transferred. This is the decision that has been practically reached by the Board of Governors of the Soldiers' Homes of the United States. He will probably be sent to the California Soldiers' Home, and Gen. Barrett. who is the head of the home, ordered to Leaven-

A St. Paul Bank Cashler Indicted. Sr. PAUL, Minn., April 1. - The grand jury has returned an indictment against William Dawson, jr., cashier of the failed Bank of Minnesota, charging him with falsifying the records of the bank in charging an item of \$100,000 against the Fort Dearborn National bank of Chicago when, in fact, that bank owed the Bank of Minnesota nothing. Lee Gets "Notice."

WASHINGTON, April 1. - General his services will not be needed after April 15.

TARIFF UNLAWFUL

Senator Allen of Nebraska So Declared in a Speech

WASHINGTON April 1 .- Senator Allen, Populist, of Nebraska, made a speech in the Senate on the unconstitutionality of tariff taxes beyond those requisite for revenue. Mr. Allen severely criticised the trusts and combinations which, he declared, reaped the main advantage of tariff taxes. The Senator's remarks were in the nature of a legal argument showing the constitutional limitations of the taxing power of Congress.

The Text Book Bill Signed JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 1 .iovernor Stephens this morning signed the bill passed by the last general assembly, which provides for the establishment of a uniform system of text books in the public schools of the

A Big English Bank-Suspends. LONDON, April 1.-A long established banking house at Weymouth, one of the oldest financial institutions in Dorsetshire, has suspended pay-ment, with liabilities amounting to \$2,500,000.

NEBRASKA ALL RIGHT

CONGRESSMAN STARK VISITS HIS NATIVE STATE.

Worth Telling-The

So Rolled Upon

Washington special to the Omaha World-Herald: Congressman Stark of Nelwaska spent a week or ten days in

"I was shown a lot of western securi all to escape.

Two hundred and fifty towns and villages will be under water in three days, and thousands upon thousands of families will be homeless. Every lake other towns, and found everywhere the

> money. Now, while that may be true. it struck me in an entirely new light when I was informed that the laws of Connecticut are so framed that very little leeway is allowed to the savings banks to do business outside of the

"Under the laws of the state the money of a savings bank cannot be invested in real estate mortgages outside of Connecticut, so that even if so inclined no investments of this kind can can be legally made in Nebraska. "Moreover, a savings bank is not allowed to buy a debenture bond, and cannot invest its funds in outside municipal securities, except in cities of

a certain class.
"In Nebraska, for instance, Omaha and Lincoln are the only cities coming within the excepted limitations. The banks are not allowed to buy the bonds of any other municipality in the

state. "So the savings banks may be burstbut there is no outlet for it, and the Authorized Capital of - \$500,00 western investments are made by inditions. I was somewhat surprised to find out these facts, and I think it would 'interest the people of Nebraska to know them.

"The Connecticut moneyed men." continued the Nebraska man. "have suddenly awakened to a new conception of the conditions under which they have been laboring in the past. They have found by long experience that the old-time western man is all right: the old settler is to be relied upon and trusted. The loan and trust companies that have been going to the wall were manned and officered, nine times out of ten, by new men from the east who never understood western matters and

The headquarters of the sovereign camp of the Woodmen of the World will remain in Omaha for the next two years at least. This was decided upon at the recent St. Louis meeting of that body. The local head officers are considerably elated over the matter, inasmuch as there was a decided sentiment in favor of the removal of the offices to some more central point.

Sovereign Clerk Yates, one of the officers in attendance at the St. Louis meeting, was decidedly jubilant at the defeat of the movement to remove the headquarters. He said that the removal of the offices would be quite a serious blow to the business interests of Omaha. All the literature and notices sent out are dated from Omaha, and consequently that city gains a great amount of advertising in that way. All the money for assessments comes into the offices and is disbursed through them. Most of this money is moving continually, but yet the offices continually retain a balance of some \$30,000 in a local bank. This incoming and outgoing money, however, is in-eluded in the bank clearings. The sovereign clerk estimates that the order will add \$1,000,000 to the clearings this year.

Abolition of Civil Service.

Washington dispatch: Senator Allen has introduced a bill for the abolition of the present system of civil service examination and providing that competitive examinations should be held by the various heads of departments and questions propounded to applicants concerning matters which are to be covered by the office for which the application is made. The senator se cured the passage of a resolution calling upon the war department to inform the senate as to the amount of money expended by the United States by and through contracts made by the Missouri river commission since its organization, and full information as to contracts now on hand.

Sticks to the Milford Home. Mr. Sykes from the senate committee on soldiers homes, presented the fol-lowing report which was agreed to: Your committee on soldiers' homes to which was referred four petitions from citizens and old soldiers of Nebraska begs leave to report that it has had the same under consideration and it would recommend that the same be not made a part of the record, but that the wishes of the petitioners be granted and the soldiers' home at Milford be maintained.

A Syracuse resident by the name of Fitzhugh Lee, consul general at Ha McNeil in a fit of coughing spit up a windpipe and he is now wondering Lef how it came there.

Graveyard Chouls.

Columbus dispatch: The grave of Mrs. Fugard, wife of F. E. Fugard, has been broken into and the body left lying on top of the coffin. The casket was secured by locks when placed in Columbus cemetery, and as these could not be forced the glass was broken. The grave of Mrs. James Frazier, who died about a month ago, was also tampered with. Neither of the bodies were taken. This is the second occurrence of the kind in the year. Evi-

Woman Suffrage Not Wanted. The senate by a decisive vote on the

dently some insane person has a mania for desecrating the dead.

24th refused to give further consideration from the sifting committee that senate file No. 48, the bill granting municipal suffrage to women, be made a special order. The senate by a vote of 15 to 12 refused to adopt the recommendation of the sifting committee. It required a two-thirds vote to adopt the report and consequently the motion

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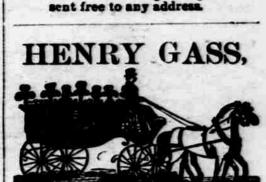
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