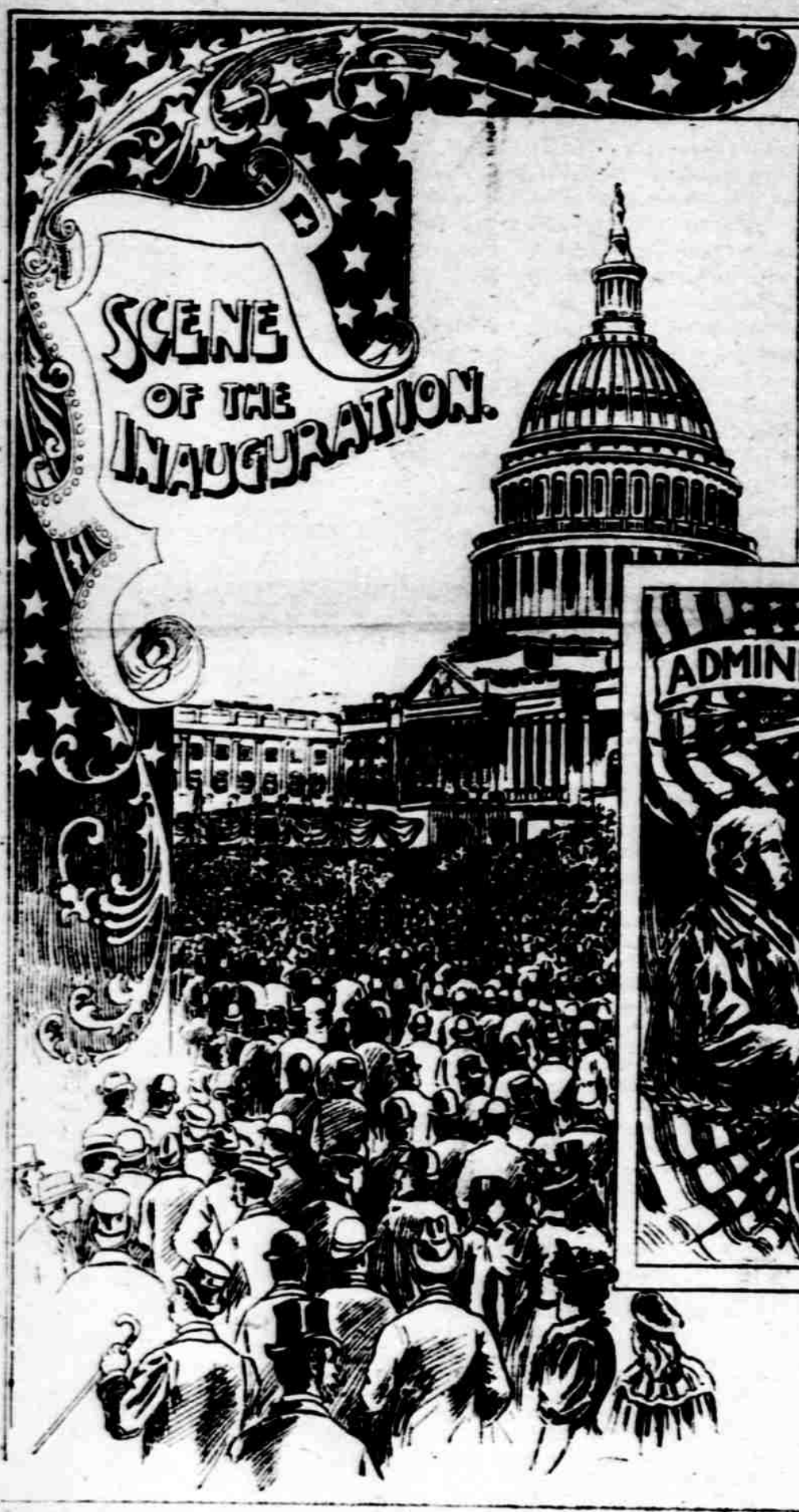


The Columbus Journal

VOLUME XXVII.—NUMBER 48.

COLUMBUS, NEBRASKA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1897.

WHOLE NUMBER 1,400.



SCENE OF THE INAUGURATION.

Some of the arduous and responsible duties of President of the United States, relying on the support of my countrymen and invoking the guidance of Almighty God. Our faith teaches that there is no safer reliance than upon the God of our fathers, who has so uniformly favored the American people in every national trial, and who will not forsake us so long as we obey His commandments and walk humbly in His footsteps.

The responsibilities of the high trust which I have been called to assume are augmented by the prevailing business conditions, entailing stress upon willing labor and loss of vital enterprises. The country is suffering from industrial disturbances from which speedy relief must be had.

Our financial system needs some revision; our money is all good now, but its value must not further be threatened. It should all be put upon an enduring basis, not subject to easy attack, nor its stability to doubt or dispute. Our currency should continue under the supervision of the government. The several forms of our paper money offer, in my judgment, a constant embarrassment to the government and a safe balance in the treasury. Therefore I believe it necessary to devise a system

which without diminishing the circulating medium, or of giving a premium for its retention, will present a remedy for those arrangements, which temporary in their nature, might well in the years of our party have been displaced by wiser provisions.

MR. MCKINLEY SEATED

The White house were at once shown into the blue room where they were joined immediately by President Cleveland and all the members of his cabinet, with the exception of Secretary Olney. General Miles and Admiral Brown and Captain Davis and Lieutenant Sharp, aides, joined the presidential party.

THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

President McKinley Takes the Oath and Speaks to the Multitude. The head of the Presidential procession appeared on the inaugural stand at 12:45 o'clock, when Mr. Cle-

FOR A CURRENCY COMMISSION.

With adequate revenue assured, but not until then, we can enter upon such changes in our financial laws as will, while increasing safety and volume to our money, no longer impose upon the government the necessity of maintaining a large gold reserve, with its attendant and inevitable temptations to speculation.

Credit Expanded—Economic Impact.
The question of international trade will have early and far-reaching consequences. It will be my constant endeavor to secure it by co-operation with the other great commercial powers of the world. Until that condition is realized, when the party between our gold and silver money stops from and is supported by the relative value of the two metals, the value of silver already coined, and of that which shall hereafter be coined, will be constantly increasing. The credit of the government, the integrity of its obligations, and the stability of its currency must be preserved. This was the commanding sentiment of the nation at the time of the late war.

Business Dependent on Congress.
Business conditions are not the most promising. It will take time to restore the prosperity of former years. A more generally attainable it can be restored, but it will be a long and arduous task. The restoration of the public credit and the revival of business, which means all other things, must depend more largely upon the prompt, efficient action of Congress than upon any other single agency to affect the situation.

Upholding Every Right.
We have a large and a great republic, but it is essential and encouraging to our people in every respect, that we should thoughtfully free and unimpeded right of religious liberty and worship and the right of free speech, free press, free universal enjoyment to-day than ever before. The guarantees must be sacredly preserved. No citizen shall attempt to deprive any other citizen of his rights, and the authority must be cheerfully and vigorously maintained. Lynchings must not be tolerated.

Applauding Treaty—Immigration.
The declaration of the party now restored to power, has been in the past that of opposition to all combinations of capital or organized trusts, or otherwise, to control arbitrarily the condition of trade among our citizens, and it has supported in such legislation as well to prevent the execution of laws which shall attempt to restrict or charge on their supplies, as by unjust rates for the transportation of their products to market, or to the detriment of our government security.

FOR BUSINESS AND PROTECTION.

The best way for the government to maintain its credit is to pay as it goes—not by resorting to loans, but by keeping out debt—through an adequate income secured by a system of taxation, external or internal or both. It is the settled policy of the government to raise the bulk of revenue from taxes upon foreign productions entering the United States for sale and consumption; and avoiding for the most part every form of direct taxation, except in time of war.

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NEBRASKA NEWS.

The Sons of Veterans have organized a camp at Fairmount. Hebron will decide by ballot who is wanted for postmaster.

The village of Dodge has voted bonds to purchase fire apparatus. Wiro has been received for the new telephone system at North Platte.

A Red Cloud man is the possessor of an excellent new which is bearing fruit. In Norfolk you can get four loaves of bread for the amount that a glass of beer costs.

The Fremont hospital is now running night and day in order to work the county bonds of not having a single criminal case on the docket for the opening of court.

Robert W. Furnas says he is not a candidate for director general of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

The commissioners of Colfax county will build a house on the county poor farm to accommodate patients.

Mrs. J. A. Grimsom of Schuyler has been admitted to practice law, and declined the offer of her sex last week before the court.

The next gathering of importance in Grand Island will be the teachers' district meeting and declaratory court, April 1.

Henry Lord, a prominent hotel man of Grand Island, has disappeared, and fear for his welfare is expressed. It is thought he has become deranged and wandered off.

The state banking board received news of the failure of the Bank of Ewing, Mo., with an average run of deposits of \$20,000.

Mrs. D. C. Giffert, the wife of West Point's mayor, was honored by being unanimously elected member of the board of lady managers of the bureau of education of the Trans-Mississippi congress.

Lexington is much stirred up over the marriage of the 15-year-old daughter of Mr. Copper of Grand Island to a young man named Sam Holiday, despite the strenuous opposition of the girl's parents.

If this building of corn cribs keeps on, says the News, Stormburg will have more corn cribs than residences. The number is so great that the town looks rather picturesque to the traveler who happens to drop in.

While Albert Bryan was driving his team across the R. & M. track at later crossing, about one mile west of Ashland, a passenger train ran into them, killing both horses. Mr. Bryan sat in the wagon, but was not injured.

In county court at Tecumseh Daniel F. Osgood of Lincoln, accused of being implicated in an attempt to burn the Casey Mill at Tecumseh January 8, had a preliminary hearing before Judge H. W. Hill over to the district court.

An attempt was made last week to crack the safe in Farley's bank at Marquette. The vault was blown open by the explosion of a dynamite charge, but the steel chest, containing some \$2,000, stood the attack and nothing was lost.

About one-sixth of the cases tried at the recent term of the district court of Columbus county were divorces. A plaintiff was heard to remark that most of the people of the county were either getting crazy or getting divorces.

An epidemic of grip has prevailed at Belgrade for the past month, frequently accompanied by pneumonia. Several deaths have occurred. The doctors are all worn out and medical aid has been summoned from adjoining towns.

Judge Grimes ordered a jury drawn for the term of court in Deuel county, and notified attorneys to be ready for the trial of one section of the question on the docket. Those who did not believe he meant it are now without client or case.

The Farmers' Co-operative company of Belvoir has recently received a dividend of \$3,000 paid up capital. This has all been sunk and the stockholders are willing to turn the stock over to private individuals if they will pay its debts.

The North Nebraska teachers' association will be in session at Norfolk from March 31 to April 2, inclusive. A silk flag, recently donated to the county having the largest percentage of its teachers who are in actual service at the meeting.

A requisition was issued by Governor Hebron on the governor of Colorado for the return of Carmelo Bruno, who is now under arrest in Arapahoe county in that state. Bruno is wanted in Omaha for a murder with the intent to kill Rafael Morack.

A woman named Merritt, wife of a well-to-do farmer near Hoskins, was detected by P. A. Shurtz of Norfolk in appropriating some of his goods. She was taken before Justice Hayes and fined \$10 and costs for taking articles which she could have bought for 15 or 20 cents.

News has reached Hastings of the death of Mrs. William H. Dean, wife of a farmer living near Pauline, on the Little Blue. She was covered with boiling oil and her garments becoming ignited she burned to death. The accident occurred at her home. She was off the floor and by some means a can of oil placed on the stove caught fire. In attempting to remove it she was seriously burned that she died in six hours.

A contract has been entered into between the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway company and the proprietors of the steamer Catalina at Niobrara, by which the packet steamer is to run between Niobrara and river points as far as Wheeler during the navigation season.

The report set going that Gudahy and Swift, the big South Omaha packers, will concentrate their interests at St. Joseph, lacks foundation.

Munn Davis, a former resident of Wahoo, was recently murdered in California by a couple half-breed Indians who took him out to show him a mining claim.

Articles of agreement for the consolidation of the new state, the Burlington & Southwestern railroad company of Nebraska and the St. Joseph, Haver & Western railway company of Kansas were filed last week with the secretary of state. The authorized capital stock is \$15,100,000.

Mrs. Richards, wife of E. E. Richards, a prominent citizen of Keith county, died from a stroke of paralysis recently.

The Burlington will put up a commodious depot in Omaha, making it large enough to accommodate all roads that desire to occupy it. Work will begin at once.

The Hagan-King breach of promise suit, which promised a sensational suit in the district court of Pawnee county was rather unceremoniously dismissed by the defendant paying all accrued costs. The broken affections of the plaintiff were made whole by the apportionment of \$15,000.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

Columbus State Bank
(Oldest Bank in the State)

Pays Interest on Time Deposits

Makes Loans on Real Estate

ISSUES SHORT DRAFTS ON
Omaha, Chicago, New York and
all Foreign Countries.

SELLS STEAMSHIP TICKETS

BUYS GOOD NOTES
And helps its customers when they need help

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS
LEANDER GENEVAY, Pres't.
R. H. HENRY, Vice Pres't.

M. BAUGHER, Cashier
JOHN STAUFFER, Wm. BUCKNER

COMMERCIAL BANK

COLUMBUS, NEB.,
HAS AN
Authorized Capital of - \$500,000
Paid in Capital, - - - 90,000

OFFICERS:
C. H. SHELTON, Pres't.
H. F. O'NEILL, Vice Pres't.
DANIEL S. HIRMAN, Cashier.
FRANK ROBERT, Asst. Cash.

DIRECTORS:
C. H. SHELTON, J. H. O'NEILL,
JONAS WELCH, W. A. McALLISTER,
CARL KIEHN, S. C. GRAY,
FRANK DOUGHER, H. M. WENLOW.

STOCKHOLDERS:
SARLEDA ELLIS, J. HENRY WURDMAN,
CLARE GRAY, HENRY LOSKE,
DANIEL S. HIRMAN, G. W. GALLEY,
A. F. H. O'NEILL, J. P. BECKER ENTATE,
REBECCA BECKER, H. M. WENLOW.

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THE COLUMBUS JOURNAL!

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COLUMBUS
THE COUNTY OF PLATTE,
The State of Nebraska
THE UNITED STATES
AND THE REST OF MANKIND

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THE COLUMBUS JOURNAL

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BEST PAPERS

COUNTRY.



PRESIDENT MCKINLEY AND HIS CABINET.

Postmaster General, JAMES A. GARY, of Maryland.	Secretary of the Treasury, LYMAN J. GAGE, of Illinois.
Secretary of State, JOHN SHERMAN, of Ohio.	Secretary of the Interior, CORNELIUS N. BLISS, of New York.
Secretary of War, RUSSELL A. ALGER, of Michigan.	Secretary of the Navy, JOHN D. LONG, of Massachusetts.
Secretary of Agriculture, JAMES WILSON, of Iowa.	

WASHINGTON, March 4.—To-day, for the fourth time in history of the republic, a native born citizen of Ohio, in the presence of untold thousands of his countrymen, and beneath the great bronze goddess of Liberty, bent his head over the Bible and took the solemn oath: "I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States, which bound him for four long years to watch over and guard the welfare of the American people. It was an impressive, but simple ceremony that marked the accession of William McKinley to the highest office of President of the United States of America.

In many respects the inauguration of McKinley will go down in history as excellent all that have gone before. In beauty, in taste, in novelty, the decorations of the city were incomparably superior to anything ever seen in Washington. The magnificent body of regular United States troops was more numerous than any gathered since General Grant's great display at the close of the war. Seventeen foreign states had their citizens in the line of the parade and over sixty civil organizations helped swell its magnificent proportions. Along the broad avenue on every open space were erected grand stands of appropriate design and elaborate finish, all of which were crowded with unnumbered hosts of people.

At 9:35 Senator Sherman and Senator Mitchell of Wisconsin of the Senate committee appointed to conduct the inauguration, appeared at the Ebbitt house and announced that they had come to escort the president-elect to the capitol. They were admitted at once and exchanged greetings with Mr. and Mrs. McKinley, who were chatting with Captain William H. Zimmerman of the Twenty-third Ohio volunteers, his old regiment.

Five minutes after 10 o'clock the president-elect emerged from his reception room on the arm of Senator Sherman. He looked calm and walked firmly. Just behind him came Secretary Foster with Senator Mitchell of Wisconsin, Captain Heintz of the army, with Abner McKinley, brought up the rear and kept back the people who pressed upon the party even in the hotel corridors.

As the President-elect emerged from the private entrance of the Ebbitt house on Fourteenth street beside the tall form of Senator Sherman there was a roar of applause that shook the building. While the people struggled to get a message through the crowd, the President-elect stood at the head of the granite steps and bowed his acknowledgments.

The President-elect was then seated with Senator Sherman in the rear right seat of the carriage, one brought by the Senate committee and drawn by a pair of clipped brown horses.

FIRST TRIP TO THE WHITE HOUSE.
At ten minutes after 10 o'clock the carriage drawn by four dark bay horses started for the White house and amid renewed cheers by the crowd and under escort of Troop A of the Cleveland cavalry troop, comprising about a hundred mounted on black chargers. The procession moved slowly to the White house while the crowds cheered generally.

It was just 10:20 o'clock when Mr. McKinley, accompanied by the Senate committee, drove up to the north front of the White house. Mayor McKinley and his party embracing the friends of

account of their ability and special interest for the work. Business experience and public training may thus be combined, and the patriotic zeal of the friends of the country be so directed that such a report will be made as to receive the support of all parties, and our finances cease to be the subject of mere partisan contention. The opportunity is given to our foreign trade law and our advantages marked, for our vigorous agricultural and manufacturing

ample protection and encouragement to the industries and the development of our country.

highest consideration. Commendable progress has been made of late years in the up-building of the American navy, but we must supplement these efforts by providing as a proper escort for our carrying trade to foreign countries. The question is one that appain both to our business necessities and the patriotic aspirations of a great people.

The foreign policy outlined in his been the policy of the United