

**Clever Young French Woman.**  
All France is talking of Miss Jeanne Benabes' extraordinary attainments. This exceedingly scholarly young woman received the college degree of bachelor of arts two years ago, when she was 16. She then became professor of philosophy in a woman's college at Lyons, and this year was a candidate at the Sorbonne for the important degree of licentiate in philosophy. The examiners, though prepared for a prodigy, were amazed at the extent of her erudition and her serene composure in dealing with the vexed problems of Descartes, Kant and Comte. She was third on the list of 200 candidates, all of them older than herself, and is now a lecturer on the history of the mind in the college of Rouen.

**Mail's Tenth Cure**  
Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

**Women in Germany.**  
German women have sent a petition to parliament protesting against some clauses in the new civil code. According to this code, a married woman, for instance, has, if no special contract has been made, no right to dispose of her own fortune without the permission of her husband. Moreover, the latter is solely entitled to administer and to have the usufruct of her money, even of that which she earns. Every financial transaction entered upon by a woman without the knowledge and consent of her husband can be cancelled. Except in a few cases, women are unable to act as guardians. They are also excluded from family councils, and so on.

**The name of Cripple Creek** should now be changed to Triple Town.

**Some women always look ready to scream.**

**Boils**  
It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom, then, or when ever there is any indication of

**Impure**  
Blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering. "I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pain was terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

**Blood**  
built me up and restored my health as that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." Mrs. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists sell Hood's Pills, cure liver ills, easy to take and easy to operate. 25c a box.

**If Your Dealer will not sell you the S.H. & M. BIAS VELVETEEN SKIRT BINDINGS we will.**

**Write us for free samples showing labels and materials.**  
"Home Dressmaking," a new book by Miss Emma M. Hooper, of the Ladies' Home Journal, has just been published. It is a complete guide to the art of home dressmaking. It contains 250 illustrations and 250 pages of text. It is published by S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 600, N. Y. City.

**You can succeed in making HIRE'S Rootbeer if you follow the simple directions. Easy to make, delightful to take.**

**CUT AND SLASH**  
SMOKING TOBACCO,  
2 oz. for 5 Cents.

**CUT AND SLASH**  
CHEEBOOTS—3 for 5 Cents.

Give a Good, Mellow, Healthy, Pleasant Tasting Whisky. Try Them.

LIWA & CO. THEATRE BUILDING, BOSTON, U. S. A.

**WELL MACHINERY**  
Illustrated machinery catalogues, WELLS, ANDERSON, BOCK, DILLON, HYDRA-CUT, and many others. These catalogues are sent free to all who request them. They are the best and most complete ever published. Write for one today.

**OPILIN**  
The most powerful, cheapest and best cure for rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, migraines, etc. It is a natural product of the sea, and is sold by all druggists.

**W. N. U., OMAHA—21—1896**

**CUT PRICES**  
and other cuts by the only...  
Send now for catalogue for your door.

**United States Patents.**  
A curious patent has just been issued to Frederick Lehner, a Swiss, for a process of making imitation silk. An ordinary cotton thread is run through several solutions of various substances and nitro-cellulose, the threads after treatment being woven into a fabric which is much cheaper and has all the qualities of the real silk. The inventor has secured a patent for his process, and the cheapness of this new fabric would bring it within the reach of all.

**Laban Kravetz, an Omaha inventor,** has received a patent for an electric railway signal which is noticeable because of its cheapness and in which he has overcome some of the objections of the inventor. The inventor has secured a patent for his process, and the cheapness of this new fabric would bring it within the reach of all.

**Peter Smith, of Cincinnati, Ohio,** has invented a bed castor which just about the wheel has an insect trap, the purpose of which is quite apparent.

**M. Forster, of Berlin, Germany,** gets a patent for a smokeless gunpowder, containing no sulphur, and which, it is claimed, ignites more quietly than those of any other composition, and so, of course, is more valuable on that account.

**Inventors desiring information** relative to the law of patents or how to secure their inventions, should address Sues & Co., attorneys at law and inventors, Omaha, Nebraska, for free book on patents and information.

**A copy of any U. S. Patent,** including full and complete description, is mailed on receipt of 10 cents.

**A Summer Resort Book Free.**  
Write to C. S. Crane, general passenger and ticket agent Washburn Railroad, St. Louis, Mo., for a summer resort book, telling all about the beautiful lake region reached by the Washburn Railroad.

**A Dog of Christian Principles.**  
At Wednesbury a dog has been discovered which his fond mistress considered a Christian both in principles and conduct. She regularly took her dog to church, never disturbed the congregation, and always left the sacred edifice in a quiet and orderly manner. Her mistress, who is a devout Christian, was certainly an unusual dog in the service. During the week it behaved as so exemplary a dog might be expected to do, doing wrong "intentionally" or "negligently" as the dog's mistress would have it. It was certainly an unusual dog in the service. During the week it behaved as so exemplary a dog might be expected to do, doing wrong "intentionally" or "negligently" as the dog's mistress would have it.

**Cost of Destroying a Slum.**  
London is spending nearly \$2,500,000 in cleaning and rebuilding its slums. American cities are just beginning to learn how serious is the cumulative evil of slum construction. They may with profit also learn how necessary is the necessity of slum destruction. The object lesson offered by London may be studied with interest in our large cities, and especially in New York, where, through the efforts of the state tenement house commission, legislation has with much effect been secured which, if enforced, perpetuated and added to, will tend to prevent the growth of such conditions as London is now compelled to combat.—Century.

**Two Sides to the Question.**  
Maternal Ancestor (profoundly shocked)—Anabella, I accidentally saw you kiss your young Mr. Peduncle in the hallway last night. Don't you know such a thing is highly reprehensible? Miss Anabella (flaring up)—No, I don't, mamma. I don't think it's half as bad as it is for you to kiss that delectable Mrs. Dookins when you know you don't like her without a doctor's license.

**Half Fare Excursions via the Washburn.**  
The short line to St. Louis and quick route East or South.  
Excursions to all points East and one fare for the round trip on Washburn.

**National Republican Convention at St. Louis.**  
JULY 16th.  
National Educational Association at Boston.  
JULY 19th.  
Christian Endeavor Convention at St. Louis.  
JULY 22nd.

**National People and Silver Convention at St. Louis.**  
JULY 22nd.  
For rates, time tables and further information, call at the Washburn ticket office, 1410 Farnam St., Daxton Hotel Block, or write to GEO. N. CLAYTON, N. W. Pass. Agt., Omaha, Neb.

**The Paris museum contains more than 20,000 stone implements, all of which were gathered in France.**  
Fossil table, second-hand, for sale cheap. Apply to or address, H. C. ARNOLD, 111 S. 12th St., Omaha, Neb.

**Gladness Comes**  
With a better understanding of the transient nature of the material pleasures of life, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which, if removed, family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and it is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. It is beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. and only sold by all reputable druggists.

### FARM AND GARDEN.

**MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURISTS.**

**Some Up-to-Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Trees Thereon.**  
Manure, Viticulture and Horticulture.

**From the Farmers' Chapter.**  
Dane county, Wisconsin.—The best ground for cucumbers is a deep loam or prairie soil. If it is a little sandy all right, but it should not be too rolling. It should be well worked, and made fine and rich. For early cucumbers in Wisconsin, from the 20th to the 25th of May is the right time to sow the seed. Further south the sowings can be made earlier. When cucumbers are to be raised for pickles the seed may be sown from the 10th to the 15th of June—the seedmen will give the time.

**For fertilizer, we use any good manure that is free from foul weed seed and can be watered on the manure early in the season. If you are troubled with the bud moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the leaf tips appear. Repeat before the blossom buds open and twice after the petals have fallen. For the codling moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the buds are open, and repeat when the fruit is set. Repeat at intervals of two or three weeks. Paris green may be added to the Bordeaux mixture, and the two applied together with excellent effect.**

**Peaches.**—For the bud moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the leaf tips appear. Repeat before the blossom buds open and twice after the petals have fallen. For the codling moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the buds are open, and repeat when the fruit is set. Repeat at intervals of two or three weeks. Paris green may be added to the Bordeaux mixture, and the two applied together with excellent effect.

**Plums.**—For the brown rot, spray as soon as the buds are open, and repeat when the fruit is set. Repeat at intervals of two or three weeks. Paris green may be added to the Bordeaux mixture, and the two applied together with excellent effect.

**Cherries.**—For the bud moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the leaf tips appear. Repeat before the blossom buds open and twice after the petals have fallen. For the codling moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the buds are open, and repeat when the fruit is set. Repeat at intervals of two or three weeks. Paris green may be added to the Bordeaux mixture, and the two applied together with excellent effect.

**Apples.**—For the bud moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the leaf tips appear. Repeat before the blossom buds open and twice after the petals have fallen. For the codling moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the buds are open, and repeat when the fruit is set. Repeat at intervals of two or three weeks. Paris green may be added to the Bordeaux mixture, and the two applied together with excellent effect.

**Strawberries.**—For the bud moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the leaf tips appear. Repeat before the blossom buds open and twice after the petals have fallen. For the codling moth, spray with Paris green as soon as the buds are open, and repeat when the fruit is set. Repeat at intervals of two or three weeks. Paris green may be added to the Bordeaux mixture, and the two applied together with excellent effect.

**Care in Cultivating Orchards.**—The cultivating and manuring of orchards require a good deal of thought and temperance. Too much of either may be bad and too little of either is certainly bad. Too much manure and cultivation may cause such a rapid development of the tree that it will yield more readily to adverse circumstances. Too late cultivation in the fall may start a new growth of wood which will not have time to ripen before winter comes.

**Whitewashing Apple Trees.**—The old New England custom of whitewashing apple trees with lime is probably a good one. It is noticed here and there in the west. The trees are first scraped with a scraper, at least in New England, where scrapers can be obtained that have been used for scraping the bottoms of the boats. The scrapers take off all the loose old bark, leaving thereby many insects and insect eggs. It also makes easy the work of whitewashing.

**Garden Suggestions.**—High-priced novelties are generally discarded. Set all bush berries in long straight rows, seven feet apart, and plants three feet apart in the row. Set strawberries in rows 3 1/2 feet apart and two feet apart in the row. Long straight rows are easily cultivated and kept free from weeds. Extra care in all details of the garden will increase size and quality of fruit and stimulate a love for the work.—M. A. Thayer.

**Dog Skins for Fur Coats.**—St. Paul works up 225,000 dog skins into fur coats every year. The dog used is imported from China, where it is known by the name of "coon." The city also makes up about 450,000 coon skins into coats.

**Keep the hens scratching if you would keep them laying.**  
If you would not excite envy, do nothing great.

### DAIRY AND POULTRY.

**INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.**

**How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.**

**HE filled-cheese bill,** which passed the house last Saturday, imposes an annual tax of \$400 on every manufacturer of filled cheese, \$250 per annum on wholesale dealers, and \$12 per year on retail dealers, due and payable on the 1st day of July each year. Manufacturers failing to pay this tax are subject to a fine of from \$400 to \$5,000; wholesale dealers failing to pay it, to a fine of from \$250 to \$1,000; and retailers failing to pay it, to a fine of from \$40 to \$500. Manufacturers must file with the commissioner of internal revenue a statement of the location of the factory, and must conduct it under such surveillance of revenue officers as the commissioner may require, and file a bond of not less than \$5,000 to comply with the regulations of the department and the provisions of this act, and failing to do so shall be liable to a fine of from \$500 to \$1,000.

**Filled cheese must be packed by the manufacturers in wooden packages.** The packages must be of the "filled cheese" in black-faced letters not less than two inches in length, on the top, bottom, and sides of the package, the brand to appear in four places on the side at equal-distant points from each other. These marks or brands must be stamped on the cheese itself and upon the wooden package in which it is packed and sold, and all sales by the manufacturers must be in the original stamped package. Retailers must sell only from the original stamped packages and shall pack the cheese in new wood or paper packages, properly marked and branded, or who packs filled cheese in any manner contrary to law, or affixes a stamp denoting a less amount of tax than that required by law, is liable to a fine of from \$50 to \$500 and imprisonment of from thirty days to one year.

**All wholesale and retail dealers** must display in a conspicuous place in their store a sign bearing the words "Filled cheese sold here in black-faced letters not less than six inches in length, and falling to do so may be fined \$50 to \$200. Every manufacturer of filled cheese is required to affix by pasting on each package a label on which shall be printed, besides the number of the manufacturer and the district and state in which it is situated, these words:

"Notice.—The manufacturer of the filled cheese herein contained has complied with all the requirements of the law. Every person is cautioned not to use either this package again or the stamp thereon, and to remove the contents of this package without destroying said stamp, under the penalty provided by law in such cases."

**Every manufacturer of filled cheese** who neglects to affix such label to any package containing filled cheese made by him or sold or offered for sale by him, and every person who removes any such label so affixed from any such package, shall be fined \$50 for each offense in respect to which such offense is committed. The bill also provides that in addition to the annual taxes already named there shall be assessed and collected a tax of one cent per pound on all filled cheese manufactured, to be paid by the manufacturer thereof and any fraction part of a pound in a package containing filled cheese, to be levied by this section shall be represented by coupon stamps and the provisions of existing laws governing the engraving, issue, sale, accountability, effectiveness and destruction of stamps printed on tobacco and opium, as far as practicable are made to apply to stamps provided for this purpose.

**Whenever any manufacturer of filled cheese** sells or removes for sale or consumption any filled cheese upon which the tax is required to be paid by stamps without paying such tax, it becomes the duty of the commissioner of internal revenue, upon satisfactory proof, to estimate the amount of tax which has been omitted to be paid and to make an assessment therefor, and certify the same to the collector. The collector assessed shall, in addition to the penalties imposed by law for such sale or removal.

**All filled cheese imported from foreign countries** must, in addition to any import duty imposed upon the same, pay an internal revenue tax of eight cents per pound, such tax to be represented by coupon stamps and such imported filled cheese and the packages containing the same shall be stamped, marked, and branded, as in the case of filled cheese manufactured in the United States.

**Any person who knowingly purchases or receives for sale any filled cheese** which has not been branded or stamped according to law, or which is contained in packages not branded or marked according to law, shall be liable to a penalty of not less than \$50 for each offense. Every person who knowingly purchases or receives for sale any filled cheese from any manufacturer or importer who has not paid the special tax herein provided for shall be liable, for each such offense, to a penalty of \$100, or to a forfeiture of all articles so purchased or received, or of the full value thereof.

**Hints on Poultry Raising.**  
Don't start depending entirely on an incubator unless you have had experience and also have on hand capital enough to make good the most certain loss of \$50 for each egg set of a beginner. But get a few good ones warranted early layers and sure setters. Procure eggs for hatching from some reliable dealer who will warrant them fertile.

**Give the fowls a snug, well lighted house, with a good supply of water, and feed in the morning a mash**

### THE FARMER AND HIS.

**An ill tempered farmer one day had a quarrel with his wife. He was afraid to assault her, because she was a new woman and had studied the art of self-defense, so he went to the barn and started a quarrel with his mule. That poor beast did not know what it was all about, but he kept his eyes open. The farmer, having worked himself into a frenzy, approached the mule from behind with a view of kicking the patient animal. Then the mule reared on his left foot, and ten seconds later the new woman was a widow.**

**Moral.**—There is much virtue in the first kick.—New York World.

**The Significance of a Gray Overcoat.**  
Upon the tongue, yellowness of the skin and eyeballs, nausea and uneasiness beneath the right ribs and shoulder blade is that the victim of these discomforts is bilious. The "proper caper" under such circumstances is to take Hestett's Stomach Bitters, which also cures chills and fever, constipation, dyspepsia, rheumatic and kidney complaints and nervousness.

**Piso's Cure for Consumption** is the best of all cures.—George W. Lotz, Publisher, La. August 26, 1895.

**Funeral monuments** are exported from this country to Australia.

**Hogoman's Chamber Tea with Glysterine.**  
Soon the farmer, having worked himself into a frenzy, approached the mule from behind with a view of kicking the patient animal. Then the mule reared on his left foot, and ten seconds later the new woman was a widow.

**A hen in her lifetime rarely lays more than 600 eggs.**  
If the hen is cutting teeth, she is sure and use that old and well tried remedy, Dr. Watson's Worming Syrup for Children, Teething, and Worms. In Arabia milk is not measured, but is sold by weight.

**The best results** are obtained by keeping no cocks except for breeding purposes. Keep one cock, the very best you can get, to eight or ten hens whose only business for the time being is to keep the flock together. If they must be confined in a yard have it a good generous one and keep them supplied with fresh grass and green cabbage or other vegetables, and by all means have their drinking vessels cleaned and filled with fresh water daily.

**Artichokes for Hogs.**  
Many years ago I was advised to raise artichokes for my stock. My first crop was planted in 1890. The yield picked up was 1,200 bushels per acre or at that rate. There were enough to tubers left in the ground to re-seed it. The plant has not been planted since and the ground seems to be full of them. I keep the field highly manured and plow and cultivate every year. Last year I raised nearly 1,200 bushels. It is claimed by some that after the first year the hogs get more exercise than artichokes, and that they soon become a mean weed, but I do not find it so when properly cultivated and thinned. Some of my hogs are difficult to eradicate. This I find no hard task. I know of many that lost all the first year. Two men that bought seed of the writer and started patches have not one now on account of the sheep breaking into the patch. Sheep eat off the tops, and the hogs eat the tubers. Feed them green broods sows instead of grain feed. They do fine with little grain feed. All stock eat them, as do also the poultry. They mature in the fall when all other vegetation is at an end, and are ready in the spring as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Thawing and froozing does not injure them while in the ground. I do not know of any other crop that will give so much good food as will artichokes.

**Simon Cox.**  
Silver Wyandottes.  
My experience with fowls covers six years. I now keep the Silver Wyandottes exclusively, and think there is nothing like them. I have owned the following varieties: Light Brahma, Dark Brahma, Buff Cochon, American Dominique, Indian Games, Silver Pencilled Hamburg, Houdans, Black Langshans, all varieties of Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, and varieties of these. My poultry house is 12x22 feet, and is lathed and plastered. I feed in the morning corn and oats ground, cooked and fed warm. At noon they get only water, and at night whole corn. The markets here are very poor, and prices are very low. I have got eggs every winter. I have been very fortunate in regard to the health of my fowls. I believe that if one has the right kind of a house and feed, and if their fowls will keep well, they are doctored some, and have cured fowls of roup and of canker mouth.—C. H. Messenger in Farmers' Review.

**Foreign Discrimination.**  
The acts of foreign nations discriminating against our meats, alive and dead, are likely to lead to retaliatory measures by Congress. Already some of the most prominent members of that body are considering the matter. For three or more years our exports of beef cattle have been falling off. In 1892 we exported 1,000,000 head, in 1893, 900,000, in 1894, 800,000, in 1895, 700,000, and last year to 331,722. The money value also dropped, being in round numbers \$35,000,000 for 1892, \$32,000,000 for 1893, \$29,000,000 for 1894, and \$26,000,000 for 1895. This is a most important matter, and foreign nations are to have access to our ports there is no reason why our goods should not have access to their ports. There is a secret war being waged on American stock products, but the Americans are able to enforce fair treatment of their own goods.

**Houdans.**  
We keep Houdans. We find no profit in chickens for market, but do find a profit in the eggs. For winter quarters they have a common house, 14x20 feet, facing the south. They are fed whole corn, and in the summer, where they have access to oats and rye. We get a fair amount of eggs in the winter. We have lost a great many from cholera. Billed poke rot mixed with the food of the hens is the only remedy we have ever discovered that will do any good. We have also kept Hamburgs and think they are very good for eggs. Houdans are good for eggs and they also mature early.

**White County, Ill.**  
Cheap Irrigation.—According to the report of the Kankakee insane asylum, irrigation is carried on there to a large extent and the water is supplied at very small cost. The figures as given are \$2 per million gallons, or 2-10 cents per 1,000 gallons. The usual price of pumping water for city and town supply is very much greater. Some of our towns charge 10 cents per thousand gallons and still the water is never discovered that will do any good. We have also kept Hamburgs and think they are very good for eggs. Houdans are good for eggs and they also mature early.

**A German woman, a drunkard and a thief,** born in 1740, has had 834 known descendants up to date, according to Professor Pellmann, of Bonn, who has been able to trace the career of 709 of them. Of these 106 were born out of wedlock, 205 were professional beggars, 181 prostitutes, 76 (including seven men) were in jail, in seventy-five years there were 5,000,000 marks.

### THE WOMAN, THE MAN, AND THE PILL.

**She was a good woman. He loved her. She was his wife. The pie was good; his wife made it; he ate it. But the pie disagreed with him, and he disagreed with his wife. Now he takes a pill after his pie. The pill he takes is Ayer's.**

**Moral:**—Avoid dyspepsia by using Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

**Denison's Compound for Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all the ailments of the Throat and Lungs.**

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